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Section 2 T20N, R20W Mohave Co, AZ

A SUMMARY REVIEW REPORT ON THE SECRET PASS PROPERTY

Black Mountains Mohave County, Arizona

as updated by an addendum dated September 14, 1987

FOR

IPC INTERNATIONAL PROSPECTOR CORP.
12th Floor, 1190 Hornby Street
Vancouver, British Columbia
V6Z 2L3

by

R.D. WESTERVELT, M.Sc., P.Eng.

Vancouver, B.C. June 18, 1987 Westervelt Engineering Ltd. 401-1112 West Pender Street Vancouver, B.C. V6E 2S1

SUMMARY

IPC International Prospector Corp. has recently acquired an option on the extensive mineral holdings of Santa Fe Mining Inc. in the Secret Pass area of western Arizona.

Santa Fe's exploration to date has encountered widespread epithermal gold mineralization associated with well defined fault structures on the property. Drilling has outlined two areas of potential interest for low-cost, open-pit, heap leach development. The available data has allowed a preliminary estimate on the reserve potential in these two areas as follows:

	Reserve potent	tial Grade	Strip ratio
Tin Cup zone	261,800 tons	o.163 oz Au/ton	9.6:1
FM zone	107,800 tons	s 0.053 oz Au/ton	3.0:1

Preliminary metallurgical work has suggested the mineralization in both the Tin Cup and FM zones may be quite amenable to heap leach treatment.

Additional in-fill drilling will be required to confirm and prove up these reserves and to provide representative samples for further metallurgical testing.

Considerable exploration potential for similar mineralization remains to be investigated elsewhere on the property.

A two phase program is recommended to include detailed testing of the Tin Cup and FM zones and additional property exploration at a total estimated cost of \$565,000 (Canadian).

A SUMMARY REVIEW REPORT on the SECRET PASS PROPERTY Mohave County, Arizona

INTRODUCTION

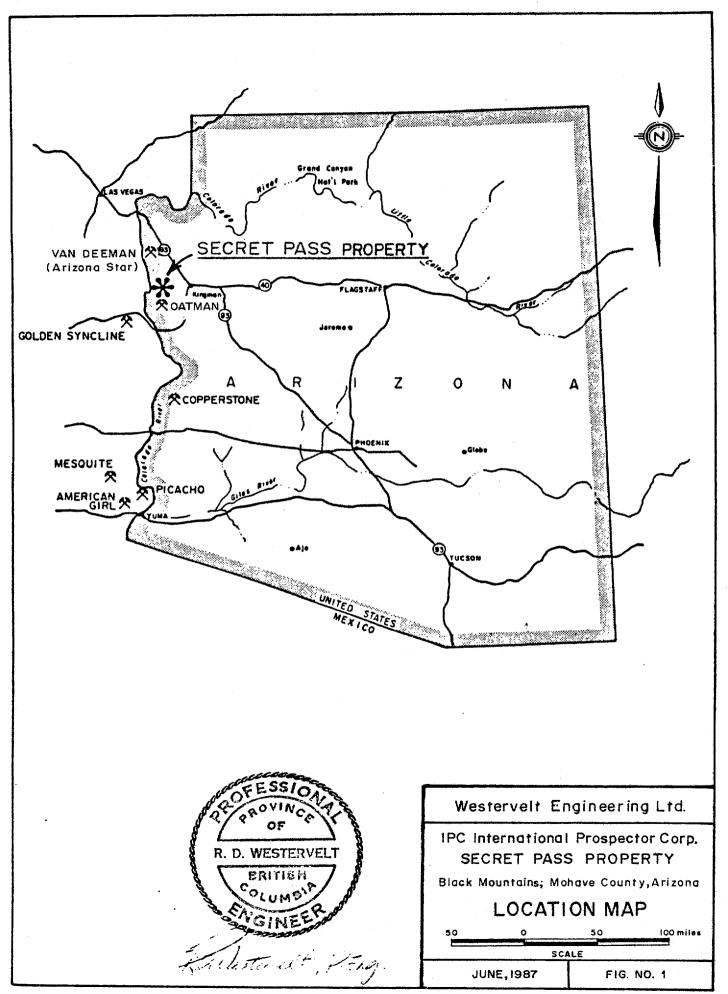
IPC International Prospector Corp. - through its wholly owned U.S. subsiduary, has recently acquired an option on the extensive mineral holdings of the Santa Fe Mining company in the Secret Pass area of western Arizona.

Over the past five years, Santa Fe Mining had completed considerable gold exploration work on the Secret Pass property and had concluded that the potential targets were too small to meet their major corporate objectives. The field results were subsequently reviewed by the Fischer-Watt Mining Company - a group of respected geologists well experienced with this type of mineralization in this part of Arizona, and the project was then presented to International Prospector Inc. as having sufficient immediate potential to warrant the interest of a small -er company.

In late May, the writer was commissioned by IPC International Prospector Corp. to visit the Secret Pass property, to meet with the Fischer-Watt geologists, and to review the available technical information on the project. The field visit and meetings with the Fischer-Watt personnel in Kingman, Arizona were completed in early June and the extensive Santa Fe technical data has since been reviewed in detail.

The co-operation, background expertise, and assistance of Mr. F.L. Hillemeyer and Mr. Perry Durning, of the Fischer-Watt staff in carrying out this assignment was sincerely appreciated. My acknowledgement and compliments are also due the Santa Fe Mining staff - their field programs were conducted in a highly professional manner and their documentation is very thorough, detailed, and complete.

My summary review report including my recommendations for a continuing exploration program on the Secret Pass property is herewith submitted for consideration.



A STATE

PROPERTY

As shown on the accompanying map (Fig. No. 2), the Secret Pass property consists of several State Prospecting Permits and mineral leases along with 266 located mineral claims covering the mineral rights over a total 7000 acres. The boundaries of the contiguous holdings are shown on the property map with the detailed permit, lease, and claim record data being listed in appendix 2 of the present report.

No title investigation was carried out on the property as this was beyond the scope of the present report. A land status review is currently being prepared by a U.S. attorney with his report expected shortly. In the meantime, no claim conflicts are known to exist - Santa Fe Mining has held and worked most of the area over the past four years with no record of any adverse claimants.

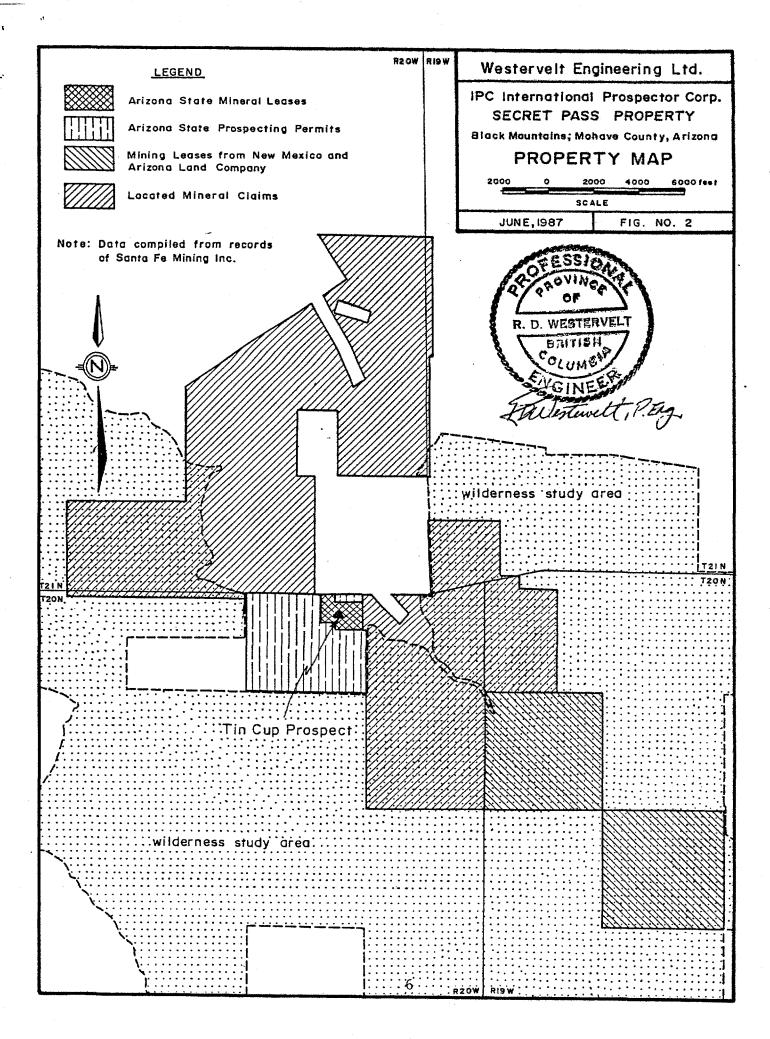
Portions of the property fall within a Wilderness Study Area as designated by the Bureau of Land Management. Although mineral exploration and development is allowable within such areas, certain restrictions apply on some types of equipment and permitting procedures are stringent.

LOCATION, ACCESS, AND PHYSIOGRAPHY

The Secret Pass property is located in the Black Mountains 18 miles due west of Kingman, Arizona and approximately 9 miles north of the historic gold-silver district of Oatman. The Van Deemen property currently under exploration by Arizona Star Resources Corp. is situated within the same mountain range some 40 miles to the north.

The property is readily accessible by vehicle from Kingman via Highways 93 and then 68 for a distance of 14 miles and thence by 10 miles of rough gravel road leading directly to the main prospect site. Total driving time from Kingman to the property is about 40 minutes.

The topography is moderate to locally rugged, with elevations ranging from 2600 to 4100 feet above sea level. The area is characterized by a succession of rugged, rock ridges trending northwesterly with intervening valleys of low relief and numerous gullies. Rock exposure is abundant along the ridges and prominent hills but is quite limited in the lower valleys which tend to be



blanketed by gravel, talus, and shallow soil.

The property covers a semi-desert environment typical of much of Arizona. The vegetation is limited to sparse grass, low prickly bushes, sage-brush, and occassional cactii. No water supply is evident on the property but several wells with abundant flows are reported in the valley 2 - 3 miles to the east.

HISTORY

Initial prospecting interest in the Secret Pass area probably dates back to the active production period at Oatman (1861 - 1920). Scattered prospect pits and shallow exploration shafts are evident on the property but no major production was achieved.

