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P. O. Box 3605 903 University Boulevard Tucson, Arizona 85722

October 19, 1970

Mr. Charles H. Suiter, President Charleston Mines, Incorporated 5008 West Weldon Avenue Phoenix, Arizona 85031 Blind Subject: Tombstone District, Cochise County, Arizona

Dear Mr. Suiter:

Thank you for your very nice letter, dated October 12th, which I have before me.

As you point out, it will take a certain amount of time to go over the data which you have submitted concerning the Charleston Mines property. However, I will do so at my earliest convenience and will contact you at that time.

Yours very truly,

John E. Kinnison Regional Geologist

JEK/bl

b.c.c. Dr. T. F. O'Neil File Blue



AMERICAN SMELTING AND REFINING COMPANY SOUTHWESTERN EXPLORATION DEPARTMENT P. O. BOX 5795, TUCSON, ARIZONA 85703

J. H. COURTRIGHT CHIEF GEOLOGIST L. P. ENTWISTLE ASSISTANT CHIEF GEOLOGIST W. E. SAEGART ASSISTANT CHIEF GEOLOGIST

February 28, 1969

TELEPHONE 602-792-3010

J. E. K.

FEB 2 1969

Mr. E.D. Garnsey 9 Sherwood Yonkers, N.Y. 10704

Dear Mr. Garnsey:

Your letter of February 4 to Mr. Bradford regarding the Tombstone District has been forwarded to this office for a reply.

As you will note from the attached summary, several large mining companies, including ASARCO, have conducted examinations and exploration of the district. Perhaps the most extensive program, carried out by Newmont during 1952 and 1953, involved sinking a shaft, cross cutting and underground drilling.

The principal production came from small but high grade enriched silver deposits at shallow depth in veins and in Cretaceous sedimentary beds. Exploration at depth encountered large volumes of water and only small occurrences of low grade primary silver mineralization.

Yours very truly,

∕J.H. Courtright

JHC:lzb Encl.

cc: JJCollins, w/encl WESaegart, w/encl JEKinnison, w/o encl

J. E. K.

FEB 23 1969

AMERICAN SMELTING AND REFINING COMPANY Tucson Arizona

February 26, 1969

TO: J.H. Courtright

FRCM: J.E. Kinnison

Tembstone District Cochise County, Arizona Status Report

The following is prepared at your request, in response to a letter of inquiry from Hr. E.D. Garnsey of Yonkers, New York.

HISTORY

The Tembstona district, first discovered in 1877, has produced in total to 1936, 37 million dollars derived principally from silvar and to a lesser extent from gold. Half of the total production was made between 1879 and 1885, the yield being 5 million per year for 1881 and 1882. One occurs as small replacement bodies and as narrow fissure veins. Some of the near-surface one was quite rich in silver due to enrichment. The general tener of one bedies mined at greater depth decreased through a range of \pm 50 02. Ag/ton to an average of 11 02. Ag and 0.10 02.Au, for the period of 1908 to 1934.

Vater now stands generally about the 450 feet level. Excessive pumping costs together with depletion of higher-grade reserves caused abandonment of all mining below the water level in 1911. Production continued in the upper levels up to the entrance of the U.S. into W.W.II.

The attached historical summary is copied from the Arizona Bureau of Hinas Bulletin 143, 1938.

PRESENT STATUS

Over the years the many claims at one time held by numerous mining companies have been consolidated into a few major groups. During 1949 ASARCO held an option on a large area in the district, made a thorough examination and dropped the option due to an unfavorable exploration outlook. A few years later, during 1952-1953, Newmont had a field office in Tombstone and made an examination of the district. Since that time, both Bear Creek and Superior Oil have examined the district, and no doubt many other companies have also looked into exploration possibilities, on the fact of substantial past production from the district. During the past two years the local newspapers have given considerable publicity to the district, several small firms have announced interest in the district, and recently a new discovery of a high-grade vein was reported.

