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to files

Aa-3.3.1A El Tigre Au, Ag
Report by SP Ogrzyzlo 4/13/50 sampling etc Paria, Cook
(Sec. 21 & 27, T 175, R 30 E).

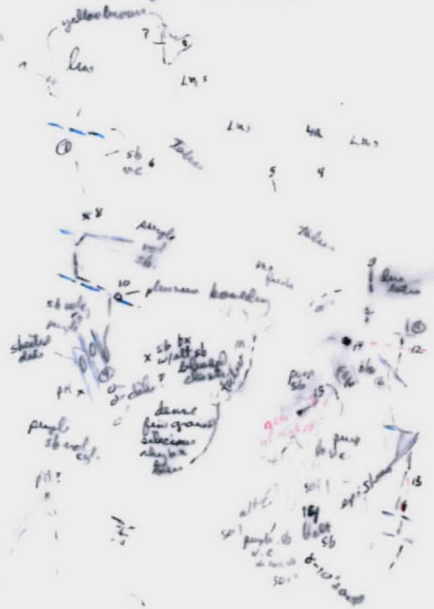
Aa. 3.3.1B Agay
Prob. report John Russell - Mar 1, 1916

General: Elmo Mine report not in REF 6/13/72. US Boar
now drilling (4/17/51!). Sec. 20 - 3, 4, 5

Aa 3.3.14 Nepper Group. (1916-1918) Seaboard Group.
Py-cp in andint, $\pm 0.24\%$ Cu, partially oxidized,
assoc. to "beds of pyrophyllite"

1" = 2000'
nt. of ground line
scale: 1/2" = 100'

Copac-Rocher 2-7



Tab. 1/2
1/2" = 100'

nd

Agua Muña, Cochise County

① AM-1 slide from recent wash 6' x 12' x 1602' N' lat? volcans = det?

Cellular siliceous pgs, old volc, & lat volcanic. just all detrital, No bedrock?

Line of old 3' x 2' hi posts ± 200' W of NS fence line. Running N-S. latter 0 number was there and not.

② Old house. N20-25°E, 1 1/2-2' curved zone, ± 80' W. w/ 1/2"-1/4" of lat, some w/min in alt sh. volc. ± 300' on dump. with gty-py-greens in alt sh. volc. bleached, siliceous impregnated. 50' W (W) N40°W, 30°S. Fe, ep. etc., bleached zone, pinkish.

Old post on NW side of house fence ± 50' ft. N10W to post ± 300' N across creek & up on hillside. No number 3787 or 3787. Survey number?

③ Series of small pits running N10W on N side of creek up to house floor. O.C. N35°W, 40°S. appears to be a line. Further up hill. May be a subglacial line. near fine conglomerate siliceous at note texture. bleached. Fracture system @ N10°W on extension of pit.

Very fine sandy silty finstone w/ frag of shells, ? brachiopods & glaucopods. some angular & some rounded siliceous debris. light grey, large boulders chert 3' x 1/2" x 1/2" N40W35S. few zone br w/ Fe. Supposed N40E siliceous-chert fracture (detrital) measure 2'-4'. small 1/2" curved stems.

④ Thin bedded 2'-4" long sandy chert (shaly appearing) with broken zone, all with Fe stains, bleaching. (No) br Fe stains, siliceous in "shaly" unit. Freshened bed ± 30' above "shaly".

⑤ N20W by zone of siliceous & chert gls, w/ lignite frags, some concretions. cut into beds upright. Undoubtedly a fault structure as prob in #3 above. some Fe stains, chert. No upright to br @ 4 a above.

⑥ Sb volc. light to red green matrix w/ pearls, some bleached and chert. Few br zone w/ banded siliceous scattered. few Fe streaks. sparse epidote. Several pits on lower portion.

⑦ gty, lat siliceous, pale brown matrix. N10W. near vertical, chilled border. lat contact w/ sh. volc. mid. test type. dth is not apparent in line to north. one bleached zone in wash. Not marked. around 50' ft. W.

⑧ 3" capped post. The section corner & through (detrital) 24/30. Section of 24/25 is south of post ± 100' ft. 1 1/2' capped post.

⑨ mid test siliceous & chert vertically. Some Fe-Mn oxidation stains. May be few minor detrital. on south as shown. Under 1st block W is line of detrital similar to Glauco: w/ sh. volc. around.

⑩ House should be resting at ± 45° angle in purple sh. and cgl. Boulders down hill surface rather extensive sheet?

11. N-S, near ^{N10W} mid test latb. gty, sh. volc. 30-50' wide. alt sh. volc. to W, eastern facing east.

12. N45°W, near vertical 1-1 1/2' banded gty, near alt sh. volc, no apparent effect. part east to gully. west, siliceous pits & zone to main main structure. Minor pyroclasts. Vert sh. volc, minor epidote on fractures in MT latb. at 120' have epidote across & ep. det. gty, green in air. matrix. Epidote along sh. volc. & w/ NW which offset dth.

13. N10W, near vert, "shalted" "main" 2'-3' wide. alt sh. volc. cgl. w/ gty & chert. Fe stains, siliceous, detrital, bleached. tend to parallel latb. detrital. Sample AM-2 near cross fault to south. Epidote in Sb volc. on both sides of dth. 50' W. ep. in det. at then post, successive dth following old structure? sheet on 5' & quarter of main structure zone.

14. Epi. detrital. N45 has a bleached Fe detrital sh. volc. zone of bleached volc. red, siliceous ep. det. 4-10' wide in Sb volc. cgl. purple volc. Sb volc. No detrital on this side.

15. Area of ground bleached, w/ ep. & Fe addition to Sb volc. cgl. grey-green-purple. capped? by soil weathered purple volcanic. alt sample AM-3

16. Fe stained & siliceous zone N25°W w/ great N-S-W, black sh. v.c. pieces roughly 5' of gtd. ep. det. spotty. bleached, ep. Fe in purple volc. detrital & zone. Sample AM-4. Zone 10' x 15' wide.

17. Sloped main N10W, 80°N, 1 1/2'-2' of br alt carbonat. w/ gty w/ several feet of heavy Fe impregnated wall. bleached grey-green. Sb volc. cgl. Sample AM-5 from oxidized dump E of wall. Some bleached purple left. Mixed - all zone and along N-S-W-E fracture. where into Fe main structure.

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*handed to
into by a
relative who accuses it's a
bribe. The easiest thing
for us is to pass it on to you.*

Tom Edwards

WLK

COULD Be worth
the R.E.

