

## CONTACT INFORMATION

Mining Records Curator Arizona Geological Survey 1520 West Adams St. Phoenix, AZ 85007 602-771-1601 http://www.azgs.az.gov inquiries@azgs.az.gov

The following file is part of the

Arizona Department of Mines and Mineral Resources Mining Collection

# ACCESS STATEMENT

These digitized collections are accessible for purposes of education and research. We have indicated what we know about copyright and rights of privacy, publicity, or trademark. Due to the nature of archival collections, we are not always able to identify this information. We are eager to hear from any rights owners, so that we may obtain accurate information. Upon request, we will remove material from public view while we address a rights issue.

# **CONSTRAINTS STATEMENT**

The Arizona Geological Survey does not claim to control all rights for all materials in its collection. These rights include, but are not limited to: copyright, privacy rights, and cultural protection rights. The User hereby assumes all responsibility for obtaining any rights to use the material in excess of "fair use."

The Survey makes no intellectual property claims to the products created by individual authors in the manuscript collections, except when the author deeded those rights to the Survey or when those authors were employed by the State of Arizona and created intellectual products as a function of their official duties. The Survey does maintain property rights to the physical and digital representations of the works.

# QUALITY STATEMENT

The Arizona Geological Survey is not responsible for the accuracy of the records, information, or opinions that may be contained in the files. The Survey collects, catalogs, and archives data on mineral properties regardless of its views of the veracity or accuracy of those data.

## PRINTED: 08-23-2012

ARIZONA DEPARTMENT OF MINES AND MINERAL RESOURCES AZMILS DATA

PRIMARY NAME: SUNSHINE MINE

ALTERNATE NAMES: AGUIJITO SUNRISE

PIMA COUNTY MILS NUMBER: 210

LOCATION: TOWNSHIP 18 S RANGE 10 E SECTION 12 QUARTER SE LATITUDE: N 31DEG 52MIN 29SEC LONGITUDE: W 111DEG 16MIN 03SEC TOPO MAP NAME: PALO ALTO RANCH - 15 MIN

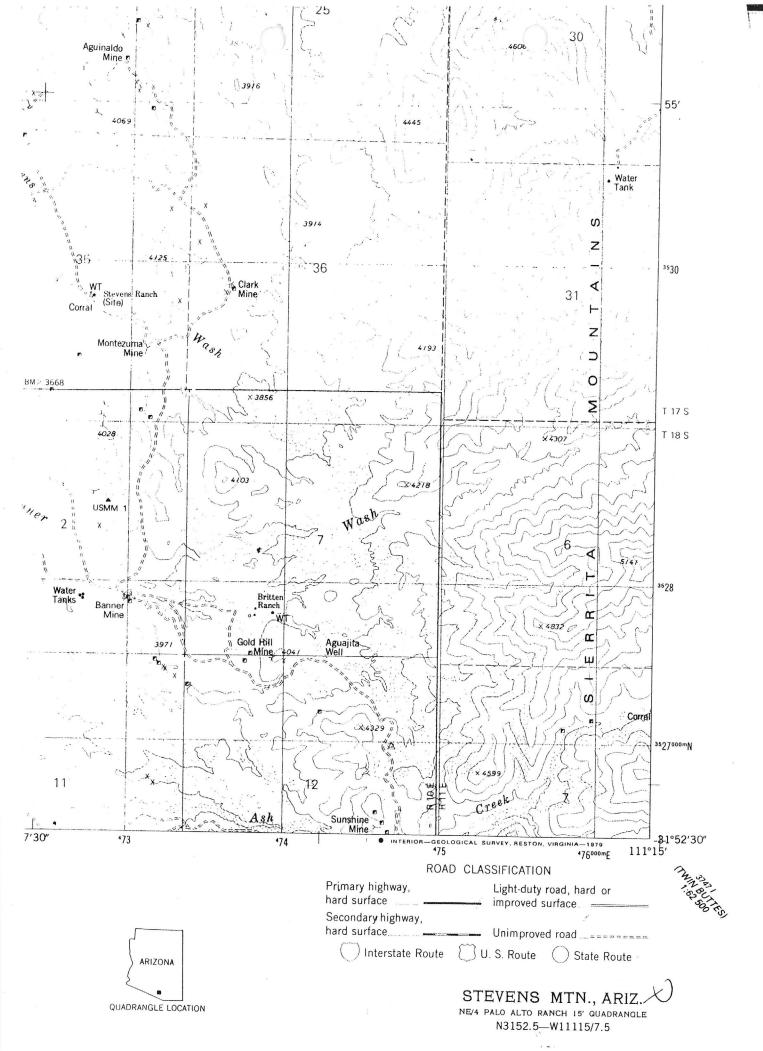
CURRENT STATUS: PAST PRODUCER

COMMODITY:

LEAD SULFIDE SILVER ZINC SULFIDE COPPER GOLD LODE BARIUM BARITE

**BIBLIOGRAPHY:** 

AZBM BULL. 189, P. 132, 1974 ADMMR SUNSHINE GROUP-PAPAGO DIST.-FILE ADMMR MONTEZUMA-MARGARITA MINE FILE ADMMR CALRK GROUP FILE USGS BULL. 725, P. 414 ELEVATORSKI,E.A.,1978, AZ INDUSTRIAL MINERALS ADMMR MINERAL REPORT NO. 2, P. 49. ADMMR SUNSHINE MINE FILE



SUNSHINE GROUP

## REFERENCES

PIMA COUNTY T18S R10E Sec. 12

ABM Bull. 189 p. 132

Arizona Mining Journal June 1919, p. 77; June 1918 p. 38; Dec. 15, 1922, p. 9 MONTEZUMA - MARGARITA MINE (file) Margueritatwakagumaxminext

USGS Bull. 725-J p. 414

MILS Sheet sequence number 0040190421 (SUNRISE & SUNSHINE MINES)

Mines Handbook 1926

MILS Pima Index p. 4173 (Listed under Sunrise and Sunshine Mine)
See FITZPATRICKMINE (file) (formerly YELLOW BIRD)
BANNER MINE (file)
CLARK GROUP (file) (aka BLUE BIRD GROUP, aka BLACK BEAUTY)

Date Printed: 07/31/98

#### ARIZONA DEPARTMENT OF MINES AND MINERAL RESOURCES

#### INFORMATION SUMMARY

Information from: John Heim

Company:

Address: City, State ZIP: Tucson Arizona 520-323-5157 Phone:

MINE:

Sunrise and Sunshine Mines

ADMMR Mine File: Sunshine Group County: Pima 210 AzMILS Number:

#### SUMMARY

John Heim is a real estate agent and considers himself somewhat of a title specialist. He is trying to sort out the ownership of three patented claims that were once part of the Banner Sierritas Mining Company's property in Section 2, T.20S., R10E. The properties are the Banner No. 1, Second To None and Olympia.

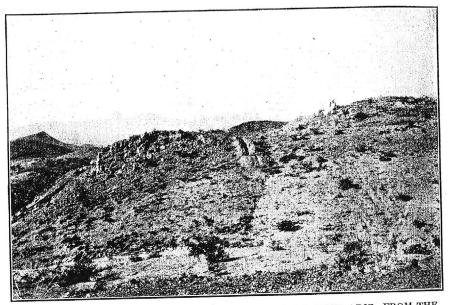
It appears that the people paying taxes on the properties are not actually the owners, and there may be some confusion in county assessor records and/or county recorder indexes. Such problems are often compounded by privately compiled title abstract service databases.

It was suggested that he search all of the mining deeds, and mineral lands related documents at the recorder's office beginning with the patent. The three patented properties are related to the Banner Mine file [Pima AZMILS 205], the Sunshine Group file [Pima AZMILS 210], and the Montezuma-Margarita Mine file [Pima AZMILS 362].

Ken A. Phillips, Chief Engineer Date: July 31, 1998

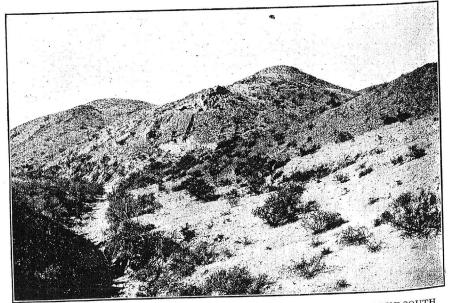
### U. S. GEOLOGICAL SURVEY

BULLETIN 725 PLATE XVII



A. WORKINGS ON THE SUNSHINE CLAIM, PAPAGO DISTRICT, ARIZ., FROM THE EAST.

To the right is the main shaft. To the left of it is an open cut across the ore-bearing limestone. In the end of the ridge, to the left, is another open cut. In the distance are the Baboquivari Range and Baboquivari Peak.



B. WORKINGS ON THE SUNSHINE CLAIM, PAPAGO DISTRICT, FROM THE SOUTH EAST, LOOKING DOWN THE DRY BED OF ASH CREEK.

## ORE DEPOSITS OF SIERRITA MOI

precipitous western front of the peak is eroded stripped fault surface. The Rein feet deep, appears to be wholly within quartzites.

West of the above-described sedimenta from the South San Xavier mine southw. generally decomposed and altered rock th rhyolite. As exposed at the surface the kaolinized or sericitized granite porphry able secondary quartz. In many places t the rock are black with a thin coating of r oxidized specimen from the dump of a sha: shows abundant disseminated pyrite, and this mineral that the general alteration a rock, as exposed at the surface, are evidentl

Thin sections, examined microscopically mainly quartz, with considerable sericite. ' grains. Some of these are in close interlock quartzite; others are separated from one a fine grained aggregates. No trace of igne and the rock has evidently undergone co Whether it was originally an arkosic sanc porphyry can not be definitely determin collected.

About a quarter of a mile south of the C of the Prosperity group of claims, the cour is altered and is, in part at least, an andesite extends for more than a mile to the south country rock of the Paymaster mine, wh depth of about 300 feet by a moderately co becomes the surface rock a short distance v tends up to the east base of the Sierrita M of this rock to the granitic rocks of the Si the granite that is intrusive into the Palec ciated sedimentary rocks near Twin Butt The granite near the Paymaster mine may k

In the vicinity of Twin Buttes gray li Carboniferous age, with associated quartziu moderately coarse gray granite with phenc rather abundant biotite in irregularly boun scales. Near the mines the granite contains and disseminated crystals and the feldspan might be supposed from the inspection of contact metamorphism is more intense in

## ARIZONA MINING JOURNAL

been increased in efficiency to a marked degree within the last few years. The cost of a well and pumping plant is considerable, and to the man without means it is almost as impossible to reclaim the desert land with a well and pump as it is to build dams across the streams, nevertheless there is a great deal of development of this kind and will continue to be.