John E. Kinnison

JEK:1zb Ecn1.

	1918-32	1915-17	1912-14	1897-1911	1887-96	1881-86	1877-80	Period	•
	0.282- 1.12	0.507- 0.824	0.553- 0.615	11 0.52 - 0.68	0.63 - 1.05	0.99 - 1.14	\$1.15 -\$1.20	d Price of silver	and the second se
1 110 205	5,150,789	1,117,687	379,917	5,575,900	4,564,650	16,877,175	\$ 2,318,567	Production	
Production stimulated by increased price of gold and silver.	Mainly lessee operations. Production of silver during 1918-22 stimu- lated by Pittman Act.	War period. Considerable production of manganiferous silver ore and concentrates.	Lessee operations.	Consolidation of principal properties and attempted unwatering of district by a 1,000-foot pump shaft.	Decreased production due to depletion of many of the large ore bodies above water level.	Active development and large production. Water encountered in mines in 1882, and mills built at Tombstone.	Discovery and early development. Mills built on San Pedro River.	Remarks	

36

Dr. G. A. Kiersch University of Arizona Tucson, Arizona

Dear Sir:

In partial fulfillment of the requirements of geology 110, a geologic mapping course offered by the University of Arizona, I have examined some of the workings of the Tombstone district, Cochise County, Arizona, spending 10 days, from September 3 to September 13, 1952, on the ground, and I herewith submit my report thereon.

My report consists of maps, and related calculations, indexed to mine maps on file at the University of Arizona.

Respectively submitted.

John E. Kinnison Tucson, Arizona Jan. 15, 1953

CONTENTS:

Page

Explanation	1.
Underground geology, drifts on 3rd level	2.
Underground geology, drifts of 3rd level	3.
Underground geology, drifts on 4th level	4.
Index map of Girard stope	5.
Underground geology, Girard stope	6.
Ore calculations, Girard stope	7.
Index map, "three-sided drift map"	8.
"Three-sided drift map"	9.
"Three-sided drift map", continued	10.
plane table survey see report by R. J. Schwart	z