- RBC -

IBS - any interest?

any info on Agave Wine - literature
files.

PATENTED MINING CLAIMS

LOCATION: About 10 miles Northwest of Portal, Cochise County, Arizona (California Mining District) in CHIRICAHUA MOUNTAINS. Good County Road to the property, only about 20 miles Southeast to Highway 80.

LEGAL DESCRIPTION, to-wit: MONTE CRISTO, MONTE CRISTO #1-2-3 and 4, MARGARET B, NIPPER, AJAX, MANHATTAN, BLOWOUT, and NEW YORK #1; all in Section 30; T.16 S.; R.31 E.; containing about 220.6 acres.

DATA: The above mentioned (11) eleven patented claims; one contains the FAMOUS AJAX MINE which years ago was producing silver, copper, lead and gold. The owners at that time were forced to discontinue mining operation (were flooded out by water at 160 feet depth), high grade ore reported at that level. With the modern pumping equipment, water would pose no problem.

Years ago this property was purchased by the Noland family for cattle grazing, with no desire to mine, their sole interest is cattle ranching.

Four Geologists from Nevada and Utah have inspected subject property in January and February 1975, all recommended it highly, each stated that high potential for a large operation is very evident.

ACTIVITY: The property is situated in the heart of Halo or Cone of the present activity (in the HILLTOP AND EL TEGRE MINES) which are at present being re-activated.

TOTAL PRICE \$60,000.00 (CASH)

272.50 / ACRES

UNPATENTED MINING CLAIMS

LOCATION: This group of (39) claims partly encircles and are contiguous to the above mentioned patented claims. These claims show good ore in place, needs some tractor work to develop.

TOTAL PRICE \$11,700.00 CASH.

NOTE: All information has been secured from sources deemed reliable, but, no responsibility is assumed by agent, subject to prior sale or changes.

Aa. 3. 16. 1
Aa. 3. 3. 1 B

NOTES ON PRELIMINARY EXAMINATION
of the
AJAX GROUP OF CLAIMS, CALIFORNIA MINING DISTRICT,
Near Paradise City, Cochise County, Arizona.


The Ajax Group consists of seventeen (17) unpatented claims, situated about five miles due north of Paradise Mining Camp, in the Chiricahua Mountains. The Group is located on the hills that flank the south side of San Simon Valley, at an elevation of 5500 feet. They are about twenty-one miles from the Station of San Simon, on the Southern Pacific Railroad, and about eighteen miles from the Station of Rodeo, on the El Paso & Southwestern Railroad. Thru the San Simon Valley, a fair road is available. Freightage to either station on small lots of ore costs \$4.00 per ton.

The Group is owned by Doran and Gallagher, of Paradise, Arizona. These men are old prospectors that have, off and on, worked on this Group for many years. About 1000 feet of development work has been done on the Group by the owners and others working on bonds and leases.

The outcropping rocks on the area covered by these claims is about equally divided between limestone and igneous rocks. The limestone has been tilted and the beds strike about east and west and dip about S. 45 deg. The mineralization shown by the development done on these claims is confined to the igneous rocks adjacent to and in contact with the limestone. They vary from a rhyolitic to an andesitic character.

With the exception of a small shaft, said to be forty feet down, no prospecting has been done along the contact of the lime and igneous rocks. This shaft is caved and not available for inspection, but an examination of the dump did not show any mineralization.

The accompanying sketch shows the tunnel workings on the group. They are connected by the tunnel and two shafts with the surface. One of the shafts



is forty feet from the surface to tunnel level; the other is sixty feet from cropping to tunnel level. The first shaft is also said to have been driven eighty feet below the tunnel and to have about fifty feet of drifting done at this lowest level. This had filled with water to within about thirty feet of the tunnel level, and was not available for inspection.

The mineralization shown in the tunnel workings occurs in the andesitic rock along a shattered zone, have an almost E. and W. strike and standing vertical. The width varies from a few inches to about ten feet, and along a length of 140 feet. The mineralization is predominately pyrite, with chalcopyrite, bornite, chalcocite, sphalerite, and galena; and appears to be an impregnation and replacement in the igneous rock. Ore on the dump, said to be from the lower workings, has more spalerite and galena and less pyrite. Three tons of dump ore are said to have been run thru the mill of the Paradise M. and M. Company for a test some years ago, for which the owners say they received \$9.00 per ton. Altho a few shipments have been made by some leasers of the property, no returns from the ore are in possession of the owners. No stoping has been done in the tunnel workings. The surface has been trenched in one place for a distance of about thirty-five feet and about twenty feet deep.

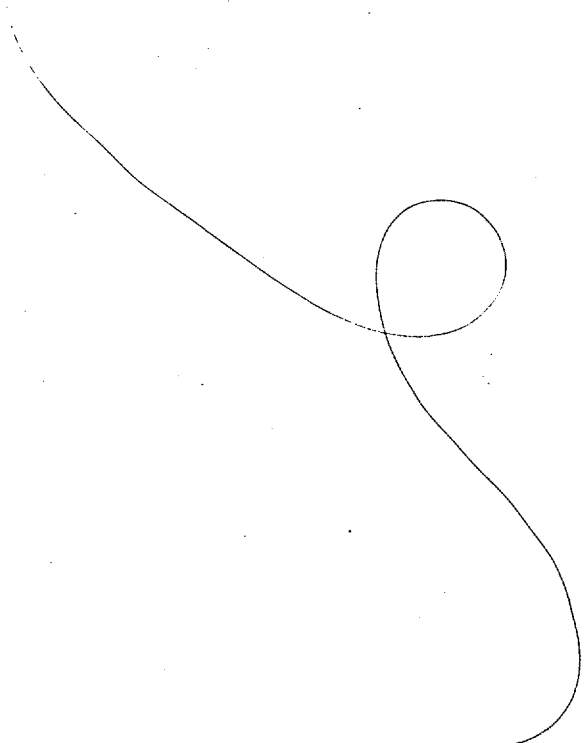
From an economic standpoint, the group does not present any attractive features. The small amount of ore exposed is a mixture of lead, zinc, copper and iron sulphides, not very desirable unless separated. Altho showing indications of secondary enrichment of the copper contents, the ore does not look as if it would run over 3% to 4% copper in the richest parts. The lack of any contact metamorphic phenomena at the contact of the lime and igneous rock is not encouraging for prospecting the contact.

E. F. Epley, of Rodeo, N. M., has bond and lease on the property, which he submits to the company on the following terms: Price \$45,000.00 in three

equal payments of \$15,000.00. First payment due January 1, 1917.