As reservoirs are built and hydro-electric power developed, this power becomes available for pumping and is the cheapest power which can be had for operating the pumps. It may thus be seen that the building of reservoirs, the development of gravity irrigation projects, will be the greatest factors in the development of lands by wells and pumps and in consequence will increase our available area of agricultural lands.

These factors may be discouraging to the homeseeker, but it is only right that he should understand fully the situation and should not have illusions of obtaining from the government or from the state a home under those same favorable conditions which the homeseekers had who settled the plains of Kansas or the prairies of the Dakotas during the past generation. To the homeseeker who has capital to live upon while he acquires title, who has a vision of the possibilities of the future, and can select land which some day will be in the path of some big irrigation project, there are still opportunities, but to the poor man who must produce a living from the land upon which he locates, the desert with all its charms is forbidding.

### MINERAL WEALTH OF PAPAGO AND PIMA DISTRICTS DESCRIBED

Large bodies of lead-silver, copper and zinc ores, which are very accessible, characterize the Pima and Papago districts of the Sierrita mountains, a short distance from Tucson, according to a bulletin recently issued by the United States geological survey. The article, relating in detail the position and nature of orebodies in the Sierrita district, southwest of Tucson, was prepared as the result of a special survey conducted by F. L. Ransome.

Frequent cuts of the districts described are contained in the pamphlet. The Papago district is 3 miles southwest of Tucson, the Ajo and Sasabe roads being followed to reach this area. At King's ranch, on the Sasabe road, a branch road turns off to the east and ascends the gentle slope of the foothill belt into the Papago mining district.

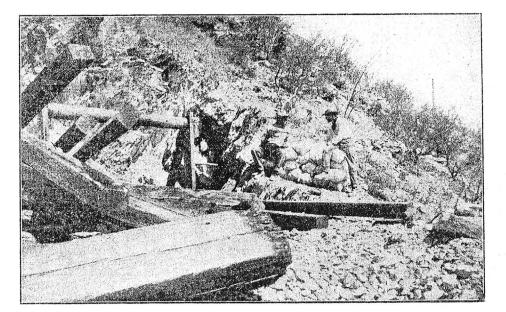
Long recognized as the location of val-

connects the districts. The following general information regarding the Sierrita range opens the report:

range opens the report: "The Sierrita mountains constitute one of the smaller of the nearly meridional mountain ranges of southern Arizona. They separate the Santa Cruz valley on the east from Altar valley on the west. The range has a length between 13 and 14 miles and a width roughly estimated at four miles. The height of the dominating summit, Samaniego peak, has, so far as known, not been accurately determined. Apparently no part of the range rises more than 2,000 or 3,000 feet above the upper margin of the flanking than 6,500 feet above sea level. Its slopes carry little or no timber, and in comparivision between the valleys of the Santa Cruz and Altar watersheds, is described as follows:

December 15, 1922.

"The Sierrita mountains consist essentially of an intrusive granite core flanked by more or less metamorphosed rocks of sedimentary and eruptive origin. These flanking rocks are notably different in character on the two sides of the range. On the east are rather massive gray limestones, with quartzites, shales and altered andesite volcanic rocks. These rocks are folded and faulted, have been invaded by granite, and in places show pronounced contact metamorphism. On the west the rocks are prevailingly schistose, have been affected by metamorphism of regional



Purcell Property in Southern Pima County

son with the Santa Rita mountains to the east or the Baboquivari range to the west, the Sierrita mountains are of minor topographical importance and are scenically unimpressive.

+725

On the west side of the Sierrita mountains, mainly in a rather definite belt of foothills, is a group of prospects within what is known locally as the Papago district, although they appear to be included within what has also been called the Sierritas district. On the east side of the character in contrast with the more intense but local contact action on the east. These schists are varied in character and include rocks that were at one time conglomerate, sandstone, shale, limestone, rhyolite, and tuff. They appear to be older than the beds to the east, but no fossils were found in them, and consequently their age is uncertain.

"The crest and higher slopes of the range were not closely examined, but distant views and the material in the stream

## ARIZONA DEPARTMENT OF MINERAL RESOURCES MINERAL BUILDING, FAIRGROUNDS PHOENIX, ARIZONA

October 16, 1958

To the Owner or Operator of the Arizona Mining Property named below:

Y SUNSHINE GROUP	(Pima County)	lead	
(Property)		(ore)	

We have an old listing of the above property which we would like to have brought up to date.

Please fill out the enclosed Mine Owner's Report form with as complete detail as possible and attach copies of reports, maps, assay returns, shipment returns or other data which you have not sent us before and which might interest a prospective buyer in looking at the property.

Frank P. Knight

FRANK P. KNIGHT, Director.

Enc: Mine Owner's Report

AMJ 6/1918, p. 38

SOURCES unds 1.1 RETURNED To 11 2: REASON Unclaimed Unknown For better address Moved, Left no address No such office in state ED

É

5

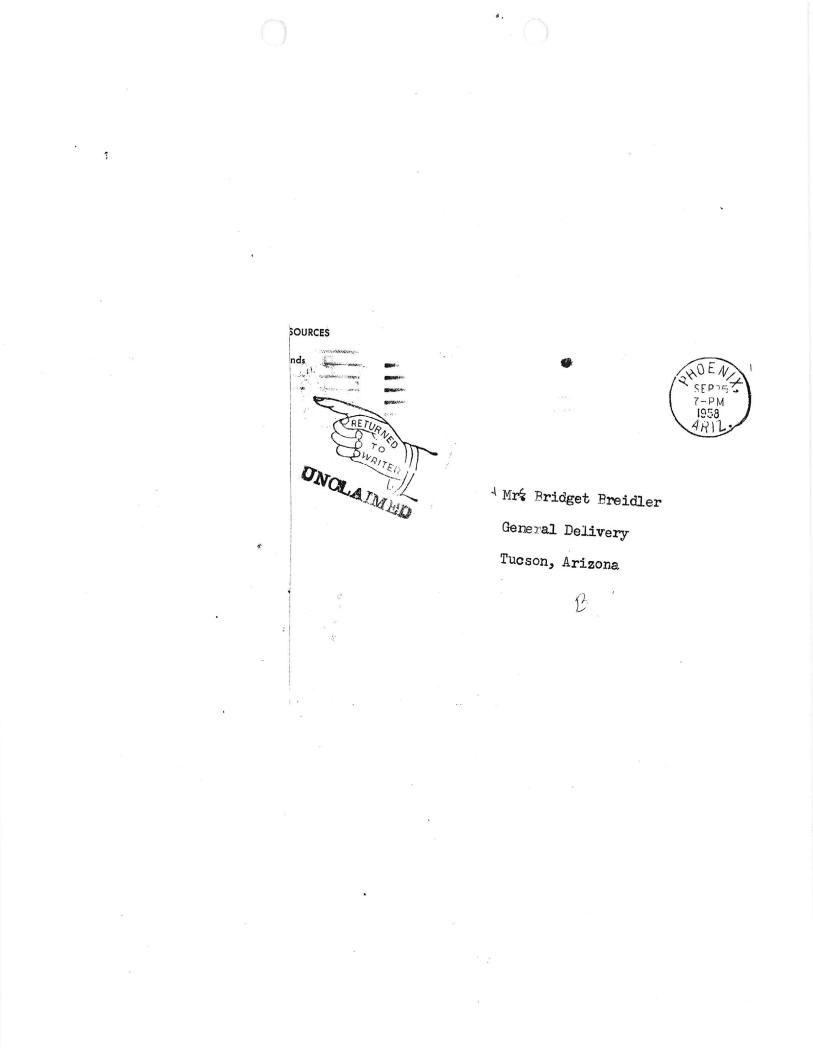


Mr. J.C. Bacon

Patagonia

\$.

Arizona



## ARIZONA DEPARTMENT OF MINERAL RESOURCES MINERAL BUILDING, FAIRGROUNDS PHOENIX, ARIZONA

September 25, 1958

To the Owner or Operator of the Arizona Mining Property named below:

Sunshine Group	(Pima County)	lead		
(Property)			(ore)	

We have an old listing of the above property which we would like to have brought up to date.

Please fill out the enclosed Mine Owner's Report form with as complete detail as possible and attach copies of reports, maps, assay returns, shipment returns or other data which you have not sent us before and which might interest a prospective buyer in looking at the property.

Frank P. Knight

FRANK P. KNIGHT, Director.

Enc: Mine Owner's Report

· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	REPORT TO ACTIVE MININ			
Date 5/12/4. Name of Mine 5/12/4.	Eng Min	<u>∽_</u> {}	Filing Information ile System	
Address 35 W Address	mington, A	ucar) T	his chart to be used for galle line required per month.	ons of ga
Mine Location	rita mts	41 774	ow ouce	~~
PRESENT OPERATIONS (check 2	(2			
Production. <b>1</b> ; Developm	ent; Financing	; Sale of mine	<b>;</b>	
Experimental (sampling)	; Owner's occasional	trip;		
Other (specify)		<u>an an an an Anna Anna An</u> Tha tha tha tha tha tha tha tha tha tha t		
PRODUCTION: Past and Future.		Tons		
Approx. tons last 3 months				
Approx. present rate per 3 n	months	<b></b>	n .	
Anticipated rate next 3 mon	iths 720	000 lla 1	lead.	
If in distant future check (2	X) here			
If in distant future check ()	X) here			
If in distant future check () EQUIPMENT OPERATED:	Quantity or	Miles or Ho	urs Gallons Reo	uired
If in distant future check ()	X) here Quantity or Horse Power	Miles or Hou Per Month	urs Gallons Req Per Mon	uired th
If in distant future check (3 EQUIPMENT OPERATED: Type Personal Cars	Quantity or	Miles or Hou Per Month	urs Gallons Req Per Mon	uired th
If in distant future check () EQUIPMENT OPERATED: Type	Quantity or	Miles or Hou Per Month	urs Gallons Reg Per Mon	uired th
If in distant future check (3 EQUIPMENT OPERATED: Type Personal Cars	Quantity or	Miles or Ho Per Month	urs Gallons Req Per Mon	uired th
If in distant future check (2 EQUIPMENT OPERATED: Type Personal Cars Light or Service Trucks	Quantity or	Miles or Hot Per Month	urs Gallons Req Per Mon	uired th
If in distant future check (3 EQUIPMENT OPERATED: Type Personal Cars Light or Service Trucks Ore Hauling Trucks	Quantity or	Miles or Hot Per Month	urs Gallons Req Per Mon	uired th
If in distant future check (A EQUIPMENT OPERATED: Type Personal Cars Light or Service Trucks Ore Hauling Trucks Compressors	Quantity or Horse Power	Per Month	ırs Gallons Req Per Mon	uired th
If in distant future check (2 EQUIPMENT OPERATED: Type Personal Cars Light or Service Trucks Ore Hauling Trucks Compressors Other Mine or Mill Eqpt.	Quantity or Horse Power	Per Month	Irs Gallons Reg Per Mon	uired th
If in distant future check (2 EQUIPMENT OPERATED: Type Personal Cars Light or Service Trucks Ore Hauling Trucks Compressors Other Mine or Mill Eqpt. PRODUCT PRODUCED OR CONTEM	Quantity or Horse Power	Per Month	urs Gallons Reg Per Mon	uired th
If in distant future check (2 EQUIPMENT OPERATED: Type Personal Cars Light or Service Trucks Ore Hauling Trucks Compressors Other Mine or Mill Eqpt. PRODUCT PRODUCED OR CONTEM	Quantity or Horse Power	Per Month	urs Gallons Reg Per Mon	uired th ur shice
If in distant future check (2 EQUIPMENT OPERATED: Type Personal Cars Light or Service Trucks Ore Hauling Trucks Compressors Other Mine or Mill Eqpt. PRODUCT PRODUCED OR CONTEM	Quantity or Horse Power	Per Month	urs Gallons Reg Per Mon	wired th w file the

