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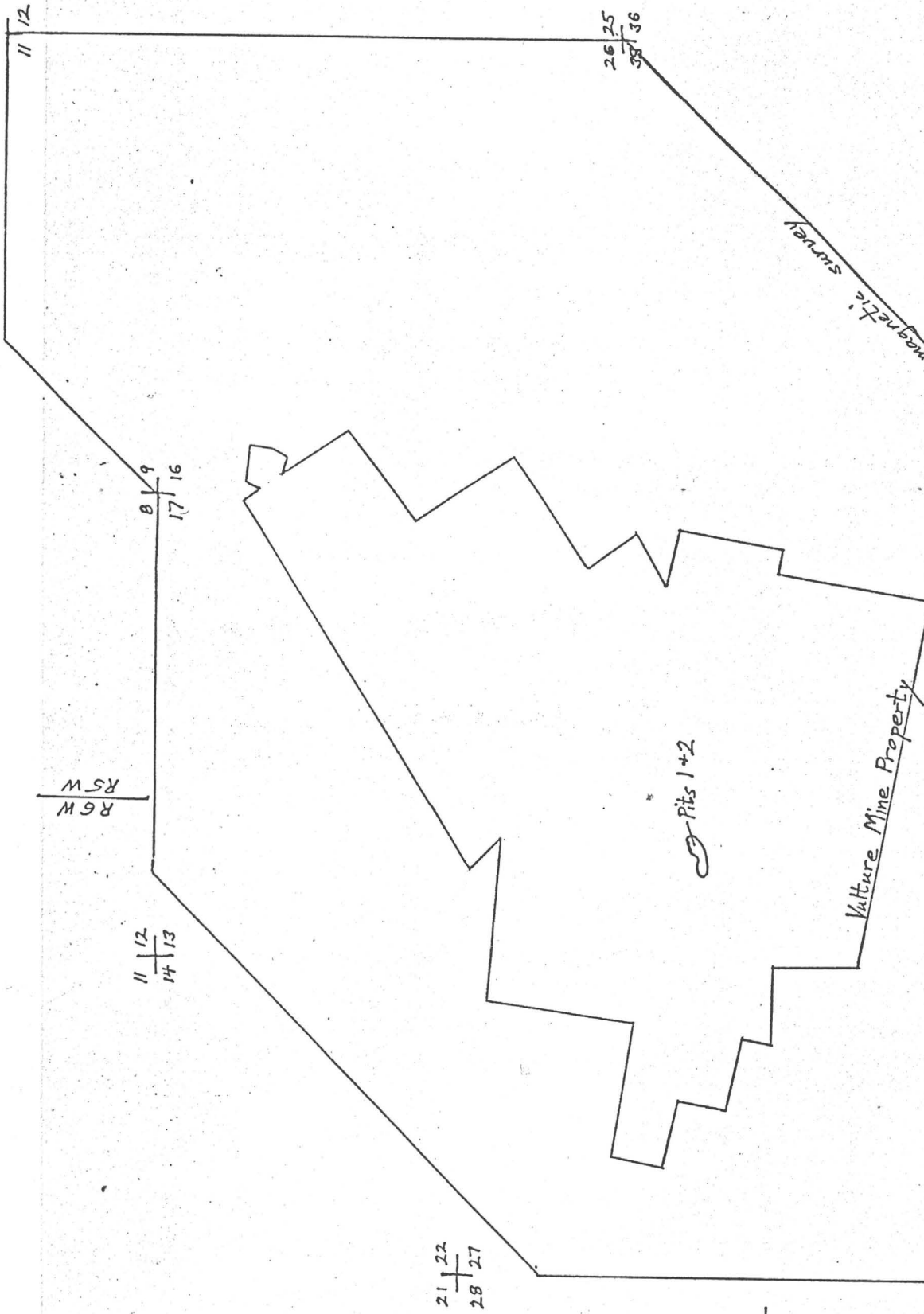
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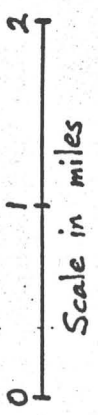
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Vulture Mine Area

T5-6N R5-6W Maricopa Co. Arizona



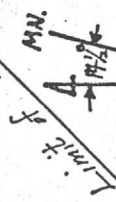
DON WHITE
March 14, 1986

T6N
T5N

Vulture Mine Property

Pits 1+2

Edcon aeromagnetic survey



18 15
19 20

16 15
21 22

11 12
14 13

R6W
R5W

8 9
17 16

26 25
35 36

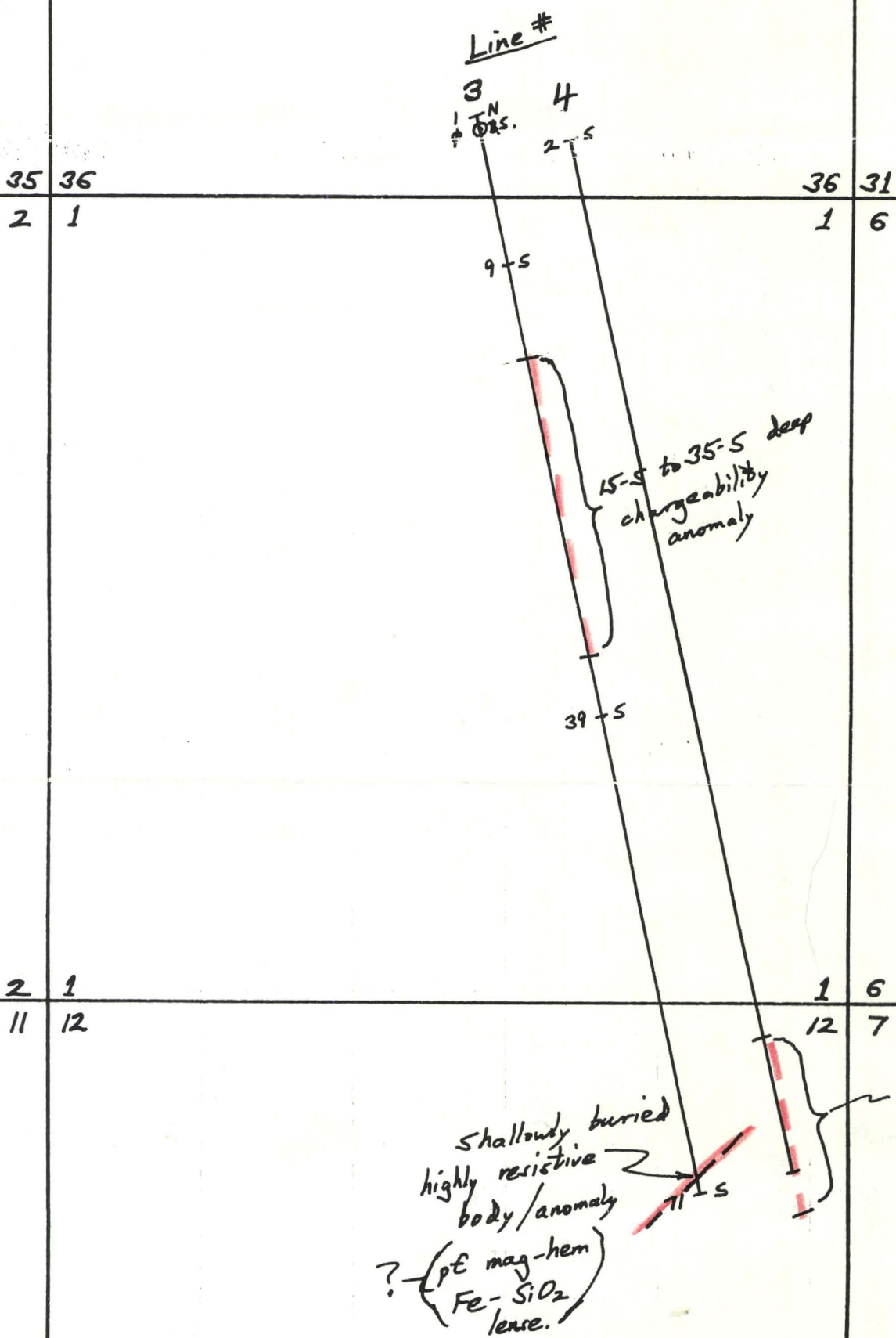
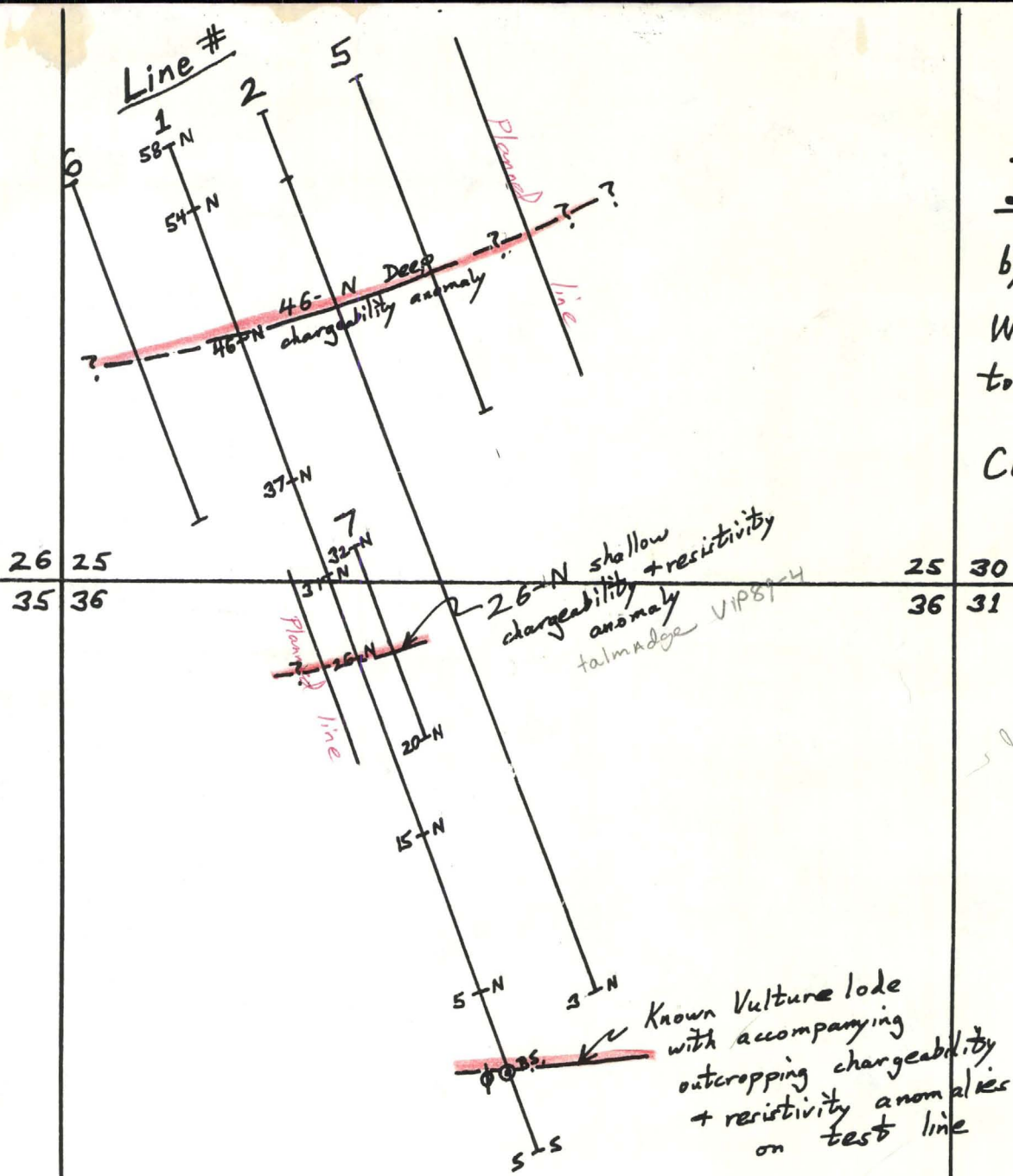
21 22
28 27

Vulture I.P. Survey Lines

by Joe Anzman + crew

Worksheet overlay to:
topo, land, + geology bases

Compiled by Don White
May 10, 1989



Vulture I.P. Survey Line Summary

Jon White / May 10, 1989

<u>Line</u>	<u>Dipole</u>	<u>N end</u>	<u>S end</u>	<u>Remarks</u>
1	100	5-N	5-S	Test/orientation between pits 3+4 Yielded C. + R, anomalies over lode.
1	200	54-N	5-S	Reconnaissance - 26-N + 46-N anomalies
1	100	31-N	15-S	Detail on 26-N anomaly
2	200	54-N	3-N	Recon. - 46-N anomaly
2	300	58-N	37-N	Depth test on 46-N anomaly
3	200	1-N	71-S	Recon. - 15-25-S and 70-S anomalies
3	300	9-S	39-S	Depth test on 15-25-S anomaly
4	200	2-S	71-S	Recon. - 62-S- 74 5 anomaly
5	300	58-N	37-N	E. ext'n of 46-N anomaly
6	300	58-N	37-N	W. ext'n of 46-N anomaly
7	100	32-N	20-N	E. ext'n of 26-N anomaly

- Notes:
- Lines 1, 2, 5, 6, 7 are oriented N 20° W
 - Lines 3, 4 are oriented N 12° W
 - All lines 600-ft. apart except lines 1 and 7 which are 200-ft. apart.

Vulture I.P. Anomalies

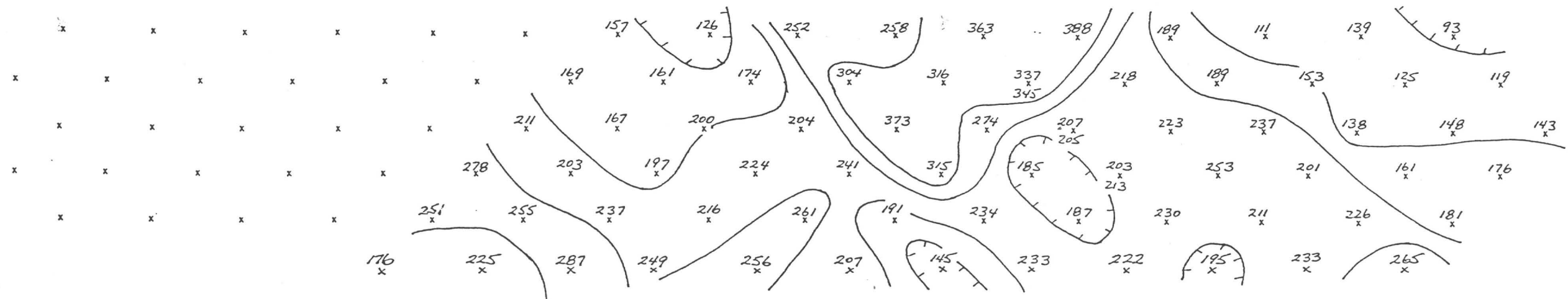
as per Don White - May 10, 1989
(subject to revision by Joe Anzman)

- Line 1 $\phi\phi$ Known lode between pits 3 + 4
Chargeability + resistivity, outcropping, N-dipping
- Line 1 26-N Chargeability + resistivity
Shallowly buried, N-dipping (?)
- Lines 1, 2, 5, 6 ^{Approx.} 46-N Chargeability + minor resistivity
Deeply buried (~400'+) steeply N-dipping (?)
- Line 3 15-S-35-S Two-pronged chargeability + minor resistivity
Deeply buried (~400'+) attitude unknown
- Line 3 70-S High resistivity only
Buried lense of μe silica (?)
en-echelon to Vulture South outcropping
mag.-hem. facies Fe-SiO₂
- Line 4 62-S-74-S Chargeability only
Deeply buried, attitude unknown.

