## THE PRIMARY COPPER INDUSTRY

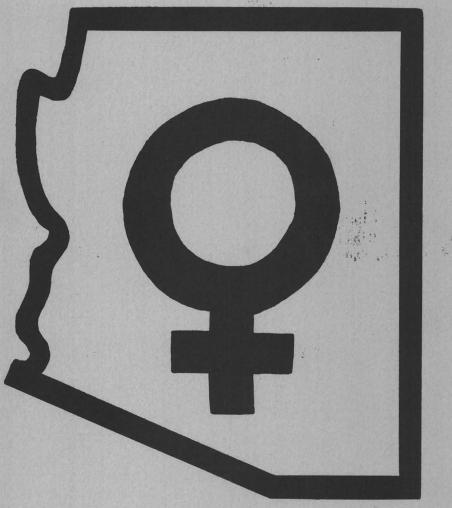
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## OF ARIZONA

IN 1975 - 1976

SPECIAL REPORT NO. 2



BY

MICHAEL N. GREELEY

ARIZONA DEPARTMENT OF MINERAL RESOURCES

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#### INTRODUCTION

The Arizona Department of Mineral Resources presents herein a report on the copper industry. This report discusses the economic conditions that prevailed during 1975 and 1976 and specifically profiles Arizona's copper production during this period. A short resume of the operational highlights reported by individual developers and producers in the state is also given.

The statistical tables in this report include various production and employment figures through 1976. In addition, the tables are expanded with historical compilations of leachcopper as a percentage of primary production, average grade of ore produced, recoveries, stripping ratios, and designed copper capacity. A table and location map of copper reserves in Arizona is also provided. It is hoped that the information is useful to the reader and a sincere request is extended for any corrections or suggestions deemed necessary for the accuracy or completeness of this report.

The Department maintains an extensive library of information concerning the copper industry, including earlier editions of reports similar to this one. Another copper report, with compilations through 1977, will be issued in early 1979.

# TABLE OF CONTENTS

	Page
INTRODUCTION	1
ECONOMIC CONDITIONS IN 1975 AND 1976	3
COPPER PRODUCTION IN ARIZONA	5
HIGHLIGHTS OF COMPANY OPERATIONS IN ARIZONA	9

STATISTICAL TABLES 1/ PRODUCTION

4

Arizona			
Table	I	Copper and Molybdenum Production of Large Arizona Copper Mines	21
Table		Arizona Leach Copper Production	27
Table	III	Average Cu Content of Ore Produced	00
Table	IV	at Arizona Copper Mines Contained Cu Recoveries at	29
		Arizona Copper Mines	35
Table	V	Stripping Ratios at Arizona	27
Table	VT	Open-Pit Copper Mines Arizona Production and Value	37
10010	V L	of Copper, Molybdenum, Gold and	
		Silver Recovered from Copper Ore	39 41
Table		Mineral Production in Arizona Arizona Mine Production of Copper,	41
Table	VTTT	Lead, Zinc, Gold and Silver, 1858	
		to Present	43
Table	IX	Arizona Mine Production	
Table	X	(Recoverable) of Gold, Silver, Copper, Lead and Zinc in <u>1975</u> , by Class of Ore or Other Source Material Arizona Mine Production (Recover-	45
Table	νT	able) of Gold, Silver, Copper, Lead and Zinc in <u>1976</u> , by Class of Ore or Other Source Material Major Designed Copper Capacity	47
Table	VT	in Arizona	49
			-
United S	Contraction of the local division of the loc	Mine Dreduction of Possyspehlo	
Table	XII	Mine Production of Recoverable Copper in the United States	51
Table	XIII	United States Production and Value	22
		of Copper, Gold and Silver Recov- ered from Copper Ore	53
Table	XIV	United States Production and Consumption of Copper	55
		comments and a company	11

### TABLE OF CONTENTS (Continued)

#### United States (Continued) Table XV Imports of Primary Copper into the United States by Country 57 of Origin World 61 Table XVI Salient Copper Statistics Table XVII Mine Production of Copper in Arizona, The United States and the World with Domestic Price of 63 Copper World Mine Production of Table XVIII 69 Copper by Country EMPLOYMENT Arizona "Covered Employment" and Wages Table XIX in Arizona Copper Mining and Smelting 73 Arizona Industries Covered by Table XX 75 Social Security United States Table XXI Employment, Earnings and Hours in Copper Mining in the 79 United States and Arizona RESERVES Arizona Table XXII Proven Copper Reserves in 83 Arizona MAJOR DEPOSITS OF COPPER IN ARIZONA Map at end of report

1/ Throughout this report a "Ton" means a short ton (2000 pounds or 1.1023 metric ton).