REPORT TO ACTIVE MININ	
Aug 145	Filing Information
Date	File System
Name of Mine. Automation of Mine	File No
Owner or Operator	This chart to be used for gallons of ga oline required per month.
Address	philos
Mine Location Maparet Ore	<u>F</u>
DEFENT OPERATIONS: (shock X)	
PRESENT OPERATIONS: (check X) Production; Development; Financing	· Sale of mine
그는 것이 같은 것이 같은 것이 같은 것이 같은 것이 같이 많이 많이 많이 많이 많이 했다.	성경 관련적 정말 관광 것 같아요. 그는 것 것 같아요. 것 같아요. 것 같아요.
Experimental (sampling),; Owner's occasional Other (specify)	onecabration flant
Other (specify)	
PRODUCTION: Past and Future.	Tons
Approx. tons last 3 months	
Approx. present rate per 3 months	-
Anticipated rate next 3 months	
If in distant future check (X) here	
EQUIPMENT OPERATED: Type Quantity or Horse Power	Miles or Hours Gallons Required
	Per Month Per Month
Personal Cars	
Light or Service Trucks	
Ore Hauling Trucks Jarrhanks more 240	
Compressors	
Other Mine or Mill Eggt.	3000 Gallan
PRODUCT PRODUCED OR CONTEMPLATED: Name me	tals or minerals.
Jead Oilne	<u> </u>
REMARKS	
This is a new operat	you and will be in,
production at onles.	Tasalize for Off Kighin
Anpres reconsciled	as above 00 '
	A
ADIZANA D	EPARTMENT OF MINERAL RESOURCES

138 Last McKinley St. Mr. H.T.Gillert-1053 FRONT ST Crescott Origona. SANDIEGO CALIF. Deardin. Thave fust received reportow big Silver lead property in Sima B. which Suclas herewith Clease beau mind that this report doed not coved and of the development that has report which is of east importance as it has proven the continuity of the lacgo Ore bodies It report does not interest you dients flease return same at your ladiat convenience as Dehan Other faction to bruick to submit it. Jours Very truly turn)

4 - 1.	1-45		Filing Information
Name of Mine	shine	File Syst	em
Owner or Operator Aug	1 L Peters 1		
Address J. July H	cikits 40%	This char oline requ	t to be used for gallons of gas- uired per month.
Audress / /	1: A Z	the office	
Mine LocationK	ucrus a pr	<u>4 0</u>	
PRESENT OPERATIONS: (ch	eck X)	and a second	en e
	lopment; Financing	: Sale of mine :	
	)		
Other (specify)	uilding m	iel	
Other (specify)	1		
PRODUCTION: Past and Futu	<b>(e.</b>	Tons	
Approx. tons last 3 mc	nths		
Approx. present rate pe	er 3 months	<u></u>	
Anticipated rate next 3	months	<u>n y 19</u> 1995 - 19	
If in distant future che	ck (X) here	<u> </u>	
and the second secon			
EQUIPMENT OPERATED:	Quantity_or	Miles or Hours	Gallons Required
Туре	Horse Power	Por Month	Per Month
Personal Cars	1972 114		
Light or Service Truck	s		
Ore Hauling Trucks			
Compressors .			
Other Mine or Mill Eq	9t		<b>4</b>
PRODUCT PRODUCED OR CO	NTEMPLATED: Name me	stals or minerals.	
7 <b>.</b>	Lead		
source /			1 nD
REMARKS		Aland .	4. A Druss
Jan P	a par	for your	of the
Vpo es pe	and hadring b	e	ut land
am acata			

Date	31/45		Filing Information
V / .'	nahere Minin	1 Co	File System
Name of Mine	Una Bergel		File No.
Owner or Operator	1. Frekett Ju	e de de la composition de la c	This chart to be used for gallons of gas- oline required per month.
Address	1 1 Del	<u> </u>	en ander en
Mine Location	Alerrita me	<u> </u>	
PRESENT OPERATIONS:	(check X)		
		. Sala of mino	
그는 아이는 것을 알려야 한다. 것이 같아요.	Development; Financing		
	npling); Owner's occasion		
Other (specify)			
PRODUCTION: Past and	Future.	Tons	
Approx. tons last	3 months		
Approx. present ra	ate per 3 months	<u></u>	
Anticipated rate n	next 3 months		
If in distant futur	re check (X) here		· · ·
		11 A.	
EQUIPMENT OPERATED:		Miles or H	ours Gallons Required
Туре	Quantity or Horse Power	Per Mon	th Per Month
Personal Cars			
Light or Service ?	Trucks		> -> /
Ore Hauling Truc	ks 37 Itra Oun	p <u>aoi</u>	mles
Compressors			
Other Mine or Mi	11 Eqpt		
PRODUCT PRODUCED OF	R CONTEMPLATED: Name m	netals or minerals.	
	head .		
REMARKS:	> for control	tor cas-	DDJ- en new CWI
m chunna	1 part art	D At P.	been approved in
A	The second s	X MAR	and opported the
Accommente	A My mus office		6 0 M Aard

$\circ$	$0 : \cdot$
DEPARTMENT OF MIN	ERAL RESOURCES
REPORT TO	
ACTIVE MINING	• PROJECI
Date	Filing Information
Name of Mine Aninchunge	File System
Owner or Operator Mering Burnham	File No.
Address The Ander Frickett WV.	This chart to be used for gallons of gas-
I have me	Juch 5h J
Mine Location	A They will the second
PRESENT OPERATIONS: (check X)	
Production; Development; Financing	; Sale of mine;
Experimental (sampling); Owner's occasional t	rip;
Other (specify)	
PODICTION. Past and Enter	
<b>RODUCTION: Past and Future.</b> Approx. tons last 3 months	Tons
Approx. present rate per 3 months	
Anticipated rate next 3 months	100 trus Berkey
If in distant future check (X) here	p · · · · ·
II In distant future check (k) here	
QUIPMENT OPERATED:	Milor or House Collors Prevised
Type Quantity or Horse Power	Miles or Hours Per Month Ber Month
Personal Cars	
Light or Service Trucks	12 2
Ore Hauling Trucks JOVA Rump 9/	2to goo gat gor
Compressors	
Other Mine or Mill Eqpt	
RODUCT PRODUCED OR CONTEMPLATED: Name metals	s or minerals.
s Lead	
REMARKS:	
The pushine Mine	s 60 is Amstalling
a mill in this lead a	reperty, and will fant
proteing Concentrates.	Minth os indicted
application recommen	fel for approve
11	
ARIZONA DEP	PARTMENT OF MINERAL RESOURCES
	By filler for the second

1

\*

antina a such talkite (far <u>a</u>

DEPARTMENT OF MINERAL RESOURCES **REPORT TO OPA ON ACTIVE MINING PROJECT Filing Information** Date .... File System..... Name of Mine ..... File No..... **Owner** or **Operator** This chart to be used for gallons of gasline required per month. Address. Mine Location..... PRESENT OPERATIONS: (check X) Production......; Development......; Financing......; Sale of mine......; Experimental (sampling), .....; Owner's occasional/trip. mill 11 Other (specify) ..... PRODUCTION: Past and Future. Tons Approx. tons last 3 months Approx. present rate per 3 months Anticipated rate next 3 months If in distant future check (X) here EQUIPMENT OPERATED: Gallons Required Per Month Miles or Quantity or Hours Type Per Month Horse Power Personal Cars Light or Service Trucks DUI Ore Hauling Trucks Compressors Other Mine or Mill Eqpt. PRODUCT PRODUCED OR CONTEMPLATED: Name metals or minerals. REMARKS ARIZONA DEPARTMENT OF MINERAL RESOURC By 61 

## Dec. 3-1934

Mr.H.J.Peterson 927-26th.Street San Pedro.Calif.

My Dear Mr. Peterson -

Ly

I am sending you the name of a gentleman that has a silver lead property of meritfrom the looks of the report that I have seen. Now that lead is becoming more active it might be well for you to call on this man and go into the matter with him direct.

The address of this party is R.C.Furguson 1053 Front Street, San Diego, Calif.

If Mr.Furguson does not have any extra reports on this property let me know and I will make some copies and send them to you.

Tell Mr.Furgueon that I had this property up to some good people but at that time lead was so inactive that they were not muchly interested.

Let me hear from you when you find time to write.

Yours truly.

MERTZON, TEXAS Box 60

## July 28, 1946

Department of Mineral Resources, 304 Home Builders Bldg., Phoenix, Arizona.

Gentlemen:

Would like to have name and address of key

number

WERAL RESO

MS-62

Would like to get one of those blue sheets giving description of the mine.

Yours very truly,

Mi M. S. Cooper

Scale 1/2"= 600' 1' 1/2"=1500' North BANNEREICLYMpia Mining Chaims BANNEREICLYMpia Mining Chaims 14 DRHan By George Feland No 1 NO BU h 4 10 -2 . • 1 HE 2. 1/6 4. X 1/02/ West 3 FASY No. olym 12.11 Q ', · N. O. . South ï, Sec.