NORTH

8N 7N 6N 5N 4N 3N 2N 1N 0 1S 2S 3S 4S 5S 6S

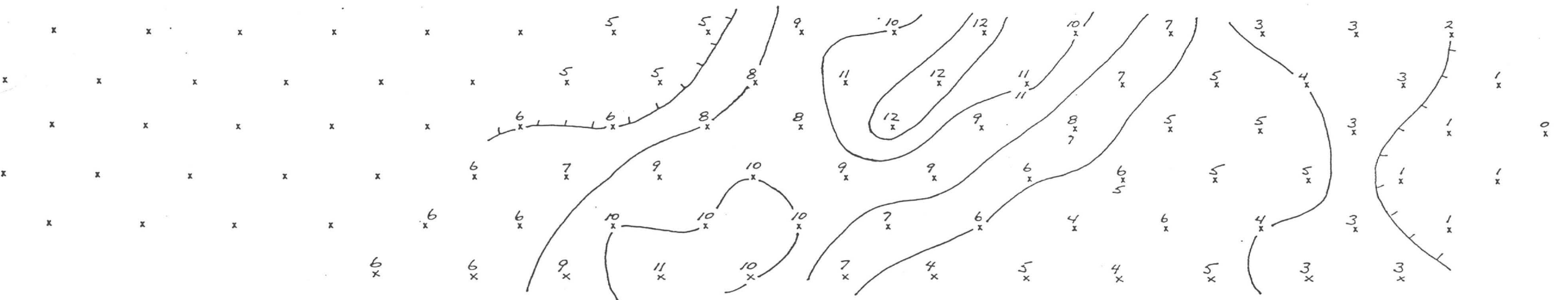
RESISTIVITY
(ohm-meters)



NORTH

8N 7N 6N 5N 4N 3N 2N 1N 0 1S 2S 3S 4S 5S 6S

CHARGEABILITY
(milliseconds)



A.F. BUDGE (MINING) LIMITED

Line #1

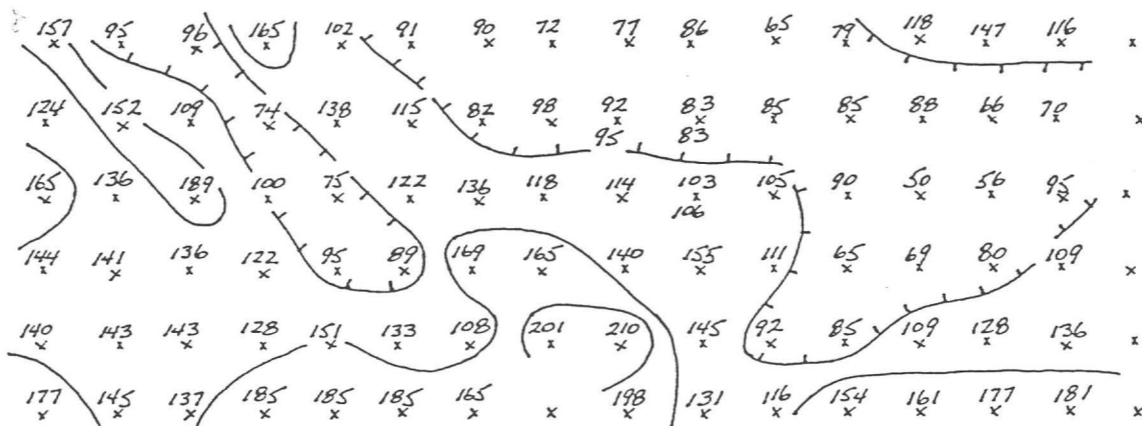
11-1-11

NORTH

SOUTH

58N 55N 52N 49N 46N 43N 40N 37N 34N

RESISTIVITY
(ohm-meters)

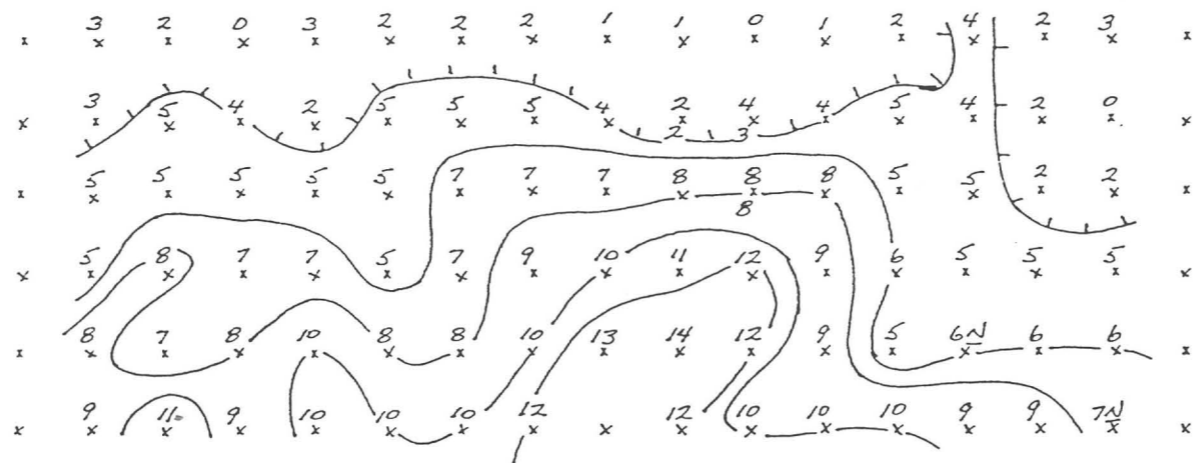


NORTH

SOUTH

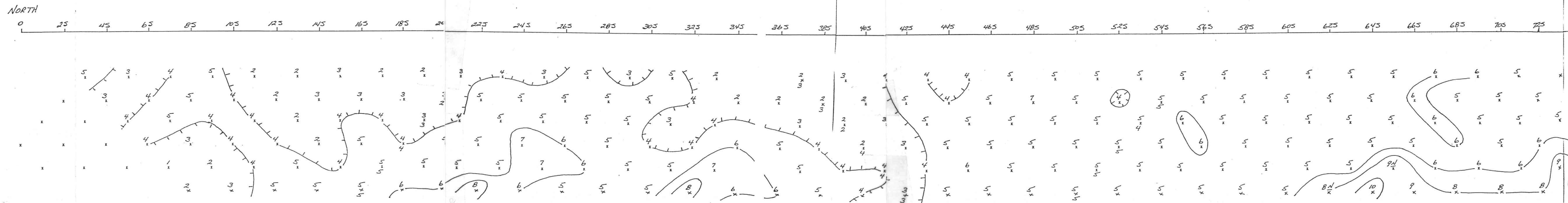
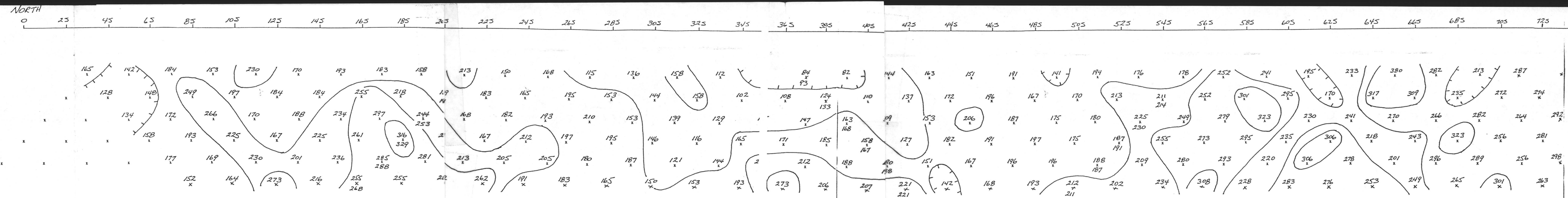
58N 55N 52N 49N 46N 43N 40N 37N 34N

CHARGEABILITY
(milliseconds)



N: noise

H.F. EDGE (MWDING) LIMITED Line #2



N: noise

CONTACT

L.F. SUDDE (MINING) LIMITED
 VULTURE MINE PROJECT
 MARICOPA COUNTY ARIZONA

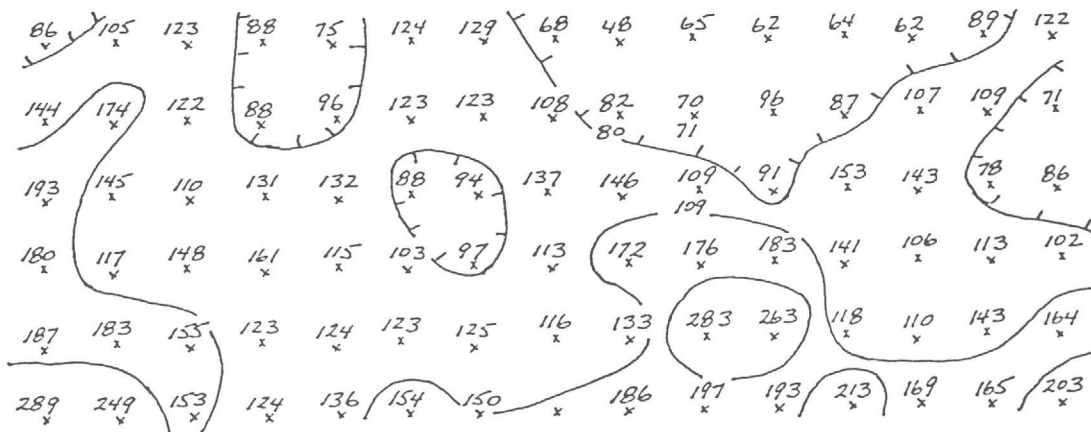
Scanned (4 of 7) mc
7/12/11

NORTH

SOUTH

58N 55N 52N 49N 46N 43N 40N 37N

RESISTIVITY
(ohm-meters)

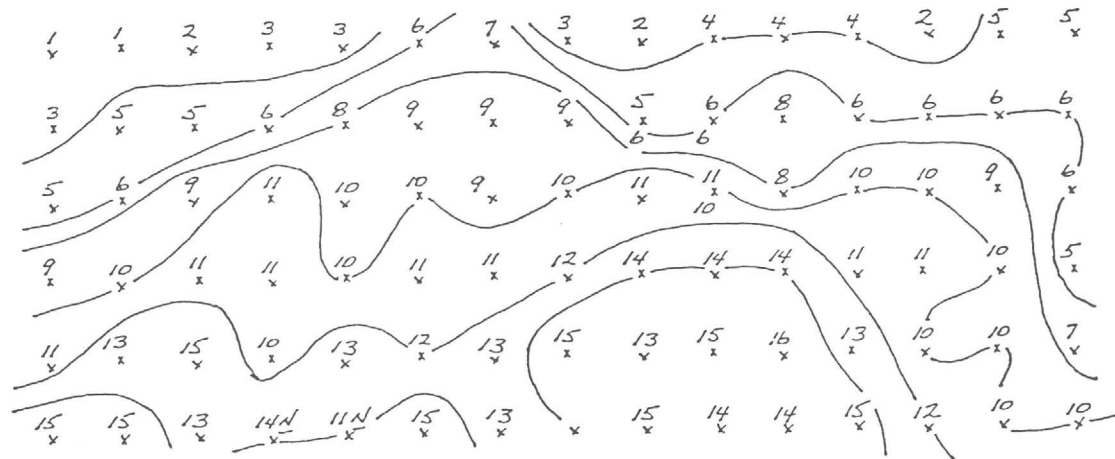


NORTH

SOUTH

58N 55N 52N 49N 46N 43N 40N 37N

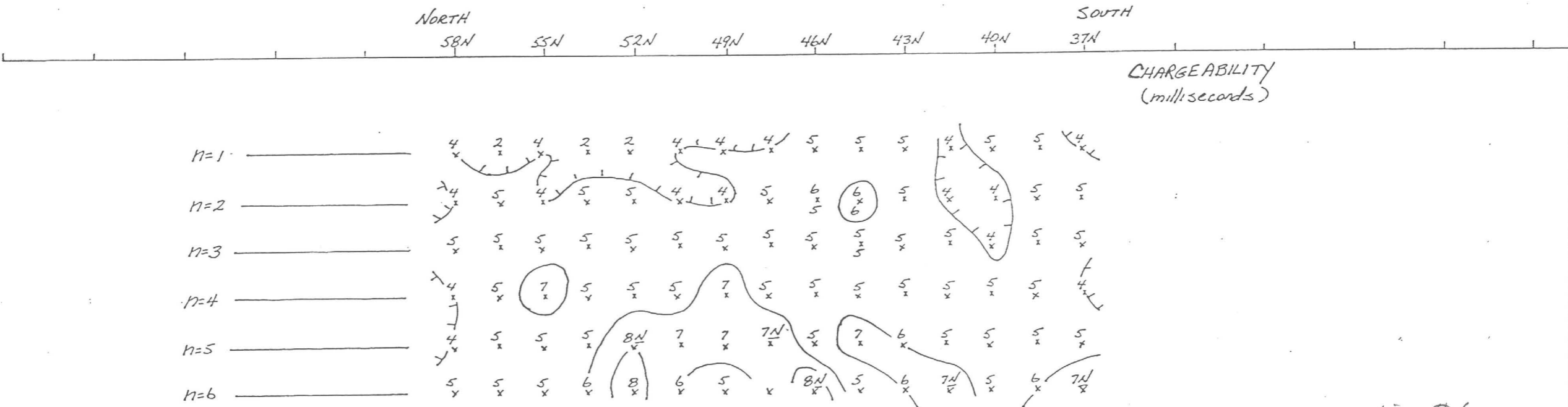
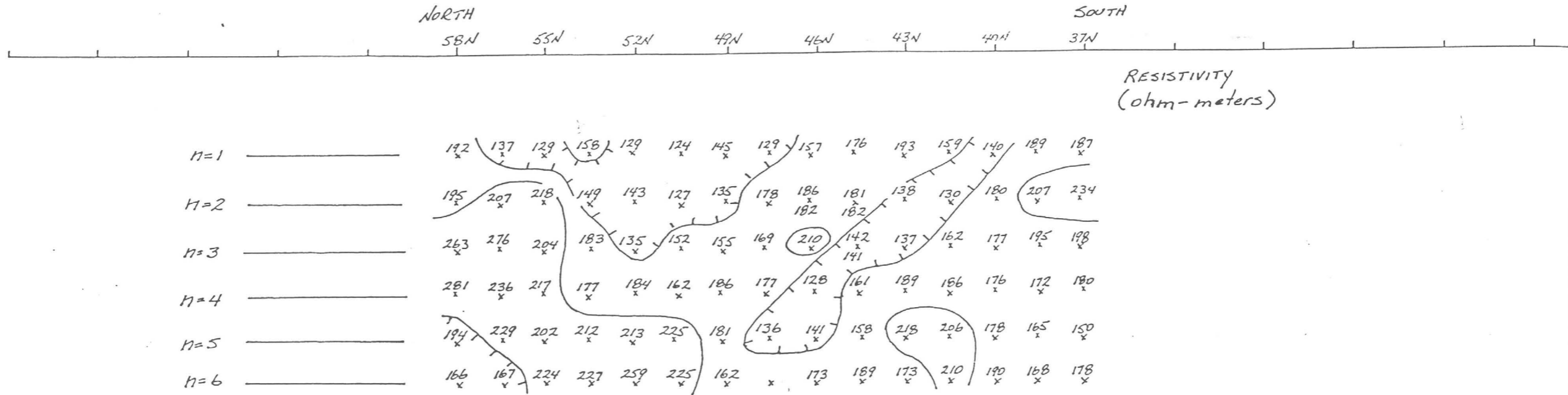
CHARGEABILITY
(milliseconds)



N: noise

AS EDDY MOUNTAIN

Line # 5



N: noise

Line # 6

H.F. BULGE (MINING) LIMITED

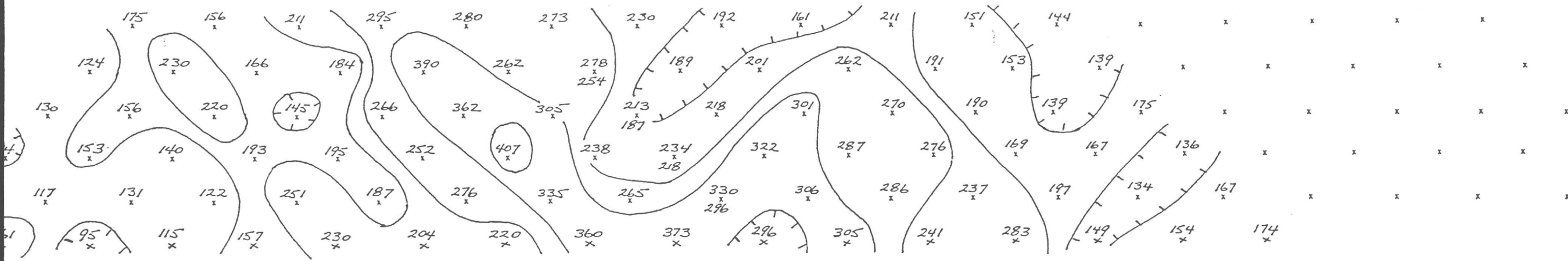
7/12/11

Scanned (6 of 7) WAC

RTH

SOUTH

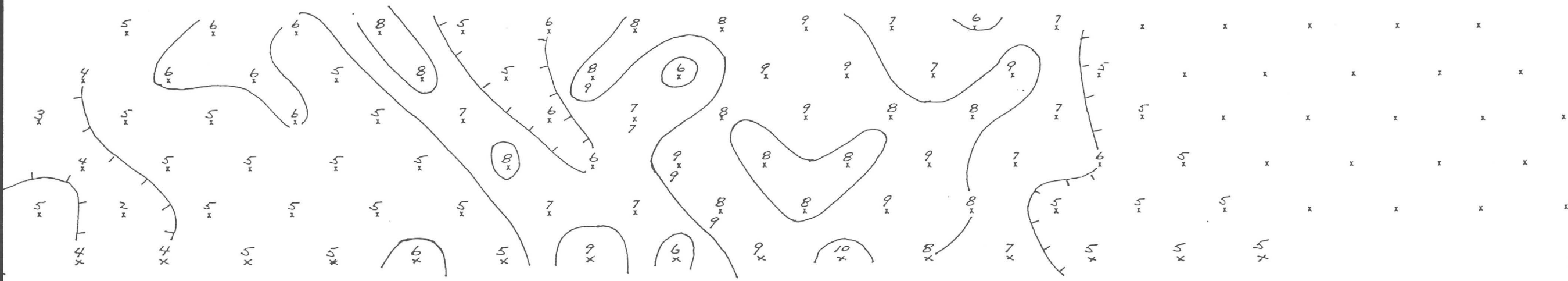
31N 32N 31N 30N 29N 28N 27N 26N 25N 24N 23N 22N 21N 20N 19N 18N