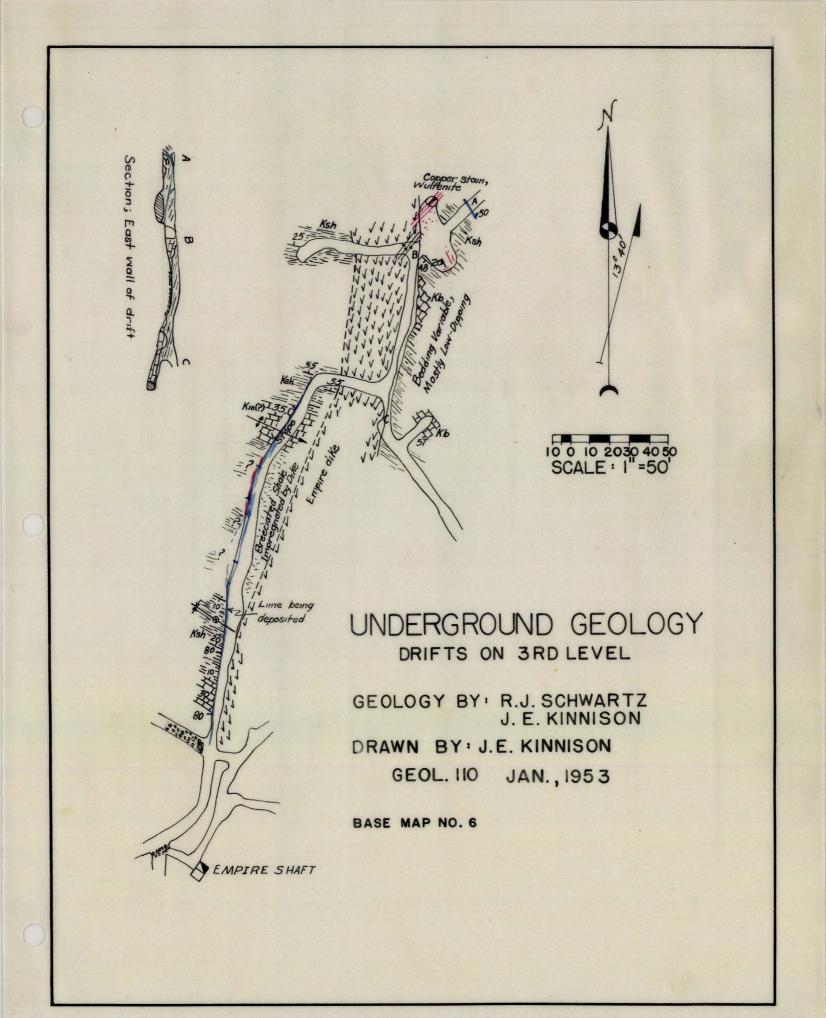
ROCKS SYMBOLS 130 STRIKE & DIP LIMESTONE OF BEDS ×40 FAULT 180 MINERALIZED VEINS SHALE & NE FRACTURES 60 FRACTURE VERTICAL FRACTURE "NOVACULITE" 10 AXIS OF ANTICLINE, SHOWING PLUNGE 10 _ AXIS OF SYNCLINE, DIORITE PORPHYRY SHOWING PLUNGE INDEFINITELY LOCATED STRUCTURE STRATIGRAPHY MAPPED SHAFT HEAD OF RAISE OR WINZE CRETACEOUS \boxtimes BISBEE GROUP FOOT OF RAISE OR WINZE SHALE Ksh CAVED OR FILLED 10-FOOT LIMESTONE Kia AREA SHALE Ksh BLUE LIMESTONE Kb INCLINED WORKINGS, CHEVRONS POINT DOWN "NOVACULITE" Kn PENNSYLVANIAN- PERMIAN NACO LIMESTONE Pn