The most significant showing - the Tin Cup prospect, is centrally located on the property and reportedly produced several hundred tons of ore grading 0.5 - 1.0 oz Au/ton during the early 1900's. In 1934, this prospect was reportedly developed by an inclined shaft to a depth in excess of 70 feet with minor later -al development on the 25' and 68' levels. This zone was subsequently mined (probably prior to World War II) as an open pit producing an unknown tonnage with reported grades in the 0.43 - 0.57 opt. Au range. The existing old pit now measures roughly 120 feet in diameter with a maximum depth of about 70 feet.

RECENT EXPLORATION WORK

Based on earlier regional recommaissance mapping, Santa Fe Mining identified a major zone of imbricate faulting with significant gold potential trending north-northwesterly through the Secret Pass area. Land acquisition was commenced in 1982 with aggressive exploration programs being carried out in '84 - '85 - '86 including four separate phases of drilling.

Geological mapping and rock geochem sampling was completed over the entire property with an emphasis on testing two major recognized structures - the Union and the Frisco Mine fault zones. Encouraged by anomalous rock geochem results, drilling was commenced on the FM zone situated on the Frisco Mine fault some 1500 feet southeasterly from the Tin Cup prospect. Over the following two

years, additional drilling was carried out on the FM zone, substantial drilling was completed in the Tin Cup area, and several additional target areas were drill tested along the Union Fault and related structures.

From the company records, the drilling completed through 1986 is summarized as follows:

Area		No. of holes	Footage
Frisco Mine Fault			
FM Area		30	10,219'
Tin Cup Area		37	16,181'
GP Area		2	4151
Union Pass Fault			
Fluorite Vein		9	2,575'
Realtor		1	2651
U.P. Red 1 & 2		2	590°
Victoria		2	250°
Bartlett Fault		4	900 '
	Total	87	31,395'

Of the total 87 holes completed, only six (No's TC-24 thru 29 on the Tin Cup totalling 4,628 feet) were drilled using coring equipment - the bulk of the drilling was carried out using reverse circulation rigs with angle capability.

Although anomalous values were found to be widespread, significant gold values were encountered mainly in the drilling of the Tin Cup and FM areas which are described in detail in later sections of this report.

Santa Fe Mining's direct exploration costs exclusive of land acquisition are estimated in excess of \$800,000 U.S. on the Secret Pass property.

REGIONAL GEOLOGY AND MINERALIZATION

The Black Mountains of western Arizona are located within the Basin and Range tectonic province. The dominent rocks are Precambrian granitic to mafic

intrusives and minor metamorphics which are overlain by Tertiary and esitic to rhyolitic flows, tuffs, and volcaniclastic sediments. Rhyolite dikes, sills, and plugs are common cutting both the underlying basement rocks and the overlying Tertiary assemblage.

The dominant structural feature is an imbricated system of shallow to steep—ly dipping faults trending north - northwesterly which has been traced norther—ly from the Oatman District, through the Secret Pass - Frisco Mine area, into the Van Deemen area some 40 miles to the north. Two major, generally low-angle, detachment fault structures have been identified over this distance - the Union Pass fault system and the Frisco Mine fault system. Both systems are sinuous with variable dips and splays and both are locally offset by later structures.

Numerous gold showings and prospects are directly associated with the Union Pass and Frisco Mine faults and some have reported limited production. The Van Deemen deposit is reportedly associated with a structure related to the Union Pass system.

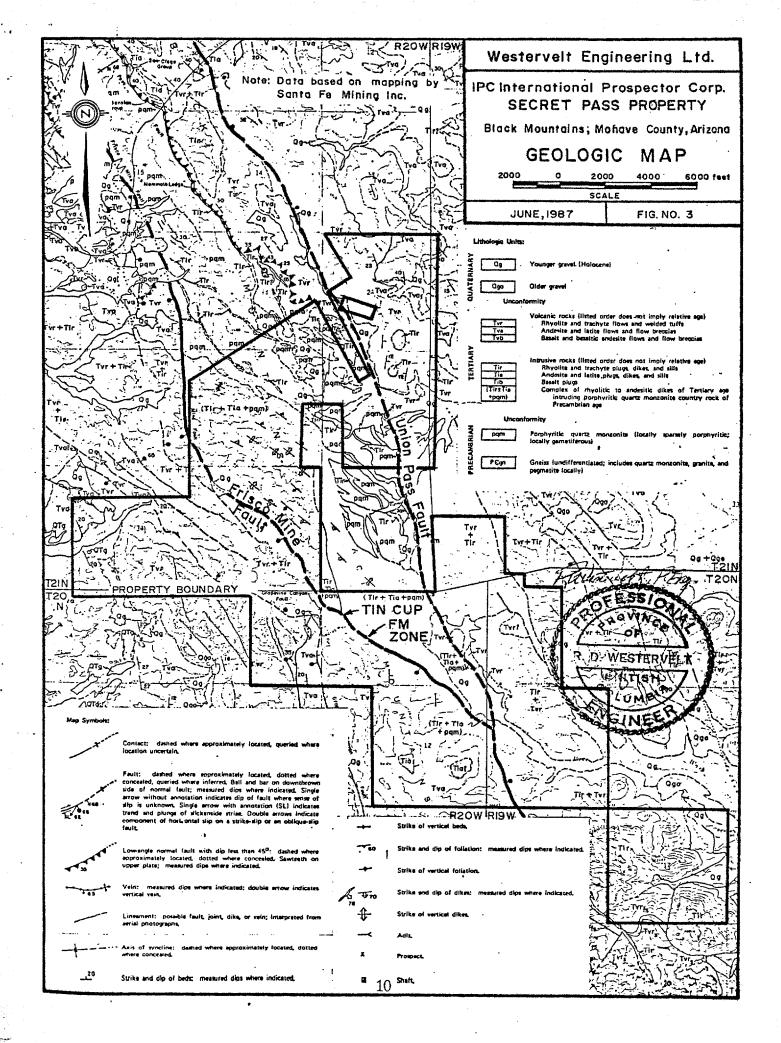
The Frisco Mine, situated some 4 miles north of the Tin Cup prospect, is located directly on the Frisco Mine fault where a shallow-dipping rhyolite sill has been brecciated and recemented by gold-bearing quartz and chalcedony. This deposit was most recently worked during 1984 as a 200 ton per day open-pit heap leach operation with a reported grade averaging about 0.08 oz Au/ton.

PROPERTY GEOLOGY AND MINERALIZATION

The Secret Pass property is underlain by a central north-northwest trend -ing core of Precambrian gneissic granitic rocks intruded by rhyolite dykes and flanked by Tertiary rhyolite and andesite flows. This central core is essentially an up-lifted horst with the bounding faults being the Union Pass and Frisco Mine faults which have been traced almost the entire length of the property.

Whereas both these faults tend to be regional low-angle structures, they both steepen abruptly about one mile north of Secret Pass and coalesce about two miles to the south.

Gold mineralization occurs on the Secret Pass property within fault structures, along intrusive contacts, and within discrete calcite-quartz veins. To date, values of potential economic interest are restricted to the Tin Cup



and FM areas which are located 1500 feet apart along the major Frisco Mine fault structure.

In these two areas, Tertiary stockwork gold mineralization occurs within the fault zone and adjacent wallrocks with associated quartz, pyrite, and minor specular hematite. Weak to moderate pervasive propylitic alteration is evident along the fault with the higher grade gold sections being associated with relatively restricted zones of strong sericite alteration (eg: potassium enrichment).

The gold values are mainly associated with pyrite and to a lesser extent with the degree of silicification and quartz veining. Base metal values are absent and the trace element content of arsenic, antimony, and mercury is unusually low.

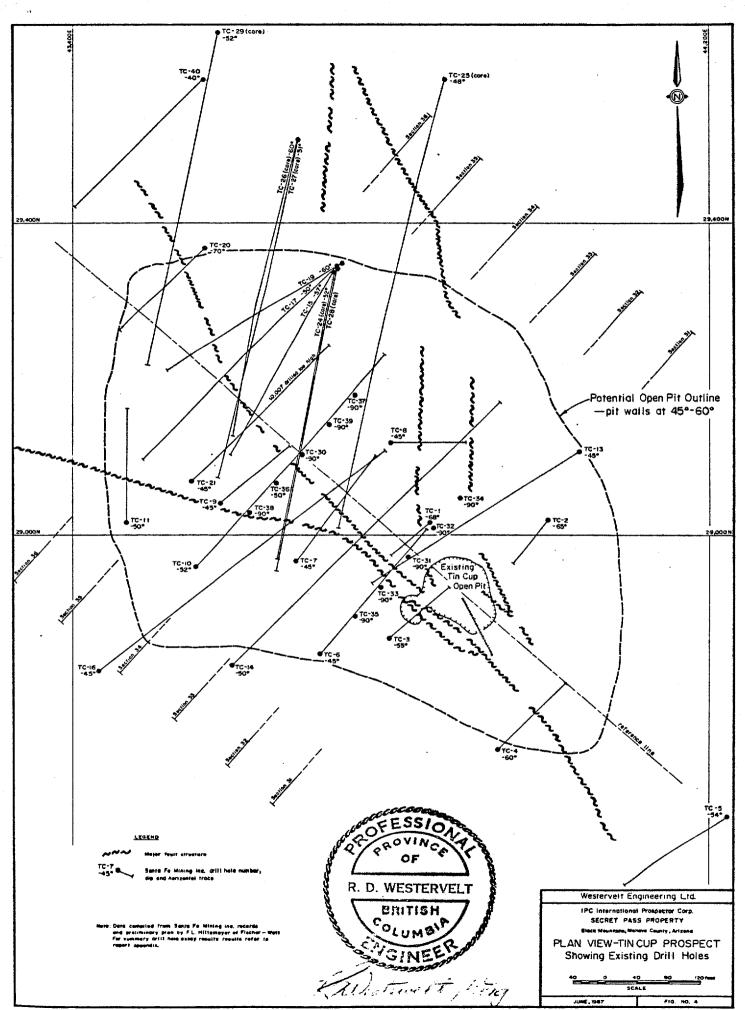
Although both the Tin Cup and FM zones are located along the Frisco Mine fault, the local controlling structures have yet to be recognized - a major flexure in the fault plane and cross-cutting fracture systems may have developed dilatent zones localizing the mineralization.