RTH

SOUTH

32N 31N 30N 29N 28N 27N 26N 25N 24N 23N 22N 21N 20N 19N 18N 17N

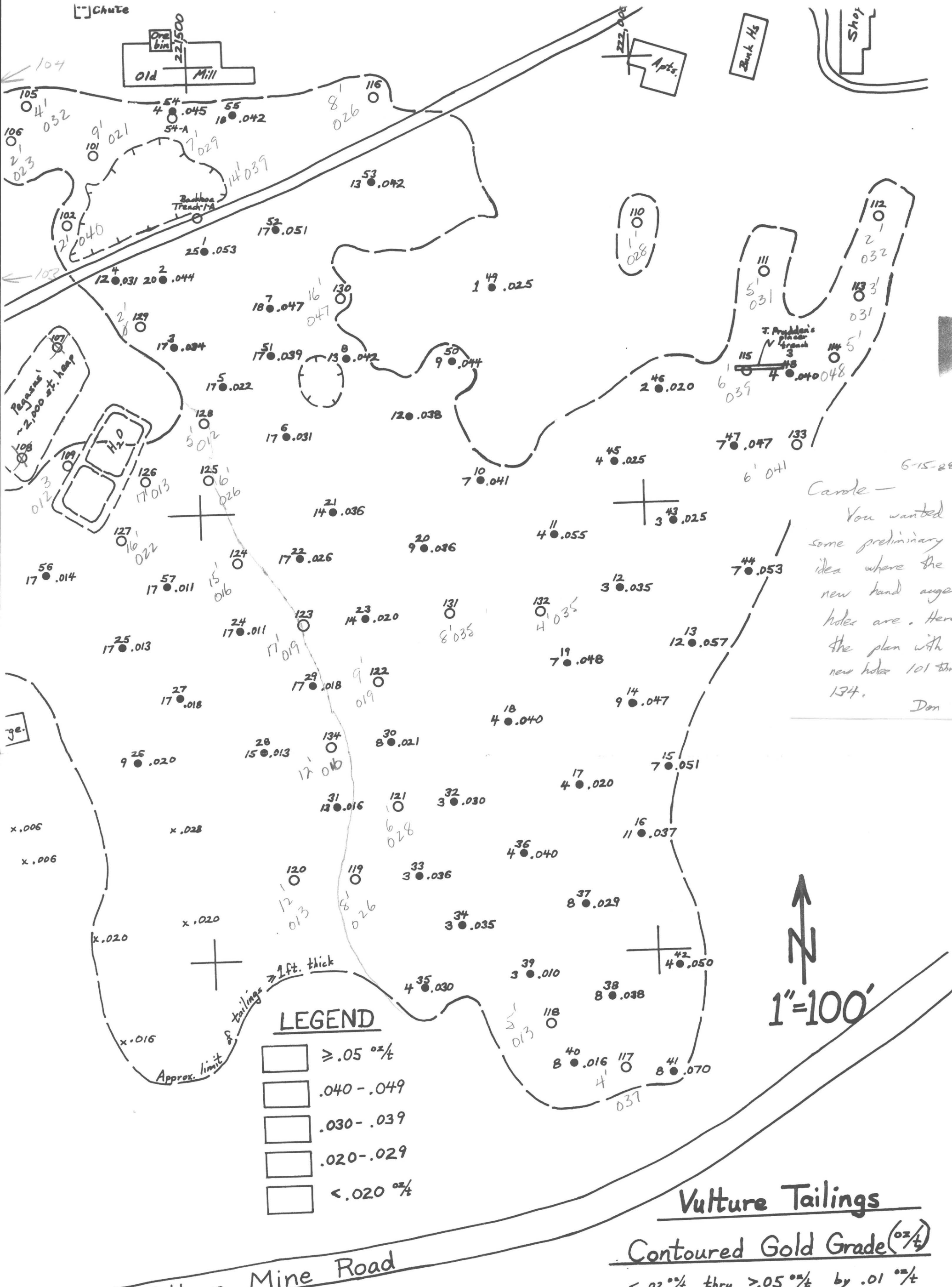


CONTOURS

H.F. BUDGE (MINING) LIMITED
VULTURE MINE PROJECT

Line # 7

Scanned (7 of 7) MC
7/12/11



6-15-88
 Carole -
 You wanted
 some preliminary
 idea where the
 new hand auger
 holes are. Here's
 the plan with
 new holes 101 thru
 134.
 Don

Approx. limit of tailings ≥ 1 ft. thick

LEGEND	
[Shaded box]	$\geq .05$ oz/t
[Light shaded box]	.040 - .049
[Medium shaded box]	.030 - .039
[Dark shaded box]	.020 - .029
[White box]	$< .020$ oz/t

N
 1" = 100'

Vulture Mine Road

Vulture Tailings

Contoured Gold Grade (oz/t)

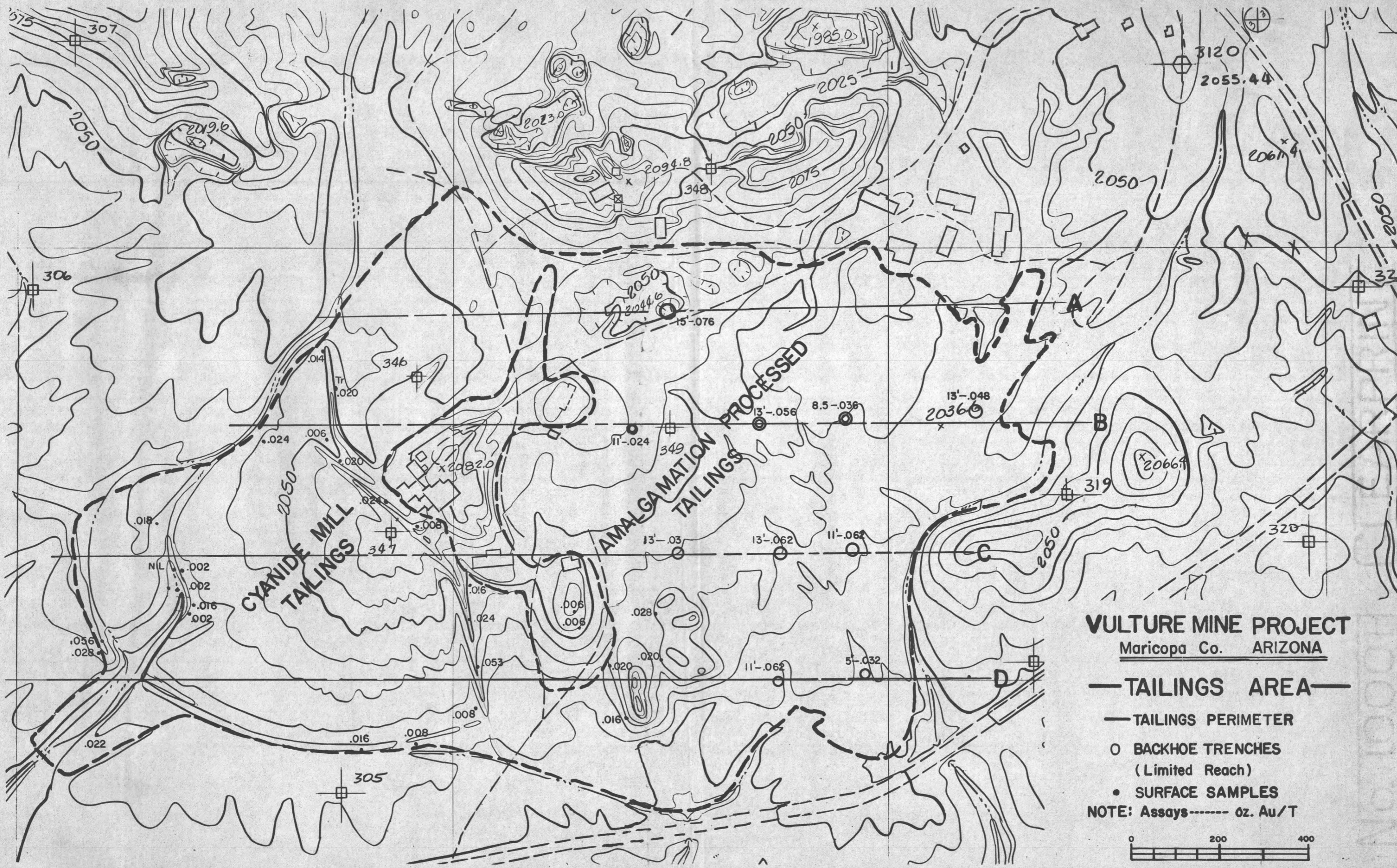
$< .02$ oz/t thru $> .05$ oz/t by $.01$ oz/t

Don C. White - June, 1988

Hole number
 Power auger hole (S.H.B.) | Hand auger hole (D.C.W.)
 Tailings thickness (ft) - 11 ● 0.031 - Gold grade (oz/t)
 x = Surface grab sample (S.D.H.)

Work Sheet
 A. Carole

Scanned
7/13/11
MC



VULTURE MINE PROJECT
 Maricopa Co. ARIZONA

- TAILINGS AREA —
- TAILINGS PERIMETER —
- BACKHOE TRENCHES
(Limited Reach)
- SURFACE SAMPLES

NOTE: Assays ----- oz. Au/T



Scale: 1"=200' OCT. 1982 By G.D.H

Ron Short

M E M O

TO: Dale Allen, Carole O'Brien, Anthony Budge
FROM: Don White
DATE: July 8, 1988
SUBJECT: Vulture stamp mill tailings reserve

My memo of May 27th reviewed the tailings reserve with respect to the data then available. Since then I have completed the necessary extension and fill-in augering to define the limits of the economic tails. The new data comes from 36 new hand-auger holes sampled on 3-foot or shorter intervals and logged to indicate variations in tailings color, grain size, and induration. Of course the tailings to alluvium contact was logged. Additionally, the limits of the tails were mapped more carefully.

What the new data and careful study of the old tells us is:

- 1) The power auger hole data from Milt Hood had to be adjusted to cut out the alluvium footages.
- 2) The eight Pegasus backhoe trenches are spurious both for location (I confirmed some "off" by about 100 feet!) and for assays (consistently higher than adjacent or even surrounding drilling; bad lab work - ?). Thus they are eliminated.
- 3) The mapping of tails limits defined two major historical excavations nearly to the base of the tails. These occur near the NE and NW ends of the tails area (see plan) and eliminate substantial tonnage that Milt Hood's reserve blocks included in error.
- 4) A key observation is that all the power auger hole collars are on topographic highs, effectively biasing the thickness and hence the tonnage calculations. The original near planar tailings surface has been severely dissected by erosion with some channels cut 10 feet deep and 20 feet across. Of course these and even much less severe watercourses thwarted the truck-mounted auger rig. Hence all the accessible drill sites were selectively on the top-most flat. My "guestimate" is that approximately a 10% discount need be made to adjust for the tails removed by erosion. Only a careful survey would allow accurate quantification of this problem. This does not seem warranted.

What I have done to compute the reserve is to utilize the data in its entirety. Rather than merely assign orthogonal blocks to each hole, I have contoured both the gold grade and the tails thickness and used the overlay of those two plans to define the natural cutoffs of blocks (see reserve block plan). This means that each block is expected to be uniform within a range of 0.01 oz/t Au and 5 feet in thickness.

Dale Allen, Carole O'Brien, Anthony Budge
July 8, 1988
Page Two

The ensuing tabulations and reserve chart are accompanying. After applying the somewhat arbitrary 10% erosion discount we are left with about 200,000 short tons at .037 oz/t, using a .020 oz/t cutoff.

Considerations for the future

In the course of the hand augering and manipulation of the old data, some revelations were made which ought to help planning:

- 1) There is a tendency for the more yellow tinted tails, as opposed to the reddish tails, to be the most consistently better grade. Some of the red or pink tails do carry good grades however. Also, the coarser the grain size (i.e., the less well tuned the stamps) the better the gold remaining in the tails.
- 2) There are some beds within the tails that are very well indurated fines and slimes. I can't imagine these not being some problem, even with agglomeration. Caking on equipment, plugging the agglomerator or stacker, etc. is likely. Such material seems most abundant in the < .020 oz/t areas and .020-.029 tails of the overlap area between cyanide tails and underlying stamp mill tails.
- 3) My narrower assay intervals confirm a tendency toward better grade in the bottom foot of the tails in all areas. Thus good cleanup excavation will be important. The large belly-dump excavator may not be the best tool for the bottom-most cleanup against the irregular alluvium and bedrock surface. A smaller bucket-loader may be needed to reach into the old tails-filled channels for the best grade tails.
- 4) Milt Hood's sampling of alluvium from beneath tailings (assayed by Skyline, Tucson) and Jim Prudden's placer study both confirm that gold grades there may be comparable to the tails themselves. The question then is how well does it leach and can it be mixed with tails, handled by the agglomerator, etc. The gold distribution in the underlying gravels ought to be studied more carefully as it becomes accessible (i.e., as tails are removed) for it could be a nice bonus to the tails operation.
- 5) If the process, all the way from excavation through bullion pour, can be made as efficient as possible and thus lowest possible cost, one may be able to attack the remaining low grade tailing east of the new plant. Such tailings constitute an extra 150,000 tons averaging .014 oz/t or about 1,500 recoverable ounces, assuming similar 70% recoveries to the better grade.

VULTURE STAMP MILL TAILINGS RESERVE (1)

<u>Grade Category</u>	<u>Wtd. Avg. Au Grade (oz/t)</u>	<u>Volume (Cubic yds)</u>	<u>Tonnage⁽²⁾ (s.t.)</u>	<u>% of Tons</u>	<u>Contained oz Au</u>	<u>Recoverable⁽³⁾ oz Au</u>	<u>Value @ \$450/oz</u>	<u>% of Value</u>
> .05 oz/t	.053	14,600	23,000	11	1,260	880	398,000	15
.040 - .049	.043	44,000	71,200	31	3,100	2,170	977,000	37
.030 - .039	.035	51,600	83,600	37	2,900	2,030	913,000	34
.020 - .029	.024	29,800	48,300	21	1,140	800	360,000	14
<u>TOTALS⁽⁴⁾</u>								
≥ .020 oz/t	.037	140,000	227,000	100	8,400	5,880	2,650,000	100
After discounting roughly 10% for erosion of surface:								
	.037	125,000	200,000	--	7,500	5,300	2,300,000	--
< .020 oz/t	.014	94,000	150,000	--	2,100	1,470	660,000	--

NOTES: (1) Based upon spring, 1984 S.H.B. power auger drilling data (T-1 thru T-57), Milt Hood's tailings thickness notes and hole locations, Skyline and Iron King Assay reports, and Don White's hand auger holes (T-101 thru T-134) contoured gold grade plan, tailings isopachs.

(2) Volume to tonnage conversion based upon S.H.B.'s bulk density determination of 1.62 s.t./yd³ (16.7 ft³/s.t.).

(3) Assume 70% metallurgical recovery.

(4) Totals for .020 oz/t cutoff; considered grade for which recovery value marginally exceeds operating (variable) costs. Note, however, that gold price increases > \$450/oz could make the low grade economic.