Page

#### ECONOMIC CONDITIONS IN 1975 AND 1976

The recession of 1975 inflicted a great blow to the copper industry. In the United States, demand for copper was down 31% from 1974 and 38% from 1973. As demand dropped so did prices.

As 1975 opened the U.S. producer price was  $68\not 4$  per pound of copper. At the end of January Asarco led a general reduction to  $63\not 4$ . Another cut to  $60\not 4$  per pound was instituted by Asarco and Phelps Dodge in June; other U.S. producers refused to lower their price. By late July, the market was slightly higher again and Asarco and Phelps Dodge rejoined the other producers at  $63\not 4$ , where the price remained through the end of the year.

Although curtailments of mine production were initiated at many properties, the inventory of concentrates and refined copper increased enormously in 1975. There was a world excess, over normal levels, of approximately 800,000 tons of copper. In the U. S., production (including secondary recovery of unalloyed copper) exceeded consumption by about 15% (Table XIV). Primary refined stocks at U. S. refineries doubled during the year, rising from 101,000 tons to 207,000 tons (Table XVI). Net primary imports fell from almost 436,000 tons in 1974 to a little over 127,000 tons in 1975 (Table XV).

As the world and U. S. economies began to recover in 1976, consumers and commodity speculators took advantage of the low price. In late February, Cities Service raised its producer price from  $63\phi$  to  $66\phi$  but was the only supplier to do so. A week later, Cities Service reduced its price back to  $63\phi$ . But demand continued to strengthen and on March 19, Asarco, followed by other producers, raised its price to  $66\phi$ . In mid-April, Kennecott led another producer increase to  $70\phi$ . And again, in late June, Kennecott, and other producers, raised the price to  $74\phi$  per pound.

Then a pause in the economic recovery set in and the copper market fell back to levels experienced in the 1975 recession. On October 6, Phelps Dodge led the producers with a reduction to  $70\phi$  per pound and on December 1, Asarco led another reduction to  $65\phi$ , where the price remained until the end of 1976.

Many production curtailments at the mines were lifted during 1976 in response to increased demand. But, as the economy softened in the later part of the year, inventories of concentrates and refined copper continued to build throughout the free world. For 1976, U. S. primary production from mines and secondary recovery of unalloyed copper was slightly above consumption (Table XIV). A generally low free-market price compared to the U. S. producer price presented a bargain to U. S. fabricators, and, as a result, net primary imports increased substantially over 1975 (Table XV). Zambia, a country that shipped little or no copper to the U. S. in 1975, exported over 127,000 tons of refined copper to this country in 1976. Substantial increases in imports were also recorded from Canada, Chile, Peru, and Yugoslavia. The primary refined stocks at U. S. refineries were reduced only slightly from the beginning of 1976, to 190,000 tons (TableXVI).

In summary, the copper industry, at least in the U. S., continued to lag behind other industry leaders as economic conditions generally improved. Consumption in the free world, including the U. S., increased from 1975. Production, however, at many foreign mines continued at a high rate, supplying the market with a surplus of low-cost copper. American producers found it difficult to compete effectively against these lower priced supplies; in fact many of them operated at a loss or break-even point.

The average annual price of copper per pound, at a high of  $77\phi$  in 1974, declined to  $64\phi$  in 1975 and rose slightly to  $69\phi$  in 1976 (Table XVII).

#### COPPER PRODUCTION IN ARIZONA

The center of copper production in the United States is Arizona. In 1975 the state accounted for 57.5% of the Nation's newly mined copper. In 1976, the year of America's Bicentennial observance and perhaps as a fitting tribute to the revolutionaries' early use of the red metal, Arizona produced for the first time over a million tons of copper and accounted for 63.8% of the total primary production in the U. S. (Tables XII and XVII). Indeed Arizona produced more copper than any country in the world, except Chile (Table XVIII).

In 1976 the gross value of mineral production in Arizona was \$1,726,621,000. Of this total value, copper production contributed 83% (Table VII). Other major contributors to the total mineral production of the state include molybdenum, gold, and silver. Virtually all the molybdenum and most of the gold and silver are byproducts of the treatment of copper ores (Table VI). As a result, Arizona ranks second in the United States in the production of molybdenum and silver, and fourth in the production of gold.