TIN CUP PROSPECT

Santa Fe's drilling in the vicinity of the original Tin Cup prospect has resulted in the discovery of a gold-bearing zone plunging shallowly to the north west along the Frisco Mine fault structure. As outlined by the 30 rotary holes and 6 core holes completed to date, the mineralization appears to top out in the vicinity of the original open-pit and the depth and down-plunge extent have yet to be fully defined.

As shown on the accompanying section (Fig. No. 5), the fault structure cuts Tertiary andesites and dips 50° - 80° to the east. The mineralization occurs within the fault zone and adjacent splay structures within a restricted envelope of heavy sericite alteration. Deeper holes have encountered similar mineralization and alteration within the fault at depth within the Precambrian basement rocks.

Although the zone has been drilled on 100 foot sections, the gold distribution is erratic and the available assay data is too limited to confirm average



grades and continuity. The more significant drill hole intersections are list -ed in appendix 3. As noted, several intercepts in excess of 0.1 oz Au/ton over many 10's of feet are reported and one hole - which probably deviated down the structure, returned an average grade of 0.597 oz Au/ton over a 90' length.

Notably, Santa Fe Mining assayed most of their holes using standard AA techniques. Limited check assaying using conventional fire assays showed some considerable variation with a general tendency for a modest up-grading of the earlier results. This is not an unusual feature and is frequently encountered where coarser gold is contributing to the so-called "nugget effect" in the pluverized samples.

Using the available data, Santa Fe Mining estimated potential reserves in the Tin Cup area as follows:

- a) open-pit 73,700 tons averaging .106 oz Au/ton (with a .02 oz Au/ton cut-off and a 5.6 : 1 strip ratio).
- and b) underground 91,700 tons averaging .20 oz Au/ton (with a .10 oz Au/ton cut-off).

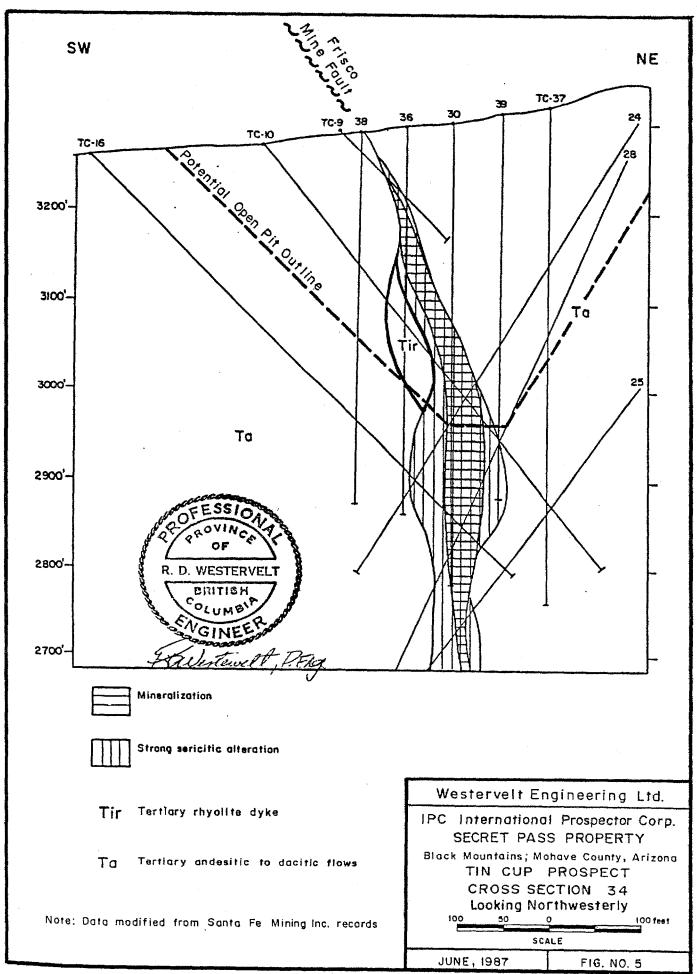
Using the same data, the Fischer-Watt geologists have proposed a possible open-pit to a maximum depth of 350' with a potential reserve estimated as follows:

open-pit with walls at 45° - 60° - 261,800 tons averaging .163 oz Au/ton (with a 9.6 : 1 strip ratio).

The Fischer-Watt proposed pit is shown in plan on Fig. No. 4 and in section on Fig. No. 5.

I have reviewed the reserve estimates as outlined above and believe these have been well prepared and truly reflect the reserve potential that might be developed within the immediate Tin Cup area. Additional work will be required before any of these reserves can be considered in the proven or probable category.

The mineralized zone is well oxidized down to the proposed pit floor. Initial cyanide agitation tests on three pulverized drill samples provided recoveries in the range 44% - 78% over a 2 hour period. Bottle roll tests on similar material from the nearby FM zone gave recoveries of 86% - 88% over a 48



hour period. Coarse material has yet to be tested but these preliminary results do suggest the mineralization may be amenable to heap leach treatment.

Three confirmatory samples taken by the writer around the lip of the existing Tin Cup pit essentially confirmed the earlier detailed sampling by Santa Fe Mining (refer to appendix 4).

ADDITIONAL EXPLORATION POTENTIAL

In the FM area, Santa Fe Mining has completed some 30 rotary drill holes over a 3000 foot strike length along the Frisco Mine fault. In this area, the fault dips steeply west, the footwall rocks are Precambrian granites, and the gold grades are generally low and discontinuous. The mineralization is locally associated with calcite veining with strong quartz stockworks with only weak sericite alteration.

Within the FM area, Santa Fe Mining has defined a relatively restricted zone with an estimated open-pit potential of 107,800 tons averaging .053 oz Au/ton (at a .02 oz Au/ton cut off with a 3.0 : 1 strip ratio). Again, this is a potential estimate only and additional drilling would be required to place this reserve into a proven or probable category.

The pertinent drill hole assay data from the FM open-pit area is included in appendix 3. Preliminary metallurgical testing on composite samples from this drilling have suggested this mineralization would be quite amenable to cyanide heap leaching.

The Union Pass and Frisco Mine faults are well defined structures with proven gold potential. Detailed exploration to date has been confined to relatively restricted areas - considerable potential remains virtually untested along the strike extent of both these structures.

The direct association of higher grade mineralization with heavy sericite alteration has only recently been recognized and has yet to be utilized in the field. Rock geochem sampling and prospecting along the surface trace of the fault structures for evidence of sericitization might well define additional priority gold targets.

CONCLUSIONS

A definite potential exists for developing a small but viable open-pit heap leach operation in the Tin Cup area. Although the apparent strip ratio is relatively high, this may be off-set by low stripping costs and the relatively high grade of the mineralization. Additional in-fill drilling will be required to confirm the reserves and grade continuity and this should receive priority attention.

Contingent on the reserve confirmation, additional metallurgical test work will be required to confirm the amenability of the mineralization to heap leach treatment.

The potential reserves in the FM zone are too limited to warrant production consideration on their own but might be developed in conjunction with a leaching operation at the Tin Cup site.

Considerable exploration potential remains untested for zones of similar type mineralization along the Union Pass - Frisco Mine fault structures on the Secret Pass property.

RECOMMENDATIONS

A two phase program is recommended on the Secret Pass property with priority being given in Phase I to a confirmatory evaluation of the reserves in the Tin Cup area. Subject to satisfactory results in the Phase I program, the Phase II work will involve additional detailing of the reserves in both the Tin Cup and FM areas and metallurgical testing.

The recommended program is outlined as follows:

<u>Phase I</u>

a) reverse circulation angle drilling to cross-section the potential Tin Cup open-pit zone on intermediate sections to the Santa Fe drilling. Continuous samples should be taken at 5' intervals with the gold content being determined by standard fire assay procedures. Approximately 24 holes totalling 7000 feet will be required to cover the immediate area of interest.

- b) re-establishment of the survey grid system to ensure that the new drill holes are properly tied in to the earlier drilling
- c) limited rock geochem sampling, prospecting, and mapping for additional zones of heavy sericite alteration along the Union Pass - Frisco Mine fault structures.

Phase II

- a) 5000' of large diameter core drilling to provide coarse material from the Tin Cup zone for metallurgical testing
- b) an additional 5000' of reverse circulation angle drilling to further detail and extend the Tin Cup and FM zone reserves as warranted
- c) re-assaying of the pertinent Santa Fe drill hole intersections using fire assay methods
- d) metallurgical testing of representative coarse samples from the core drilling to determine the leach characteristics of the mineralization.

PROGRAM COST ESTIMATE

The direct field costs and attendant support expenses for the above proposed program are estimated as follows:

Phase I		\$ US
	Mapping	8,000
	Rock sample analyses	5,000
	Surveying	4,000
	Permitting	2,000
	Drill site preparation	8,000
	Drilling - 24 reverse circulation holes	
	7,000' @ \$10.00/ft.	70,000
	Mobe - demobe	2,000
	Assaying	9,000
	Vehicles	4,000
	Field supplies and communications	4,000
	Supervision, engineering, reporting	10,000
	•	126,000
	Contingency - approx. 18%	23,000
	Total Phase I	\$149,000 US (\$201,150 Can)

Phase II		h 110	
		<u>\$ US</u>	
	Re-assaying of Santa Fe holes	6,000	
	Core drilling		
	5,000' @ \$25.00/ft.	125,000	
	Reverse circulation drilling		
	5,000' @ \$10.00/ft.	50,000	
	Mobe - de-mobe	3,000	
	Assaying	7,000	
	Vehicles	5,000	
	Metallurgical test work	18,000	
	Field supplies and communication	6,000	
	Supervision, engineering, reporting	15,000	
		235,000	
	Contingency - approx. 15%	35,000	
	Total Phase II	\$270,000 US	(\$364,500 Can)
	Total Phase I and II	\$419,000 US	(\$565,650 Can)

Note: The \$ US conversion to \$ Canadian is at the current exchange rate of 1.35.

In view of the encouraging results reported to date, the above expenditures are well warranted on the Secret Pass property.



Respectfully submitted,

WESTERVELT ENGINEERING LTD.