Don C. White
July, 1988

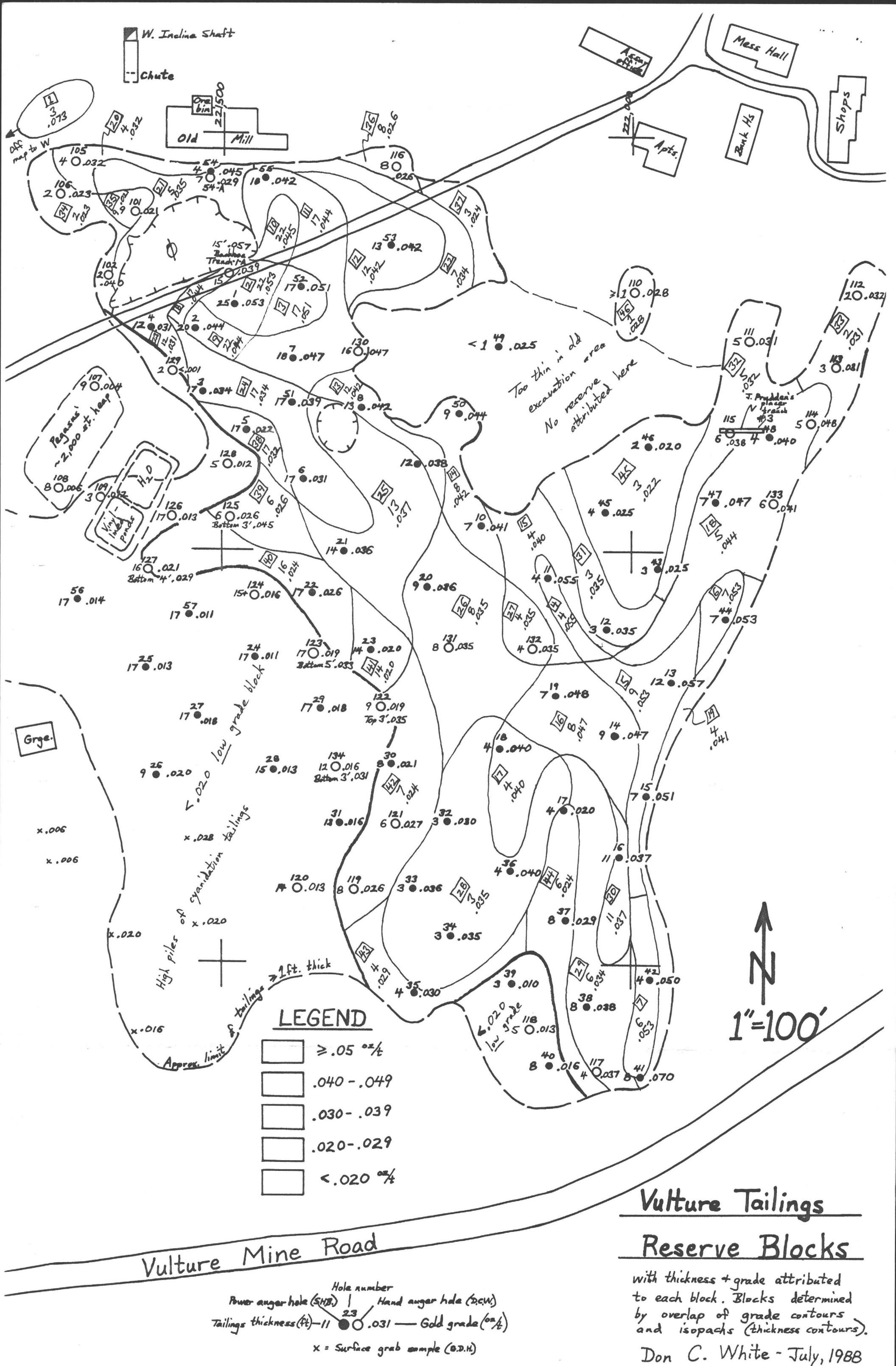
Vulture Stamp Mill
Tailings Reserve
Tables

Block #	Ave Grade ($\frac{w}{t}$)	Thickness (ft)	Area (ft ²)	Cubic Yards ($\frac{A \cdot t}{27}$)	Short Tons ($\frac{A \cdot t \cdot 1.42}{27}$)	Contained oz Au
1	.073	3	4200	467	757	55
2	.053	22	5500	4481	7260	385
3	.051	17	4700	2959	4794	244
4	.055	4	2900	430	696	38
5	.053	9	12000	4000	6480	343
6	.053	7	3500	907	1470	78
7	.053	6	6300	1400	2268	120
≥.050 Subtotal		.0532	—	14,644	23,725	1,263
8	.044	17	2100	1322	2142	94
9	.044	22	3300	2689	4356	192
10	.045	22	3200	2607	4224	190
11	.044	17	20000	12593	20400	898
12	.042	12	12700	5644	9144	384
13	.042	12	5500	2444	3960	166
14	.042	8	8600	2548	4128	173
15	.040	4	11200	1659	2688	108
16	.047	8	16300	4830	7824	368
17	.040	4	7600	1126	1824	73
18	.044	5	26600	4926	8029	353
19	.041	4	10500	1556	2520	103
≥.040 Subtotal		.0435	—	43,975	71,239	3,102

Vulture Stamp Mill

Tailings Reserve
Tables (cont.)

Block #	Ass. Grade (%A)	Thickness (ft)	Area (ft ²)	Cubic Yards (ft ³ /27)	Short Tons (2000 x 1.62 x ft ³)	Combined oz. Au	
20	.032	4	4900	726	1176	38	
21	.035	5	8800	1630	2640	92	
22	.034	7	11200	2903	4704	160	
23	.031	12	4400	1956	3168	98	
24	.034	17	17900	11270	18258	621	
25	.037	13	20900	10063	16302	603	
26	.035	8	24500	7259	11760	412	
27	.034	4	4700	696	1128	38	
28	.035	3	37400	4156	6732	236	
29	.034	6	20200	4489	7272	247	
30	.037	11	4400	1793	2904	107	
31	.035	3	9000	1000	1620	57	
32	.032	5	15600	2889	4680	150	
33	.031	2	10500	778	1260	39	
≥ .030 Subtotal		.0347	—	—	57,607	83,604	2,898
34	.023	2	7200	533	864	20	
35	.021	9	2000	667	1080	23	
36	.026	8	2400	711	1152	30	
37	.024	3	4200	467	756	18	
38	.022	17	3800	2393	3876	85	
39	.026	6	6500	1444	2340	61	
40	.024	16	15,000	8689	14400	346	
41	.020	14	5,400	2800	4536	91	
42	.024	7	19,800	5133	8316	200	
43	.029	4	9,100	1348	2184	63	
44	.024	6	12,700	2822	4572	110	
45	.022	3	22,400	2489	4032	89	
46	.028	1	3,600	133	216	6	
≥ .020 Subtotal		.0236	—	—	29,830	48,324	1,142
< .020 Subtotal		.014	15	170,000	94,444	153,000	2,142



W. Incline Shaft
Chute

Old Mill

Mess Hall
Bank Hs
Shops
Apt.

Pegasus
2,000 sq. ft. heap

Grge.

x.006
x.006

x.020
x.016

x.020
x.028 tailings

High piles of cyanidation tailings

Approx. limit of tailings > 1ft. thick

LEGEND

- $\geq .05 \text{ oz/t}$
- .040 - .049
- .030 - .039
- .020 - .029
- $< .020 \text{ oz/t}$

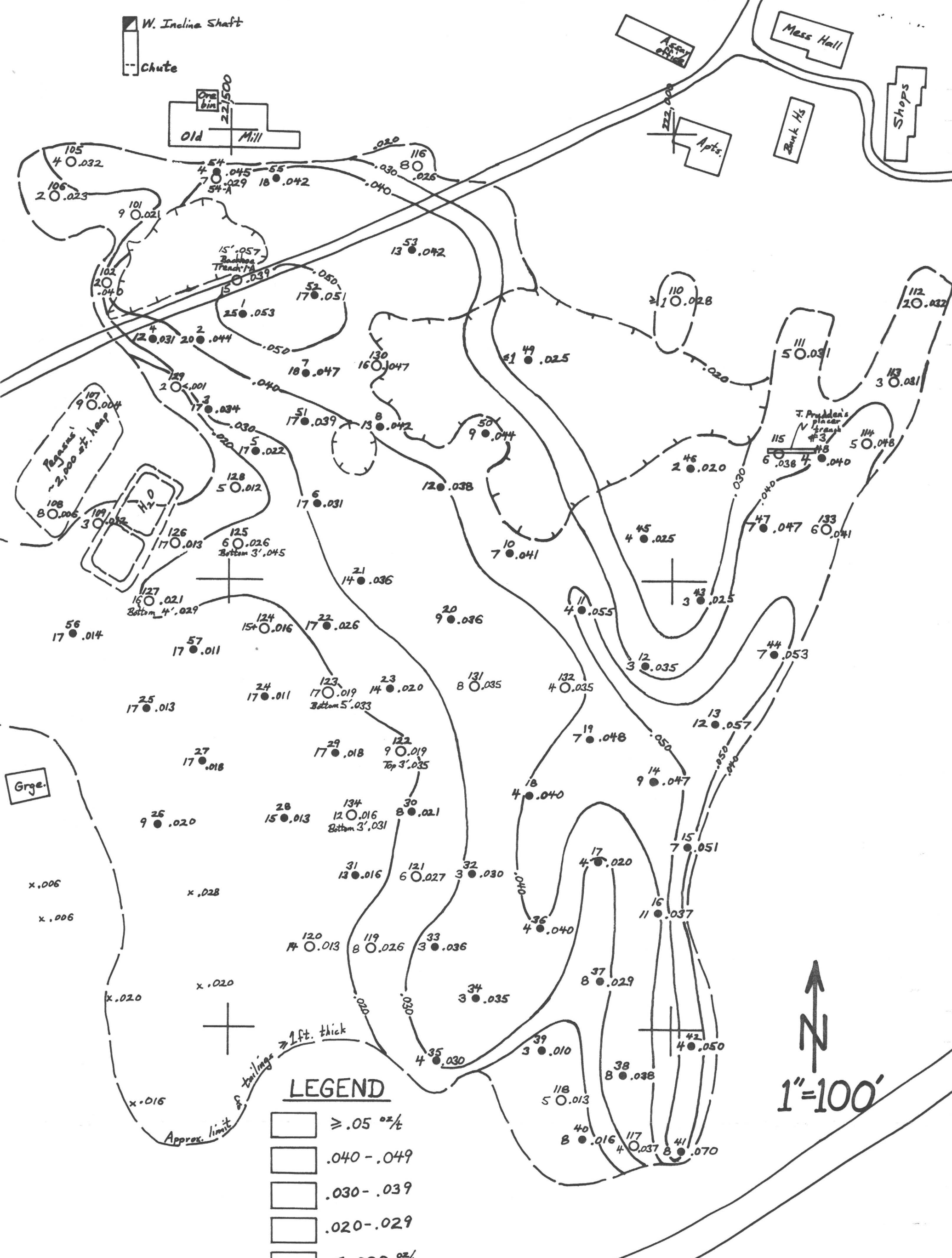
Hole number
Power auger hole (SMB) | Hand auger hole (20W)
Tailings thickness (ft) - 11 ● 0.031 — Gold grade (oz/t)
x = Surface grab sample (B.D.H.)

Vulture Tailings Reserve Blocks

with thickness + grade attributed to each block. Blocks determined by overlap of grade contours and isopachs (thickness contours).
Don C. White - July, 1988

1"=100'

W. Incline Shaft
Chute



LEGEND

- $\geq .05 \text{ oz/t}$
- $.040 - .049$
- $.030 - .039$
- $.020 - .029$
- $< .020 \text{ oz/t}$

Vulture Mine Road

Vulture Tailings

Contoured Gold Grade (oz/t)

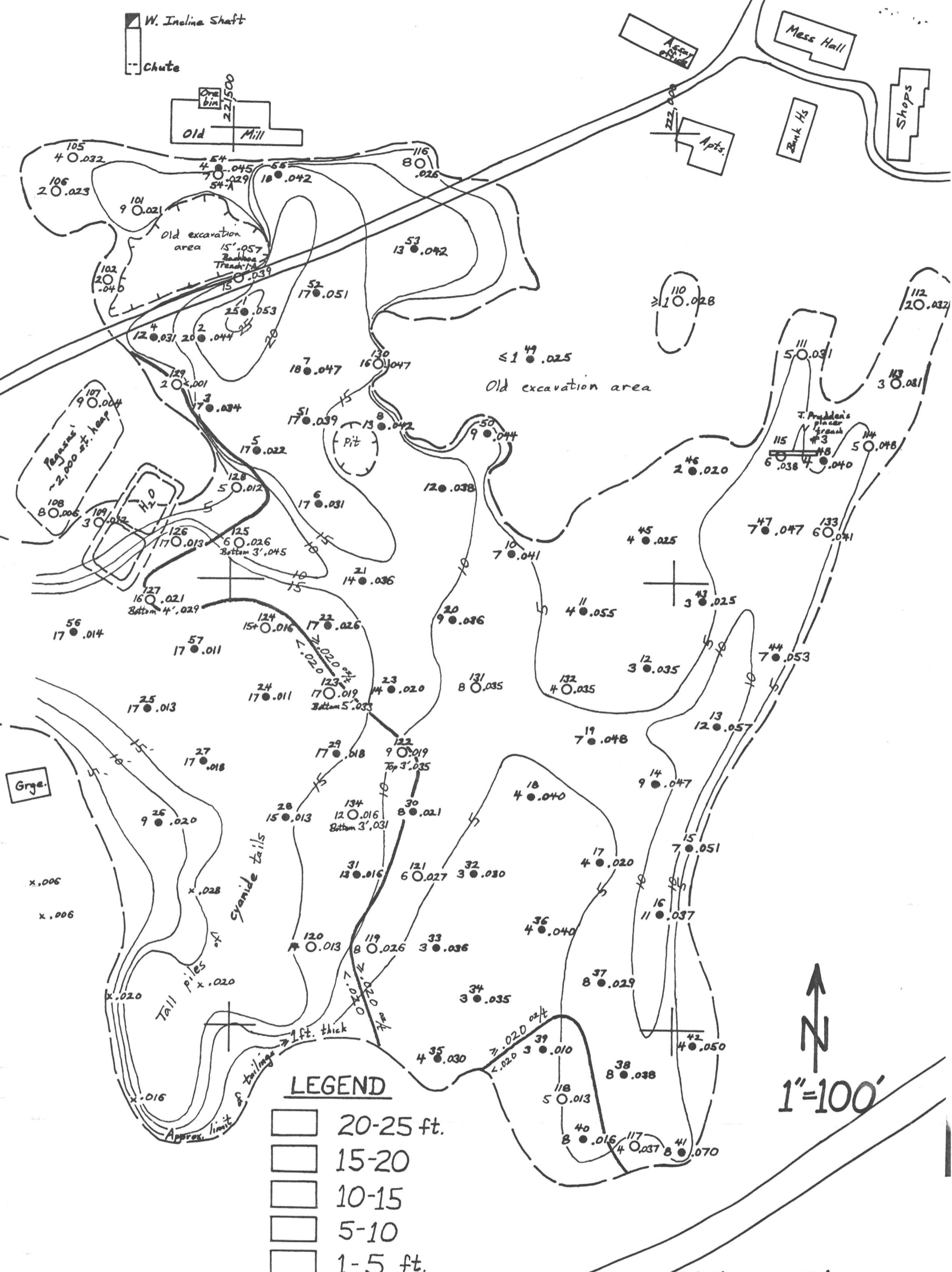
$< .02 \text{ oz/t}$ thru $> .05 \text{ oz/t}$ by $.01 \text{ oz/t}$

Don C. White - July, 1988

Hole number
Power auger hole (S.H.B.) | Hand auger hole (D.W.)
Tailings thickness (ft.) - 11 ● .031 - Gold grade (oz/t)
x = Surface grab sample (S.D.H.)



W. Incline Shaft
Chute



Grge.

x.006
x.006

Tail piles
Cyanide tails
1 ft. thick
Approx. limit of tailings

LEGEND

- 20-25 ft.
- 15-20
- 10-15
- 5-10
- 1-5 ft.

N
1"=100'

Vulture Mine Road

Vulture Tailings

Isopachs (Thickness contours)

Don C. White - July, 1988

Hole number
Power auger hole (S.H.B.) | Hand auger hole (D.C.W.)
Tailings thickness (ft.) - 11 ● ○ .031 - Gold grade (oz/t)
x = Surface grab sample (D.D.H.)

M E M O

TO: Dale Allen, Carole O'Brien, Ron Short, Anthony Budge
FROM: Don White
DATE: October 25, 1988
SUBJECT: Vulture Tailings Excavation Blocks

Dale requested I tally reserves of Vulture stamp mill tailings by six large blocks corresponding to his anticipated excavation sequence. This provides him with subtotals against which he may compare measured tons (based on scraper loads) and recovered ounces (based on bullion pours).