Scale 1/2'= 600' DRAW. 11 11/2"= 1500' Horth George Jalajech 12 e Lainis Sunshine Linings 0 01 0 101 50 ,ha 3 3 10 10 5 . 10 20 14 ï 1017 0 10/ 10 Q. 110 10 20 14.126 No N. west ELST . · · · · 3 . South

-North Nol Ħ 1 No.9 -14.5-Non No onjo 1.8 1/0/0 No 6-IV+2 Not No 12-.. 11.9 Noz No 7. Noll 4 A. 41 BLUE Bied 1.3 U. 1/0 3. No 2. Alo 1 Nos 64 E-No 5 NS 12 No 4. • No.8. 00 E 3NILW No 6 No 1 4' 0 Noy 6 Nº 4. 17 0 • 12 4 Ø . To Ruin Smach West 2 64 - East? BANNER Mine . 9 claims Scale 1/2 600' t South Sec. 18 (5, 198 Propage Takijec DRAWN and and

The Montezuma in 1881 was credited with a substantial production of silver, 1/and in 1883 it was reported that a 50-foot shaft showed a three-foot vein of copper and silver.<sup>2/</sup>

The Olympia mine was located on generally the same ground as the Margarita mine in later years, and Ransome reported:<sup>3/</sup>

"About a mile north of the Banner is the Olympia shaft, apparently about 200 feet deep. This is on the Olympia group of 14 claims, which adjoins the Banner on the north and is reported to be owned by the Olympia Mining Co., of Chicago. No work was in progress at the time of visit. The Olympia is on the same belt of partly silicified limestone as the Banner and McKinley mines, which here determines the crest of a rather prominent ridge. No persistent vein could be seen, but the limestone has been irregularly fissured, contains bunchy quartz veins, and is itself more or less silicified."

## Sunshine-Sunrise Group

The Sunshine-Sunrise group was described by Ransome as follows:4/

"The most southerly of the principal groups examined is the Sunshine-Sunrise group, comprising about seventeen claims and two mill sites and owned principally by Judge S. W. Purcell, of Tucson. This group has a length of 6,500 feet and an average width of 2,200 feet. The principal exploratory work has been done on the Sunshine No. 1 claim and includes a shaft 140 feet deep with a short drift and crosscut at the 100-foot level. (See Pl. XVII, A.) South of the shaft, as the illustration shows, is an open crosscut, and south of this, at the south end of the ridge in which the workings are situated, is another open cut and under it a tunnel run in a northerly direction into the hill, from Ash Creek. The ore occurs in beds of limestone, apparently about 50 feet in total thickness, which strike N.  $20^{\circ}$  W. and dip about  $65^{\circ}$  W. This limestone, which does not appear to cross Ash Creek to the south, is apparently a lenticular member of the schistose series. On Sunshine Hill it lies about 800 feet west of the granite, from which it is separated by a belt of the gray schist described on page 410. West of the limestone are alternations of similar schistose and slaty rocks with belts of schistose rhyolite. The ore consists mainly of galena with a little chalcocite and occurs partly as a filling of irregular fractures in the limestone and partly as a replacement of their walls. At the slight depth attained the galena is generally accompanied by cerusite, anglesite, cerargyrite, and other products of oxidation. Surface cuts and pits along the outcrop of the limestone show the presence of more or less galena for a length of 500 to 700 feet, but not enough work has been done to prove the existence of a continuous ore body along the line of these

- 2/ Hamilton, P., op. cit., 1883, p. 133 (Plf. Exh. No. F-18, p. 58)
- 3/ Ransome, F. L., op. cit., p. 416 (Plf. Exh. No. F-11, p. 30)
- 4/ Ibid, pp. 414-415 (Plf. Exh. No. F-11, p. 29)

145

<sup>1/</sup> Report of the Director of the Mint, op. cit., 1881, p. 309 (Plf. Exh. No. F-10, p. 12)

## DEPARTMENT OF MINERAL RESOURCES STATE OF ARIZONA FIELD ENGINEERS REPORT

Mine	Sunshine-Banner	Mines	Date	April 2	25,	1963

District Papago District, Pima Co. Engineer Axel L. Johnson

Subject: Field Engineers Report. Information from Larry Drake & personal visit.

References Report of Southwestern Mining & Milling Co. mill --- Aug. 10, 1954.

Location 18.6 miles S. of Three Points. From Three Points, drive S. on Hwy. 286 for a distance of 11.3 miles to Britten Ranch sign. Turn left and drive 7.3 miles to mill.

Owners Fred W. Fickett, atty., 36 N. Stone Ave., Tucson ---administrator .

Lessees "D" Mining Co. ---- Larry Drake, et. al., 1902 E. Irene Vista, Tucson, Ariz.

Number of Claims Sunshine Mine --- 18 unpatented claims. Banner Mine ---- 3 patented claims and 12 unpatented claims.

Principal Minerals Lead and silver. The lead is in the form of galena.

Present Mining Activity Mill repairs ---- 4 men working, 6 days per week.

Ore Values Stockpile on the Sunshine runs from 6 to 8 % in lead, and from 6 to 8 oz. in silver, according to Mr. Drake.

Ore in Sight & Probable (a) About 13,000 to 18,000 tons of ore is broken and stockpiled in the open-cut at the Sunshine Mine, according to Mr. Drake.

(b) Mr. Drake also states that approximately 100,000 tons of additional ore can be mined by open pit operations at the Sunshine, before it will be necessary to start underground operations at the Sunshine, or underground at Banner.

Milling The old mill, which was constructed by the Southwestern Mining & Milling Co. in 1954, was later acquired by the owners of the Sunshine-Banner Mines, Fred W. Fickett, administrator; and is now being repaired by the new lessees, Larry Drake, et. al.

The milling equipment is substantially the same as described in my report of Southwestern Mining & Milling Co.mill on Aug. 10, 1954, except that the classifier, ball mill, and one set of screens appear to be missing. The remaining equipment has been cleaned, oiled and repaired where found necessary. However, it shows effects of corrosion by sun and rain, and some of it may have to be replaced soon with new equipment.

The lessees started repairs on the mill about 2 months ago, and hopes to have it ready for operation in a short time. A few mill tests have been made, but the results were not considered to be satisfactory. They plan to install a set of screens and a classifier before attempting full time operation.

Water is being obtained by pumping from a winze in the main adit of the Banner Mine. Mr. Drake claims that this will provide sufficient water for the mill. The old Banner Mine shaft, which is 200 ft. deep and vertical, now appears to be in bad shape, but could yielf a considerable amount of additional water, if this can be used.

Field Engineers Remarks Some changes in the milling equipment, which should provide more efficient operation and result in an increase in mill capacity is suggested: (1) Grizzly opening at the top of the crude ore bin should be increased to

10 or 12 inches, thus eliminating the greaking of the larger rocks with a sledge. (2) To take care of this larger size mill feed, an additional crusher should

be installed, crushing the ore down in 3 steps instead of 2.

(3) The screw conveyor and bucket elevator, which now conveys the ore to the top of the fine ore bin in 2 operations, should be replaced by a conveyor belt.

## DEPARTMENT OF MINERAL RESOURCES STATE OF ARIZONA FIELD ENGINEERS REPORT

MineSunshine-Banner MinesDateMar. 11, 1964DistrictPapago District, Pima CountyEngineer Axel L. JohnsonSubject:Field Engineers Report.Information from Larry Drake

References Report of April 25, 1963.

Owners 'Fred W. Fickett, atty., 36 N. Stone Ave., Tucson ----administrator.

Lessees "D" Mining Co. --- EXXEXXXX Larry Drake, et. al., 108 W. Blacklidge, Tucson.

Number of Claims --- Sunshine Mine --- 18 unpatented claims Banner Mine ---- 3 patented and 12 unpatented claims.

Principal Minerals Lead and silver. The lead is in the form of galena.

Present Mining Activity Mine is reported to be idle. Mr. Drake stopped work on the property in October, 1963. He gives his reasons for closing down the operations as lack of finances to develop the Sunshine Mine, and to make improvements on the mill. Some concentrates (5 to 10 tons) were sold to B. S. & K. Co. at the time of closing operations. According to Mr. Drake, the lease is still retained by "D" Mining Co.

Mr. Fickett has leased the Sunshine and Banner Mines to Messrs Brant and Fleming. GWI Quarterly Report 3/1969

The Salvation Mining Co. (a Nevada Corp), Herb Fleming in charge., Mailing address 201 Avenida De La Vista, Tucson, Arizona 85710. Have two men working at present at the old Banner property on the west side of the Sierritas - plus the Sunshine. Have a little mill, will try and find out more when I get back. GWI Note 7/16/69

Mr. Wm Brown, President of Salvation Mining Co., H. F. Flemington, Sec'y-Treas. GWI WR 10/25/69

Banner Mine west side of Sierrita's doing some work. Salvation Mining Co. GWI Quarterly Report 2/27/70

Sec. 2365 Bulletting 705. 3 - Page 414

7-11 77 7-11-41 Mer. 7-11-47 7-11-47 Tp. 10 Range 4-398a. Tp. 1 8 . 8 Range 11 2 4-3982. r'S. Range 1.0 C 7-11-47 Mer Mer Land Dist. and Dist. Land Dist. ster 12.3 ne 4 7 "nut nut Sc + nº lut l. C. C. Br to Par. Q 2-4 ð

"Front"

The Miles 2 2 te 2, 3, 4, la 4 m Surt net 2 22 1-11-4 Reverse 24 10 54-22 4 24 11 2 5V ciald 13

an a	
NIME OF MINE: <b>SUNSHINE</b> OWNER:	COUNTY: Pima DISTRICT: METALS: Pb
OPERATOR AND ADDRESS Date: 4/45 H.Burnham, 38 W. Pennington, Tucson (Ariz. Lead Mines Co.)	MINE STATUS Date: 4/45 Building mill 9/45 Milling 3/46 Idle
★	

9/13/47

To: Director, Dept. Mineral Resources From: George A. Ballam

Sunshine Mine, Papago Dist., Pima Co.

According to instructions I visited the Sunshine Mine this week. Mrs. Bridget Breidler, who claims to hold these claims by virtue of location following the death of Judge Purcell, was contacted at the Lincoln Camp nearby. There seems to be considerable doubt about the ownership of the property. One Burnham, had be en operating a gravity mill without success and had abandoned the property. According to non-liability notice the Burnham lease was made by Fred Fickett, attorney and executor for the Purcell estate. Mrs. Breidley is represented by Otho Books, attorney. Both sides seem to claim all of the old Purcell properties including the Banner, Sunshine, Lincoln, Clark, Yellowbird, etc. Mrs Breidler admits being an alien, although Mr. Books thinks she might be a citizen through one of her former marriages prior to 1922. So much for the involved title.

The report by C.H. James made in 1920 is attached for file. There may have been services ore showings as replacements in, the original outcropping lime. At present the tunnel referred to as Ash tunnel, has been gouged out of the side of the hill some 60 feet wide and open to the surface for a considerable distance back. At the face some 150 feet in, the hole is 10 to 20 feeet high, with no ore showing. Some knife-edge seams' showing the source of mineralization, are to be seen in this face. No ore was found to sample except low grade lead specimens in the broken rock removed from the workings. Perhaps 2500 tons of this remain on the dump haveling been broken high and wide and removed by slusher. A tailing dump shows that a few hundred tons were run through the jigs and apparently some low-grade concentrates were shipped.