Examination by John Russell.

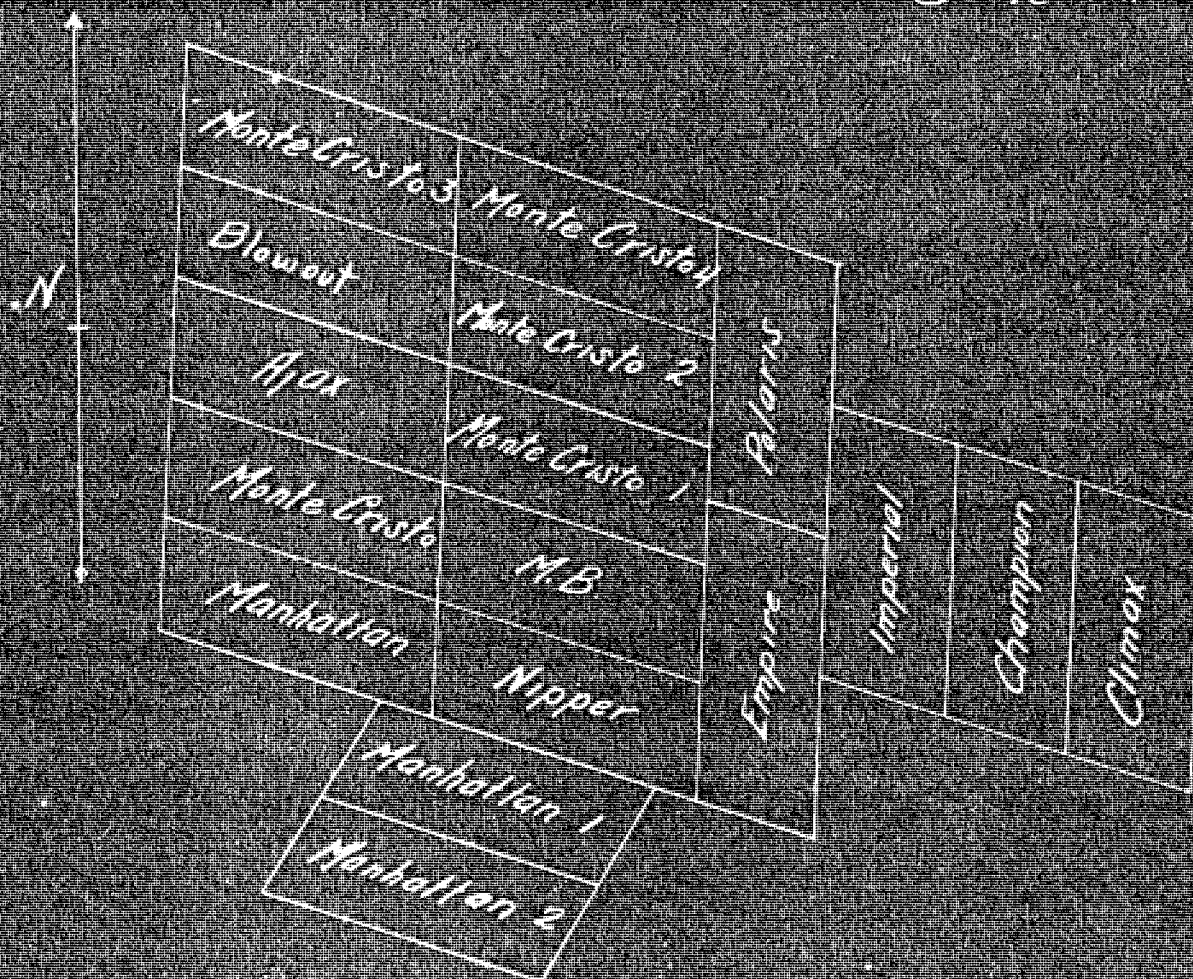
Tucson, Arizona, March 1, 1916.



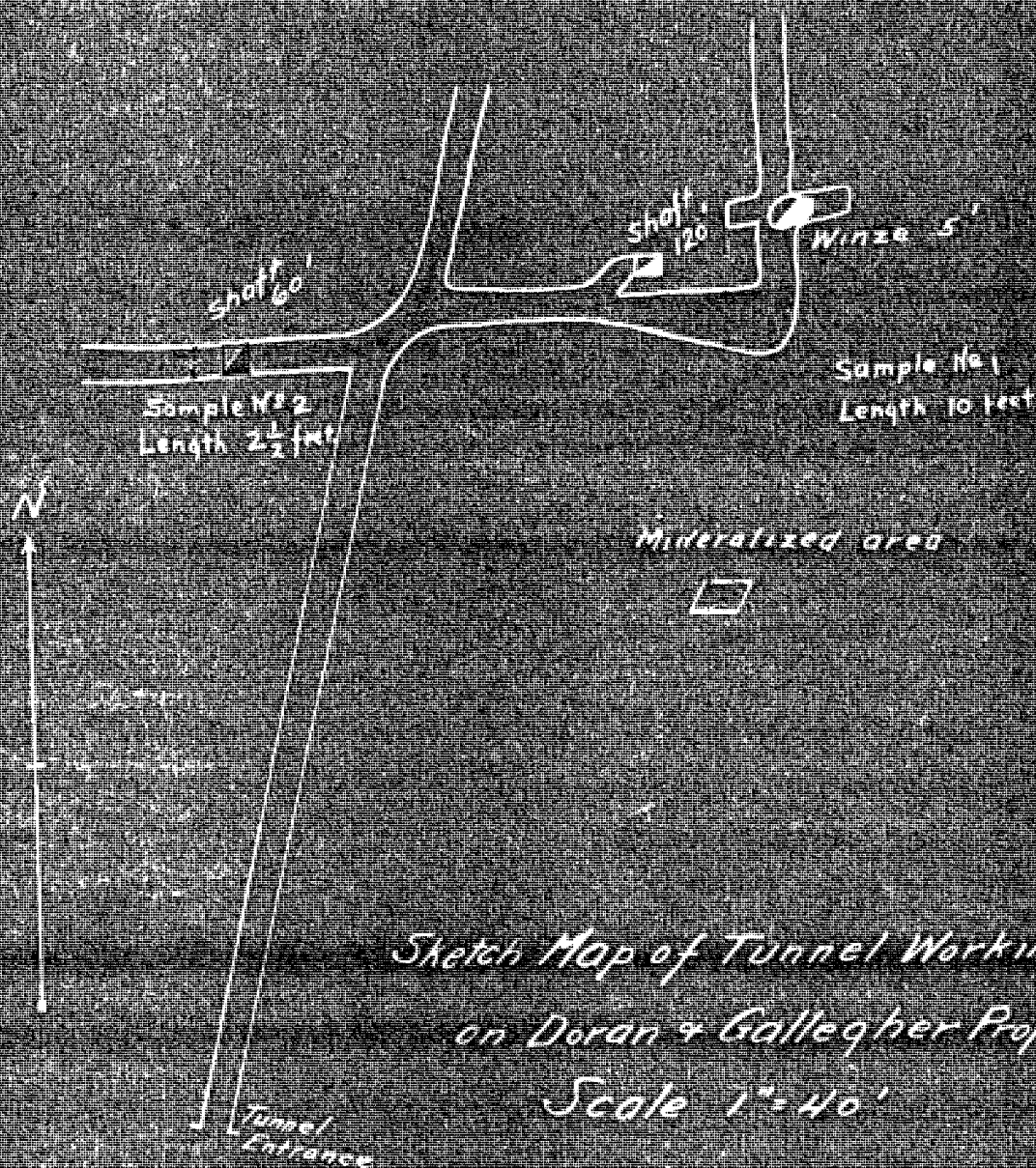
Ajax Group of Claims Paradise, N.M.