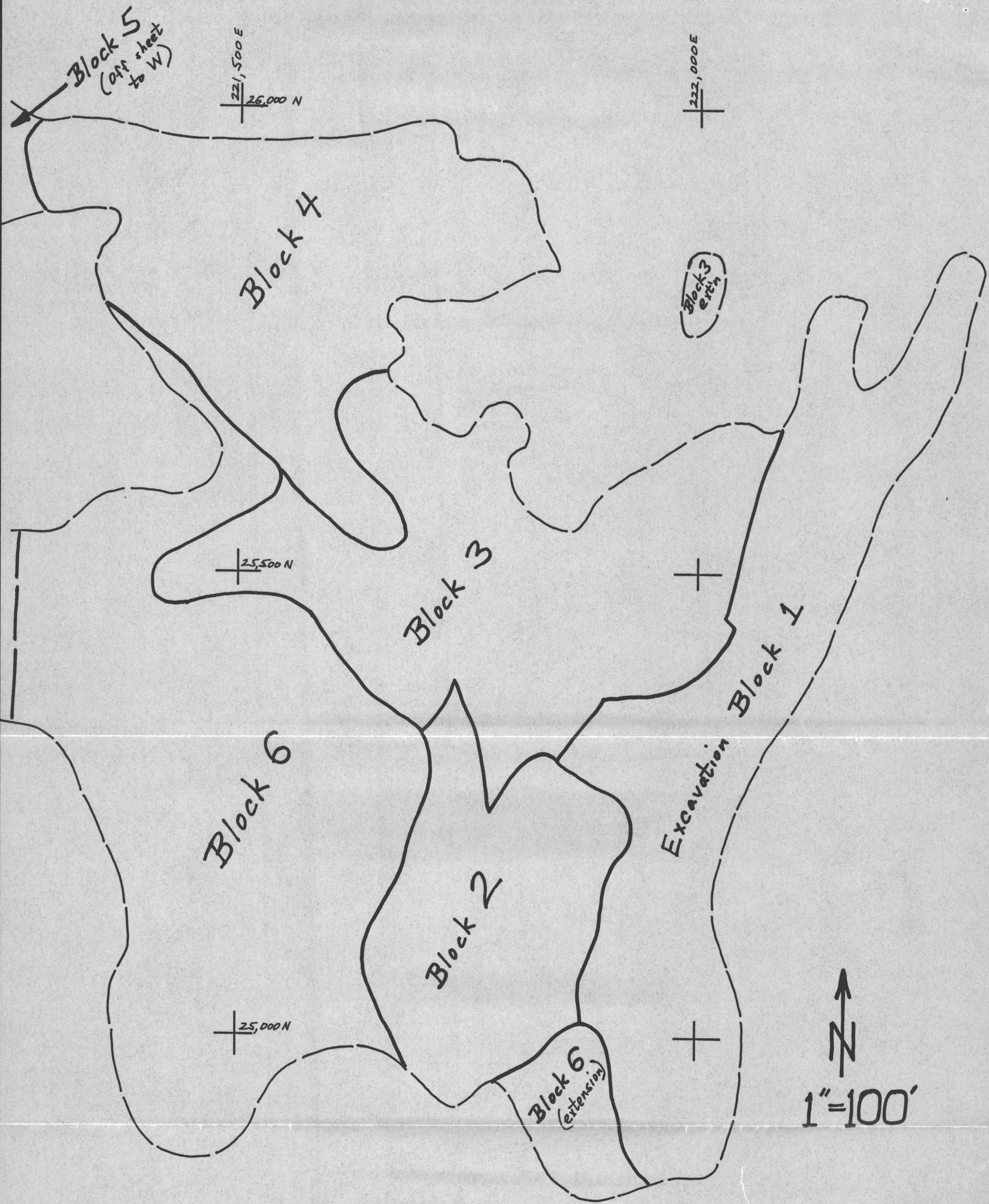
All that was involved is recombining the reserve blocks (my memo and maps of July 8, 1988) according to location within the newly defined excavation blocks (plan accompanying). The computations are appended and the totals are summarized as follows:

VULTURE TAILINGS

Summary of excavation blocks

(after discounting 10% for surface erosion)

<u>Excavation block #</u>	<u>Cubic yards</u>	<u>Short tons</u>	<u>Grade (oz/t)</u>	<u>Contained oz Au</u>
1	27,300	44,000	.041	1,800
2	10,600	17,000	.030	500
3	37,700	61,000	.032	2,000
4	49,300	80,000	.040	3,200
5	7,700	13,000	.038	500
<hr/>				
<u>Subtotal, First 5</u>				
<u>blocks (\geq.020 oz/t)</u>	<u>132,000yd³</u>	<u>215,000 s.t.</u>	<u>.037 oz/t</u>	<u>8,000 oz Au</u>
<u>Low grade block 6</u>	<u>94,000yd³</u>	<u>150,000 s.t.</u>	<u>.014 oz/t</u>	<u>2,000 oz Au</u>
<u>Grand Total</u>				
<u>including low grade</u>	<u>226,000yd³</u>	<u>365,000 s.t.</u>	<u>.027 oz/t</u>	<u>10,000 oz Au</u>



Vulture Tailings
Excavation Blocks

(Intended as an overlay to
the reserve block plan)

Don C. White - Oct., 1988

Tabulation
of Vulture Tailings
Reserve Blocks by
Excavation Blocks

Don C. White - Oct, 1988

Reserve Block #	Au Grade (oz/lb)	Thickness (ft)	Area (ft ²)	Cubic Yards (T.9/27)	Short Tons (Yd ³ x 1.62 wt./yd ³)	Contained oz. Au
32	.032	5	15,600	2,989	4,680	150
33	.031	2	10,500	778	1,260	39
18	.044	5	26,600	4,926	8,029	353
6	.053	7	3,500	907	1,470	78
5	.053	9	12,000	4,000	6,480	343
16	.047	8	16,300	4,830	7,824	368
19	.041	4	10,500	1,556	2,520	103
7	.053	6	6,300	1,400	2,268	120
30	.037	11	4,400	1,793	2,904	107
29	.034	6	20,200	4,489	7,272	247
44	.024	6	12,700	2,822	4,572	110
<u>Excavation</u>						
<u>Block 1</u>	.041	—	—	30,390	49,279	2,018
17	.040	4	7,600	1,126	1,824	73
28	.035	3	37,400	4,156	6,732	236
42	.024	7	19,800	5,133	8,316	200
43	.029	4	9,100	1,348	2,184	63
<u>Excavation</u>						
<u>Block 2</u>	.030	—	—	11,763	19,056	572
46	.028	1	3,600	133	216	6
45	.022	3	22,400	2,489	4,032	89
31	.035	3	9,000	1,000	1,620	57
15	.040	4	11,200	1,659	2,688	108
4	.055	4	2,900	430	696	38
27	.034	4	4,700	696	1,128	38
14	.042	8	8,600	2,548	4,128	173
13	.042	12	5,500	2,444	3,960	166
26	.035	8	24,500	7,259	11,760	412
25	.037	13	20,900	10,063	16,302	603
41	.020	14	5,400	2,800	4,536	91
40	.024	16	15,000	8,889	14,400	346
39	.026	6	6,500	1,444	2,340	61
<u>Excavation</u>						
<u>Block 3</u>	.032	—	—	41,854	67,806	2,188

Reserve Block #	Au Grade (oz/t)	Thickness (ft)	Area (ft ²)	Cubic Yards (to 1/27)	Short Tons (1.13 x 1.62 x 10 ⁶ / ft ³)	Contained oz. Au
24	.034	17	17,900	11,270	18,258	621
38	.022	17	3,800	2,393	3,876	85
11	.044	17	29,000	12,593	20,400	898
3	.051	17	4,700	2,959	4,794	244
2	.053	22	5,500	4,481	7,260	385
9	.044	22	3,300	2,689	4,356	192
10	.045	22	3,200	2,607	4,224	190
8	.044	17	2,100	1,322	2,142	94
23	.031	12	4,400	1,956	3,168	98
21	.035	5	8,800	1,630	2,640	92
35	.021	9	2,000	667	1,080	23
34	.023	2	7,200	533	864	20
12	.042	12	12,700	5,644	9,144	384
22	.034	7	11,200	2,903	4,704	160
36	.026	8	2,400	711	1,152	30
37	.024	3	4,200	467	756	18
<u>Excavation</u>						
Block 4	.040	—	—	54,825	88,818	3,534
1	.073	3	4,200	467	757	55
Add-on*	.036	2	119,000	8,148	13,200	475
<u>Excavation</u>						
Block 5	.038	—	—	8,615	13,957	525
<u>Excavation</u>						
Block 6†	.014	15	179,000	94,000	159,000	2,100

* "Add-on" = Area of yellow, stamp mill tailing to N.W. of main body (W of old mill site) found in August, 1988 (subsequent to July, 1988 reserve memo)

† Block 6 is the low grade, partially cyanide tails bounding the SW side of the stamp mill tail. They may be economic.

M E M O

TO: Dale Allen
cc: C.A. O'Brien, R.R. Short, A.F. Budge

FROM: Don White

DATE: October 21, 1988

SUBJECT: Silver distribution in Vulture stamp mill tailings

In response to your request for information on silver in the Vulture stamp mill tailings, I was able to dig up old, uncompiled, silver assays from the initial round of sampling in earliest 1984. That was power-auger drilling of the tailings by Milt Hood, prior to my involvement in any way. Silver was reported by Iron King Assay, Inc. with a detection limit of 0.01 oz/t Ag. It was assayed for every 5-foot interval of 57 holes drilled.

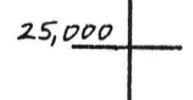
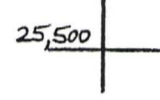
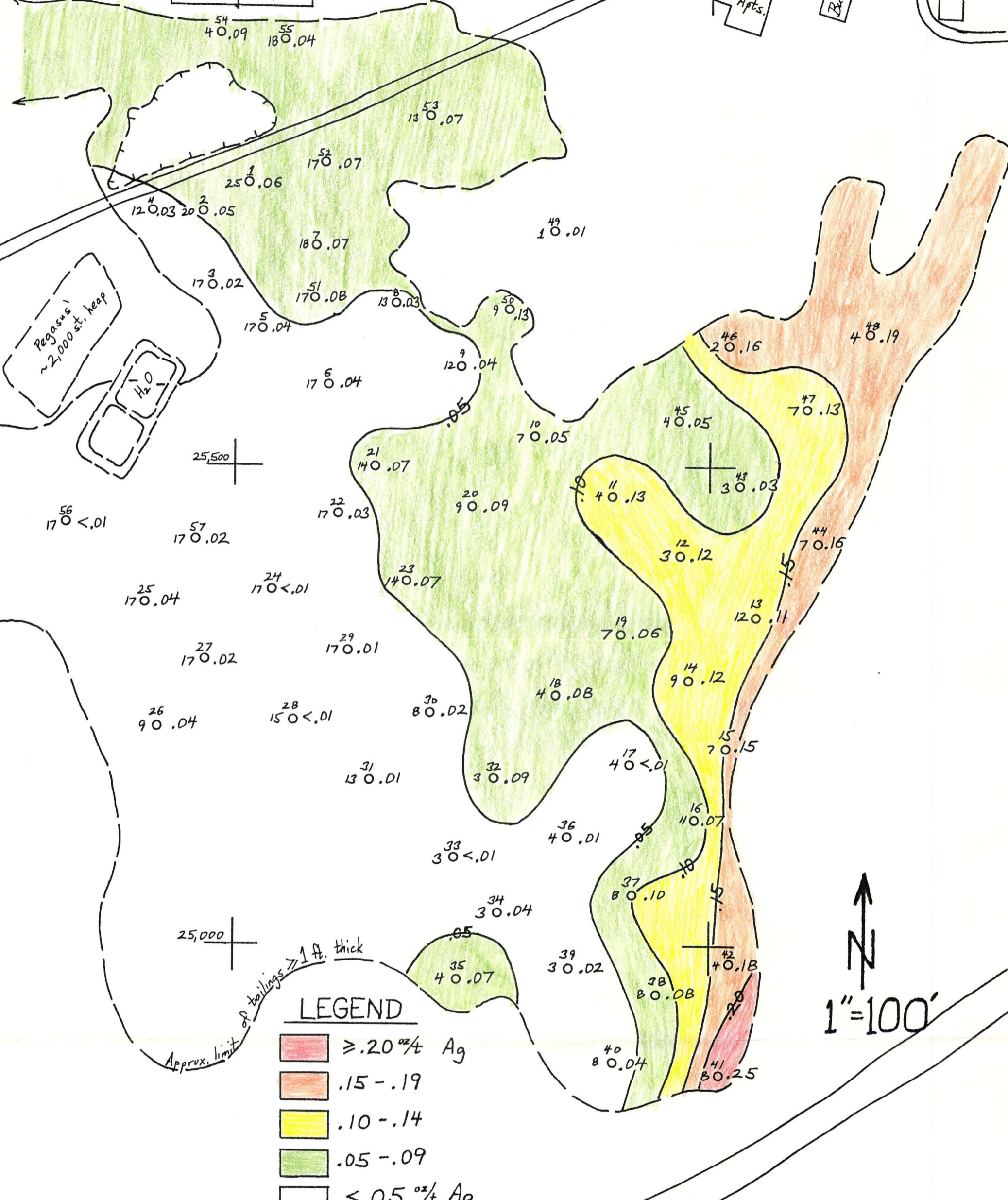
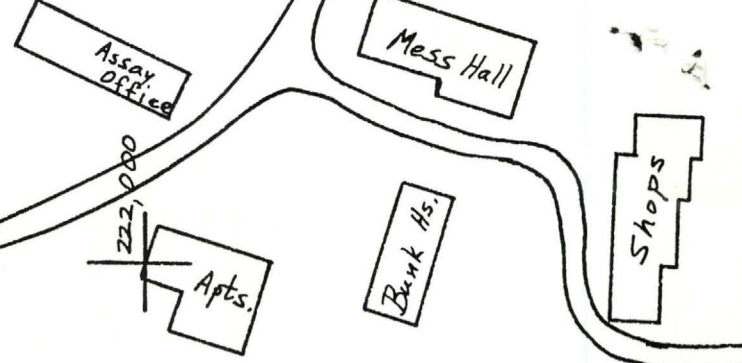
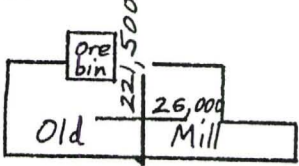
I have averaged those assays for each hole and plotted that data on the same 1"=100' base as the gold data that you have. Attached is a contoured version of the silver data which reveals a strong zonation of higher grade Ag to the east, grading to the detection limit westward into the cyanide tailings.

There is some reason to doubt the accuracy of the assays since your head assays on tails excavated near the east perimeter the last month or more have often assayed 0.2 oz/t Ag or even greater. As you pointed out, Ag fire assays where the main objective is accurate gold assay, are notoriously inaccurate. But they are off in a systematic way and the pattern of relative grades is useful.

What the plan reveals is that your first cut along the east perimeter is the highest silver zone and that all heads will diminish in silver content as excavation proceeds westward. It also shows that the lowest gold zones (<.02 oz/t Au) of the cyanide tailings are also very low in Ag (probably all <.05 oz/t Ag).

DW:sk

W. Incline Shaft
Chute



Approx. limit of tailings ≥ 1 ft. thick

LEGEND

	$\geq .20$ oz/t Ag
	.15 - .19
	.10 - .14
	.05 - .09
	$< .05$ oz/t Ag

N
1" = 100'

Vulture Mine Road

Vulture Tailings
Contoured Silver Grades

$< .05$ oz/t thru $> .20$ oz/t by $.05$ oz/t

Don C. White - Oct., 1988

Power auger hole number
(White's hand auger holes not shown, + not assayed for Ag)
Tails thickness (ft) - 11 0 .05 - Silver grade (oz/t)
Iron King Assays of Mill Hood samples, 1984

**VULTURE MINE AREA
GEOLOGIC LEGEND**

Tertiary	Trd	<u>Rhyolite dike</u> White, aphanitic, massive blocky. Commonly contains black MnOx dendrites on joint surfaces.
	Kgr	<u>Granite</u> White to pinkish white, medium to coarse grained quartz-Kspar (sericite)-biotite.
	Kgdr	<u>Granodiorite</u> White to light grey, massive, medium grained, quartz-plagioclase-biotite.
	Kd	<u>Diorite</u> Grey on fresh surface, brownish-red on weathered surface. Moderate foliation to massive. Usually granular. Plagioclase-quartz-amphibole-biotite.
Cretaceous	Kdb	<u>Diorite Breccia</u> Groundmass medium to dark grey-green, fine grained, siliceous quartz-amphibole-plagioclase-chlorite. Unit contains from 10-50% angular to rounded breccia fragments of variable composition. Commonly magnetic.
	Kqpi	<u>Quartz Porphyry Intrusive</u> Medium to coarse grained altered (sericitized, pyritized, silicified) granite to quartz monzonite with quartz porphyroblasts (1-4 mm).
	Kqs	<u>Quartz-Sericite Rock</u> Similar to above but lacking significant quartz porphyroblasts. Typically white, fine to occasionally medium grained. Granular. FeOx stained.
	PCqs	<u>Quartz-Sericite Schist</u> Rhyolite to dacite tuffs and volcanoclastics. Grey, tan to buff. Finely foliated. Fine to medium grained quartz and sericite. Commonly with 1-3 mm quartz clasts.
	PCqsc	<u>Quartz-Sericite-Chlorite Schist</u> Dacite. Light to medium grey-green. Finely foliated.
PreCambrian	PCAmb	<u>Amphibolite</u> Basalt tuffs and flows. Dark grey, fine to medium grained amphibole-plagioclase-chlorite-quartz.
	PCAng	<u>Amphibolite</u> Gabbro. Like PCAmb but medium to very coarse grained.
	PCst	<u>Siltite</u> Brown or tan to light grey. Moderately foliated. Fine grained, occasionally with granular quartz.