The property is reached by several miles of very rough road. In view of the inaccessibility, the lack of ore showing in the tunnel or open cuts examined, and the general opinion prevailing in this locality that the property has little value, I advised Mrs. Breiddler to abandon this property in preference to others of the group if by such action she may be able to retain a more desirable group of claims.

Mrs. Breidlers son, George Talajesh, has opened up several feet of low-grade lead ore in a claim known as the Columbia, at the Lincoln Camp where both reside. The showing is wide, about 60 feet as replacement in a lime outcrop. It warrants additional work, and I have advised him to locate the claim in his own name and continue development.

×

George a Dallam

- 1.
- Sunshine Mine Papago District, Pime County, Arizona 2.
- 3. Purcell Estate, Fred Fickett, Administrator
- Messrs, Hernon and Jones 4.
- Visited March 15, 1947 5.
- 6. Lead-zino
- Should opportunity arise, it would be well to map the main workings 7. to further check the general impression that the property has little merit.
- 8.

#### \* \* \* -

THE EAGLE-PICHER MINING & SMELTING COMPANY MIAMI, OKLAHOMA



#### Grover Duff - Tucson Office TO

#### DATE April 6, 1951

CORRESPONDENCE

FROM

John W. Chandler - Miami Office

SUBJECT: Exploration Work

Dear Grover:

We are presently compiling a record of all the mines and prospects which we have examined for the Company during the past 10 years.

Starting with 1940, and listing the work done by years, such as 1940, 1941, 1942, etc., we would like to have the following information tabulated:

- Name of property
- Location (State and County) 2.
- Who it was submitted by 3.
- Who made the examination
- Time spent on the examination
- 4. 5. 6. Metals involved
- General conclusions drawn from examination 7.
- Remarks Under this heading could be shown whether 8. we have done drilling or any other work in addition to the examination. Give brief outline. If the property subsequently became a mine unit and was operated so state.

We do not have a complete file in this office on all properties examined by the Company and we will combine your report with the one being made up from our files to make the final report complete. I would appreciate it if you could put someone on this work until it is completed, sending me three copies of your tabulation.

Best regards,

Jack.

John W. Chandler.

JWC/jm

4-25-51 - Mr. Chandler will send us a list of the properties on which they have reports in their files, and we will then send him the information on the others.

GJD

Sumhine - Sum -\$100,00000 net 4 your time mantly payments 1 2 year? 12 mo-Joayneet 10 % each as 24 20 36 30 40 10 % not malter relations & Develop ton for the extracted R.C. Furgeron agent 1053 Front Steel San Diego Calif.

## DEPARTMENT OF MINERAL RESOURCES STATE OF ARIZONA FIELD ENGINEERS REPORT

Mine SUNSHINE MINE

Date September 13, 1947

District Papago District, Pima Co.

Engineer George A. Ballam

Subject: Examination

According to instructions, I visited the Sunshine Mine this week. Mrs. Bridget Breidler, who claims to hold these claims by virtue of location following the death of Judge Purcell, was contacted at the Lincoln Camp nearby. There seems to be considerable doubt about the ownership of the property. One Burnham had been operating a gravity mill without success and had abandoned the property. According to nonliability notice the Burnham lease was made by Fred Fickett, attorney and executor for the Purcell estate. Mrs. Breidley is represented by Otho Books, attorney. Both sides seem to claim all of the old Purcell properties including the Banner, Sunshine, Lincoln, Clark, Yellowbird, etc. Mrs. Breidler admits being an alien, although Mr. Books thinks she might be a citizen through one of her former marriages prior to 1922. So much for the involved title.

The report by C. H. James made in 1920 is attached for file. There may have been at that time ore showings as replacements in the original outcropping lime. At present the tunnel referred to as the Ash tunnel has been gouged out of the side of the hill some 60 feet wide and open to the surface for a considerable distance back. At the face some 150 feet in, the hole is 10 to 20 feet high, with no ore showing. Some knife-edge seams in schist, showing the source of mineralization, are to be seen in this face. No ore was found to sample except low grade lead specimens in the broken rock removed from the workings. Perhaps 2500 tons of this rock remain on the dump, having been broken high and wide and removed by slusher. A tailing dump shows that a few hundred tons were run through the jigs and apparently some low-grade concentrates were shipped.

The property is reached by several miles of very rough road. In view of the inaccessibility, the lack of ore showing in the tunnel or open cuts examined, and the general opinion prevailing in this locality that the property has little value, I advised Mrs. Breidler to abandon this property in preference to others of the group if by such action she may be able to retain a more desirable group of claims.

Mrs. Breidler's son, George Talajesh, has opened up several feet of low grade lead ore in a claim known as the Columbia at the Lincoln Camp where both reside. The showing is wide, about 60 feet, as replacement in a lime outcrop. It warrants additional work and I have advised him to locate the claim in his own name and continue development.

GFORGE A. BALLAM

¥

Pima County

### Papago District

#### Arizona

File: 31-111-4-2

A short time was spent at this property by permission of the watchman in the course of examination of other properties. It was examined along with other properties of the Papago Dist. by F. H. Lerchen, in 1938.

Reports of ore values indicate 8% lead-zinc (more lead than zinc) and 8 to 10 ozs silver. However production records are very incomplete. Samples taken by Lerchen and his table of concentrate shipments (jig) show silver-lead ratios of about 2 to 5. Lead to zinc ratio from same data is about 5 to 1 but sorted ore and gravity concentrates may fail to indicate true ratios. Jig heads at time of Lerchen's visit, and two character samples taken by him assay: INXARAEXAGINER

			Au	Ag	Pb	Zn	
Ji	t hea	ads	0.01	1.4	4.3	4.2	
		sample					
	11		0.02				

The rocks at and near the mine include reddish slates and phyllites on the east, and sheared arkoses and other schistose rocks to the west. Between the two is an elongated lense of limestone about 40 feet thick at the mine proper. All these rocks are apparently members of the Cretaceous series. The limestone strikes from about north to northwest and dips 50 to 60 degrees west. The walls of the limestone mass show movementat the contact and within the adjacent sheared rocks.

The oreshoot is localized at a bend in the limestone as seen in plan. Other oreshoots could not be studied but appear to be very small from available data. Their localization is not known. The main oreshoot at the abrupt change in strike of the limestone is composed of limestone, apparently but little altered during mineralization, cut by stringers carrying galena, sphalerite, quartz and carbonate. The limestone walls strke about N 20 W XM at the oreshoot and dip westerly, but the stringers strike XX in various directions averaging about north and dip flatly in an easterly direction. A few steeper stringers and a little dissemine nated galena were noted. The area in which mining has been done in the main oreshoot is about 125 feet long and 30 to 40 feet wide in maximum dimensions. From this must be subtracted pillars, other rock in place, and considerable material of unknown grade removed during operations and stored as a waste dump.

The oreshoot was cut by a tunnel near creek level about 120 feet below the floor of the open cut-glory-hole. The country below the oreshoot was fairly well explored by these workings and but little ore was found. A couple small nerrow stopes were attempted on the strongest of the steep sulfide bearing shears. Apparently the oreshoot failed to go down due to some dip-factor as the change in strike is still indicated on the tunnel level.

The Sunshine mine is part of the Purcell Estate, Fred Fickett, administrator. It has been held by various people on lease and is still tied up by Los Angeles people. Should opportunity arise, it would be well to map the main workings to further check the general impression that the property has little

Wisited: 3/15/47- WRJ & RMH

X

Robert M. Hernon

oridation product

## DEPARTMENT OF MINERAL RESOURCES STATE OF ARIZONA FIELD ENGINEERS REPORT

Mine SUNSHINE MINE

Date September 13, 1947

District Papago District, Pima Co.

Engineer George A. Ballam

Subject: Examination

According to instructions, I visited the Sunshine Mine this week. Mrs. Bridget Breidler, who claims to hold these claims by virtue of location following the death of Judge Purcell, was contacted at the Lincoln Camp nearby. These seems to be considerable doubt about the ownership of the property. One Burnham had been operating a gravity mill without success and had abandoned the property. According to nonliability notice the Burnham lease was made by Fred Fickett, attorney and executor for the Purcell estate. Mrs. Breidley is represented by Otho Books, attorney. Both sides seem to claim all of the old Purcell properties including the Banner, Sunshine, Lincoln, Clark, Yellowbird, etc. Mrs. Breidler admits being an alien, although Mr. Books thinks she might be a citizen through one of her former marriages prior to 1922. So much for the involved title.

The report by C. H. James made in 1920 is attached for file. There may have been at that time ore showings as replacements in the original outcropping lime. At present the tunnel referred to as the Ash tunnel has been gouged out of the side of the hill some 60 feet wide and open to the surface for a considerable distance back. At the face some 150 feet in, the hole is 10 to 20 feet high, with no ore showing. Some knife-edge seams in schist, showing the source of mineralization, are to be seen in this face. No ore was found to sample except low grade lead specimens in the broken rock removed from the workings. Perhaps 2500 tons of this rock remain on the dump, having been broken high and wide and removed by slusher. A tailing dump shows that a few hundred tons were run through the jigs and apparently some low-grade concentrates were shipped.

The property is reached by several miles of very rough road. In view of the inaccessibility, the lack of ore showing in the tunnel or open cuts examined, and the general opinion prevailing in this locality that the property has little value, I advised Mrs. Breidler to abandon this property in preference to others of the group if by such action she may be able to retain a more desirable group of claims.

Mrs. Breidler's son, George Talajesh, has opened up several feet of low grade lead ore in a claim known as the Columbia at the Lincoln Camp where both reside. The showing is wide, about 60 feet, as replacement in a lime outcrop. It warrants additional work and I have advised him to locate the claim in his own name and continue development.

GEORGE A. BALLAM

### MEMORANDUM.

Re BANNER MINE

<sup>V</sup> COPPER GLANCE GROUP

V BLUE BIRD GROUP

" SUNSHINE MINE

VYELLOW BIRD MINE

all located in

Pima county; and all

owned or controlled by

Bridget Breidler, General Delivery, Tucson, Arizona.

\*\*\*\*\*\*

Mrs. Breddler states she has resided upon some of these claims for 17 years.

It appears that she has relocated some of these groups; others are her original locations.

She states that she will make an attractive offer to any legitimate mining operator.

The files show a rather complete report on the SUNSHINE mine by C.E.James, E. M. From this report it would appear that a considerable tonnage of lead ore can be mined. The report is dated in 1920. It is not known, nor does the file indicate, whether subsequent operations have removed this ore.

The Banner Mine was once surveyed for patent, but no patent application appears to have been filed in the U.S.Land Office. If the files of Paul Fernald, surveyor, of Tucson, ( now deceased ) could be examined they will doubtless contain map of the property. Old workings here are approximately 200 ft deep.