From a record employment high in 1974 of nearly 28 thousand persons working in the primary copper industry, the number of employees fell eight percent to approximately 25.6 thousand in 1976 (Tables XIX and XX). Employment and productivity figures for this same period, however, indicate the production worker's average hourly earnings rose roughly \$1.50 (from \$5.61/hr. to \$7.14/hr) as his average hourly production rate increased about one ton (from 4.5 tons/man-hr. to 5.4 tons/man-hr).

There were 29 major Arizona copper mines producing in 1975 (Table I). The number of operating properties was reduced to 27 in 1976. The newest property to begin operations was the Lakeshore underground mine which came on-stream in early 1976 and added significantly to the state's production.

Interestingly, there was a sharp rise in the amount of copper produced by leaching methods (Table II). The Johnson and Lakeshore mines began supplying leach-copper during the 1975-76 period and in 1976 copper produced by leaching oxide-type minerals exceeded 16% of the total primary production. Generally the cost of producing leach-copper has been less than producing milled sulfide concentrates.

Over the years, the average grade of ore produced has declined. Between 1966 and 1975, the copper content of sulfide ores dropped 30% to a point where there was only about 11 pounds of copper in a ton of ore mined (Table III). There was a slight reversal in this downward trend when in 1976 Arizona's ore averaged 12 pounds of copper per ton. A review of the copper recoveries listed in Table IV indicates little or no change during the past decade. Although no attempt was made to weight the recoveries according to the amount of material treated, it is obvious that, for an operation to maintain its copper metal production with leaner ore feeds, significant technological refinements must have been made.

With the cessation of mining at the Copper Cities mine in 1975, the number of open pit operations declined to 20 in 1976. The stripping ratio, or the amount of waste removed in comparison to the amount of ore mined, at these operations is given for the past decade (Table V). Even though the average annual stripping ratio has not fluctuated greatly from what it was in 1966 (2.3:1), the ratio does appear to be creeping upward. In 1976 the average ratio was 2.7:1.

Table XI shows an estimate of the capacity to produce primary copper at each of the state's principal operations. In total there is a designed capacity to produce slightly more than 1.25 million tons annually. The Arizona mines and their concentrators and leach-plant facilities operated at about 65% capacity during 1975 as a result of a major recession in the industry. As market conditions improved, albeit erratically, in 1976, production was raised to about 80% of capacity.

Many factors, some of which have been discussed above, affect the actual production of copper in Arizona. Most technological factors are so interwoven that to isolate one and describe its impact is extremely difficult and often misleading. An even more difficult task is to properly evaluate the rapidly enlarging domain of socio-political factors that influence daily the decisions made by the developers and producers of copper. Foremost, however, in any discussion of capacity is the availability of the natural resource, in this case the availability of deposits of copper mineralization. A chart showing most of Arizona's rich endowment of proven copper reserves is given in Table XXII.

An interesting development that recently improved the reserves held by Asarco should be mentioned. In 1976, an agreement signed with Anamax effectively unlocked over 200 million tons or ore. In addition to the new Palo Verde mine containing 156.5 million tons that will be developed by the partners, Asarco will extend the life of its Mission and San Xavier mines by adding to them 44.2 million tons. Moreover, there will be a significant improvement of ore grade at the Mission mine.

It should be emphasized that, although the reserves listed in Table XXII total more than 10 billion tons (generally as of December 31, 1977), the figures can move upward or downward drastically with changes in technological skill or with changes in U. S. policy or economy. If, for example, socio-political factors such as capricious rules and regulations imposed by government become too burdensome, many of these deposits may never be developed and many of the existing mines may be closed. Arizona's, and therefore America's, capacity to produce copper will then be seriously harmed.

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## HIGHLIGHTS OF COMPANY OPERATIONS IN ARIZONA

The following is a resume of operational developments and accomplishments of major companies in Arizona concerned with production of copper.

#### Anamax Mining Company

A three-year expansion program was largely completed at the Twin Buttes mine in 1975. A new solvent extraction-electrowinning plant built to treat oxide ore began operation in August. The expansion program increased annual capacity to approximately 90,000 tons of copper contained in concentrates and 36,000 tons of cathode copper.