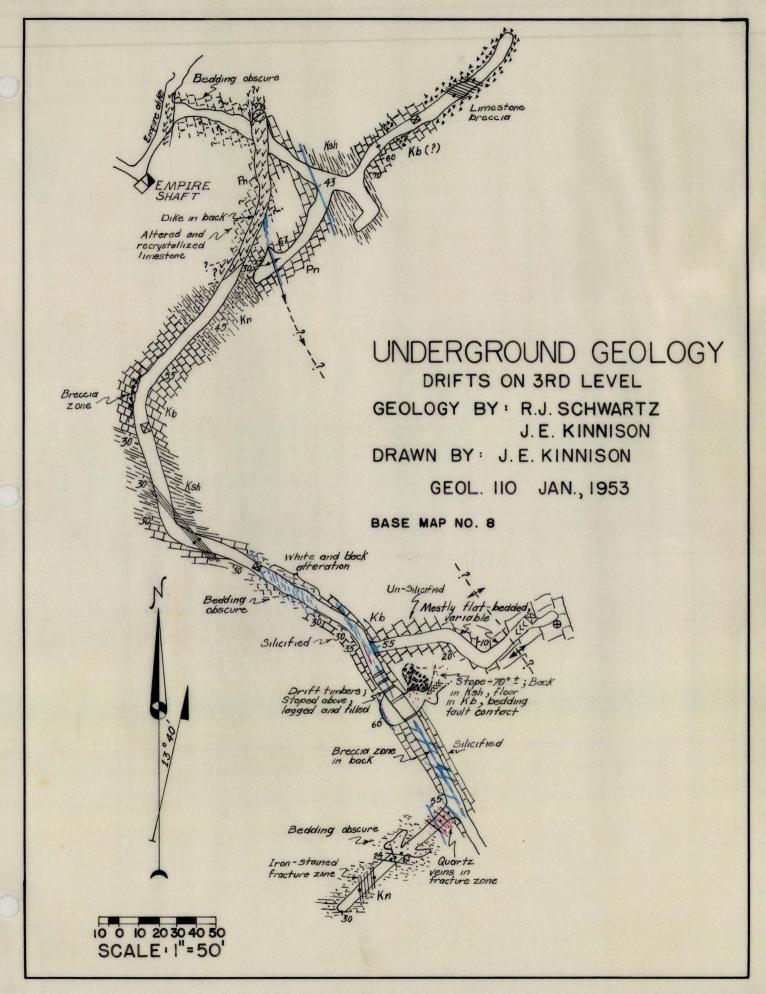
EXPLANATION

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J.E. KINNISON

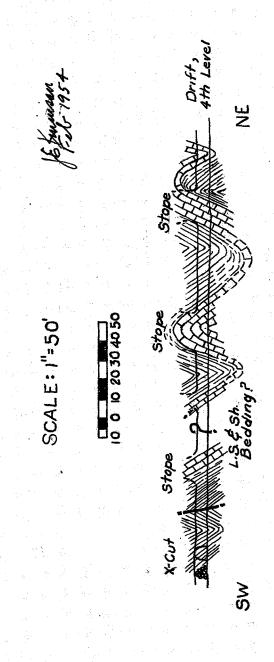
JAN., 1953 GEOL. 110

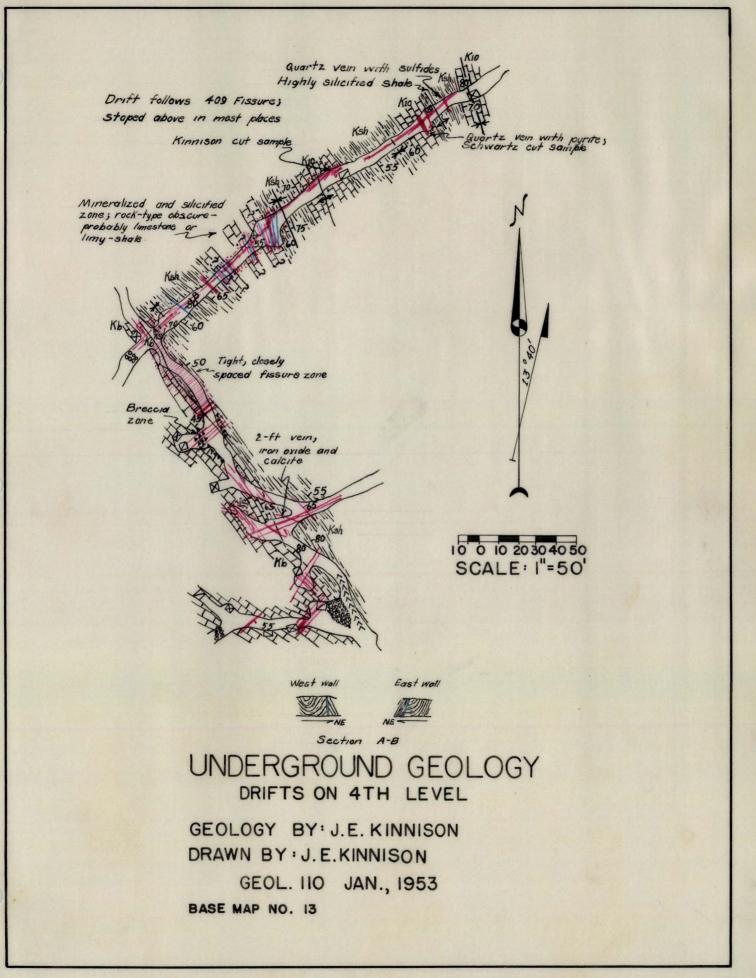




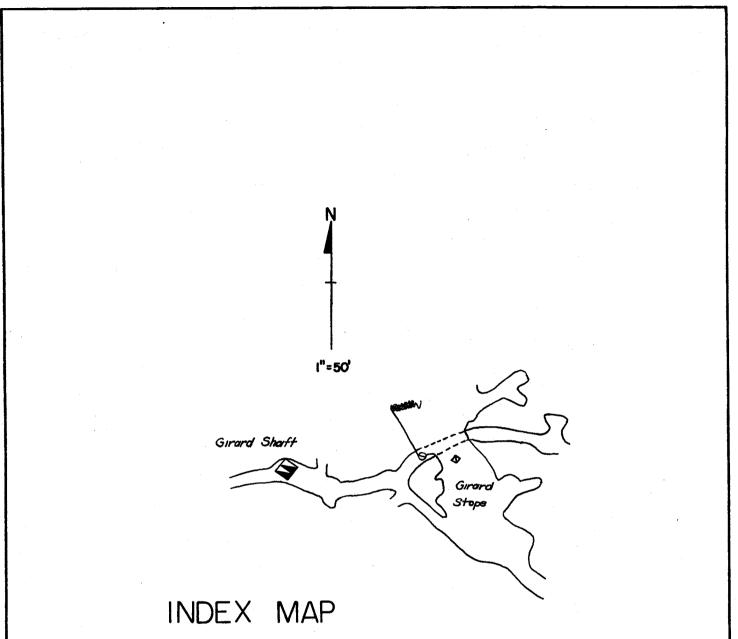
TOMBGTONE

GENERALIZED LONGITUDINAI SECTION ; 409 FISSURE





4.



GIRARD STOPE

BASE MAP NO. 3 Located between 384 Levels

Stope on crest of broad onticline, axis indefinite. Roof in Kn, floor in Pn.

iA

UNDERGROUND GEOLOGY

B-B

Sections

GEOLOGY BY: R.J. SCHWARTZ J.E. KINNISON DRAWN BY: J.E. KINNISON GEOL. 110 JAN., 1953 INDEX MAP, PP. 5

SCALE : 1"= 20

ORE CALCULATIONS:

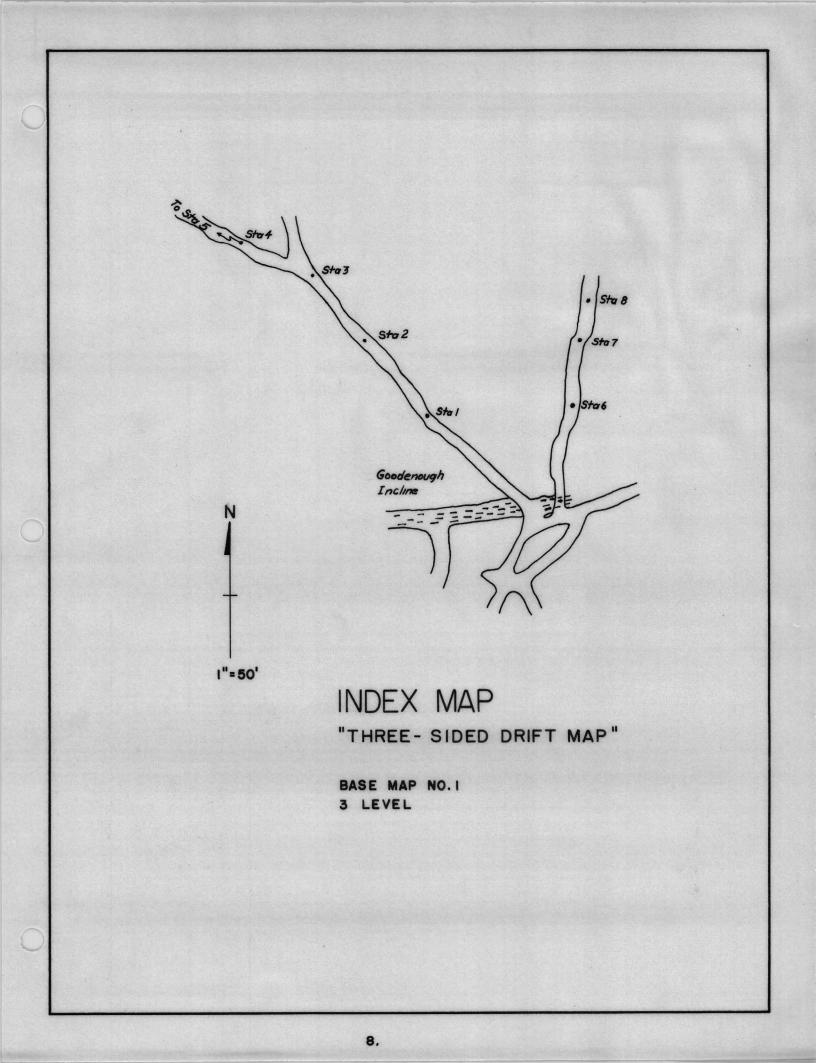
GIRARD STOPE

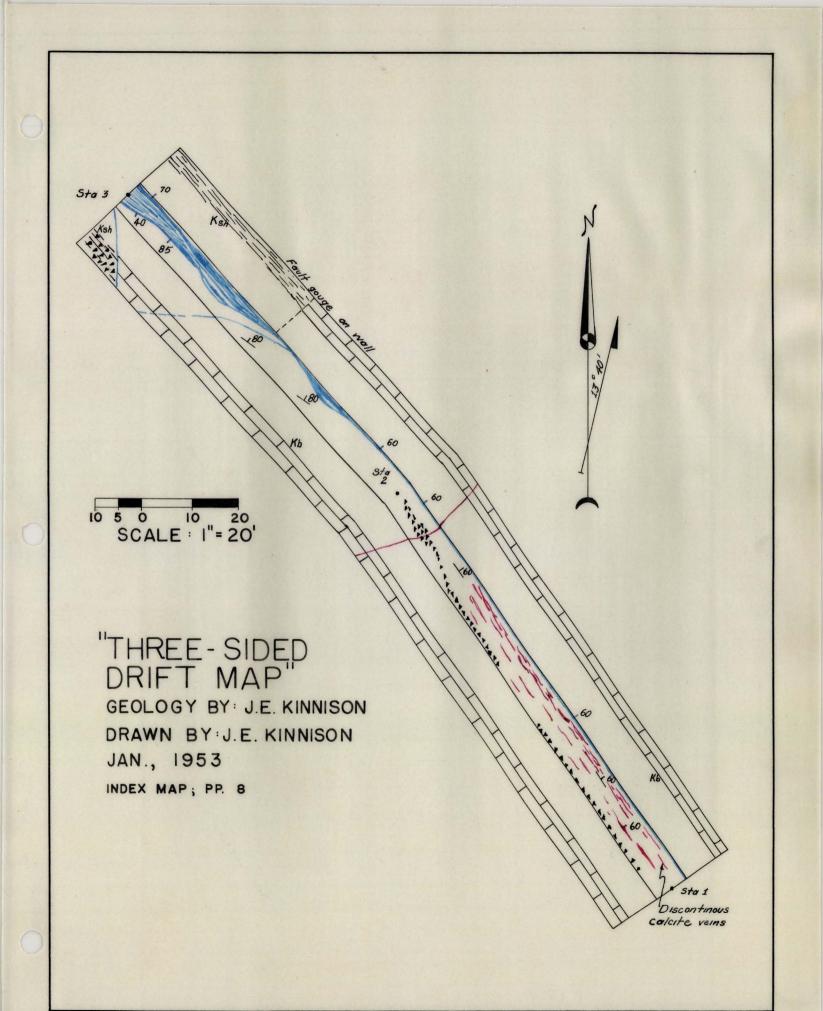
Assumptions: Total tonnage of rock mined contains 80 per cent ore and 20 per cent waste. Value of ore is \$32.50 per ton. Tonnage factor ore: 10; tonnage factor waste: 12.5. Area of plan view 3358 sq. ft. Area of pillars <u>- 28</u> Net area plan <u>3330</u> sq. ft. Area of section A-A' 360 sq. ft. Area of section B-B' 540 Total 900 sq. ft. Length A-A' 45 ft. Length B-B' 71 Total 116 ft. Mean height of stope: 900/116 = 7.76 ft. Volume of stope: 3330x7.76 = 25840.8 cu. ft. Tonnage factor of rock mined: 0.8×10 = 8 0.2×12.5=2.5 Total 10.5 Tonnage of rock mined: 25840.8/10.5 = 2461.03 tons Tonnage ore: 2461.03×0.8 = 1968.824 tons Tonnage waste: $2461.03 \times 0.2 = 492.206$ tons