R. D. Westervelt, M.Sc., P.Eng.

Vancouver, B.C. June 18, 1987

Appendix 1 Key references

- Buchanan, L. J., 1981
 Precious metal deposits associated with volcanic environments in the Southwest, in Relations of tectonics to ore deposits in the Southern Cordillera, W. R. Dickinson & W. D. Payne, editors: Arizona Geol. Soc. Digest Vol. XIV, pgs. 237 262.
- Clifton, C. G., Buchanan, L. J., and Durning, W. P., 1980 Exploration procedure and controls of mineralization in the Oatman Mining District, Oatman, Arizona: American Institute of Mining and Metalluragy Engineers Preprint 80 - 143, 17 pp., 24 figs.
- Durning, W. P. and Buchanan, L. J. 1984 The Geology and Ore Deposits of Oatman, Arizona, Arizona Geological Society Digest Volume XV, 1984
- Steinpress, M. G., 1985
 Secret Pass Project, progress report and recommendations, pg. 24 +
 appendix + 3 plates. Private report for Santa Fe Mining Inc.
- Steinpress, M. G., 1986 Final Report, Secret Pass Project, Mohave County, Arizona.

Sundry maps, reports, drill logs, and assay certificates. Private data from Santa Fe Mining Inc. files.

Appendix 2. Property List

As included as Schedule "A" in the
Option Agreement dated May 13, 1987
between

Santa Fe Mining Inc.

and

International Prospector Inc.

MOHAVE COUNTY, ARIZONA

Part I

State of Arizona Mineral Lease Number 11-91204, dated March 4, 1985, 1)

1)	covering:	Una Mineral Lease Mumber 11-31204, dated Marc	, 4, 1505,
		Township 20 North, Range 20 West, GSRM	
	Section 2:	"Secret Pass #1" South 660 feet of Lot 1	20.00
		"Secret Pass #2" North 660 feet of South 1320 feet of Lot 1	20.00
		"Secret Pass #3" East 660 feet of North 1320 feet of Lot 2	20.00
2)	State of Ariz	zona Prospecting Permits:	
	A) Number	08-95142 covering:	Acres
		Township 20 North, Range 20 West, GSRM	ACT C3
		Section 2: Lots 3, 4, S/2	422.22
	B) Number	08-91959, dated October 16, 1985 covering:	
		Township 20 North, Range 20 West, GSRM	
		Section 2: North 11.39 acres of Lot 1	11.39
	C) Number	08-91960, dated October 16, 1985 covering:	
		Township 20 North, Range 20 West, GSRM	
		Section 2: W/2 Lot 2, South 5.65 acres of E/2 Lot 2	31.27

Prospecting Permit Agreement dated June 18, 1982, between Denys K. Poyner and P. G. Craig, and Santa Fe Mining, Inc. covering Arizona State Prospectig Permit No. 79325:

Township 20 North, Range 20 West, GSRM

Section 2: Lots 1, 2

Part II

1) Quitclaim Deed dated June 11, 1982, from Robert A. Stout to Santa Fe Mining, Inc. covering one unpatented lode mining claim:

Location Notice

Name of	L	ocate	d		corded		BLM	
Claim	Section	Тwp	Range	Book	Page	i en	Serial Number	
SURPRISE #2	26,35	21 N	20 W	513	29		AMC 35990	
2) The following,	-	npate	nted lode	mining	claims loca	ated	l by Santa Fe	
WALUUT #1-35	6,7 31 1,2,11,12 35,36	20N 21N 20N 21N	19W 19W 20W 20W	811	307-376	AMC	168797-168831	
PECAN #1-8	23	21N	20W	816	929-943	AMC	170182-170189	
PECAN 23-36	3,4 33,34	20N 21N	20W 20W	811	175-201	AMC	168832-168845	
PECAN 40,42, 44,46,48,50, 52,54,56	26,27, 34,35	21 N	20W	811	203-219	AMC	168845-168854	
PECAN 58-100	2,3 34,35,36	20N 21N	20W 20W	811	221-305	AMC	168855-168897	
ALMOND #1-10	13,14, 23,24	SIN	20W	810 811	986-1000 1-4	AMC	168898-168907	
ALMOND 11-16	23,24	21N	204	817	177-183	AMO	180075-180080	
ALMOND 12-16	(re-record	ed)		828	342-351			

Name of Claim	L Section	ocated Twp	Range		ion Notice corded Page	BLM Serial Number
ALMOND #17	24	21N	20W	811	17-18	AMC 168908
ALMOND #18	24	21N	20W	817	184	AMC 180081
ALMOND #18 (re-recorde	d)		828	352-353	
ALMOND 19-63	13,23, 24,25,26	21N	20W	811	21-110	AMC 168909-168953
•	18,19,30	21N	19W			
ALMOND #65	26	21N	20W	811	111	AMC 168954
ALMOND #67	26	21 N	20W	811	113	AMC 168955
ALMOND #69	26	21N	20W	811	115	AMC 168956
ALMOND #71	26	21 N	20W	811	117	AMC 168957
ALMOND 73-100	24,25, 35,36	21N	20W	811	119-173	AMC 168958-168985
	30,31	21N	19W			
PINON #1-36	7,18 ,12,13,14	20N 20N	19W 20W	1008	178-248	AMC 219313-219348
CASHEW 1-26	31 6	21N 20N	19W -	1154 1155	966-1001 1-6	AMC 245169-245194

3) Mining Lease and Agreement dated July 5, 1984, between New Mexico and Arizona Land Company ("Lessor") and Santa Fe Mining, Inc. ("Lessee") covering:

Township 20 North, Range 19 West, GSRM

Section 7: All Section 17: All

Appendix 3 Summary Drill Hole Assays
HOLES INTO TIN CUP ZONE

Hole	From	То	Interval		oz. Au
TC-10	295' 305' 395' 400' 505'	305' 395' 400' 505' 565'	10' 90' 5' 105' 60'		0.047 0.597 0.096 0.196 0.100
∺Note:	Hole went o	lown the di	p of the structu	re ***	
TC- 9			target zone.		
TC-38	255'	2801	25'		0.282
TC- 1	70 '	115'	451		0.167
10 1	145'	170'	251		0.038
TC-36	95'	195'	100	•	0.090
10 50	300'	325*	25*		0.200
TC-30	2051	220¹	15!		0.300
	290'	340	50 '		0.401
TC-39	Too short				
TC-37 TC- 3	Too short 50'	70'	20 "		0.134
TC- 7	801	95 '	15 '		0.101
10 ,	185'	2051	20*		0.072
	2051	240'	35 '		0.010
TC- 6	191'	293 "	102		0.062
TC-35	On hanging	wall of p	ost-mineral fault	•	
TC-33	65 1	1001	35'		0.058
	220¹	250¹	30'		0.044
TC-32	60 '	175'	115'		0.120
TC-31	125	140	15'		0.100

HOLES INTO FM ZONE

Hole	From	То	Interval	oz. Au
FM-17	20 '	35¹	15'	0.086
	40'	50'	10'	0.030
FM- 1	75 '	85'	10 '	0.090
	10 '	25'	15'	0.044
	60'	115'	55'	0.064
FM- 2	20 "	120 '	100 '	0.052
FM- 3	60 "	120 '	60'	0.035
FM- 4	120 '	135 '	15 '	0.212
FM- 6	1 05 '	115 '	10 '	0.038

Note: All assay results are from drill logs of Santa Fe Mining Inc.

Appendix 4 Confirmatory Samples And Assay Results

Rock samples taken by R. D. Westervelt, P.Eng. on June 4, 1987.

Sample :	# Description	Bondar-Clegg assay	Comparative assay by Santa Fe Mining Inc.
#1	9' representative grab sample from southwest lip of Tin Cup open-pit - iron stained moder-ately sericitized andesitic porphyry.	(oz Au/ton) 0.302	(oz Au/ton) 0.166
# 2	5' chip sample from west wall of Tin Cup open-pit, - iron stained, highly sheared rhy-olite with some calcite veining.	0.051	0.084
# 3	5' chip sample adjoining sample # 2 from west wall of Tin Cup open-pit, - iron stained, weakly altered andesite.	0.002	ND

Bowler-Clegg & Company Ltd.

13t7-Pemberton Ave. North Vancouver, B.C. Canada V7P 2R5 F-one: (604) 985-0681 Teles: 04-352667



Certificate of Analysis

REFERENCE INFO: REPORT: 427-3648 (COMPLETE) SUBMITTED BY: R. WESTERVELT CLIENT: WESTERVELT ENGINEERING LTD. DATE PRINTED: 15-JUN-87 PROJECT: SECRET PASS LOWER NUMBER OF ORDER ELEMENT analyses DETECTION LIMIT EXTRACTION HETHOD 3 0.001 OPT Gold - FIRE ASSAY Au 3 0.01 OPT Silver Αg NUMBER SAMPLE PREPARATIONS NUMBER SAMPLE TYPES NUMBER SIZE FRACTIONS ASSAY PREP R ROCK OR BED ROCK 3 2 -150 3 3 INVOICE TO: WESTERVELT ENGINEERING REPORT COPIES TO: MESTERVELT ENGINEERING

* Border-Clegg & Company Ltd. 13C Semberton Ave. North Vancouver, B.C. Canada VTP 2R5 Phone: (604) 985-0681 Telex: 04-352667



Certificate of Analysis

REPORT: 42	7-3648		PROJECT: SECRET PASS PAGE 1
Sample Number	ELEHENT Au Units opt	Ag OPT	
R2 #1 R2 #2 R2 #3	0.362 0.051 0.002	0.22 0.04 <0.02	

Allen

Appendix 5

WRITER'S CERTIFICATE

I, Ralph D. Westervelt, M.Sc., P.Eng., Geological Consultant of #401 - 1112 West Pender Street

Vancouver, B.C. V6E 2S1

do hereby certify that:

- 1. I am a Mining Geology graduate from the University of Toronto (B.A. Sc., 1956) and an Economic Geology graduate from Queen's University (M.Sc., 1960).
- 2. I am a registered member of the Association of Professional Engineers in the provinces of Ontario and British Columbia.
- I have practiced my profession as a Geologist continuously since graduation in mining and exploration for various companies in Canada and commenced private geological consulting in Vancouver in 1969.
- 4. My report is based on my personal field examination of the Secret Pass property herein described in June 1987 and on my review of the historical and technical data available on the property to date.
- I have no interest, nor do I expect to receive any interest, either directly or indirectly, in the firm of Fischer-Watt Gold Co. Inc., or in the securities of IPC International Prospector Corp., or in the Secret Pass property as herein described.
- 6. I herewith grant my permission for IPC International Prospector Corp. to use this report in a Prospectus to be filed with the B.C. Superintendent of Brokers and Vancouver Stock Exchange related to the raising of public funding.