Due mainly to unanticipated poor ground conditions which severely limited access to ore, the sulfide concentrating facility was shut down on March 1, 1975 and ore mining suspended while an intensive program of overburden removal was pursued. A major reduction in the planned angle of slope walls in certain portions of the orebody resulted in the elimination of some ore carried as reserve. A comparison of reserves published as of December 31, 1974 and 1975 shows that although the oxide tonnage was increased 15%, the sulfide tonnage was reduced by 80 million tons (426M tons to 346M tons). Fortunately the average grade of the sulfide ore was improved eight percent.

In July 1975, stripping operations were reduced to five days per week and the work force temporarily reduced. In January 1976, mining of ore was resumed and the sulfide concentrator renewed operations at a reduced rate of 30,000 tons of ore per day, for five days per week. Milling of ore from the northeast orebody was initiated during the first quarter. The reduced production schedule, approximately 60% of capacity, was maintained through the year. During this first full year of operation the oxide plant was the largest single producer of cathode copper from oxide ores in Arizona, producing 57,925,000 pounds.

#### Asarco Inc.

Except for a three-week vacation shutdown, operations were normal at the Sacaton and San Xavier mines in 1975. Production at Sacaton during its first complete year of operation exceeded full capacity of 21,000 tons of copper. Development work began for the mining of the Sacaton East orebody by underground methods. A head frame and hoist house were installed at the surface and the main shaft was collared to bedrock. Mining of oxide ore from the south pit of the San Xavier mine began at midyear; this ore is treated with the oxide ore obtained from the north pit at the San Xavier vat-leach plant.

A reduced operational schedule of five days per week continued from late 1974 through June 1975 at the Mission and Silver Bell mines. After a complete shutdown for a three-week vacation in July, work schedules were reduced further to four days per week. This production schedule, approximately 57 % of normal capacity, was maintained through the year.

The Hayden smelter operated at about 65% effective capacity during 1975. Installation of a sophisticated air monitoring and meteorological measurement system at the smelter was essentially completed and in full operation by December 1, 1975. This installation and major repair to one smelting furnace caused the reduced smelter production.

In 1976, operations at the Sacaton and San Xavier mines continued normally with the exception that development of the underground East orebody at Sacaton was suspended. Mining of oxide ore at the north pit of the San Xavier mine was completed during the year and shipment commenced of the underlying sulfide ore to the Mission concentrator. The south pit at San Xavier continued to contribute oxide ore to the vatleach plant. Production levels at Mission and Silver Bell were finally restored to normal in August 1976.

During the year the smelter at Hayden again operated at about 65% capacity. Major repairs and modifications were made to the sulfuric acid plant originally built in 1971 to control sulfur dioxide emissions.

#### Big Hole Mining Company

Since 1954 production at the United Verde mine was contracted by Phelps Dodge, the owner, to the Big Hole Mining Company. Copper was produced from both sulfide and oxide ores. Operations at the mine were brought to a close in June 1975.

During its period of operation, Big Hole produced in excess of 25 million pounds of copper recoverable from sulfide ore alone. Between 1966 and 1975 the average (weighted) sulfide grade was 5.55 percent Cu.

#### Casa Grande Copper Company

An announcement of a major discovery of copper mineralization was made in late 1976 by the Getty Oil Company and Hanna Mining Company. These two companies were equal participants in the joint exploration venture managed by the Coastal Mining Company, a subsidiary owned entirely by Hanna. The mineralization is in the vicinity of the Santa Cruz river drainage west of Casa Grande, Arizona, and occurs at depths of 1600 to 3300 feet. The deposit is only a few miles southwest of Asarco's Sacaton mine.

Eventually a new company, the Casa Grande Copper Company, was formed to further explore and develop the Casa Grande deposit. The new company is owned equally by Getty and Hanna.

#### Cities Service Company

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During 1975, the first complete year of operation, the Pinto Valley mine and mill operated at about 90% of design capacity. Under normal conditions the facility should produce annually 62,500 tons of copper contained in concentrates. In addition, there is a molybdenum circuit. The open-pit mine will eventually encompass the old Castle Dome mine area.

Ore extraction at the Copper Cities and Diamond H open-pit mines was terminated on May 9, 1975. Milling of stockpiled low-grade material was stopped on September 12, 1975. Leaching of dumps, however, and production of precipitate-copper at the Copper Cities unit continued through the year.

In-situ leaching of the old Miami orebody and production of precipitate-copper also continued through 1975. A new solvent extraction-electrowinning plant to produce cathode copper directly from leach solutions was being constructed.