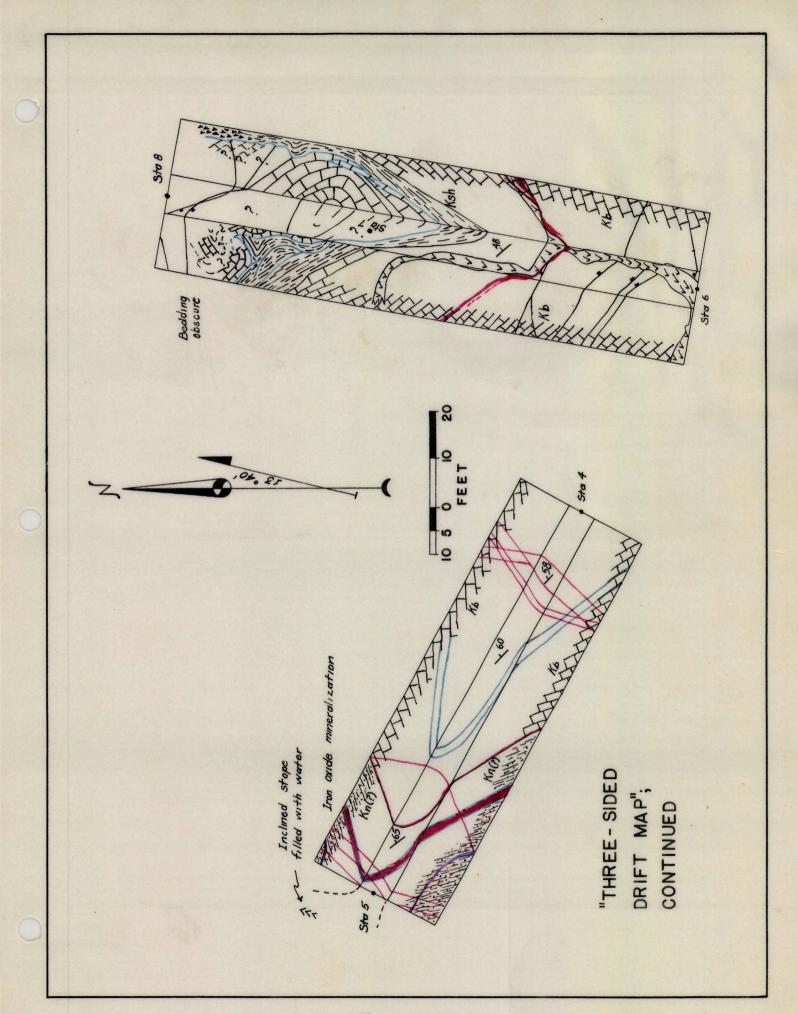
Value of ore mined: 1968.824 × 32.50 = #63987.

Note

Areas by planimeter. Vertical stope to surface along prominent fissure zone not considered in calculations.







10.