Owned by Doran & Gallagher

Scale 1 in = 1000 ft.



*Max Group of Claims
Paradise, N.M.*



*Sketch Map of Tunnel Workings
on Doran & Gallagher Property
Scale 1" = 40'*

No. 2. Contreras Canyon. SE $\frac{1}{4}$ Sec. 20, R8E, T18S.

2± miles NW of Otero Ranch. Boboguerrai Peak Quad.

Approx. 20 miles S of Robles Jct. to Otero Ranch cut-off, hence 5 miles westerly to Otero Ranch. hence 5 miles by road to point in Contreras Canyon. Nov. 6, 1915

No. 3. S. Perilla Mtns. ① SE $\frac{1}{4}$ Sec. 11, R28E, T24S,

② SE $\frac{1}{4}$ Sec. 14, R29E, T24S. Colby Peaks Quad.

Pt 1 is 6 miles E of Douglas & $\frac{1}{4}$ mile S of Geronimo Trail road; Pt 2 is $3\frac{1}{2}$ miles further to road going south to several shafts etc, area about $\frac{1}{4}$ mile S of shaft ($\frac{3}{4}$ mile S of Geronimo Trail). Nov. 6, 1915

No. 7. The Muggers on W side of Blue Mtn. E $\frac{1}{2}$ Sec. 24, NE $\frac{1}{4}$ Sec. 25, R30E, T14S. Vanar Quad.

Approx 3 miles E of San Simon turn south on the Portal-Paradise road; hence 17 miles S (take W fork toward Paradise); hence westerly 2 miles being S of The Muggers. (at about 1 mile W of the San Simon - Paradise Rd jct is a road to the Agor Mine which might get in closer). Silver City, N.M.

No. 8. West of Steins Mtn. SE $\frac{1}{4}$ Sec. 6, R21W, T24S Vanar

Quad. Approx 11 miles E of San Simon ($\frac{1}{4}$ mile E of Ariz.-N.M. border) road to north for $1\frac{1}{4}$ miles to area. Rd is straight ahead; forks to left & right at $\frac{3}{4}$ mile as to prospect diggings. Silver City, N.M.

No. 12. Wakefield Camp. Sec. 30, R20E, T23S. Senomped

Quad. Prob. best reached via Ariz. 92 going 15 miles south of Sierra Vista, hence 3± miles S on blacktop; then turn to west

March 7, 1967

5) Wassen Peak, (cont'd)

Mayhew drill was drilling and a small shovel was mining some copper stained schist. We landed across the canyon near Luke's hoist and found quartz veins with boxworks after galena and chalcopryrite. Wassen Peak appears to be a younger intrusive stock but tall timber prevented helicopter landing for ground check.

6) Glen Oaks (Kirkland), Yavapai County
Located on Kirkland Quad., stops 5, 6, 10/18/66

"In the Glen Oaks area just north of Quartz Mt., several rounded hills are clustered in a red altered zone. Some of these hills look to be breccia from the air, but (we) could not land due to topography. Several roads have been built around the hills, and some look as if they were built for drill sites." WGH

Third Order Targets:7) The Nippers (San Simon), Cochise County
Located on Vanar Quad., stop 5, 2/9/67

"An area of possible interest was checked during the day's flight. An area due north of the Nippers in the pre Laramide, Silver Bell type andesite (is weakly altered with pyrite and chalcopryrite disseminated locally in the rock.) The mineralization does seem to be weak, but there (do) seem to be pervasive sulfides over a fairly large area. This area might be the one described by Anderson in 1917 and reported in the Company files." BJD

8) West Peloncillo Mts. (San Simon) (New Mexico)
Located on Vanar Quad., stop 5, 2/12/67

Water well drill cuttings show pyrite in pre? Laramide andesite. Cu, Mo geochem sample 212-5 (34 ppm Cu, 5 ppm Mo) should indicate whether more work should be done here.

9) Old Deer Creek (Arivaipa), Graham County
Located on Klondyke Quad., stop 2, 11/13/66

Float check in Old Deer Creek at the mouth of Horse Canyon in Sec. 32, T5S, R19E. We found one piece of copper stained altered andesite and several well rounded garnetized and epidotized rock. Checking further up Old Deer Creek we found no more copper bearing float but more garnet. We did not locate the source of the garnet.

10) Troy Basin (Ray), Pinal-Gila Counties
Located on Sonora Quad., stops 4, 5, 11/10/66

Two small hills on the north side of Troy basin show evidence of hydrothermal mineralization and alteration. In this area, a few small outcrops of pervasively altered porphyry crop out in the bottom of a wash

AMERICAN SMELTING AND REFINING COMPANY
Tucson Arizona

February 24, 1967

TO: J. H. COURTRIGHT

FROM: B. J. DEVERE

PARADISE PROSPECT
CHIRICAHUA MOUNTAINS
COCHISE COUNTY, ARIZONA

Introduction

Mr. Juan Munoz, a prospector, brought to the company's attention a copper prospect in the Chiricahua Mountains, in Cochise County, Arizona. The preliminary examination, in November 1966, indicated the property to be one of interest. Before a more detailed examination could be completed Superior Oil Company optioned the property from Mr. Munoz.