Poor economic conditions forced a postponement of production originally scheduled for early 1976 at the Miami East orebody. Underground development work, however, was conducted to verify mining conditions. In addition, a drilling program to assist in detailed planning of eventual ore extraction continued through the year.

In 1976 the Pinto Valley mine and mill operated at six percent over design capacity. Design modifications were begun to increase capacity from 40,000 tpd to 50,000 tpd. This expansion program was scheduled for completion in late 1978.

Leaching continued through 1976 at the Copper Cities and Miami units. The new solvent extraction-electrowinning plant went on stream during the second quarter of the year. The plant has a design capacity of 6,000 tons per year of high quality cathode copper. The Miami East underground mine remained on standby during 1976. A test mine opening was excavated, however, and the development drilling program was completed.

#### Continental Oil Company

Conoco continued to evaluate its Poston Butte deposit approximately three miles northwest of Florence, Arizona. During 1975, underground work to obtain bulk ore samples, accumulate rock mechanics data, and confirm ore reserve estimates was completed. Also, all major operations were completed at a pilot recovery plant where performance and design criteria for oxide and sulfide ore treatment were determined.

In 1976, Conoco announced the indefinite postponement of development of the Poston Butte deposit. Comprehensive studies completed during the year, however, showed that the deposit can be developed by standard techniques of open-pit mining and ore processing.

#### Cyprus Mines Corporation

At Bagdad, a major expansion program begun in mid-1974 was on schedule throughout 1975. Approximately one third of the pre-production stripping was completed. Eleven of 20 new 170-ton trucks were operating by the end of 1975 as well as one of four new 20 cubic yard shovels. A new mine maintenance and machine shop and warehouse facilities were finished by July. Site preparation for the primary crusher and new concentrator was completed by the end of the year. New employee housing was under c nstruction and drilling to expand reserves further was underway. In 1975, the Cyprus Bagdad Copper Company was the first company to receive certification of its electrowon cathodes for New York Commodity Exchange contracts.

During the year, Cyprus reduced costs and improved operational efficiency at the underground Bruce mine by putting into service a new, large mobile drilling machine. An intensive exploration program to deliniate additional ore was not successful. The Johnson open-pit mine and solvent extractionelectrowinning plant went into production in March 1975. This operation is designed to produce approximately 5,000 tons of high quality cathode copper annually.

The Cyprus Pima Mining Company (owned 50.01 % by Cyprus Mines Corporation) produced at near capacity level during 1975. Fifteen new 170-ton trucks were delivered to the Pima mine by October.

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During 1976 expansion at the Bagdad mine continued on schedule. Site preparation for the overland conveyor, water reservoir, and tailings dam was finished in the first quarter. Drilling to expand ore reserves continued.

Production in 1976 at the Bruce mine was difficult to maintain because of support problems in stopes which neared completion. It was reported that the mine had a life expectancy of a little more than one year, and that exploratory drilling had not increased reserves.

The Johnson operation completed its first full year of production in 1976 and produced above capacity. It was the second U. S. producer of electrowon cathodes to receive certification for New York Commodity Exchange contracts. Cyprus reported that at the current rate of production the mine had eight years of operation remaining after 1976.

The Cyprus Pima Mining Company again produced at near capacity level during 1976. A new large drill began operating in April, seven new 170-ton trucks were delivered in the third quarter, and a new 20 cubic yard shovel began working in December. Cyprus reported that after 1976 the Pima mine had a life expectancy of about eight years.

The CYMET process, a hydrometallurgical technique to reduce copper directly from copper sulfides, was tested and improved during 1976. The pilot plant is operated at the Pima mine site.

#### Duval Corporation

Operations at the Esperanza and Mineral Park mines were curtailed in February 1975 from a seven-day week to a fiveday week. This curtailment reduced total copper production about 17%.

During the year, production at the Sierrita mine was essentially at full capacity. In addition to being the second largest producer of copper in Arizona during 1975, Sierrita was the single largest source of molybdenum in the state, producing 47 % of the total. By December, the total amount of copper required to be delivered to the General Services Administration had been made available for delivery. These final deliveries completed Duval's committment to repay a GSA loan with 38-cent copper.

In February 1975, the construction of new facilities to produce ferro-molybdenum was completed. This plant, adjacent to the Esperanza property, is designed to produce 3.5 million pounds of ferro-molybdenum annually. During the year, construction of the new CLEAR plant near the Sierrita property, was completed. This hydrometallurgical plant is designed to produce 40,000 tons of copper crystals (equivalent to a high-grade blister copper) per year. It will treat concentrates produced at the Esperanza and Sierrita properties and precipitates produced at the Esperanza and Mineral Park properties.