Mrs. Breidler lives on the YellovBird group, about 42 miles S.W. of Tucson, and in approximate Sec. 26, T. 17 S., R. 10 E.

/ See file under SUNSHINE MINE for sketch map of claims made by George Talajech who accompanied Mrs. Breidler on her visit to office July 11, 1947.

memo by J.E.Busch.

×

DEPARTMENT OF MINERAL RESOURCES STATE OF ARIZONA MINE OWNER'S REPORT 3. Mining District & County Popago - Pima, Teles one Popago mining 4. Former name Date 6. Address (Owner) Tures onia Hotel 5. Owner Du Querell " a association 7. Operator DW Purcell 8. Address (Operator) 9. President, Owning Co. 9A. President, Operating Co. 14. Principal Minerals Gold Silver Fray 10. Gen. Mgr. 11. Mine Supt. 15. Production Rate 12. Mill Supt. 16. Mill: Type & Cap. 13. Men Employed 13. Men Employed 13. Operations: Present Shap to the strath - of an Cuto etc etc. The alient 2,500 fut of work 19. Operations: Planned Eighteen (18) unpatter Title for. frit- annual labor dous aug filed Sins 1917 20. Number Claims, Title, etc. Riche and ather ariz, los 21. Description: Topography & Geography Wlour Courses

×

22. Mine Workings: Amt. & Condition

fre auswer

r)

23. Geology & Mineralization

Limiton - and Eruftises Filgers of to 100 fiel wike 500 to 3000 field langthe

All anon 23

24. Ore: Positive & Probable, Ore Dumps, Tailings 20,000 on Sumps . 400 thousand

24A. Dimensions and Value of Ore body

25. Mine, Mill Equipment & Flow-Sheet

26. Road Conditions, Route

Highwing within in miles Thur mountain 22 27. Water Supply pulparent for 100 ton mill

28. Brief History

totos buen worked for many years lant poorly conducted - mules a good man and plant

29. Special Problems, Reports Filed

milling of Frod felms over -

30. Remarks

about \$60000 of one shipped to el-Paso & bouglas Quelter

31. If property for sale: Price, terms and address to negotiate. UM - price and terms

32. Signature Sind Finonia Hotop

33. Use additional sheets if necessary. Adonen, Judge F.W. Fickett The

### DE. ARTMENT OF MINERAL RESOUN-2S STATE OF ARIZONA **OWNERS MINE REPORT**

		DE. ARTMENT OF MINERAL	RESOURCES				
	OWNERS MINE REPORT						
. 1							
$U_{1}$			Date				
In	1.	Mine Sunshine group					
		$\sqrt{v}$ to	Location 40 miles west from Tucson . Papago mining district, Pima Co. Ariz.				
	3.	Former name					
	5.	Owner S. W. Parcell and Associates 6.	Address (Owner) Tucsonia Hotel, Tucson, Arizona.				
	7.	Operator S. W. Purcell $\checkmark$ 8.	Address (Operator) same				
	9.	President 10.	Gen. Mgr.				
	11.	Mine Supt. /12.	Mill Supt.				
	13.	Principal Metals Gold, silver, lead and copper 14.	Men Employed				
	15.	Production Rate 16.	Mill: Type & Cap.				
	17.	Power: Amt. & Type					
	18.	18. Operations: Present Shafts and tunnels - open cuts etc. About 2,500 feet of work.					
	19.	Operations Planned					
			• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •				
		* 1					
	20.	Number Claims, Title, etc. Eighteen (18) unpatented. and filed since 1917.	Title perfect. Annual labor done				
	. ,						
	21.	Description: Topography & Geography Mountainous, s. localities.	imilar to Bisbee and other Arizona				
×							
*							

22. Mine Workings: Amt. & Condition

See answer 18.

23. Geology & Mineralization

Lestone and eruptives. Ledges to 100 feet wide; 500 to 3,000 feet, length.

24. Ore: Positive & Probable, Ore Dumps, Tailings

20,000 on dump - 200 thousand

24-A Vein Width, Length, Value, etc.

See answer 23

25. Mine, Mill Equipment & Flow Sheet

26. Road Conditions, Route

Highway within 12 miles through mountain road.

27. Water Supply

Sufficient for 100 ton mill.

28. Brief History

Has been worked for many years, but poorly conducted. Needs a good man and plant.

29. Special Problems, Reports Filed

Milling of lead, silver ores.

30. Remarks

arks About \$50,000 of ore shipped to El Paso and Douglas Smelters.

31. If property for sale: Price, terms and address to negotiate.

Yes, price and terms to meet reliable parties.

32. Signed /sd/ S. W. Purcell

Tucsonia Hotel, Tucson, Arizona. 33. Use additional sheets if necessary. Address: Judge F. W. Fickett, Att'y., Tucson, Arizona. APACHE HOTEL

November 30, 1937.

Mr. J. E. Busch, Special Agent, Div of Inv., U.S. 260 Federal Bldg., Phoenix, Arizona.

Dear Sir:

I have been at the mines for several days, therefore did not answer your letter of the 18th, which I shall now endeavor to do.

The Sunshine and Sunrise group of mining claims consisting of sixteen in number were located in the year 1917, and the annual labor has been performed upon said claims for each and every year since 1917, the affidavits of which appear of record in the County Recorder's office of Pima County, Arizona, giving the names of the persons who performed the work and where the work was done.

These claims are located approximately in Sec. 12, T. 18 S., R. 10 E. and have had performed upon them in actual work approximately \$100,000.00, consisting of shafts, drifts, open cuts, etc. There have been shipped approximately \$40,000 from these properties. They have been partially closed since the depression of 1929-30, though work has been continuous and a watchman has always been upon the property.

> There is in addition to the claims, two millsites and water rights; also an exclusive water right extending 2,000 feet up and down Ash Canyon. These claims and rights were filed prior to any other in the district and have been maintained continuously and I cannot see how the Taylor Act or any other act can take away my constitutional right of property. The Supreme Court of the United States has held that a mining claim properly located and maintained holds against any title of any kind whatsoever, even against the United States of America. I am also informed that the Supreme Court of Arizona has also held accord-The reason  $\tilde{I}$  bring this up is because I have information ingly. that one Pasqual S. Hernandez made a stock raising entry #073353 Sept. 12, 1933, for all Sec. 12, T. 18 S., R. 10 E. What is the ruling of your department in this regard? Can he or can he not legally file such a claim? Can he divest me of my vested rights according to law? I sincerely protest against it. So kindly give me a complete and full answer to these questions.

> I gave Mr. R. M. Pacheco the right to use the water on Sunrise 12 Claim, known as <u>Aguaijito</u>, also the right to use the water from the well in Ash Canyon while I was not using the same.

april Afoth

SYLVESTER WALDEN PURCELL ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW SE NORTH ENWYCH STREET POST OFFICE BOX SM TUCSON, ARIZONA

No exclusive right or privileges are extended Mr. Pacheco or anyone else, he to cease using the water at any time upon notice from me.

I intend to commence operations in the very near future and will necessarily have to use the water. However, in that event there will be an overflow no doubt. Also, inform me if I can permit Mr. Pacheco or anyone else, by lease or otherwise, to use these waters for watering his stock. I shall particularly like to know this point at once, if the ruling of your department is contrary to the leasing of these waters for watering stock. I shall notify Mr. Pacheco to that effect. However, I have no objection to Mr. Pacheco using the water at the present time if he is in need of same to preserve his stock.

On account of the complications that have arisen out here in this regard, I will most anxiously urge an immediate reply, that I may be able to properly and legally handle the situation at this end.

Yours very truly, O. W. Purcell S. W. Purcell

SWP/M

Albuquerque, N. M., Dec. 3, 1937.

Judge S. W. Purcell, Apache Hotel, Tucson, Ariz.

Dear Sir:-

I have your letter of Nov. 30th and thank you for the information therein. I am glad to know you have maintained the claims.

With respect to the Pasqual S. Hernandez homestead: two courses of action may be taken. (1) you can file a contest against the entry on the grounds that a portion of the entered lend was included within valid and substating mining claims at the date of filing ( and of final proof -- if made), and, 22nd ) you can file a sworn and corroborated protest against the entry in the Phoenix land office, or with the Commissioner of the General Land Office, Washington, and ask any investigation prior to issuance of patent. Such protest should set forth all the pertinent facts relative to the claims, such as date of location, that they have been legally maintained under the law, that they are valid as to discovery, etc. Usuelly, following such protest, an investigation is ordered, tho' I cannot promise such will, be the wase because of some change in procedure lately.

A third way to bring the metter to a head, and cause the Govt to make investigation, would be to apply for mineral patent.

I am fully in accord with your views re valid mining claims, as, I think, you realize from our conversation of about 2 years ago.

If the claim upon which you have water is valid as to discovery, and has been legally maintained, it is your property; and, in my opinion, so is the water. So long as Mr. Pacheco leases from you he thereby acknowledges your ownership, ie, landlord and tenant status. You might, for your own protection, secure a copy of the State water code.

I expect to be back in Tucson about Jan. 3rd and will be glad to have a telk with you on these matters.

Very truly yours,

J.E.Busch, Special Agent, Box 1299.

### Report Covering Inspection of the SUNSHINE-SUNRISE MINES Aquaijito, Papago. District, Pime County, Arizona By C. H. James, E. M.

10th September, 1920

The following covers results of my investigation of the above property and a reconnaissance of the district in connection therewith.

Attention was mainly directed to the ore bodies of Sunshine No. 1, that being more developed and in better condition to approximate probable ore quantities, values, costs and returns.

A thorough sampling of the principal ore bodies though advisable at the present time, was not attempted by me, being outside the scope and instructions of my investigation. My sampling covered sufficient check and "pilot" samples to arrive at a general confirmation of the more comprehensive former samplings by Messrs. W. A. Wishon, C. S. Attix and others. In ore bodies of this description, large bulk samples, preferably mill runs, are necessary to arrive at correct average values.

### DESCRIPTION OF PROPERTY

×

This comprises sixteen contiguous claims totalling about 300 acres and two millsites, situated in the north-westerly foothill sputs of the Sierrita mountains and about 34 miles southeast of Tucson, the county seat and most convenient railroad point for the mines.

The will known producing centers of Twin Buttes and Mineral Hill, respectively, nine miles south-easterly and twelve miles northeasterly of the property.

Present communications is by 24 miles southeasterly along the paved Ajo highway; thence **8** miles south along the Sasabe county road and thence southeasterly by desert and mountain road via Lincoln and Banner camps for a farther distance of 9 miles, or 44 miles in all. Proposed improvements and shortening of the road from Clark Mine to Sunshine Camp will considerably lessen this distance.