Dated at VANCOUVER, B.C. on this 18th day of June, 1987.



R.D. Westervelt, M.Sc., P.Eng.

Kultunet, Peroj.

WESTERVELT ENGINEERING LTD.

401 - 1112 West Pender Street, Vancouver, B.C. V6E 2S1 Telephone: (604) 683-3910

September 14, 1987

The President and Directors
IPC International Prospector Corp.
12th Floor - 1190 Hornby Street
Vancouver, B.C. V6Z 2L3

Gentlemen:

Addendum to the Summary Review Report on the Secret Pass Property, Arizona by Westervelt Engineering Ltd. dated June 18, 1987.

Subject: Recent Assessment Drilling - Tin Cup Area

Persuant to the U.S. Federal and State regulations requiring annual assessment work on mining claims by September 1st. of each year, the firm of Fischer-Watt Mining Co. Inc. supervised the drilling of six reverse circulation holes within the Tin Cup area on the Secret Pass property in late August.

The results from this program were received on September 11th. and have since been reviewed and discussed in detail with Mr. Bud Hillemeyer of the Fischer-Watt staff in Kingman, Arizona. The summary data is herewith presented for your consideration.

<u>DRILLING</u> As shown on the attached plan, 6 holes were completed within the immediate Tin Cup area as follows:

Hole No.	Direction	<u>Dip</u>	Final Depth
TC 87- 1	N 42° E	-62°	260
TC 87- 4	S 43° W	-58°	260
TC 87-6	s 38° W	−56°	240
TC 87-10	S 40° W	-60°	260 '
TC 87-11	s 39° W	− 70°	300 '
TC 87-14	-	vertical	400'
		Tota	1720°

ASSAY DATA All holes were sampled at continuous 5 foot intervals with gold content being determined by fire assay/atomic absorption methods. Check assaying is currently being carried out. Summary results as follows:

Hole No. TC 87- 1		Interval 140'-145' 195'-200'	Length 5' 5'	Assay (oz Au/ton) 0.090 0.074
TC 87- 4		no signific	ant assays	
TC 87- 6	or or	115'-150' 150'-180' 180'-215' 115'-215' 115'-180'	35' 30' 35' 100' 65'	0.030 0.118 0.018 0.052 0.071
TC 87-10		160'-180'	20"	0.065
TC 87-11	or	145'-175' 175'-195' 195'-230' 230'-300' 145'-300'	30' 20' 35' 70' 155'	0.103 0.009 0.030 0.136 0.089

Notably the last 5' of hole (295'-300') assayed 0.321 oz Au/ton.

TC 87-14	With all high	n grade sections	cut back	to 1	. oz	Au/ton.
	180"-250"	70'	0.282			
	250 '-275'	25 °	0.046			
	275*-320*	45 °	0.026			
	3201-400	<u>80</u> "	0.228			
01	180*-400*	220	0.183			

On an uncut basis, this hole assayed

Notably the last 5' of hole (395'-400') assayed 0.192 oz Au/ton.

SUMMARY CONCLUSIONS

The recent drilling has confirmed the widespread nature of the gold mineralization in the Tin Cup area and has substantiated the earlier drill data and recommendations contained in my report of June 18th 1987. Holes 1 and 4

were drilled on the southeastern extension of the Tin Cup zone and, as anticipated, confirmed the weakening of the mineralization in this direction.

Hole 14 is particularly encouraging and significant. Although this is a vertical hole on a steeply dipping structure, the available data suggests a true width in the range of 120' and this implies some expansion of the original high-grade core anticipated in the Tin Cup zone.

Hillemyer has also confirmed a recent prospecting discovery about ½ mile northwest of the Tin Cup area along the same fault structure. This had previously been missed and he advises the alteration and silicification is far stronger and more impressive than on any zones yet recognized on the property. This will be an additional priority exploration target when further work is carried out.

This recent data has confirmed the Secret Pass property as an attractive exploration target with the conclusions, recommendations, and budget estimates as contained in my original report remaining valid and justified.

R. D. WESTERVELT

BRITISH

COLUMBIA

COLUMBIA

COLUMBIA

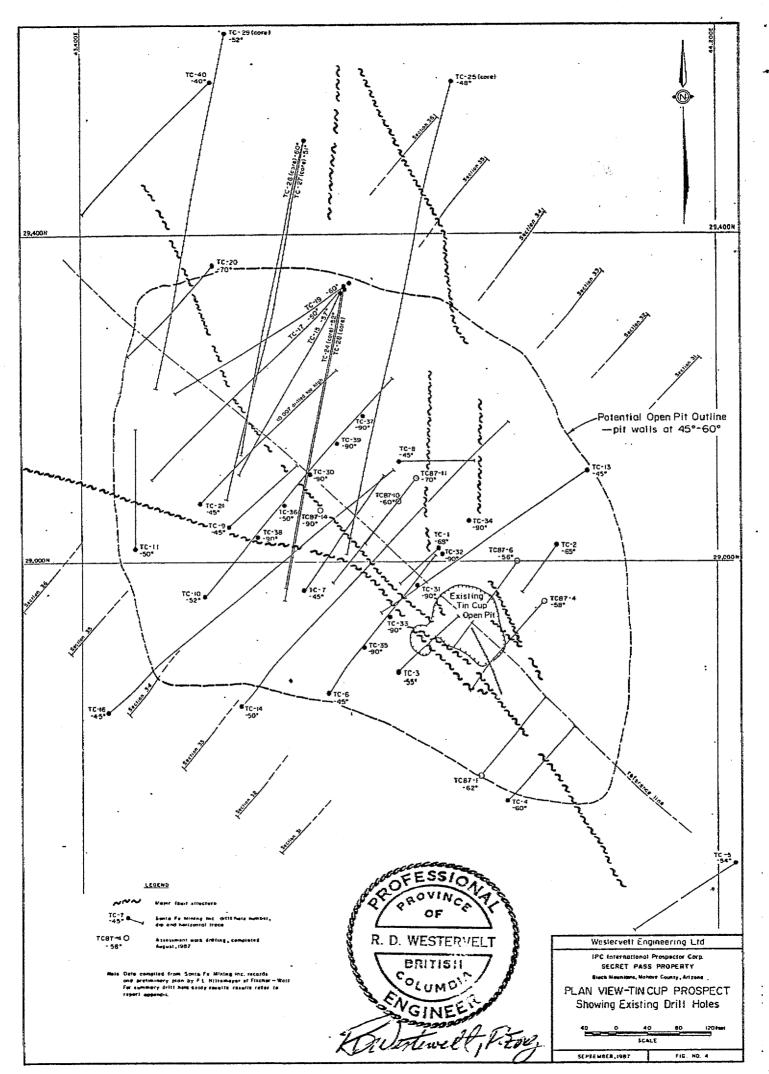
Yours very truly WESTERVELT ENGINEERING LTD.

R. D. Westervelt, P.Eng.

Vancouver, B.C. September 14, 1987

Attachment: Plan View - Tin Cup Prospect

Showing Existing Drill Holes and New Assessment Drill Holes.



Spende Man --

CERTIFICATE OF THE ISSUER AND THE PROMOTERS

DATED: OCTOBER 23, 1987

The foregoing constitutes full, true and plain disclosure of all material facts relating to the securities offered by this Prospectus as required by the Securities Act and its regulations.

THE COMPANY

Rahoul Sharan

Chief Executive Officer

Ross Gálbraith

Chief Financial Officer

ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Larry Buchanan

Director

Brij Raj Sharan

Director

PROMOTERS

Rahoul Sharan

Ross Galbraith

CERTIFICATE OF THE AGENTS

DATED: October 23, 1987

To the best of our knowledge, information and belief the foregoing constitutes full, true and plain disclosure of all material facts relating to the securities offered by this Prospectus as required by the Securities Act and its regulations.

CONTINENTAL CARLISLE DOUGLAS

Per:

MERIT INVESTMENT CORPORATION

Per:

THIS PROSPECTUS CONSTITUTES A PUBLIC OFFERING OF THESE SECURITIES ONLY IN THOSE JURISDICTIONS WHERE THEY MAY BE LAWFULLY OFFERED FOR SALE AND THEREIN ONLY BY PERSONS PERMITTED TO SELL SUCH SECURITIES.

NO SECURITIES COMMISSION OR SIMILAR AUTHORITY IN CANADA HAS IN ANY WAY PASSED UPON THE MERITS OF THE SECURITIES OFFERED HEREUNDER AND ANY REPRESENTATION TO THE CONTRARY IS AN OFFENCE.

PROSPECTUS



DATED: OCTOBER 23, 1987

PROSPECTOR CORP.

(hereinafter called the "Issuer")
1450 Sasamat Street, Vancouver, British Columbia V6R 4G4

PUBLIC OFFERING 450,000 Common Shares

Shares	Price to Public (2)	Commission	Net Proceeds to be Received by the Issuer (1)
Per Share	\$1.00	\$0.10	\$0.90
	\$450,000.00	\$45,000.00	\$405,000.00

⁽¹⁾ Before deduction of the costs of the issue estimated to be \$40,000.00.

THERE IS NO MARKET THROUGH WHICH THE SECURITIES OFFERED HEREUNDER MAY BE SOLD. AS THE ISSUER'S PROPERTY IS IN THE EXPLORATION AND DEVELOPMENT STAGE, A PURCHASE OF THE SECURITIES OFFERED BY THIS PROSPECTUS MUST BE CONSIDERED AS SPECULATION. THE PRICE OF THIS ISSUE HAS BEEN DETERMINED BY NEGOTIATION BETWEEN THE ISSUER AND THE AGENTS. NO SURVEY OF ANY PROPERTY OF THE ISSUER HAS BEEN MADE AND THEREFORE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE LAWS OF THE JURISDICTION IN WHICH THE PROPERTIES ARE SITUATE, THEIR EXISTENCE AND AREA COULD BE IN DOUBT. SEE ALSO THE HEADING "RISK FACTORS" HEREIN.

NO PERSON IS AUTHORIZED BY THE ISSUER TO PROVIDE ANY INFORMATION OR TO MAKE ANY REPRESENTATION OTHER THAN THOSE CONTAINED IN THIS PROSPECTUS IN CONNECTION WITH THE ISSUE AND SALE OF THE SECURITIES OFFERED BY THE ISSUER.