Summary and Recommendations

Spotty copper mineralization in the form of malachite, melaconite and chalcopyrite is evident in an area approximately 3500 feet long by 600 feet wide, narrowing at both ends. The copper mineralization is found in a series of altered Paleozoic sediments along the contact of a pyritized quartz monzonite; specifically, these sediments are altered to tactites, hornfels, and magnetites. Large zones of gossan occur at the outcrop.

As the property seems to hold some potential, a close watch of Superior Oil's activities in the area may prove beneficial.

General

The Paradise Prospect is located in the Chiricahua Mountains, California Mining District, Cochise County, Arizona. The exact location is shown on the attached index map A.

The topography is quite steep and vegetation quite dense throughout the area of interest. Outcrops are poor and roads to the property non-existent--all of which makes the evaluation of the area more time-consuming than normal.

Considerable development work had been done on the property prior to 1910. Two deep shafts were put down as part of the development and exploration. These are the Planet Shaft (400 feet deep) and the Mars Shaft (250 feet deep). Additional adits and workings have partially explored the mineralized area to the southwest of the Mars Shaft. The locations of the shafts and other workings are shown on the attached geologic sketch map B.

In 1918, Mr. G. G. Anderson examined the property for the company. At the time of his visit, all work had ceased. Mr. Anderson felt the area to be one of widespread mineralization but too low grade to be of interest at that time.

Samples taken from the Mars Shaft and assayed by Anderson gave the following results:

50 feet below the surface,	Mars Shaft	0.84 % Cu.
60 " " " "	" "	1.56 " "
130 " " " "	" "	1.20 " "
140 " " " "	" "	1.08 " "
160 " " " "	" "	0.60 " "
170 " " " "	" "	1.44 " "
200 " " " "	" "	0.84 " "
250 " " " "	" "	0.24 " "

The Planet Shaft was caved and could not be visited by Anderson, but examination of the dump indicated that the shaft never did hit any mineralization.

None of the other workings were mapped or sampled by Anderson.

In my preliminary examination 7 dump samples were taken from workings throughout the mineralized area. These sample results are shown on the attached geologic sketch map B; they averaged 1.60% Cu.

The Lower Mars adit was mapped and sampled. The attached geologic underground map C and accompanying sample map D shows the general grade of the material, .35% cu. average with some lead and zinc, still within the leached zone of the altered and mineralized sediments. There is no area open for inspection at the present time which shows the character and/or grade of the sulfides in altered sediments.

The area has been mapped in a reconnaissance fashion on 1" = 2000' photographic base (see attachment B).

The quartz monzonite porphyry stock contains disseminated pyrite which I believed to be hydrothermal metallization, but there does not seem to be any pervasive hydrothermal alteration. The weak alteration that is present is probably super-

February 24, 1967

gene, due to natural weathering.

There are several undetermined features: (1) There is the possibility that the mineralized tactite and hornfels represent only erosional remnants above the intrusive stock. The stock appears to dip under the sediments and thus could limit the mineralization to a thin scab of tactite, hornfels and gossan. (2) But in the same light there could be extensive mineralization in favorable limestone horizons along the contact of the intrusive.

One of the most important questions is whether the weakly mineralized tactite represents one bed in the Paleozoic sequence and the strongly mineralized hornfels another. The large gossan zones could represent a replacement of a favorable bed or could be caused by structural weaknesses.

There was sufficient pyrite to neutralized the calcium carbonate of the hornfels secondarily enrich a zone in the pyrite rich intrusive beneath the sediments.

All these theories are very much in question, and considerable work will have to be done before any or all of them could be proven true or false.

Superior Oil, who now holds an option on the ground, should be testing the area in the near future. Any work they do in the area (road building, etc.), would be a very great help in evaluation of the property at some future date. Aerial photographs of the region at a 1" = 2000' scale and 1" = 400' blow ups of the area of interest are enclosed in the files with this report.

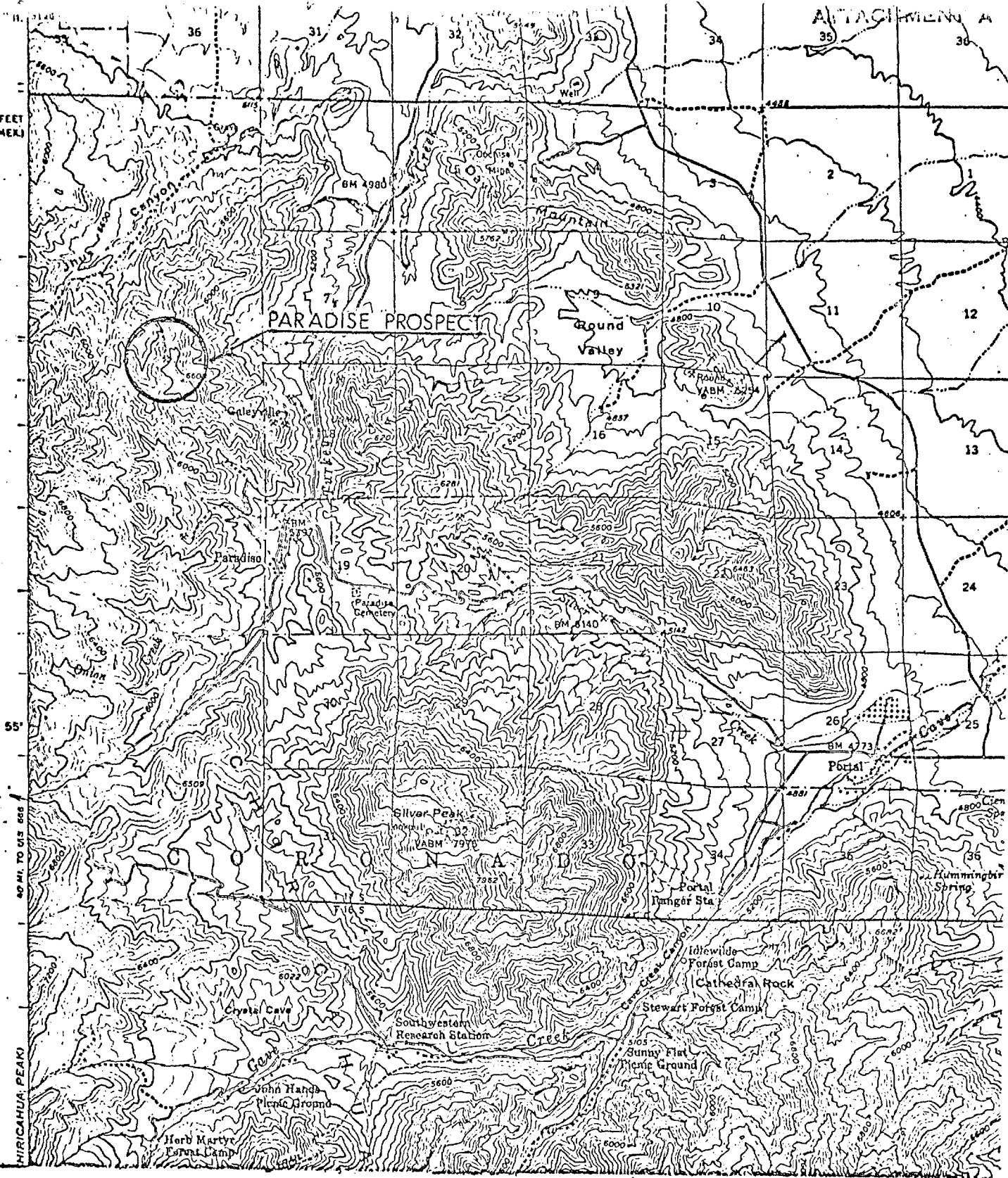
If the opportunity presents itself Asarco should take another close look at the Paradise Prospect area.