The holdings occupy a length of 6,500 feet and a breadth averaging 2,200 feet along an intensively mineralized and altered belt of limestone, rhyolites, quartzites and shales, abutting against granite masses of late age. The irregular topography enables exploration by tunnelling to moderate depth in the pincipal line of ore bodies.

Adequate water supply for present and immediate future purposes is assured from shallow wells in the adjacent canyons and in a kaolin belt parallelling the main ore formation; also from deeper development of the ore bodies.

Working conditions are good. The ore occurs in long shoots of easily mined material and good standing walls and the ore is amenable to simple table or flotation concentration yielding a high grade clean concentrate.

The extent and value of the Sunshine ore body is established beyong a doubt at surface, and incompleted deeper development proves the ore body to persist in size and in several unconnected points, to a depth of 200 feet below the main outcrop exposures.

The ore bearing mass is wider in the lower levels, but sufficient work, patticularly cross cutting, has not yet been done under the proven ore bodies at surface to determine their width and value at depth. It is probable that the further lateral development recommended at the present tunnel level will speedily open up

#### -1-

additional resources of milling ore out of all proportion to the already assured ore reserve above the assumed level of 75 feet to the surface. When this has been satisfactorily accomplished, the Sunshine No. 1 mine will be in sound condition for a full milling equipment and consequent steady profit earning.

With present ore showings alone there would be no undue risk in installing a small unit mill of, say 30 to 50 tons per day, but unless financial reasons require a revenue at the earliest date, considerable further development should be carried out first.

Geological conditions and mineralization point to deepseated origin of the ore bodies with consequent permanency in depth.

Development to date has resulted in opening a comparatively large amount of pay ore in relation to the footage accomplished. Titles to the property are in order and unencumbered.

## RESUME OF DISTRICT

The locality was one of the earliest mined areas in the southwest, but operations of the early Spanish Mexicans, and later American miners, were confined to small scale highgrading and pocket-mining of the easily found and mined surface silver-lead-copper ores. Later in the seventies and eighties, several properties, including the Sunshine, Banner and Lincoln, were worked on a similar lines though larger scale, but whereas the greater portion of the ores are silicious and require concentration before marketing, no serious milling operations have been undertaken.

The Banner mine, adjacent to the Sunshine group, was profitably operated over a number of years until abruptly closed by a heavy strike of water, followed soon after by litigation. Credible reports show that the wide lode continued to carry shoots of primary sulphide ore of good value in the deepest (200 feet) level.

The lenticular deposits of silver-bearing copper glance and carbonate ores in the serictic schist belt of the Lincoln were intermittently, but profitably worked by high grading methods over a number of years, but have never been adequately explored at depth for larger bodies of concentrating ore, and the Yellow Bird quartz ledge of the same group was similarly high-grade to moderate depths for shipping ores.

North of the Sunshine and on the silver-limestone-quartz belt, the Clark property was worked in a small way by pocket miners. It has recently been acquired by Eastern interests who are preparing t develop the indicated large bodies of copper-silver-lead impregnations in the altered limestone, In short, the most promising veins and deposits in the district have been only superficially prospected and worked for high grade ores, while their main potential values rest in the development of the wider bodies of lower grade ores. The Sunshine No. 1 is in a more advanced stage of development than the other mines of the camp.

# GEOLOGY AND ORE OCCURRENCES

×

The rock structure of the district broadly consists of a wide series of limestones, shales, quartzites and other sedimentaries, altered in great part by schisting, silicification and tilting by extensive instructions of rhyolite, quartznite. Portions of the continuous sedimentary series have been broken away from the main series by the granitic upheaval and now form outlying "islands" or lenticular masses of limestone and quartzite surrounded by igneous rocks. Under certain conditions the sedimentary masses, particularly when limestone, having been intensely shattered and fissured along and adjacent to their contacts with the igneous masses and by extensive dikes within them. Mineralization has accompanied or followed this fracturing and re-silicification of the fractures, forming ore bodies of which the Sunshine No. 1 is typical.

The sedimentaries adjacent to the schist and often the rhyolite intrusive masses are schisted and also show mineralization, but the limestone being a little more receptive for mineral deposition by replacement, contains the principal ore shoots and "stock-work" deposits.

The metal carrying solutions in most cases have followed the rhyolite and diorite shoots and dikes, and from them have ascended along the more fractured portions of limestone and the narrower but more even fissures in the quartzites.

In othe r cases mineralization has been effected by direct contact and alteration of the sedimentaries with and from the granite magnus.

There is every reason to assume that the Sunshine No. 1 limestone body extends to great depth and with it its fissured condition; therefore we can also expect ore deposition to continue downwards to similar depth.

The copper bearing granite-epidote-diabase contact band traversing the property and parallelling the main limestone belt is typical of the copper bearing contacts of Twin Buttes and Mineral Hill, and its further investigation and exploitation by some diamond drilling is justified and with a reasonable chance of finding enrichment in commercial degree such as resulted from deep exploration of the similar mineralized contacts at Twin Buttes, but at the present this is of secondary consideration.

The mineralization of the Sunshine No. 1 and No. 2 is mainly a deposition of galena with a less amount of blend, pyrite and chalcopyrite in the intensely fissured portions of the limestone and particularly along the main fissures or water courses. Mineralization has not intimately penetrated the harder limestone, and deposition by replacement is not extensive carbonates, the proportion of which to galena should be determined. The lower workings show increasing amounts of blends and not a sufficient quantity to offer treatment troubles.

The zone of oxidation is shallow, glaena usually occuring a few feet below the surface, except on the main water courses where oxidation reaches deeper. A series of cross faults has disrupted the strata and ore deposition is greatest in their vicinity.

The general strike of the mineral belt is N-W-S-E and except where locally varied by later instructions, and the dip is from 70 degrees to 48 degrees southwesterly.

A large mass of ferruginous, altered diabase known as Iron Mountain and reported to contain gold-copper ore in places occurs on Sunrise No. 7, 2800 feet east of Sunshine No. 1 and deserves investigation at a later date.

The main ore occurences consists of fractured, silicified and mineralized lime contact zone underlain by schisted rhyolite and andesite on the foot wall and silicious schist of probably sedimentary origin on the hanging wall. It strikes N. W. dips 50 degrees to 75 degrees southwest and outcrops for a continuous length of 700 feet. The width of commercial ore is exposed by numerous cuts, shafts and faces, ranges from 6 feet to 43 feet, Near its southern limit it utcrops boldly over 30 feet abve the wall rocks and there shows good milling ore for the greater part of its extent.

×

A considerable portion of the main ore body as opened at the near surface and at several points in the lower workings, shows values above the minimum average recoverable value accepted at a basis for following estimates of values, costs and returns, and estimates of general average values stated in previous reports are considerably higher. However, pending a more thorough sampling of all the workings and showing and some bulk mill tests. I believe the lower average assumed by me, while safe, is nearer the actual average of the ore body as a whole.

Mr. W. W. Wishon reported the general mine run average as silver 12.2 ozs; gold \$.55 and lead 13.4%. In a report by the late C. S. Attix, E. M., covering an examination some years ago, no definite ore reserves are stated and no general average value is given, but a list of his sampling results included indicate a much higher tenor than the values I have assumed for the present purposes.

Mr. E. P. Spaulding in a report estimates the average value of a large portion of the Sunshine ore body including much of the lower grade material opened by the cross-cuts from Ash tunnel as : silver 5.46 ozs; gold \$1.10 and lead 9.8%. Apparently the few samples he took were well placed, large and covered considerable widths and probably form a fair basis for provisional estimates pending more complete sampling. Spaulding's sampling is as follows.

1/150' level winz 4' sampled silver 8.4 oz. gold \$1.60 pb 13.119 2/ Sorted ore, so. cliff cuts " 51.2 " " 2.20 " 52.839	0
3/ 11 11 11 11 11 26.4 11 11 4.40 11 64.169	2
1.20 " 8.98% Ash Canyon tunnel 20' cross cut" 5.2 oz. " 1.20 " 8.98%	5
5/ " " 2nd. cross" " 4.8 " " 0.80 " 7.32	- 10 C
4/ Ash Canyon tunnel 20' cross cut" 5.2 oz. "       1.20 "       8.987         5/ " " " 2nd. cross" " 4.8 " "       0.80 "       7.327         6/ So. Cliff face 30' high x 10'W" 4.4 "       0.80 "       13.117	5)

It will be noted that the apparently low grade material opened by crosscuts from Ash tunnel showed values approaching my provisional estimate of 7 oz. silver, gold \$1.00 and lead 8%.

At 230 feet north of main shaft and 50 feet from the northerly limit of the limestone, a deep surface cut exposes 4 feet of ore as saying: silver 7.8 oz gold \$1.00 and lead 21.1% with banging wall unexposed.

At 180 feet north of shaft a 60 foot incline follows the main foot wall ore streak; the shaft ends and the dump showing milling ore. Wishon reports a dump of partly selected ore from this as assaying: silver 16 oz. gold \$1.10 and lead 33.6% and for the remaining dump, after being high-graded, silver 3.2 oz. gold \$0.40 and lead 5.6%.

At 100 feet north, a cut exposes 6' to 8' wide of the same class of ore assaying: silver 4.6 oz. gold \$0.80 and lead 8.1%.

×

The main shaft is sunk in the foot wall of the limestone belt to a depth of 140 feet.

At 65 feet drifts are run 25 feet north and 25 feet south but are inaccessible. Wishon's report states the north drift t show 6 ft. wide or ore assaying: silver 121 oz., gold \$.40 and lead 17% with low grade concentrating ore adjoinging this ore bank, That report also states the shaft bottom to assay: silver 14.1 ox, gold \$1.40 and lead 10.4% but it is doubtful if bulk sampling will confirm this grade. Most of the shaft sinkage is in hard, slightly fractured limestone with a general light galena mineralization. At 100 ft. level the mineralized lime is crosscut west for 50 feet and shows galena and blende mineralization throughout the hard altered limestone with sufficient enrighment within the more fractured zone to be pr fitable stoped, though only proper bult campling can determine the actual average value.

At 30 feet west of shaft a south drift follows, low grade but possibly milling ore for 28 ft. where crosscut exposes 20 ft. side of the same irregularly mineralized material. The foot wall crosscut shows more fissuring with consequent heavier mineralization and a 25' winze follows this down sh wing of 4 ft. across bottom assayed: silver 8 oz. gold \$1.80, lead 12%, and a small dump of ore, roughly selected from this winzing assays: silver 21.4 oz. gold \$1.80, lead 32%. This development is interesting, being the deepest work in the central portion of the ore body.

Other developments at the 100 ft. Jevel are mostly filled with material broken in winzing and crosscutting.