UPON COMPLETION OF THIS OFFERING THIS ISSUE WILL REPRESENT 24.4% OF THE SHARES THEN OUTSTANDING AS COMPARED TO 48.93% THAT WILL THEN BE OWNED BY THE PROMOTERS, DIRECTORS AND SENIOR OFFICERS OF THE ISSUER AND ASSOCIATES OF THE UNDERWRITERS. REFER TO THE HEADING "PRINCIPAL HOLDER OF SECURITIES" HEREIN FOR DETAILS OF SHARES HELD BY DIRECTORS, PROMOTERS AND CONTROLLING PERSONS AND ASSOCIATES OF THE UNDERWRITERS.

AN APPLICATION HAS BEEN MADE TO THE VANCOUVER STOCK EXCHANGE FOR A CONDITIONAL LISTING OF THE SECURITIES BEING OFFERED PURSUANT TO THIS PROSPECTUS. LISTING IS SUBJECT TO THE ISSUER FULFILLING ALL THE LISTING REQUIREMENTS OF THE VANCOUVER STOCK EXCHANGE ON OR BEFORE MAY 2, 1988, INCLUDING PRESCRIBED DISTRIBUTION AND FINANCIAL REQUIREMENTS.

UNDERWRITERS OWN SHARES IN THE CAPITAL OF THE ISSUER. SEE "PLAN OF DISTRIBUTION".

ONE OR MORE OF THE DIRECTORS OF THE ISSUER HAS AN INTEREST, DIRECT OR INDIRECT, IN OTHER NATURAL RESOURCE COMPANIES. REFERENCE SHOULD BE MADE TO THE HEADING "DIRECTORS AND OFFICERS" HEREIN FOR A COMMENT AS TO THE RESOLUTION OF POSSIBLE CONFLICTS OF INTEREST. THIS PROSPECTUS ALSO QUALIFIES THE ISSUANCE OF THE AGENTS' WARRANTS AND DISTRIBUTION AT THE MARKET PRICE PREVAILING AT THE TIME OF SALE OF ANY SHARES PURCHASED BY THE AGENTS HEREUNDER. THE AGENTS ARE ENTITLED PURSUANT TO THE SECURITIES ACT AND ITS REGULATIONS TO SELL ANY SHARES ACQUIRED ON THE EXERCISE OF THE AGENTS' WARRANTS WITHOUT FURTHER QUALIFICATION. SEE "PLAN OF DISTRIBUTION".

WE, AS AGENTS, CONDITIONALLY OFFER THESE SECURITIES SUBJECT TO PRIOR SALE, IF, AS AND WHEN ISSUED BY THE ISSUER AND ACCEPTED BY US IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE CONDITIONS CONTAINED IN THE AGENCY AGREEMENT REFERRED TO UNDER THE HEADING "PLAN OF DISTRIBUTION" IN THIS PROSPECTUS SUBJECT TO APPROVAL OF ALL LEGAL MATTERS ON BEHALF OF THE ISSUER BY CASEY, O'NEILL & BENCE, AND ON OUR BEHALF BY OUR LEGAL COUNSEL.

NAME & ADDRESS OF AGENTS

CONTINENTAL CARLISLE DOUGLAS

#1000 - 1055 Dunsmuir Street Vancouver, British Columbia V6C 1A8

MERIT INVESTMENT CORPORATION

#1500 - 625 Howe Street Vancouver, British Columbia V6C 2T6

EFFECTIVE DATE: NOVEMBER 2, 1987

⁽²⁾ The purchase price per Common share, after giving effect to this issue and assuming the Agents have not exercised any of the Agents' Warrants exceeds the net book value thereof as at June 30, 1987 by \$0.71 per share which represents a dilution of 71%.

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FINANCIAL STATEMENTS as at June 30, 1987 ENGINEERING/CONSULTANTS' REPORTS CERTIFICATE PAGES **ASARCO**

May 29, 1987

Secret Passe

R.L. Brown New York Office

> May 1987 Monthly Report Mohave County, AZ

FRK

	Field Days	Office Days	Samples Collected	Assay Cost	Expense Account	Truck Expense
To Date	37	28	124	\$1,314.80	\$3,412.71	\$1,499.89
May 1987	8	6	119	1,208.30	417.16	477.95

Work this month concentrated on evaluation of 3 major solicited submittals: Gold Basin (North Cyclopic), Secret Pass, and Mossback. At each of these areas all significant targets appear to have been tested and additional sampling/examination has not turned up viable drill targets for Asarco.

At Gold Basin an iron oxide color anomaly 2 miles NW on strike with the Cyclopic Mine synform/stacked listric fault breccia zone was sampled. 1982 Sampling by U.S. Borax in Sec. 24, T28N, R19W containing the color anomaly showed 14 of 36 rock samples with .02-.06 ppm Au with one 6.5 ppm Au dump sample and a mean of 1.3 ppm Ag for all 36 samples. The hematic-goethitic color anomaly is developed in soil and subcrop over gneissic diorite/granite bedrock and appears similar to that found at the Cyclopic Mine. The sampled anomaly is also in a similar structural/topographic basin situation to Cyclopic with potential for placer and supergene/lag enrichment beneath shallow cover that might be tested by a backhoe trenching or shallow trakdrilling program. 10 Rock and 90 <10 mesh soil samples were collected on a 100-200' grid over a 3000' \times 500-800' area covering the color anomaly. The Au soil values showed 18 of 90 samples ≥0.02 ppm with 9 ≥.03 ppm and 3:.04-.06 ppm. The higher soil values were narrowly concentrated along the NNW striking 80°W dipping (Rock Assays .006-3.5 ppm Au) hematic shear-breccia zone trend and a 400×400 area 500 feet to the north which showed an average .03 ppm from 8 samples. Examination of float, subcrop in this area showed weak chloritic alteration, green feldspars and thin sideritic veinlets that probably carry the Au values, but topography here suggests that a well mineralized low angle breccia zone, if present, would have a high strippingratio. The area with the most intense hematitic color anomaly showed generally .01 ppm Au or less. Only 6 of 100 Ag values were >.2 ppm - usually .2 ppm suggesting a high analytical background for U.S. Borax results.

Overall the weak and restricted anomalies in the sampled zone do not suggest a viable target for further testing. Some 400+ samples assayed for 10 elements over the 59 claims in the property do not suggest the possibility of more than 1 m.t. @ 0.04 opt Au shallow potential. 16 (5645' total) - U.S. Borax RDH (1983) on the west flank of the Cyclopic synform showed that +.01 opt, open-pittable Au seldom significantly spreads out into low angle breccia zones

from higher-angle, better mineralized feeders. At present the Gold Basin/Lost Basin districts even with widespread but spotty Au shows must be relegated to a lower priority reconnaissance area.

At Secret Pass on the east margin of the Black Range 10 miles north or Oatman, Santa Fe Mining has spent some \$1 million drilling 90+ DH (32,000' total) developing some 45,000 oz. "geologic resource" OP-UG Au (details in Mohave Co. Au "Reserves" memo 3/16/87). The best stockwork-fissure vein mineralization is found along the SW boundary of a Precambrian granite horst in contact with mid-Tertiary andesitic Volcanics--all locally intruded by rhyolite dike swarms. The NW-striking, high-angle controlling structures (cauldron margin?) split and splay to the NW rolling to lower angles into the listric normal detachment breccia mineralized systems (6-8 miles NW) at Union Pass-Frisco and Roadside Mines. E-W to NE cross structures localize quartz-pyrite Au mineralization with minor sericitic K-spar flooding. Three days field plus several days of office work with Santa Fe's voluminous data package (+400 assays, many with 16 elements - extensive mapping at several scales, drill logs and sections) failed to turn up any significant area worthy of additional testing although the volcanics are among the most spectacular I have ever seen. Santa Fe has reclaimed their drill roads and is already reducing their voluminous holdings - 15 sq. miles including their fee-checkerboard burro pasture.

This project is a good example of how the railroad, successors to the oil companies, spend exploration dollars. However, in all fairness to Santa Fe, an early DH, unfortunately down structure, cut 90' of 0.60 opt Au with 60' @ 0.10 opt below.

At the skeleton of Crown Resources Mossback property (260 claims down from 1200 HIMCO claims) several field days of review/reconnaissance failed to turn up any high priority untested targets. This area is essentially the eastern exposed cauldron margin, central resurgent dome/intrusive portion of the nested cauldron complex which includes the Gold Road-Oatman complex vein systems several miles to the south. Although the property covers extensive hot spring zones (siliceous sinter, jarosite ± alunite disseminated pyrite, widespread clay-sericite alteration) only traces of Au-Ag (900 samples) and weak Hg anomalies are found on the surface except in structures. Several drilling campaigns by Houston, Meridian and Crown have found only a few 0.0X ppm Au zones at OP depths (28 RDH: 8700' total). The vein-breccia systems lacing the claims locally show several ppm Au in surface cuts, have negliable production, but only local +10' intercepts of +1 ppm mineralization at depth with insignificant stockwork disseminated mineralization. It would appear that there is little chance of developing a significant bulk-tonnage target in this part of the district. However, at the Moss Mine adjoining to the West Earl Harrison has installed a new headframe and hoist and is retimbering the shaft for further testing/development of a reported ½ m.t. @ .06 opt Au including 90,000 @ 0.13 opt Au. 1940 Asarco sampling suggests these reserves are possible.

16 Samples were taken at the <u>Liberty Mine</u> color anomaly (Sec. 32, 33, T27N, R21W) 1 mile SE of the Van Deeman deposit (2.2 m.t. @ .042 opt Au) in Precambrian mica schist, granitic and dioritic gneiss. This is another stacked

listric fault breccia situation with minor UG production from flat stopes where intersected by higher angle feeders. Values across several feet of structure range up to 4-18 ppm Au and 38 ppm Ag. Freeport drilled ± 22 RDH in the property in 1985; my results from cuttings run from <.02-.2 ppm Au. The Freeport geologist said that they only encountered a few 5-10' zones of 0.1 opt Au near to high-low angle breccia intersections and that below the oxidization level ($\pm 100^{\circ}$) values dropped off sharply. Freeport has returned the property to the Kunkes, the underlying claimants of most of the nearby countryside including Van Deeman, who have promised to show me the data from Liberty and their other holdings.

At <u>Van Deeman Arizona Star/Fischer Watt</u> has started a 10,000 foot step-out and <u>fill-in RDH</u> program. They will also be drilling a juicy-looking similar area several miles to the north next to Lake Mead Nat. Rec. Area where Amselco locally got encouragement 4 years ago.