The general region north of the Paradise Prospect area should be examined in a reconnaissance fashion as time permits. The northeast slope of the Central Chiricahua Mountains is a region of extensive pre-laramide rocks and some mineral production. This general region has not received the intense exploration pressure as has most of southern Arizona largely due to the remoteness and lack of roads into the region.

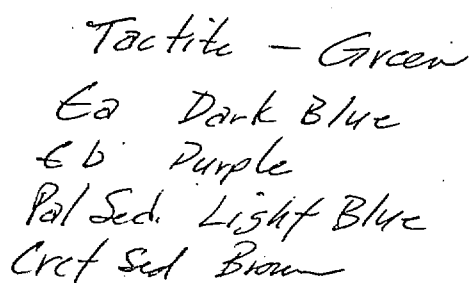
Burton Devere, Jr.
BURTON DEVERE, JR. *by mg*

BD/mg
Attachments

360 000 FEET
(N. MEX.)

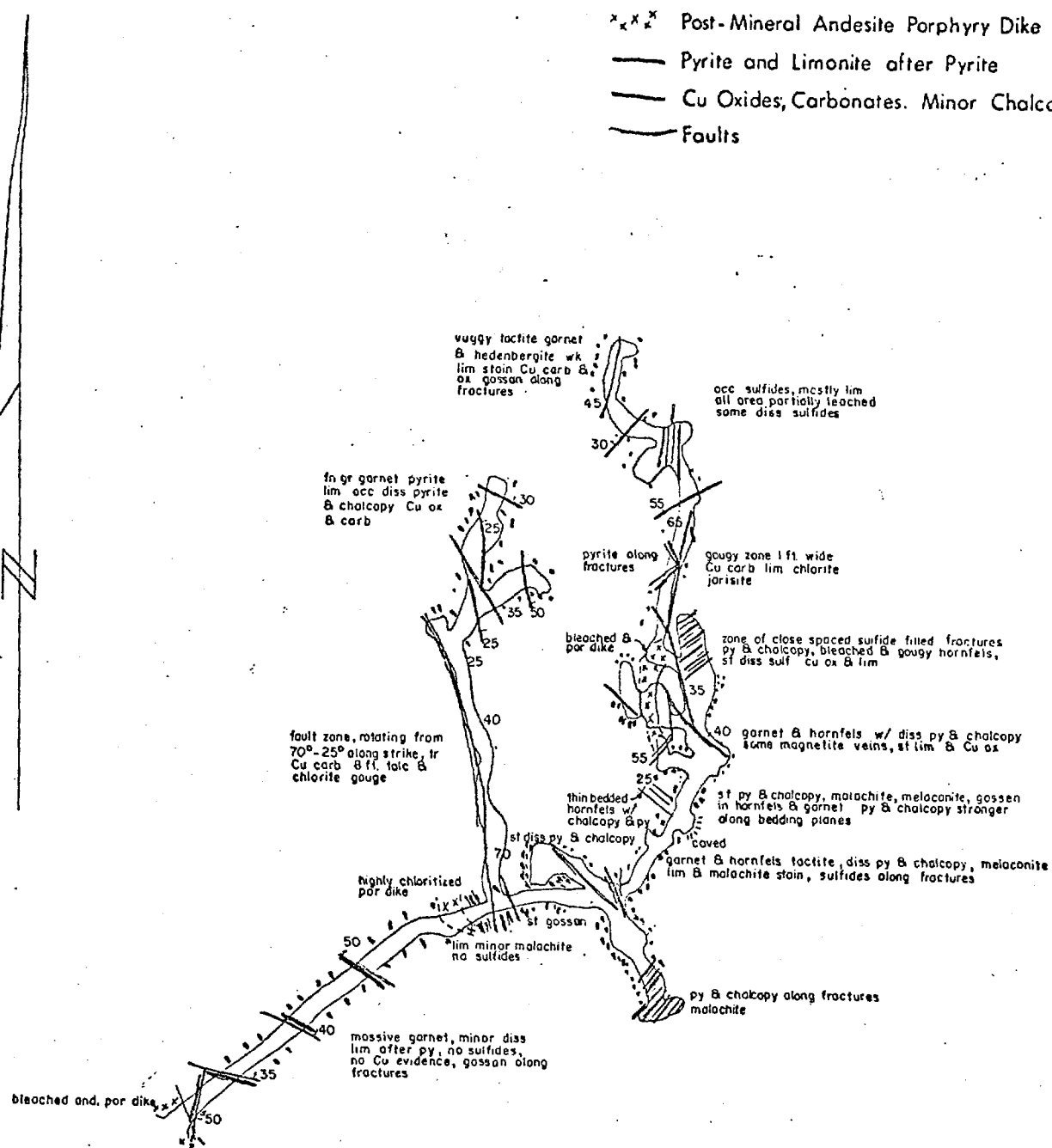


A



B.J.D.