60 ft. south of main shaft a shallow incline exposes 10 ft. of ore with handing wall not exposed. The faces and dumps have been highgraded for shipping but the balance of dumps and sides of incline show milling re. The mineralized limestone here is over 30 ft. wide with stringers of galena at intervals across it.

At 130 ft. south of shaft a cut 18 ft. deep and 60 ft. long exposes 6 to 8 ft. of ore, the richer seams of which have been highgraded. The dump of ore from this work shows very good milling ore and a cut across 6 ft. of the vein assay: silver 6.7 cz, g ld \$.90, lead 9%.

300 ft. south of the shaft the ore body is exposed by an abrupt east-west face over 20 ft. high for its full width of 47 ft. and sh ws a good mineralization of galena in seams and impregnation from wall to wall. The intermittent shipments of smelting ore mined in the early days were mainly sorted out of material broken down across the "southeliff" and a considerable amount of ore of very good milling grade remains in the dumps. The ore body is intensely fractured and many of the galena filled fractures range from 6" to 18" thick.

A short cut on foot wall shows good re and on hanging wall side of deposit a flat incline 40 ft. long, 16 to 22 ft. wide and 8 ft. to 12 ft. high expresses good ore throughout. A sample of roughly sorted ore streaks exposed in the face and sides of this flat incline assays: silver 26.8 oz. gold \$1.80, lead 74%, and forms a fair indication of the value of mill concentrates fr m this portion of the property.

Farther south and below this work, the limestone outcrops over 50 feet wide, showing light mineralization in sections and at about 100 feet south its southern limit is reached. The winze and raise development in Ash Tunnel are within and slightly below this somewhat poor looking outcrop and the m re highly mineralized mass of the south cliff exposure has not yet been opened at tunnel level. If the proposed development at the latter proves the width and value to be as at surface, a very substantial gain in ore reserves will result.

×

On the foregoing surface and shallow showings are based the provisional estimates of 60.000 tons of good milling ore already assured above 75 foot level along the 700 ft. of exposed outcrop, and I believe that when mined, this block of ground will yield a considerably greater tonnage, also that the approximate grade of 7 oz. silver, \$1.00 gold and 8% lead will be more than maintained.

### PROPOSED ADDITIONAL DEVELOPMENT

×

To quickly increase ore reserves and convert the present large quantity of partly developed and indicated ore at definite reserves with the least expenditure and time, I recommend that the Ash Canyon tunnel be extended into and along the ore zone to the locality of the main shaft where a short raise would connect the shaft bottom and the adit drift then extended to the northern limit of No. 1 ore body.

Concurrently with drifting, coosscuts should be run out westerly across the limestone at intervals of not greater than 100 ft. and the principal shoots or bands of pay ore, as located by these crosscuts, then connected by drifts within the main ore or shoots.

A main raise should be put up to hole within the large mass of one in the south cliff outcrop and other raises and winzes should be started when the most suitable point for them have been determined by the proposed drifts and crosscuts at tunnel level.

The present tunnel will need some stripping, retracking, etc. before starting this work.

To carry out this work effectively, it will be necessary to install a 2 to 3 drill compressor near Ash Canyon tunnel portal, together with tool sharpening equipment, ore cars, bins and means of raising the dumping into the latter, the tunnel mouth being very close to creek bed. The compressor could be driven by an oil burning engine of Fairbanks Morse "Y" type or a self-powered machine of the Chicago Pneumatic "hot head" could be selected. Much of the rock is hard and I recommend at least one Dnber Turbre Drill and two Jack hemmer drills, surplus air power should be selected for air pumps and pushing development at several points.

The usual bunkhouse, boarding house for at least 15 men are required and a good sampling and assay plant is essential at the outset, Water supply for the camp and compressor plant is obtainable by sinking wells near the adjacent creek bed.

Before installation of this plant can be started the road from Clark Mine must be improved for efficient truck haulage through to Ash Canyon.

As an alternative to developing from Ash Canyon, the main shaft could be equipped with hoist, headframe, compressor etc. and work started at the end of the ore body and this may eventually be advisable, but the main requirement at present is to definitely block out a large tonnage in ore reserve to justify a 100 ton per day mill installation and therefore the objective can be attained with the least delay and cost by extensive lateral work from Ash Canyon.

The cost of the development equipment will depend largely upon the size and power of the compressor plant and within reason the larger this is, the better.

Exclusive of road repair and camp buildings, the cost of the complete development equipment, including a two or three drill compressor, engine house, water supply, drills, mountings, still cars, etc. will be about \$7,000.00 erected and running th ugh a heavier plant is advisable and fully justified.

It will be found advisable to equip the main shaft or the proposed raise to south cliff with a hoist to enable getting rid of r ck and ore broken in development in the north and s save the long tram haul, when development has progressed to that end of the ore body. Allowing for a minimum development footage o 1,100 feet to fully cover this program, and estimating all operating charges when running three or more faces, the cost of the lateral work and raising would be about \$13,750.00 I feet confident that with proper equipment and careful estimate and that the results attained will open up a reserve of ore in quantity to fully warrant the further equipment of the property with a full mining and milling plant on the lines advocated in the previous reports on the property.

## ASH CANYON TUNNEL

This is started near creek bed level 500 feet south and 160 feet below level of collar set off main shaft. In penetrates footwall schist for 80 ft. then continues in mineralized limestone where a pay ore shoot over 50 ft. long and 6 ft. wide is opened the tunnel and raise and winze off latter. The mineralization extends westerly across the limestone from this footwall shoot for a proven width of over 30 ft. Portions of the mineralized material are of milling grade, but sampling is necessary to determine the proportion of ore and waste. The raise is in good ore and the winze (now flooded) is credibly reported to have shown good ore in bottom. The several crosscuts put out in the mineralized mass northeasterly of the raise show light mineralization, but this work is all to the south cliff outcrops. If the dip of the latter is maintained to the tunnel level, the ore should be found northwesterly of the present tunnel crosscuts, which have merely prospected the downward continuation of the poorer southermost limestone outcrop.

The tunnel drift continues in footwall schist to 260 feet from portal and is about 300 ft. south of mainshaft, to the locality of which it could be driven quickly in the schist or more slowly; but with better effect, by trending it into adjacent limestone and then extending the drift in the latter.

The time required to carry out this work will be from 6 to 8 months according to air power and rills available, after equipment is completed. Exploring the limestone formation at depth by diamond drilling would be quick, cheap and fairly reliable, providing a sufficient number of holes are put down, but owing to the irregular concentration of the galena in fissures and streaks and to the very friable nature of the mineral in comparison to the tough fissured lime, results might be low and misleading. Development of the interesting Sunshine No. 2 ore b dy could follow at a later stage.

### ORE TREATMENT

×

This character of ore will yeild a good percentage recovery with high ratio of concentration and clean concentrates by medium crushing and concentration, or fine crushing and flotation or preferably a combination of both. When lead carbonate appears in appreciable amounts, table c ncentration should precede floration.

Thorough laboratory and working treatment tests will be necessary to evolve the most satisfactory flow sheet and in the meantime a fairly simple and cheaply operated concentration process can be relied on.

A small testing mill of say 10 to 12 tons per 24 hours would be invaluable for running mill tests on the ores and would certainly pay for its cost and operation when running on the richer ores.

A suitable little mill for this purpose could be installed complete for \$4,000.00 to \$7,000.00 according to design and completeness. This is a matter for consideration after the development work is proceeding.

If, for financial or other reasons, it proves desirable to install an entire mill unit of say, 30 to 50 tons daily, capacity before the full development policy is carried ut the present indicated and assured reserves are sufficient to make this a safe investment, though I advise deferring production until further development work warrants larger operations with the surety of premanent profit earning on the large scale.

## QUANTITIES, VALUES, PROBABLE COST AND PROFITS

There are at least 60,000 tons fore in the No. 1 ore body alone from surface to an assumed depth of 75 ft. proven and indicated by the partial development within this block to date. It ranges from 6' to over 40' wide at surface.

A careful consideration of previous samplings and my own "pilot" samples justifies the following estimated minimum values for this tonnage: silver 7 oz. gold \$1.00, lead 8%.

Portions of the ore body included in the above will carry considerably higher values over local areas.

The assay value of the ore as above estimated is:

Silver, 39 ozs.	per ton concentrate @ 90¢	\$35.10
Gold	8 8	5-40
Lead, 48%, less	2%, 46%, 90 or 46% @ 6¢ 1b	. 41.40 41,68
Market va	lue, one ton concentrate	(81.90) 90.18
Less trea	tment charge.	10.16

On a basis of 100 tons milled per day, 16.66 tons of concentrates would be produced per day having a market value of, less treatment and freight, \$1,356.00 per day.

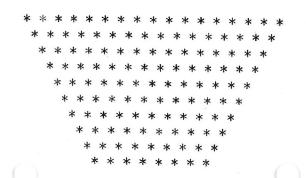
To produce one ton of concentrates would cost about as follows: (when mine is fully developed and equipped.)

C. P. S.

Mining: 6 tons @ \$1.50 <sup>2</sup>	\$9.00	
Milling, transportation to mill, 6 tons @1.50	<b>₽</b> 9.00 9.00	
Development, 6 tons	1.50	
General trucking	. 30	
Concentrate	3.50	
Per ton concentrate	23.00	
Add freight and treatment charges	23.00	د
	2	0

The above approximation for future consideration, but on the foregoing figures show a margin of profit on ore carrying 7 oz. silver, \$1.00 gold and 8% lead of \$6.20 per ton or ore or \$37.25 per ton of concentrates.

On the higher average values accepted in previous reports, the approximated profits would of course be proportionately higher as the working costs would remain about the same.



"Similine Mine" "Dimistine Mine" Dimis county Mimo:-

Tp. 10 Range 4-398a. 2 7-11-47 Range 7-11-47 Mer. Land Dist. 30 32 ef. 2 - 3 esp. 20 0 RINTING OFFICE

Sate 2, 3, 4, Swinger Sec. 2 - State w nw 4 Sc 4 nw 4, Sw 4 fate 1, 2. 3, 4, 5, 6, 7 Pat. u. S. reserved minerale 7-1 (-4-9. Mer · 2.20 . . .

7-11 17 7-11-41 Mer. Tp. 18 & Range 11 Land Dist. 15 0 e REARCH U

7-11-4-1 iere 27. à efino 1693 en 7 20 0 . 720

in a start

Tp. 198 Range 10 2 7-11-47 Tp. 198 Range 10 7-11-47 Mer. Land Dist. -15 16 23 24 19 20 30 4 lean filma Careford Suc. ENT PRINTING OFFICE -142

Serving 4 - S" State Sec 34 - 12 leaven Sec. 35 - 72 Sut netset so set leaved to Hawell manning put Set Sec. 35 -patented menerale went with patent