At the <u>Gold Bug</u> vein 1 mile SE of the Liberty, Ivy Minerals has essentially completed their shaft refurbishment and will start breaking their 300T +4 opt Au rock plus 5000T of 1 opt Au in June (possibly shipping to Asarco smelters). They are collecting old mill parts for assembly when they pay-back their development costs and are starting a minor UG DDH program to locate vein splits.

Chevron is reportedly now drilling at Mockingbird. No new drilling activity has taken place at Galli Exploration's Pilgrim property. Ed Huskinson, a Kingman geologist, is evaluating the Frisco property for "Toronto Interests" and will track-drill this summer. Sharon Steel has been negotiating with 2 companies (much more seriously since Chapter 11 proceedings): Royal Gold Resources a Denver company trying to put together a package of potential gold mines and an unnamed major Australian mining company (no comment if Western Mining) for the Gold Road property.

No new work is planned for Mohave Co. until late fall, although short reports and ERS sheets will trickle out in the near future. See Esmeralda County report for time forecast.

FRK:mek

F. R. Koutz

cc: W.L. Kurtz J.D. Sell



June 15, 1987

TO:

J.D. Sell/ W.L.

Tucson Office

FROM:

F.R. Koutz Reno Office

Secret Pass (Santa Fe) Property

Mohave Co., AZ

Fischer-Watt Gold Co.

Last week I finally got ahold of Fred Jenkins, Mgr. Santa Fe/ Pacific in Albuquerque to officially tell him that I was no longer interested in their Secret Pass Property. He mentioned that he understood that a company associated with Fischer-Watt had taken over the ground. This was all handled by the RR-property people several levels over Jenkins' head.

Bud Hillemeyer says that a new Canadian "penny-stock" company "International Prospectors Ltd." Raul Scheran, promotor has a 50/50 JV interest in Secret Pass with FWG. IP Ltd. will spend the first \$50,000 starting September 1 grid-drilling on 50' centers the area around the Tin Cup Mine (op) to prove up a potential 370,000T @ 0.15 opt Au (very high stripping ratio). The data on the property: rolled maps and file of reports and maps are out in my office. Hillemeyer had looked at the data in late 1986 and thought Santa Fe's terms too steep (± \$200,000 work commitment). Apparently Larry Buchanin "daisy- chained" the property to IP Ltd. at a present cost to FWG of only \$5,000. I suspect that IP Ltd./ FWG will be able to prove up their 50,000 oz or so of gold, centered around Santa Fe's 90' of 0.60 opt Au in one drill hole down structure. Santa Fe's drilling has virtually eliminated OP potential for much more than this. Santa Fe was looking for a minimum of 600,000 oz gold for them to operate.

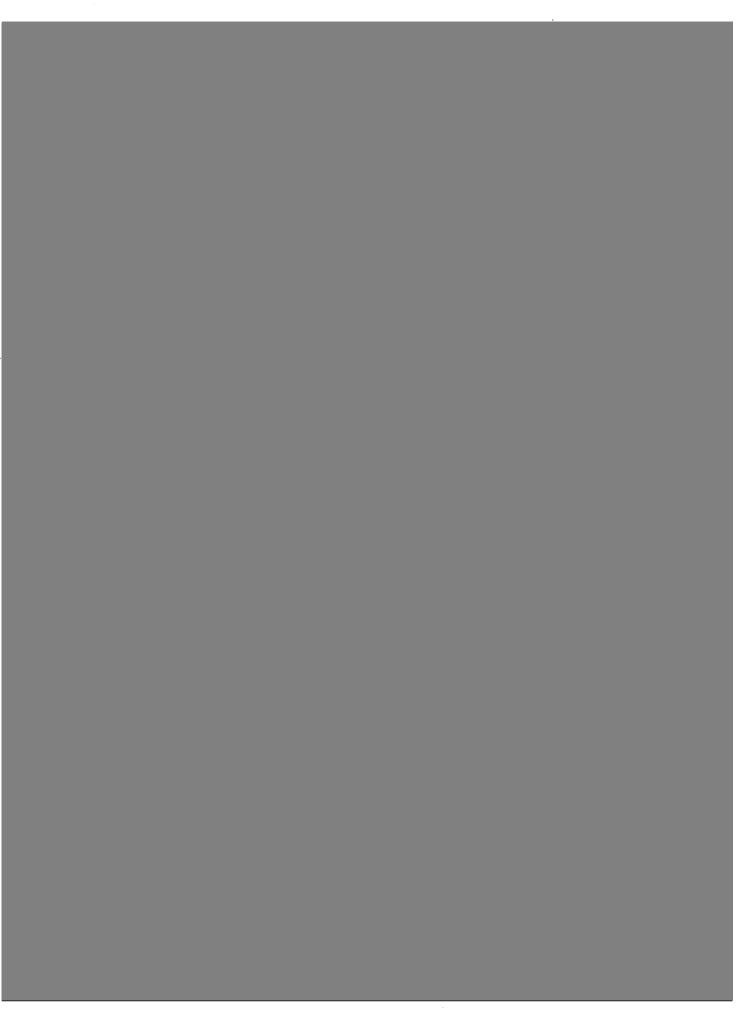
Fischer-Watt has also picked up a property near Lovelock, NV, that they will drill themselves this summer. Horizon Gold is drilling the center of FWG's Golden Syncline property west of Needles. The flat fault has been cut in the syncline center but assays are pending. FWG has also picked up Rancher's old Mystic property north of Sun City, AZ. - do the save-ile som original work FWG found only \$1.50/yd³ in sampling the Rich Hill placers at Congress-Octave. This was much less (10%?) of what they needed to operate. Rather aggressive for a 3-5 man company!