January, 1967
1934

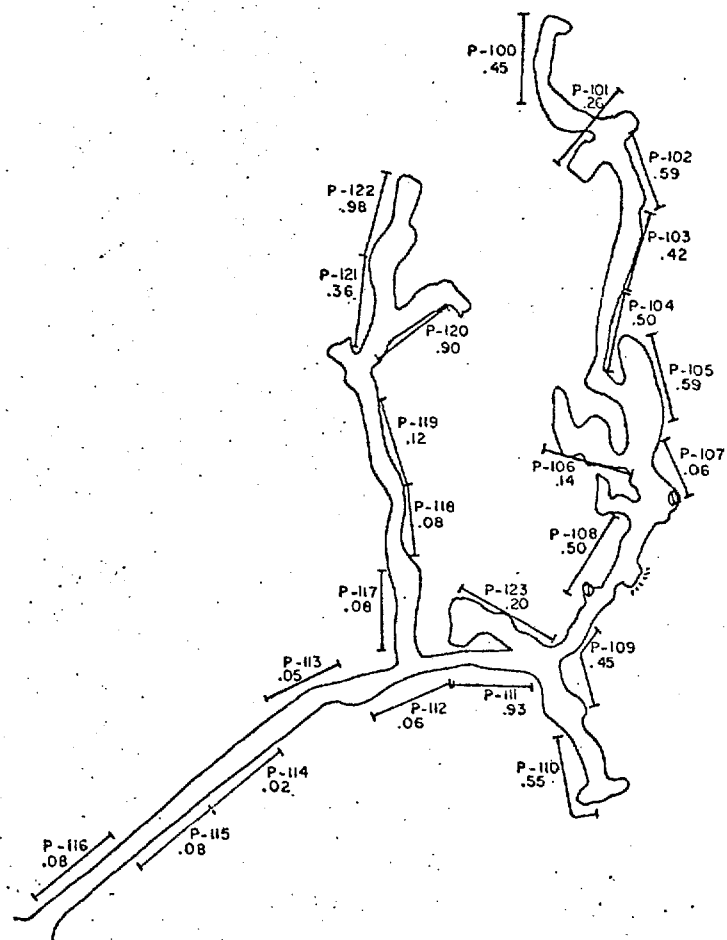


PARADISE PROSPECT
 MARS SHAFT LOWER ADIT
 Brunton and Tape Survey

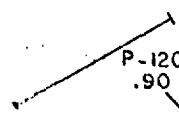
1" = 50'

BJD

11/29/66

LEGEND

COMPOSITES		<u>% Pb</u>	<u>% Zn</u>
	P-100-104	.27	1.28
	105-109	.09	2.29
	110-114	.03	0.36
	115-119	.02	0.54
	120-123	.01	0.89


 P-120
 .90

Sample No.
 % Cu

PARADISE PROSPECT
SAMPLE MAP

MARS SHAFT LOWER ADIT
Brunton and Tape Survey

1" = 50'

BJD

11/29/66

ASARCO EXPLORATION RECORD

Form Revised 3/8/75 by J.H.C.

☒ FIELD EXAMINATION ☐ LITERATURE SEARCH ☒ ASARCO FILE ☐ _____

Section I General Indexing

① Name(s) of Property or Area AJAX, Cochise County				② Country U.S.A.		③ State or Province Arizona	
				④ Co. or Map Sheet VANAR 15' Quad.		⑤ File or Gore No. Aa-3.3.1B	
⑥ Latitude N32°00'45"	⑦ Longitude W109°12'40"	⑧ Mer. G&SR	Tws. 16S	Rng. 31E	Sec. 30	⑨ Examined by J.D. Sell	⑩ Date 4/2-3/75
						⑪ Office Tucson	⑫ Field Days 2

Section II Sources of Information

⑬ References Author	Date	Title	Publications	Vol. No.
John Russell, 1916.		Notes on Preliminary Exam. - Ajax; ASARCO file Aa-3.3.1B		
S.B. Keith, 1973.		Index, Cochise County, Arizona; p. 42 & 51, Ariz. Bur. Mines Bull. 187.		

Section III Appraisal

⑭ Recommendations <input type="checkbox"/> Action Now <input type="checkbox"/> Too Low Grade <input type="checkbox"/> Too Small <input type="checkbox"/> Ownership Problem <input type="checkbox"/> Access Problem <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Low priority		⑮ <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Past Producer <input type="checkbox"/> Producer <input type="checkbox"/> Mineral Deposit <input type="checkbox"/> Prospect		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Helicopter target <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Geologic Concept <input type="checkbox"/> Geochem Anomaly <input type="checkbox"/> Geophy. Anomaly		⑯ Production Commodity Tons Grade Cu, Pb, Zn 100 5-10% hand-cobbed combined (1909-1918)		
⑰ Num. Drill Holes None Approx. Total Footage		⑱ Excavations One adit, 2 shafts, one stop to surface.		⑲ Reserves <input type="checkbox"/> Measured <input type="checkbox"/> Estimated Commodity Tons Grade				
⑳ Spectro. Analysis Attached		㉑ Assays Attached		㉒ Geochem Results Attached X				

Section IV Geologic Data

㉓ Commodity or Contained Metals Cu, Pb, Zn	
㉔ Ore Minerals - Major Galena	Minor Sphalerite Chalcopryite
㉕ Host Rocks - Major Silver Bell volcanic conglomerate	
Minor	
㉖ Age of Host Rocks early Laramide	
㉗ Nature of Exposures Excellent, soil-alluvium in gulches. Oxidation to ±50 feet in vein structures. Low to moderate topographic relief.	
㉘ Alteration General bleaching to gray-greens, silicification in shear and vein structures, some carbonate filling.	
㉙ Total Extent 1000 ft. by 1500 ft. (See sketch)	
㉚ Structure Shear structures at N25°W with vein at E-W to N65°W. Cross fractures at N55°W and N35°E. Centering on main shaft area.	
㉛ Ore Occurrence Vein filling with minor occurrence along NE fractures adjacent to vein.	
㉜ Age of Mineralization Late Laramide to Mid-Tertiary	
㉝ Conclusions and Recommendations Main E-W vein offsets qtz latite dike which is similar to Mid-Tertiary intrusive of Jhus Canyon (±30 m.y.). No apparent alteration or mineralization in adjacent limestones except silica breccias developed along NW fault structures. Nearly a dozen small high grade, mainly in limestone, deposits of similar mineralization occur around the basin to the east and south. Continued reconnaissance of area recommended.	