Symbols (Heading)

SS
SSS

Silicification

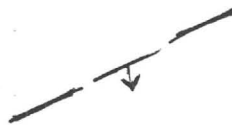
SS



Sericitization

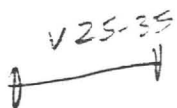
~~area of outcrop~~
area of outcrop




--- geological contact

 fault w dip direction

 Shear
 Breccia

 Interval of chip sample

 Location of grab sample

 Strike/Dip Foliation

 Bedding strike/Dip Bedding

 Strike/dip joints



Pit



Dump

NOT
SCANNED

SYMBOLS

Silicification

Sericitization

Area of Outcrop

Geologic Contact

Fault with Dip Direction

Shear

Breccia Zone

Interval of Chip Sample

Location of Grab Sample

Strike/Dip Foliation

Strike/Dip Bedding

Strike/Dip Joints

Pit

Dump

VULTURE MINE AREA
GEOLOGIC LEGEND

(delete 2-3 lines)

~~Rhyolite dike~~

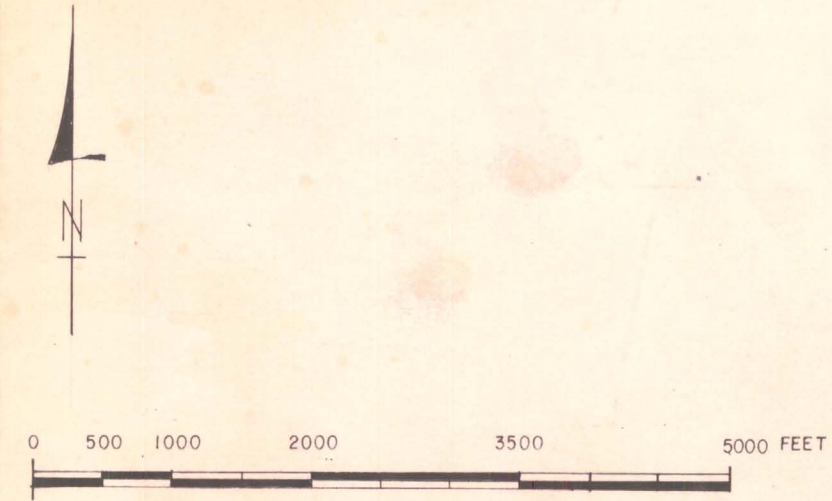
Tertiary	Trd	<u>Rhyolite like</u> White, aphanitic, massive blocky. Commonly contains black MnOx dendrites on joint surfaces.
	Kgr	<u>Granite</u> <i>DS</i> White to pinkish white, medium to coarse grained quartz-Kspar (Sericite)-biotite.
	Kgdr	<u>Granodiorite</u> White to light grey, massive, medium grained, quartz-plagioclase-biotite.
	Kd	<u>Diorite</u> <i>"</i> Grey on fresh surface, brownish-red <i>on weathered surface</i> after weathering. Moderate foliation to massive. Usually granular. Plagioclase-quartz-amphibole-biotite.
Cretaceous	Kdb	<u>Diorite Breccia</u> <i>"</i> Groundmass medium to dark grey-green, fine grained, siliceous quartz-amphibole-plagioclase-chlorite. Unit contains from 10-50% angular to rounded breccia fragments of variable composition. Commonly magnetic.
	Kgpi	<u>Quartz Porphyry Intrusive</u> Medium to coarse grained altered (sericitized, pyritized, silicified) granite to quartz monzonite with quartz porphyroblasts (1-4 mm).
	Kgs	<u>Quartz-Sericite Rock</u> Similar to above but lacking significant quartz porphyroblasts. Typically white, fine to occasionally medium grained. Granular. FeOx stained.
	PCgs	<u>Quartz-Sericite Schist</u> Rhyolite to dacite tuffs and volcanoclastics. Grey, tan to buff. Finely foliated. Fine to medium grained quartz and sericite. Commonly with 1-3 mm quartz clasts.
	PCqsc	<u>Quartz-Sericite-Chlorite Schist</u> Dacite . Light to medium grey-green. Finely foliated.
PreCambrian	PCAmb	<u>Amphibolite</u> Basalt tuffs and flows. Dark grey, fine to medium grained amphibole-plagioclase-chlorite-quartz.
	PCAng	<u>Amphibolite</u> Gabbro. Like PCAmb, but medium to very coarse grained.
	PCst	<u>Siltite</u> Brown or tan to light grey. Moderately foliated. Fine grained, occasionally with granular quartz.



EXPLANATION

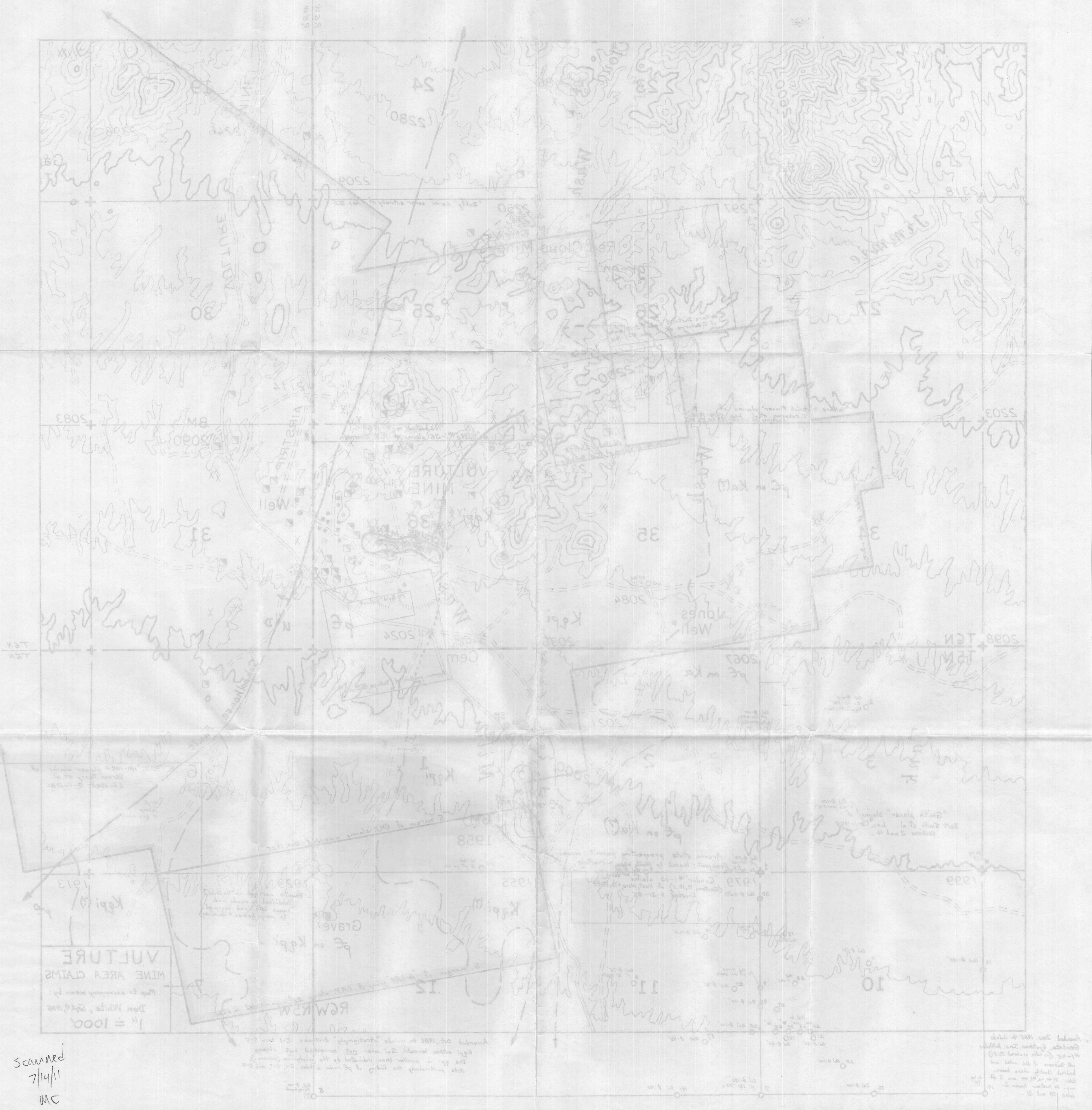
- Quaternary alluvium, Tertiary gravels; mine tailings and dumps
- MID-TERTIARY
 - Intermediate tuffs and ash flows
 - Latite to andesite dikes
 - White, aphanitic rhyolite
- TERTIARY? - CRETACEOUS? (LARAMIDE?)
 - Quartz veins
 - Fine-grained equigranular granite
 - Quartz porphyry intrusive
- PRECAMBRIAN
 - Diabase
 - Amphibolitic mafic flows, sills and dikes
 - Mafic tuff
 - Felsic tuff
 - Arkosic sandstone (quartzite)
 - Quartz wacke
 - Wacke, fine-grained
- TAILINGS
- OPEN PIT
- SHAFT
- BEDROCK OUTLINE
- CONTACT, DOTTED WHERE INFERRED OR COVERED
- FAULT
- JOINT
- STRIKE AND DIP
- ROAD
- BRAIDED, EPHEMERAL STREAM

Aerial-Photo Base
approx. 1" = 1377 feet



VULTURE MINE
DISTRICT
GEOLOGIC MAP

REVISED	FILE NO.
PROJECT: ARIZONA Au DISTRICTSNO 0844	
LOCATION: MARICOPA Co., ARIZONA	
DATA BY: J.E.D., M.E.D. DATE: Jan., 1981	
DRAWN BY: D.L.C.	
PLATE	INDEX
I	
noranda NORANDA EXPLORATION, INC.	



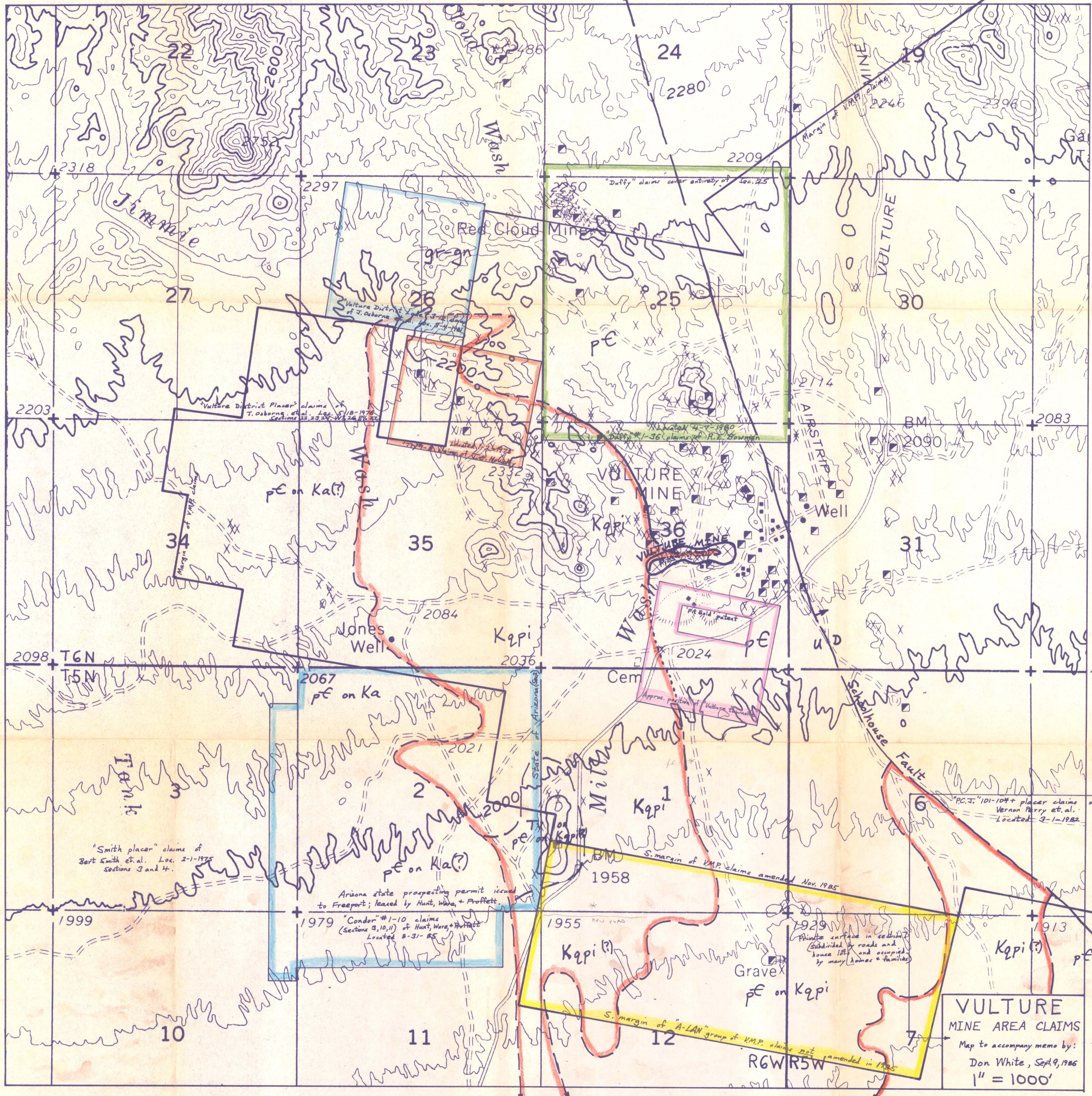
VULTURE
MINE AREA CLAIMS
Map to accompany memo by:
Don White, S&P, Inc.
1" = 1000'

Scanned
11/14/17
MC

Amended Oct. 1958 to include topography, hillshades, etc. - 1/14/58
Kopi notes beneath 2nd map not on record but clearly
the 2nd is smaller than indicated by the topographic contour
Note particularly the dating of the notes a date 24, 27, and 28

Amended Dec. 1958 to include
Geological Symbols, Two hillshades
1/14/58 (see notes under 20-23)
Note changes to 2nd map and
additions to 1st map.
This map is on no. 2 of
map as indicated under 1-18
page 23 and 24.

R6W
R5W



Jim Noble

Red Cloud Mine

VULTURE MINE

VULTURE MINE

Milton

Schollhouse Fault

"Smith placer" claims of
Bart Smith et al. Loc. 2-1-1975
Sections 3 and 4.

Arizona state prospecting permit issued
to Freeport; leased by Hunt, Ware, + Proffitt.

1979 "Condor" #1-10 claims
(Sections 9, 10, 11) of Hunt, Ware + Proffitt
Located 8-31-85

1929
Platte surface in section
divided by roads and
house 185' and occupied
by many homes + families

"PC.J." 101-104 + placer claims of
Vernon Perry et al.
Located 3-1-1982

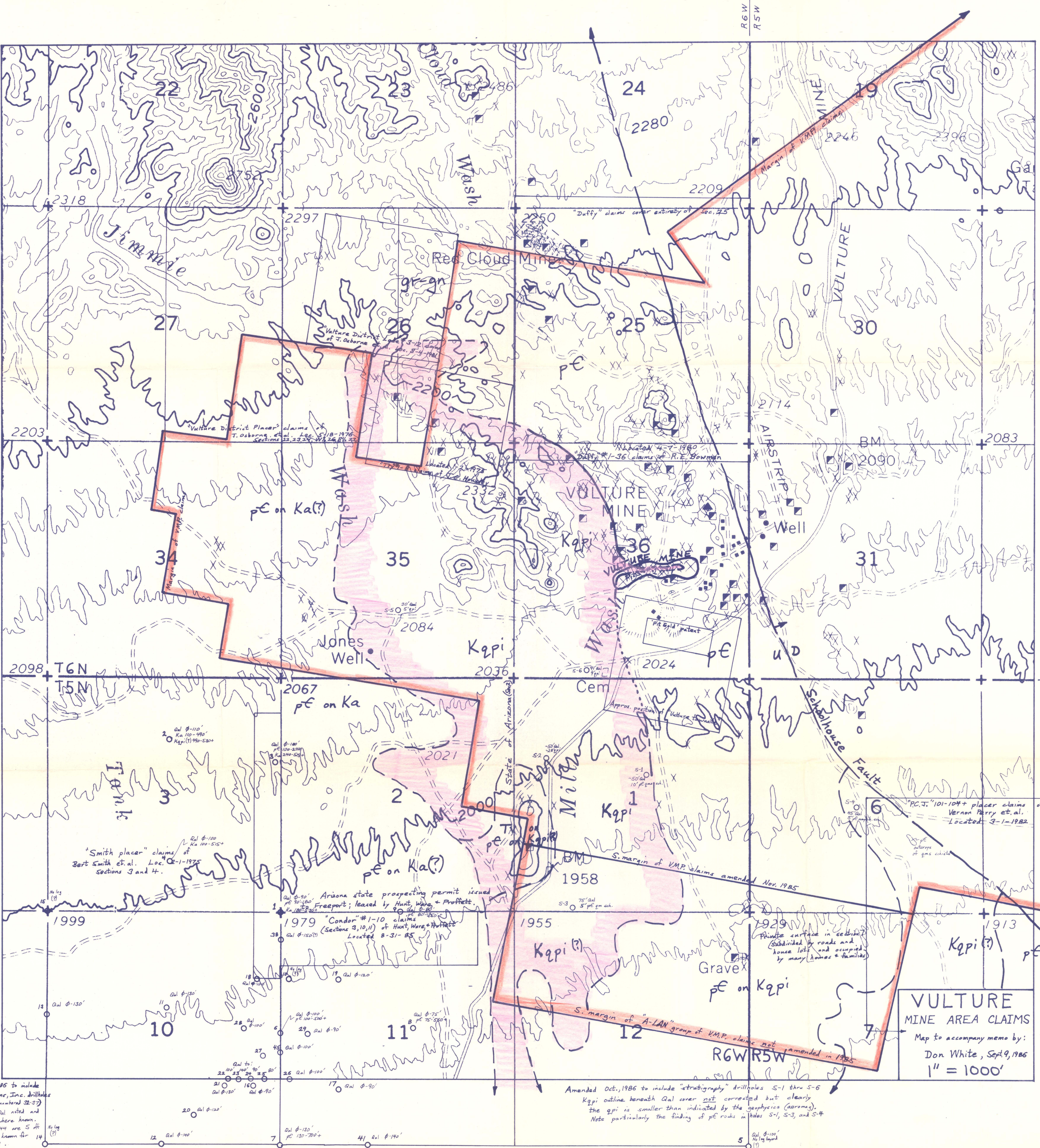
**VULTURE
MINE AREA CLAIMS**
Map to accompany memo by:
Don White, Sept 9, 1986
1" = 1000'

R6W
R5W

W 24



Scanned
11/17/72
CM



VULTURE MINE AREA CLAIMS
 Map to accompany memo by:
 Don White, Sept 9, 1986
 1" = 1000'

Amended Dec. 1986 to include Geodata Systems, Inc. drillholes #1-45 (No holes numbered 32-37) with thickness of Qal noted and bedrock identity where known. Holes 39, 40, 42, 43, 44 are 5 ft map. No locations known for holes 30 and 31.