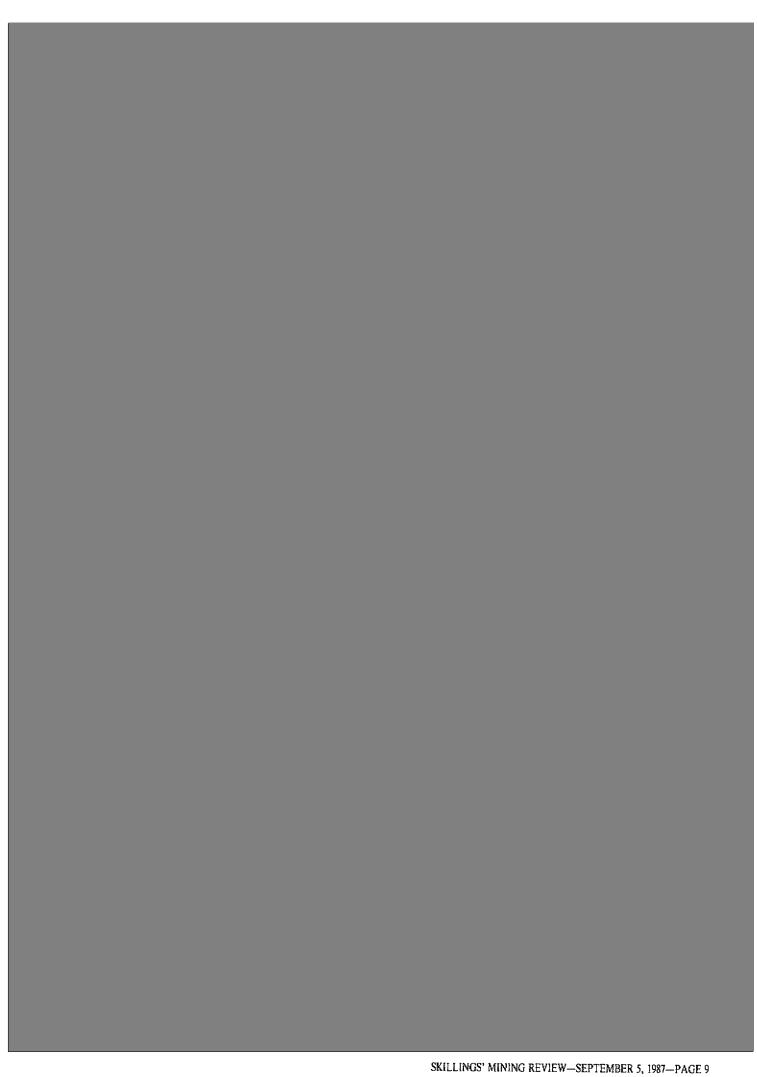
F.R. Koutz

Reno, Nevada

FRK; mar

JBS





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+*Mossback (Crown Res./Sutton) 259 + 5 pat. claims (Ex-1200 HIMCO
Brad Peek (Geol)
                                                         claims)
```

1-5 m.t. @ 0.07 opt Au (Ex-potential-disproved) Meridian (1982) 8 1982 RDH 3735' - Calc. + Qtz HW stockwork of Mossback vein

a few 5-10' intercepts of .X-1 ppm Au hit.

20 1984 RDH 5000', Sec. 16 hot spring(jar + alunite), NY +N vein a few O.OX ppm Au zones hit in v. strong dissem. py zones ±"shal Have data maps-data-worth low priority recon. Moss Porphyry margin.

**Secret Pass/Tincup Mine (Santa Fe/Pacific Mining)Fred Jenkins, Mgr. ABQ Martin Steinpress, Geol. (ARW+)

90 DH, 6 areas, about \$1 million spent

74.000T @ 0.11 .02 c/o 5.6/1 w/o Tincup (op)

108,000T @ 0.053 .02 c/o 3/1 w/o FM area (op)

400,000T @ 0.07 .01 c/o NW Tincup UG "Geologic Resource" including 92,000T @ 0.20 .10 c/o NW Tincup UG "Geologic Resource" $\pm 45,000$ oz. total, \pm fair potential for additional UG Geol.Res. \pm op mineral in vicinity, complex land situation (State + RR checkerboard, Pat + Unpat. claims). Stockwork (not vein) mineraliz. in p& Gr + T and. - not detachment. Have data packet for detailed field review; SF wants + \$200,000 buy out.

*Moss Mine (Moss and Ruth veins) Production: 64T @ 280! opt Au (1884) Total: 25-30,000 oz. Au to 1930's

200,000T @ 0.11 opt Au,0.6 opt Ag to 300'level: ∨n 40-60' wide 1940 Tonapah Belmont

19,000T @ 0.29 Au + 1.4 Ag UG (300' level)

F.M. Stevens (Asarco)

400,000T @ 0.1 opt Potential

30,000T @ 0.13 opt Au (op) Bill Faulta drill data (F-W/WLK notes) 500,000T @ 0.06 opt includes above. Peter Drobeck 3/87. Harrison Resources pouring shaft collar for retimbering main shaft 3/11/87.

**Gold Road:

395,000T @ .245 opt Au diluted to 5'+15% = Mineable SAA/JRS 1942 USSR&M or 556,000T @ .24 opt Au +0.28 Ag

plus 560,000T @ .21 opt Au inferred (Gold Road-Red Top)

Tails: 20,000T @ .08 opt Au Drilled 1930's(80,000T remilled 1930's-'42) $\pm 1,000,000$ T @ .02-.03 opt Au - production records.

1,691,000T @ 0.34 opt Au - production

Sharon Steel (1987) feasibility study; maybe looking for partner-turned down Echo Bay (1986).

*Datman: United Western ±200,000T @ 0.2 opt Au (vn) Fischer-Watt (Sun River Au)

Tom Reed Tails 1.5 m.t. @ 0.025 opt Au

Vivian Area: ±100,000T @ 0.2-0.3 opt Au Sun River Gold Potential (UG) or $\pm 125,000$ T 0 0.25 opt Au Sun River Gold calc. from GCNL 2/12/87 Oro Fino Vn pot: 20,000T @ 0.3 opt Au Pete Drobeck 1987 Drilling (BX)

CORGE CROSS NEWS LETTER LTD.NO.24(1988)

PAGE THREE FEBRUARY 4, 1988

FURITHFERST TEAR OF PUBLICATION NO.24(FEBRUARY 4, 1988) GEORGE CROSS NEWS LETTER LID.

रिक्र इ.स.



January 27, 1989

FILE NOTE

Western States Minerals Corp. Mohave County, Arizona

At the Valuation Short Course, I talked with Richard McNeely, Northern Regional Manager for Western States Minerals Corporation, and later met Mr. Buck Morrow, President.

Some of the items gleaned:

- 1) They have finished leaching the Portland Mine after placing some 750,000 tons on the pads, with some 52,500 ounces gold contained. (No report on recovered ounces gold, but they reported 100,000 ounces of recovered silver in the dore).
- At Portland, they found that the mineralized zone pinched and swelled along strike as well as down dip and this provided the additional ore.
- 3) They have picked up the Mockingbird property but have only drilled several holes rather close to the outcrop trend and found only similar thin, 4-10 foot thickness, zone as found in outcrop. However, they intend to drill down dip toward the volcanic hill to the east where they anticipate a frontal fault and increased thickness, by splaying out or increased subparallel fracturing to the main detachment zone. This drilling may be started early this spring.
- 4. They also have picked up the <u>Tin Cup zone</u> (S. Oatman) which is plus-minus on strike with the Fisher-Watt-Santa Fe Secret Pass deposit (±50,000 tons of 0.6 opt gold). Western States also has a <u>Secret Pass</u> prospect which is east of FWSF's deposit over a ridge line. They picked the property up based on the number of shafts and pits located around a reported porphyry zone exposed. A road cuts the southeast corner of the Secret Pass property.
- 5. They also picked up the <u>Black Dyke</u> property on the north side of the Roadside Mine and have a small property position in the <u>Hackberry District</u> adjacent to the <u>Hualapai Reservation NE</u> of Kingman.
- 6. They are now putting into production a small property in Winnemucca, Nevada, called the Willard Deposit and will also place the Tecoma (Noranda's) deposit in production this year.

JDS:mek

James D. Sell

cc: W.L. Kurtz
F.T. Graybeal

* NO.140(JULY 20, 1990) * GEORGE CROSS NEWS LETTER LTD. * FORTY-THIRD YEAR OF PUBLICATION *

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NO.76(1991) APRIL 19, 1991

George Cross News Letter
"Reliable Reporting"

APRIL 19, 1991

WESTERN CANADIAN INVESTMENTS

NO.76(1991) -

P.O. BOX 10363 STOCK

V7Y 105 (604) 683-7265

FAX (604) 683-5306

31, 1991, which will expire if not utilized by December 31, 2004. The Company has book loss carryforwards of \$1,314,000 at January 31, 1991. Loss carryforwards may be limited if there is a significant change in the ownership of the Company.

The difference between the tax loss and the net loss reflected in the accompanying statements of operations results primarily from capitalizing exploration and mine development costs for financial reporting purposes and deducting those costs for tax reporting purposes, partially offset by a lack of tax basis in properties sold or abandoned.

Earnings Per Share

Net loss per common share has been computed on the basis of the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during each period. Shares issuable upon exercise of outstanding stock options have been excluded from the computation as their effect would be anti-dilutive.

Reclassifications &

Certain reclassifications have been made in the 1990 and 1989 financial statements to conform to those classifications used in 1991.

Note 3: Time Deposit at Bank

The time deposit at bank bears interest at 7.125% and matures August 22, 1991. It has been pledged as collateral for a loan made by the bank to an officer, director and major shareholder of the Company.

Note 4: Property and Equipment

Mineral Interests

Fischer-Watt has a variety of exploration and development stage mineral interests, the most significant of which are discussed below.

Hayden Hill (California)

This property consists of several patented and unpatented claims, initially held by Fischer-Watt. The property is being developed by Lassen Gold Mining, Inc., a subsidiary of Amax Gold Inc. ("AGI"). Fischer-Watt has a 5% net operating profits royalty interest which is the sole collateral for its long-term debt to AGI (see Note 8). Fischer-Watt receives minimum payments of \$100,000 annually which began in 1989. The minimum payments will cease after the earlier of 10 years or the suspension of production after commercial production is achieved. After production-starts, Fischer-Watt may elect to have 85% of the royalty payments applied to reduce its long-term debt to AGI (see Note 8). In 1989, AGI completed a feasibility study showing

proven and probable reserves in excess of 1,400,000 ounces of gold. AGI is now in the permitting process and plans to place the mine into production in late 1991 or early 1992.

Delamar (Nevada)

This property consists of patented claims under lease from United Delamar Mining Company ("UDMC"). The lease expires September 1992, but may be extended by production after that date. Minimum advance royalty payments of \$5,000 per month which began in December 1988 are payable until total royalties paid reach \$2,000,000. After that, minimum advance royalty payments are increased to \$10,000 per month. This property was joint ventured with Alma American Mining Corporation ("Alma") effective April 1989. Fischer-Watt has a 50% carried interest with Alma providing all funding to take the property through production. If Fischer-Watt elects not to participate fully, its interest may be diluted to a 10% net proceeds interest.

Secret Pass (Arizona)

This property consists of unpatented claims and Arizona state leases and prospecting permits. In June 1987, International Prospector, Inc. ("Prospector") of Phoenix was granted an option to acquire a 100% interest in the property from Santa Fe Mining, Inc. ("Santa Fe Option") for \$300,000 to be paid over four years. Fischer-Watt subsequently entered into an agreement with Prospector whereby Fischer-Watt would acquire a 50% participation in the Santa Fe Option and operate the property. In July 1990, Fischer-Watt and Prospector assigned their interest in the property to Axagon Resources Ltd., with Fischer-Watt retaining a 10% net operating profits royalty interest. Axagon has the right to terminate the Santa Fe Option at its discretion.

Sukut (Costa Rica)

This property consists of an 18 square kilometer mineral concession under lease in Costa Rica. In July 1990, Fischer-Watt joint ventured the property to Minnova Inc. Fischer-Watt retained a 1.5% net smelter return royalty interest and a 20% net operating profits royalty interest. Minnova is asking the Costa Rican Assembly to grant the right to perform physical work on the property, which is located on an Indian reservation.

Oatman (United Western) (Arizona)

This property consists of patented and unpatented claims which would require underground development. It has been leased to Sun River Gold Inc. with Fischer-Watt retaining a 5% net smelter return royalty interest.

Emigrant Gulch (Montana)

This property consists of patented and unpatented mining

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FISCHER-WATT GOLD Company, Inc.

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1991 Annual Report

Excellence in Exploration



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NOVEMBER 1990



June 15, 1987

TO:

J.D. Sell/ W.L Kurt

Tucson Office

FROM:

F.R. Koutz Reno Office

Secret Pass (Santa Fe) Property Mohave Co., AZ

Fischer-Watt Gold Co.

Last week I finally got ahold of Fred Jenkins, Mgr. Santa Fe/Pacific in Albuquerque to officially tell him that I was no longer interested in their Secret Pass Property. He mentioned that he understood that a company associated with Fischer-Watt had taken over the ground. This was all handled by the RR-property people several levels over Jenkins' head.

Bud Hillemeyer says that a new Canadian "penny-stock" company "International Prospectors Ltd." Raul Scheran, promotor has a 50/50 JV interest in Secret Pass with FWG. IP Ltd. will spend the first \$50,000 starting September 1 grid-drilling on 50' centers the area around the Tin Cup Mine (op) to prove up a potential 370,000T @ 0.15 opt Au (very high stripping ratio). The data on the property: rolled maps and file of reports and maps are out in my office. Hillemeyer had looked at the data in late 1986 and thought Santa Fe's terms too steep (± \$200,000 work commitment). Apparently Larry Buchanin "daisy- chained" the property to IP Ltd. at a present cost to FWG of only \$5,000. I suspect that IP Ltd./ FWG will be able to prove up their 50,000 oz or so of gold, centered around Santa Fe's 90' of 0.60 opt Au in one drill hole down structure. Santa Fe's drilling has virtually eliminated OP potential for much more than this. Santa Fe was looking for a minimum of 600,000 oz gold for them to operate.

Fischer-Watt has also picked up a property near Lovelock, NV, that they will drill themselves this summer. Horizon Gold is drilling the center of FWG's Golden Syncline property west of Needles. The flat fault has been cut in the syncline center but assays are pending. FWG has also picked up Rancher's old Mystic property north of Sun City, AZ. FWG found only $$1.50/yd^3$ in sampling the Rich Hill placers at Congress-Octave. This was much less (10%?) of what they needed to operate. Rather aggressive for a 3-5 man company!

F.R. Koutz

Reno, Nevada

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June 15, 1987

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Mohave Co., AZ

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F.R. Koutz

Reno, Nevada

Form Revised-June 1980-J.H.C.

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