(For additional space use extra sheets)

AMERICAN ANALYTICAL and RESEARCH LABORATORIES

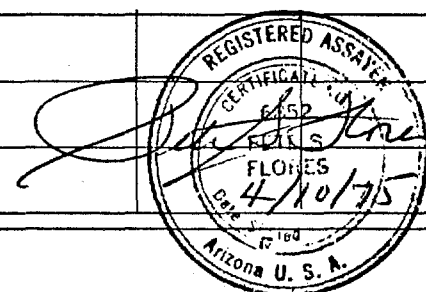
ASSAYERS - CHEMISTS - METALLURGISTS

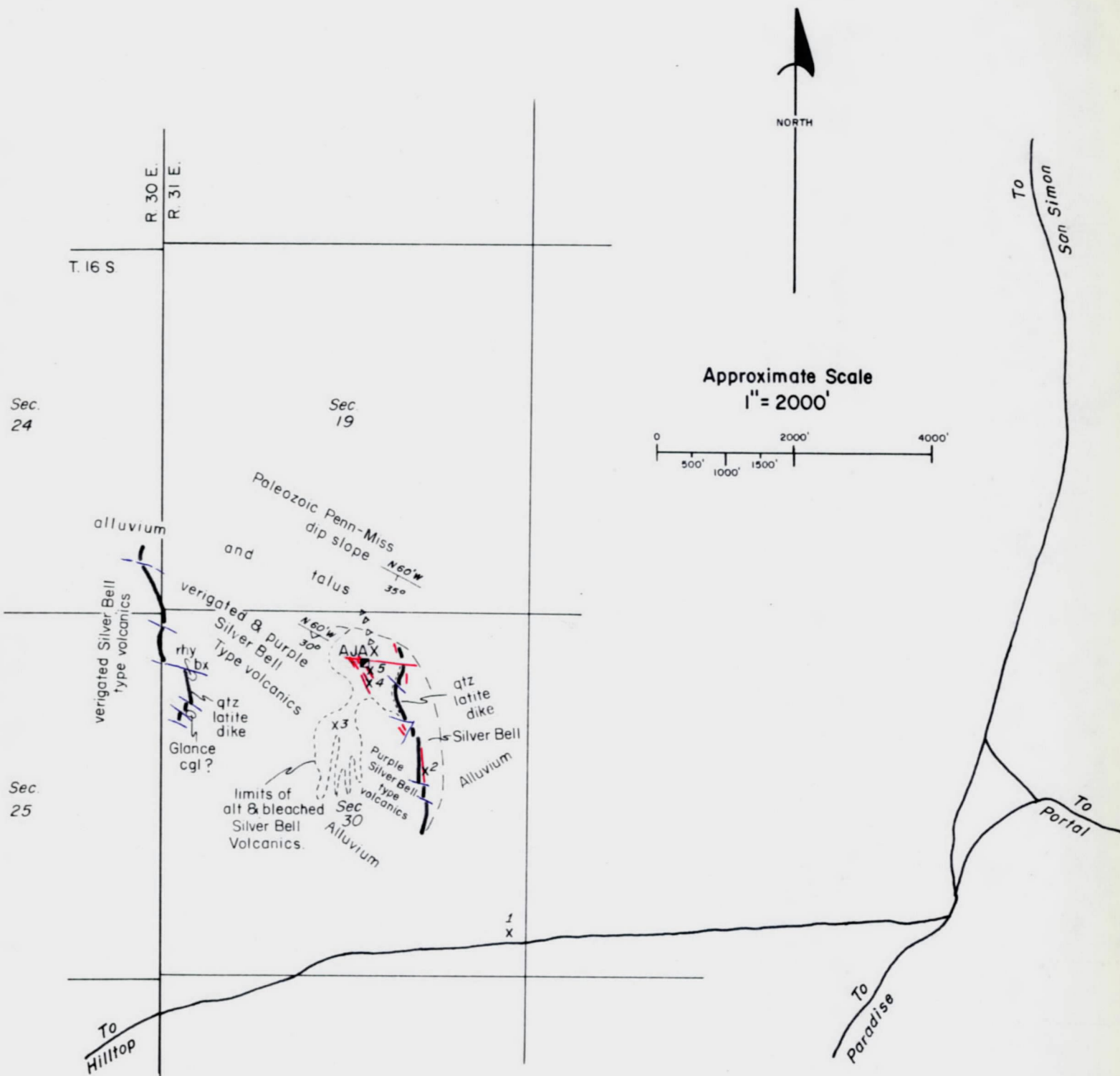
TUCSON, ARIZONA 85714

SAMPLE SUBMITTED BY American Smelting & Refining CompanyDATE April 10, 1975

SAMPLE MARKED	GOLD OZ./TON	SILVER OZ./TON	PPM COPPER	PPM LEAD	PPM ZINC	PPM MOLYBDENUM	PERCENT IRON
AM - 1	.002	0.16	94	230	78	7	
2	.002	0.17	61	103	62	9	
3	.002	0.04	106	98	69	6	
4	.001	0.10	38	62	54	4	
5	.003	0.62	0.23% 2000+	0.91% 2000+	1.16% 2000+	10	

- AM-1 Sludge cuttings from recent well, cuttings of Precambrian granite, altered volcanics, and late volcanics. (Alluvial material)
- AM-2 Sheeted "vein", 2-3 ft. wide, vertical, N10°W. Quartz, minor carbonate veinlets with strong iron stain and films, fine disseminated pseudomorphs after pyrite. Epidote in volcanics on both sides of adjacent quartz latite dike.
- AM-3 Altered area in SB volcanics of general bleaching with epidote and iron addition. Capped on east and west by essentially unaltered purple SB volcanics. Zone dips southward at ±30°.
- AM-4 Iron-stained shear zone, N25°W with cross-fractures at N55°W, some 10-15 feet wide. Minor epidote, spotty bleaching. Pinches rapidly to southeast. Projects into and west of Ajax shaft.
- AM-5 Dump from stoped vein, N70°W, 80° dip to North, 1-1/2 to 2 feet wide of breccia of quartz and carbonate(?). Some leached pyrite left; oxide copper, lead-zinc mineralization.





EXPLANATION

- Outline of bleaching
- Qtz Latite dike
- Mineralized Structure
- Fault Structure
- Breccia Structure
- X² Sample Site & Number

TO ACCOMPANY <u>ASARCO</u>
<u>Exploration Record Sheet</u>
DATED <u>4/2-3/75</u>
BY <u>J.D. Sell</u>

AJAX MINE AREA

Vanar Quad. (15')
Cochise County, Arizona

MAPPING ON COOPER-PARADISE PHOTO 2-7

JDS

5/6/75

MVK 2843