Amended Oct. 1986 to include "stratigraphy" drillholes S-1 thru S-6. Kqpi outline beneath Qal cover not corrected but clearly the qpi is smaller than indicated by the geophysics (abrems). Note particularly the finding of pe rocks in holes S-1, S-3, and S-4.

"Smith placer" claims of Bert Smith et al. Loc. # 4-1-1975 Sections 3 and 4.

Arizona state prospecting permit issued Freeport; leased by Hunt, Ware, + Proffitt. 1979 "Condor" #1-10 claims (Sections 3, 10, 11) of Hunt, Ware, + Proffitt Located 8-31-85

"P.C.T." 101-104 + placer claims of Vernon Perry et al. Located 3-1-1982

S. margin of V.M.P. claims amended Nov. 1985

S. margin of "A-LAN" group of V.M.P. claims not amended in 1985

"Duffy" claim cover entirety of sec. 25

Vulture District Placer claims of T. Osborne et al. Loc. 5/18-1976 Sections 23, 23, 24, 24, 26, 26, 27

Location 4-7-1980 Duffy #1-36 claims of R.E. Bowman

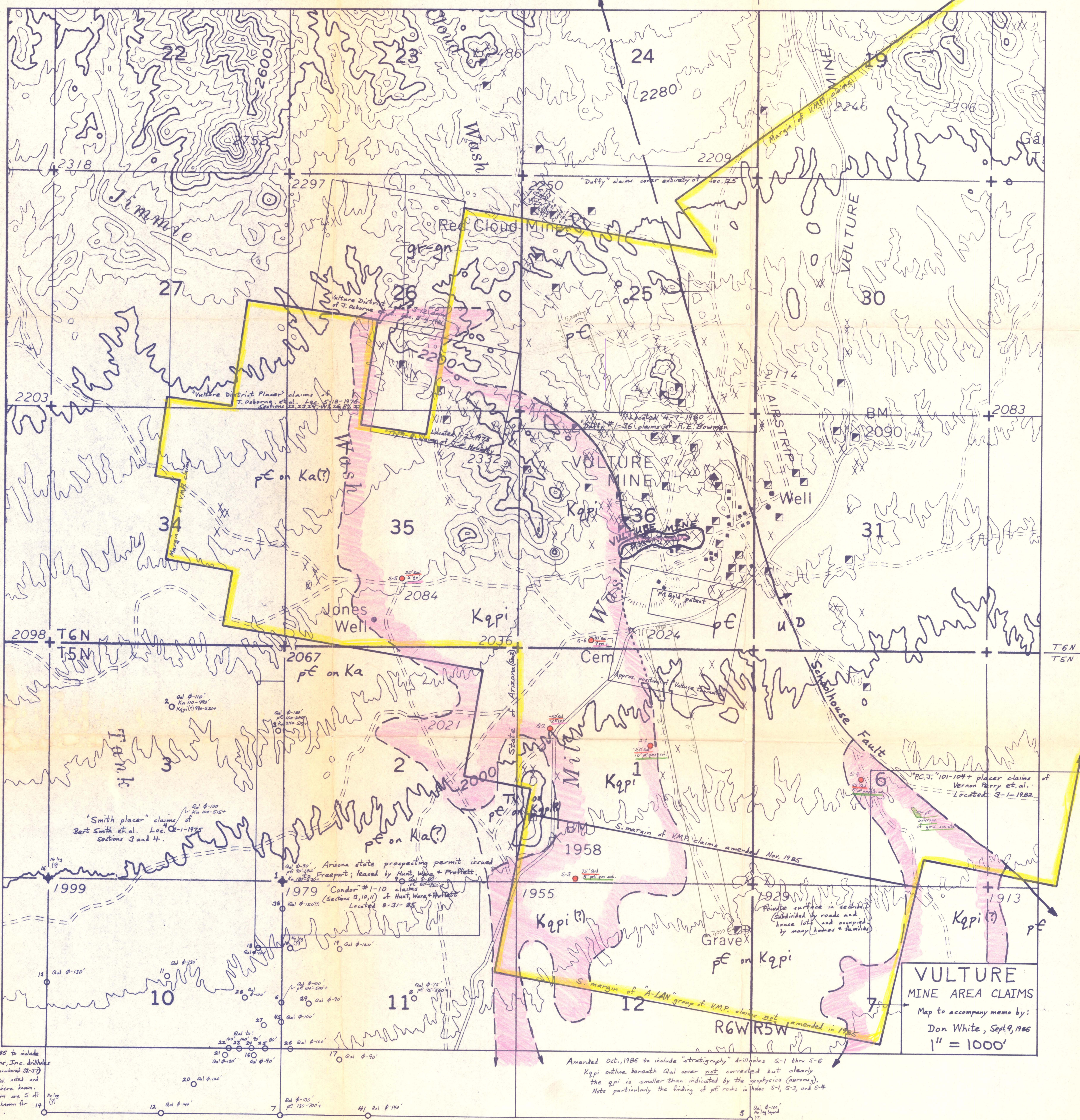
T6N
T5N

T6N
TSN

R6W
R5W

R6W
R5W

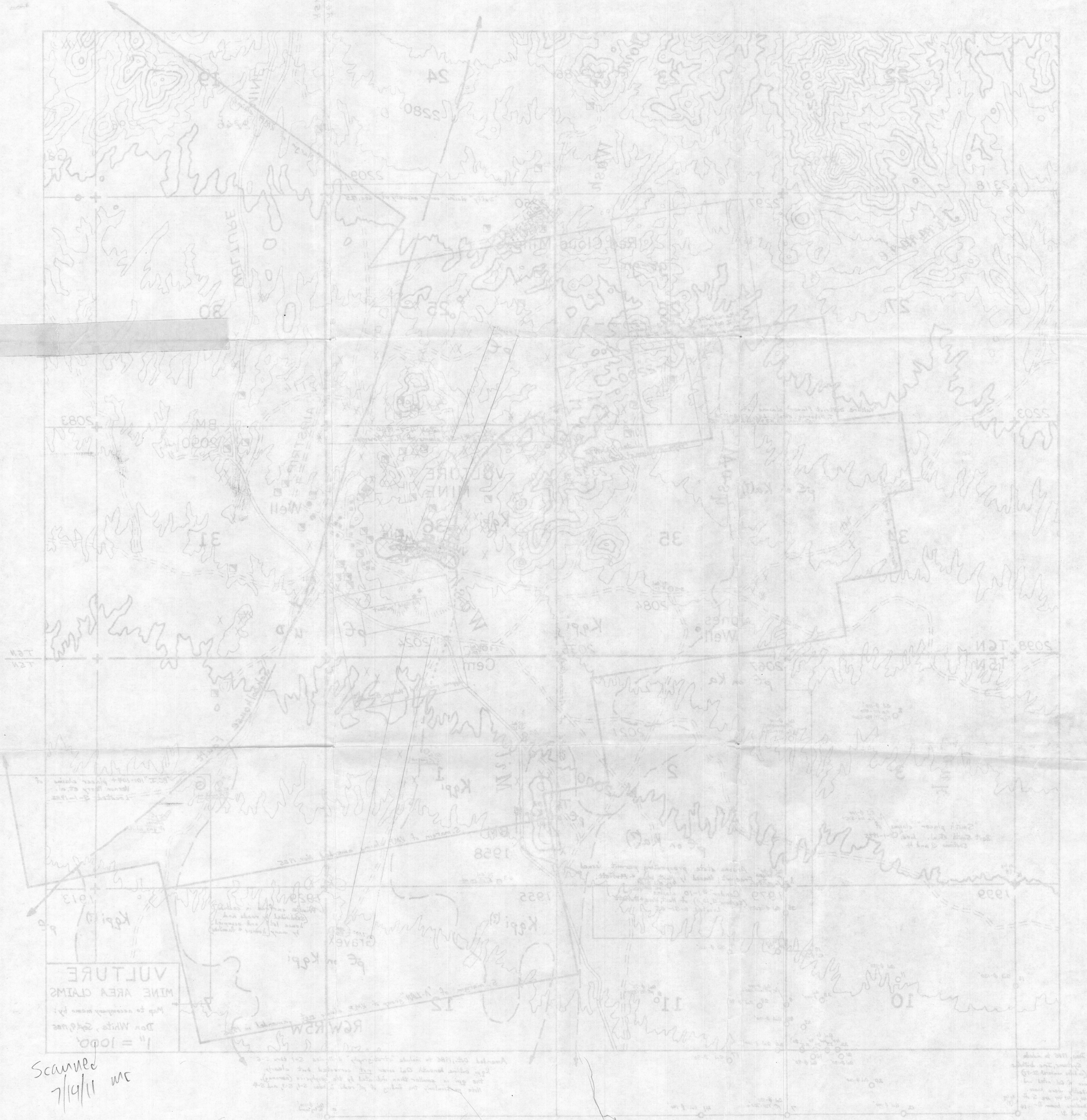
R6W
R5W



Amended Dec. 1985 to include Geodata Systems, Inc. drillholes #1-45 (see holes numbered 21-37) with thickness of Qal noted and bedrock identity where known. Holes 39, 40, 42, 43, 44 are 5 ft map. No locations known for holes 30 and 31.

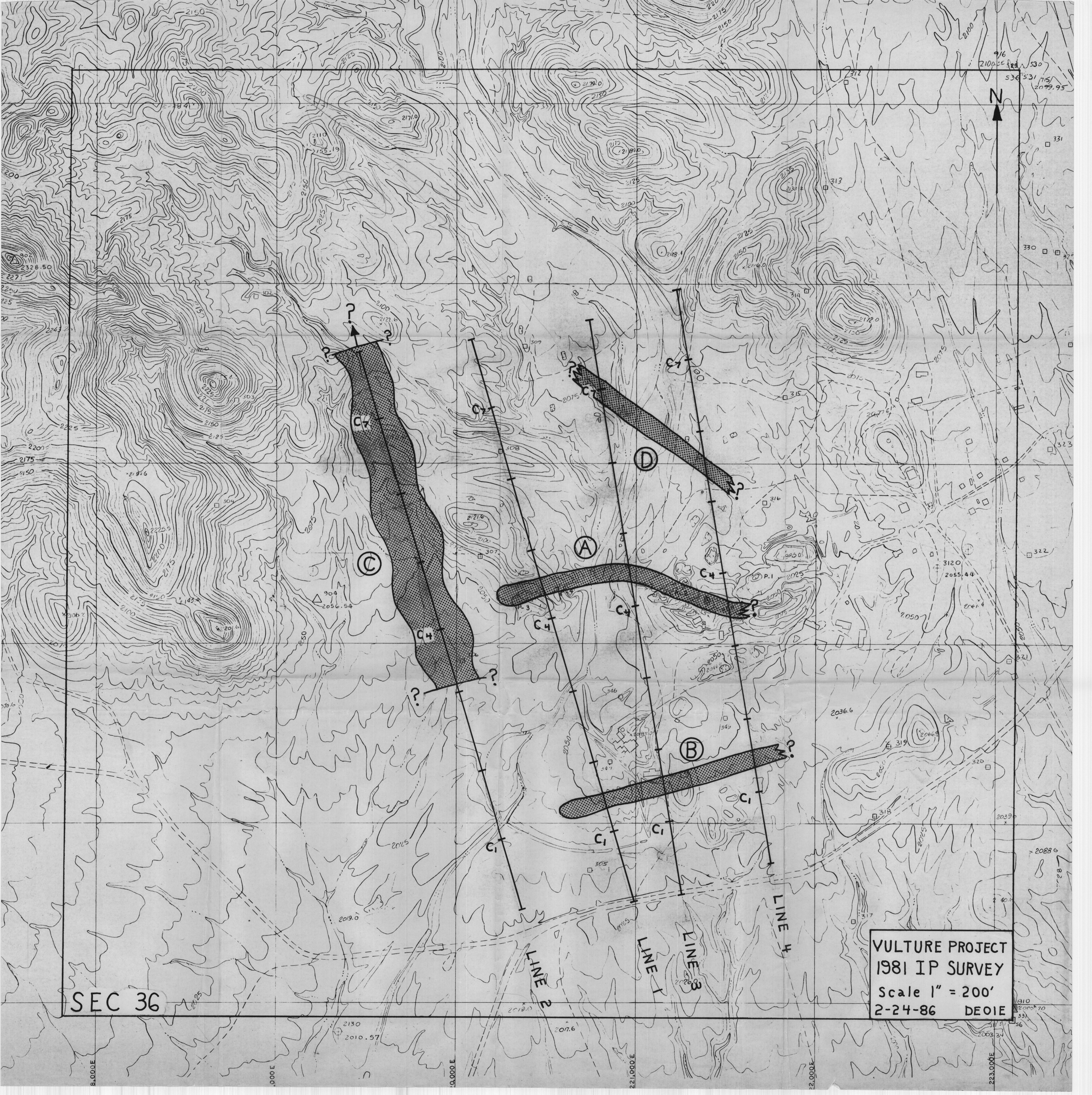
Amended Oct. 1986 to include "stratigraphy" drillholes S-1 thru S-6 Kapi outline beneath Qal cover not corrected but clearly the Kapi is smaller than indicated by the geophysics (aeromag). Note particularly the finding of pe rocks in holes S-1, S-3, and S-4

VULTURE MINE AREA CLAIMS
Map to accompany memo by:
Don White, Sept. 9, 1985
1" = 1000'



VULTURE
MINE AREA CLAIMS
Don White, Sept 1913
1" = 1000'

Scanned
7/14/11 mc



SEC 36

VULTURE PROJECT
1981 IP SURVEY
Scale 1" = 200'
2-24-86 DEOIE

C4

(C)

C4

(A)

(D)

(B)

LINE 2

LINE 1

LINE 3

LINE 4

C1

C4

C1

C1

C1

C1

C1

C1

C1

C1

C1

C1

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S-54-8C DEOLE
Scale 1" = 500'
1981 IP SURVEY
VULTURE PROTECT

SEC 3C



220,000
25,000

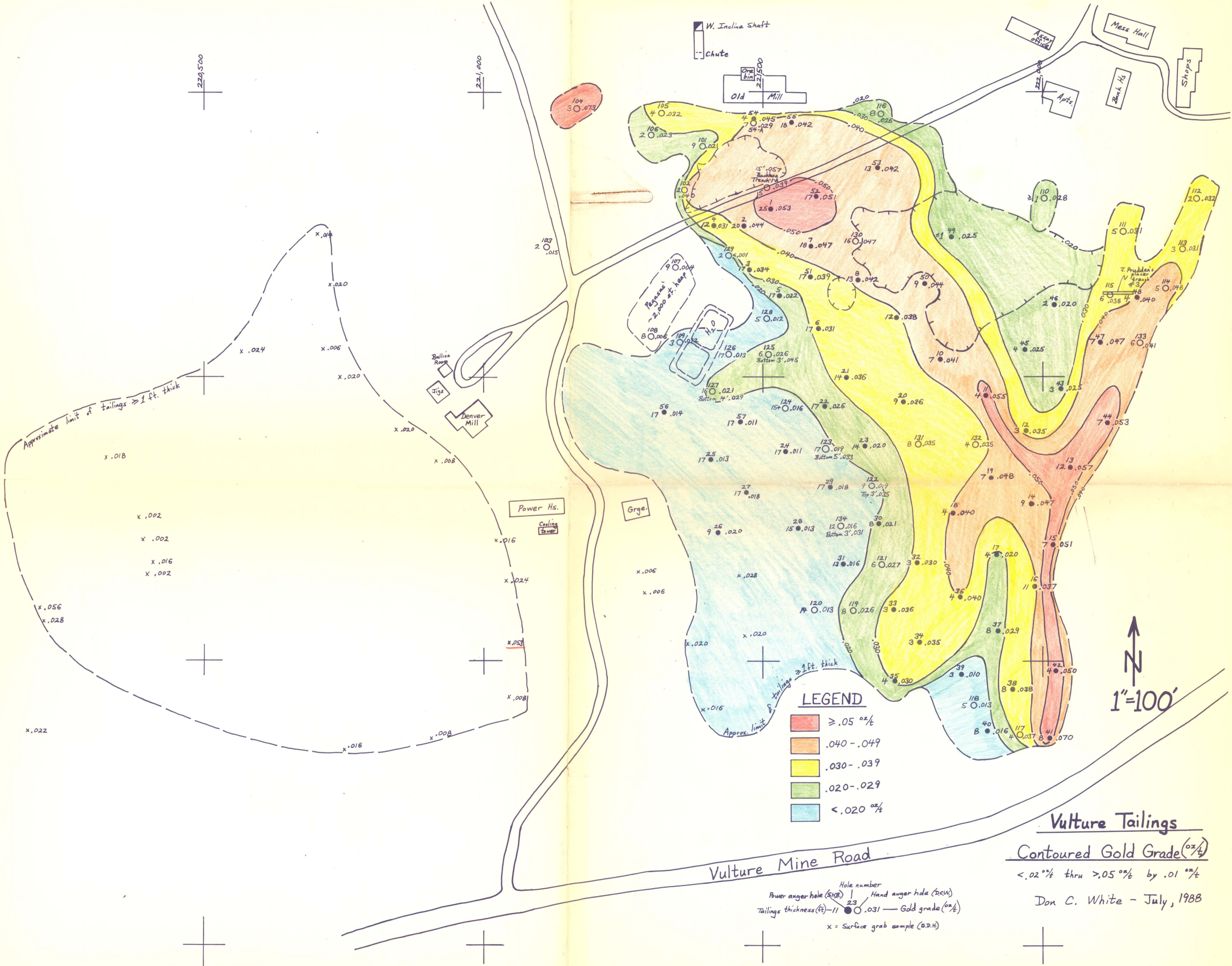
229,500

221,000

25,500

25,000

24,500



W. Incline Shaft
Chute

Old Mill

Assay Office
Mess Hall
Bank Hs.
Shops

Bullion Room
Jigs
Denver Mill

Power Hs.
Cooling Tower

Grge.

LEGEND

- $\geq .05$ oz/t
- .040 - .049
- .030 - .039
- .020 - .029
- $< .020$ oz/t

↑ N
1" = 100'

Vulture Tailings
Contoured Gold Grade (oz/t)

$< .02$ oz/t thru $> .05$ oz/t by $.01$ oz/t

Don C. White - July, 1988

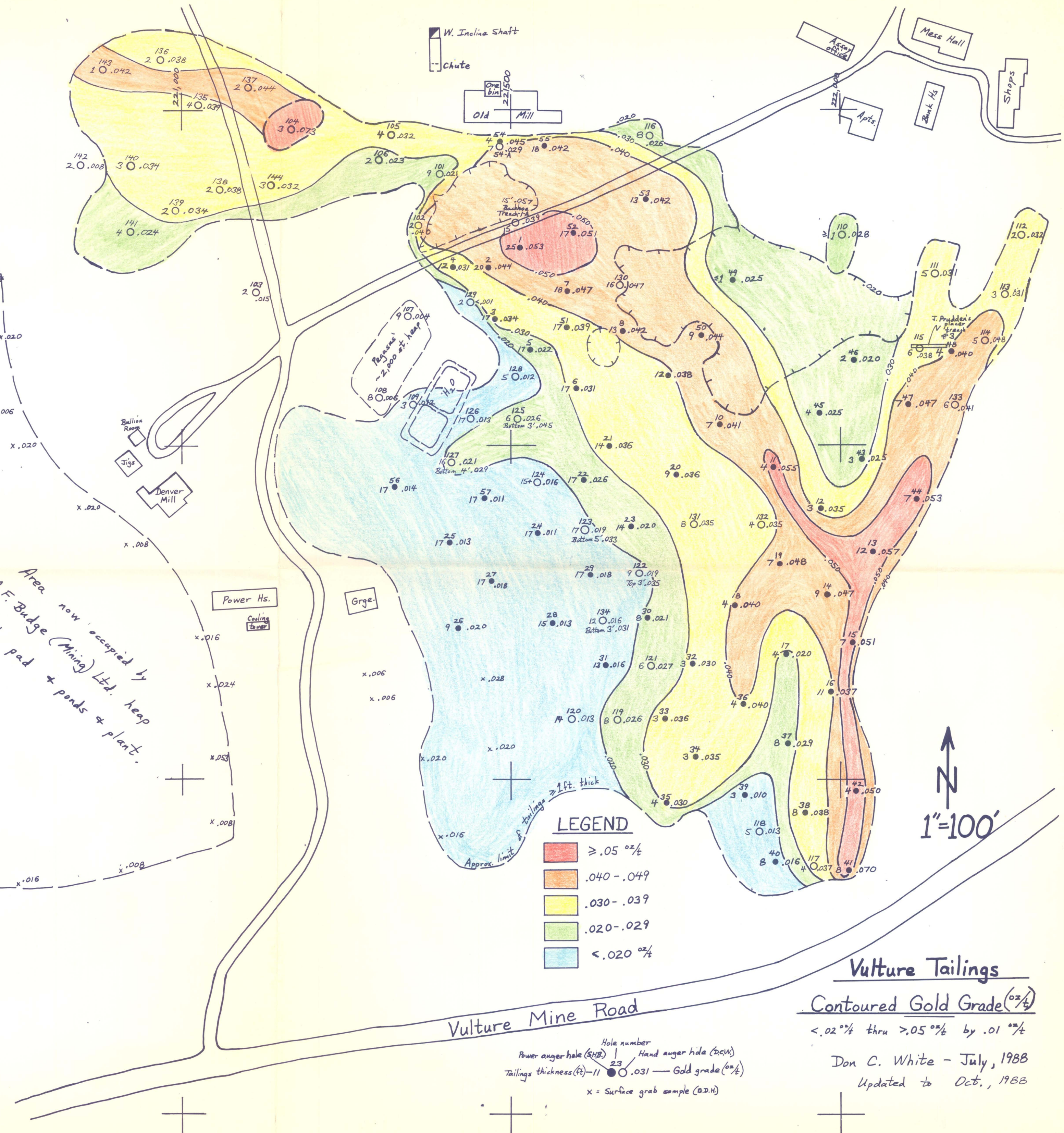
Hole number
 Power auger hole (S.H.B.) | Hand auger hole (B.C.H.)
 Tailings thickness (ft) - 11 ● .031 - Gold grade (oz/t)
 x = Surface grab sample (O.D.H.)

220,000
25,000
220,500

25,500

25,000

24,500



LEGEND

- $\geq .05$ oz/t
- .040 - .049
- .030 - .039
- .020 - .029
- $< .020$ oz/t

North Arrow
1" = 100'

Vulture Mine Road

Hole number
Power auger hole (SHA) | Hand auger hole (20cm)
Tailings thickness (ft) - 11 | 23 | .031 - Gold grade (oz/t)
x = Surface grab sample (S.G.H.)

Vulture Tailings
Contoured Gold Grade (oz/t)

$< .02$ oz/t thru $> .05$ oz/t by .01 oz/t
Don C. White - July, 1988
Updated to Oct., 1988

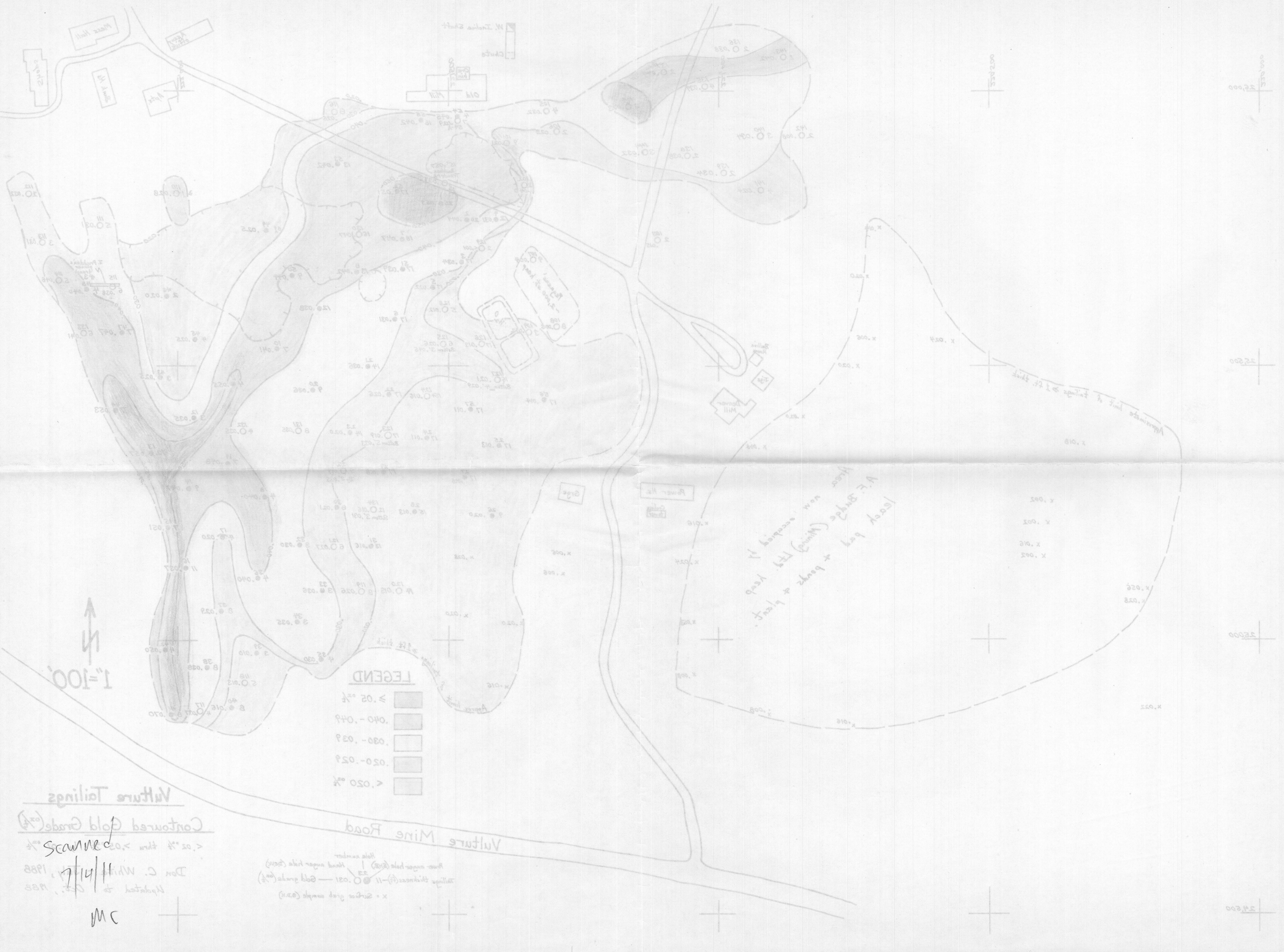
Don C. White, 1988
 11/14/11
 Scanned
 > 0.2% thin
 Contoured Gold Grade (0.2%)
 Vulture Tailings

x = surface gold sample (gwt)
 tailings thickness (ft) - 0.01 - Gold grade (gwt)
 from auger hole (ft) | found under hole (ft) | hole number

LEGEND

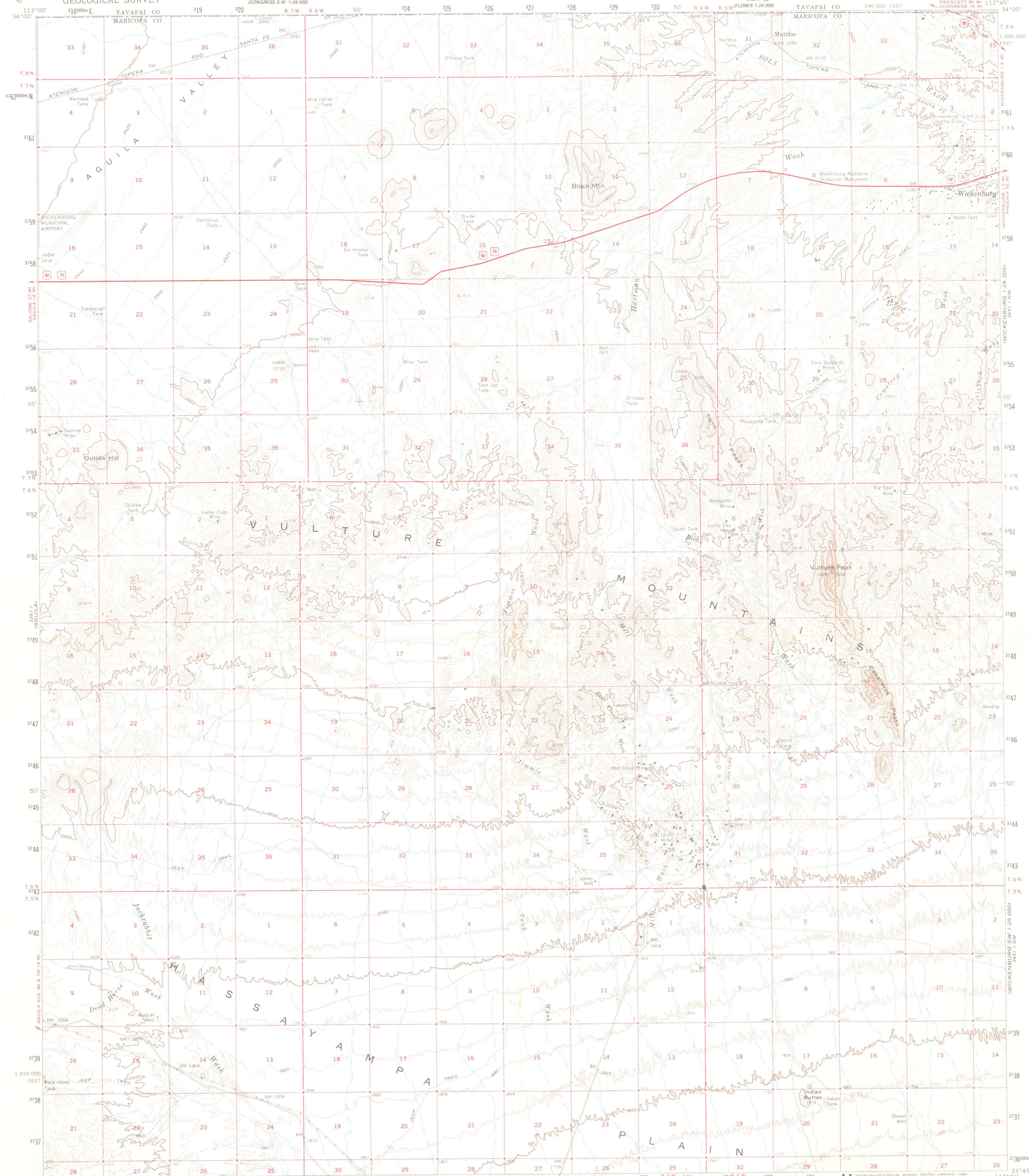
■	> 0.20 %
■	0.10 - 0.20 %
■	0.05 - 0.10 %
■	0.02 - 0.05 %
■	< 0.02 %

1"=100'



UNITED STATES
DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR
GEOLOGICAL SURVEY

VULTURE MOUNTAINS QUADRANGLE
ARIZONA
15 MINUTE SERIES (TOPOGRAPHIC)



Mapped, edited, and published by the Geological Survey
Control by USGS and USC&GS
Topography by photogrammetric methods from aerial
photographs taken 1951 and 1960. Field checked 1961
Polyconic projection 1927 North American datum
1:000-foot grid based on Arizona coordinate system, central zone
1000-meter Universal Transverse Mercator grid ticks,
zone 12, shown in blue
To place on the predicted North American Datum 1983
move the projection lines 2 meters south and 68 meters east



ROAD CLASSIFICATION
Heavy-duty ——— Light-duty ———
Medium-duty ——— Unimproved dirt ———
U.S. Route ——— State Route ———

THIS MAP COMPLIES WITH NATIONAL MAP ACCURACY STANDARDS
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