In 1976, operational curtailments imposed at Esperanza and Mineral Park were finally relaxed in September and the properties resumed a seven-day week. Sierrita again produced at full capacity; the mine produced 17,608,678 pounds of recoverable molybdenum, 57% of Arizona's total production.

The CLEAR plant commenced production during the first quarter of 1976. It operated at about 85% of design capacity during the year.

#### Eisenhower Mining Company

The Eisenhower Mining Company was formed in August 1976 as a general partnership between the Anamax Mining Company and Asarco Inc., to develop and mine the Palo Verde ore deposit. This ore body lies between Asarco's Mission and South San Xavier open-pit mines and is leased from the State of Arizona on claims located in the 1950's.

Stripping of overburden at the Palo Verde began in late 1976 and production will begin in early 1979. Asarco is the mine operator. Anamax's share of the ore will be concentrated at the Twin Buttes mill, Asarco's at the Mission mill. The planned production is 27,000 tons per year of copper contained in concentrates.

#### Hecla Mining Company

Hecla is the operating member of a general partnership formed with the El Paso Natural Gas Company to develop, mine, and produce copper at the Lakeshore underground mine. The mine and sophisticated plant facilities are designed to produce 65,000 tons per year of copper contained in cathodes and precipitates. The property is leased from the Papago Indian Tribe on a royalty basis. Preproduction mine development was 95% complete by the end of 1975.

Lakeshore began operations officially on April 1, 1976, although the first cathode-copper shipment was made earlier on January 26, 1976. Oxide ore production reached full capacity in August 1976. Production of sulfide ore was difficult to maintain at full capacity, however, because of dilution problems. Although all plant facilities operated according to expectations except the copper precipitate pelletizing plant, the high start-up costs, low mine production rates, and low copper prices resulted in substantial losses for the year.

#### Inspiration Consolidated Copper Company

Overall production by Inspiration was curtailed 25% in February 1975. Another reduction in October brought production down to about 65% of capacity.

At the beginning of the year, the Inspiration Area mines were operated seven days per week and were producing all three major classes of ore, oxide, sulfide, and a mixture of the two (dual process), at the rate of 27,500 tpd. In February the work week was reduced to five days; however, the production rate was maintained. In April the seven-day week was resumed but production was reduced to 20,000 tpd. Mining of oxide ore was stopped at this time. In October, the work week was again reduced to five days and production was maintained at 20,000 tpd for the rest of the year.

Similar curtailments were imposed at the other operations. At the Christmas mine the work week was reduced in February from seven days to five days and there were complete shutdowns from November 24, to December 7, and from December 20, to the end of the year. Operations were reduced throughout the year at the Ox Hide mine from 20 shifts to 1) shifts per week.

There were intermittent shutdowns at the smelter and acid plant due to repairs of pollution control facilities. The failure of a furnace wall at the smelter caused a major halt of production from December 19. to January 21 of the following year (1976). Operations at the fabricating division were also reduced during the year from three shifts to two shifts per day, with a five-day week.

On the brighter side, in June 1975, the Inspiration smelter passed required air quality tests and was issued an operating permit by the Arizona State Department of Health Services. In addition, a new method of dump leaching that increases rate of copper extraction and recovery was developed, tested and put into practice late in the year. In June, Inspiration sold 850,000 shares of common stock to the Hudson Bay Mining and Smelting Company, Ltd., of Canada, and the Minerals and Resources Corporation, Ltd., of Bermuda, for \$31,450,000. In 1976, most of the company's mining operations were at about 70% of capacity. The Inspiration Area mines maintained a production rate of 20,000 tpd on a schedule of five days per week. The Christmas mine resumed operations on January 20, with a five-day week until August when work was scheduled seven days per week. A work schedule of 10 shifts per week continued at the Ox Hide mine. In July, operations at the fabricating division were increased to 14 shifts per week and then reduced again in early September to 10 shifts per week.

Production records were set in 1976 at both the acid plant and the smelter. The smelter produced 127,000 tons of copper.

#### Kennecott Copper Corporation

On February 16, 1975, operations at the Ray Mines Division were reduced to a five-day week. There was a 12-week shutdown during the summer. The reverberatory furnace at the Hayden smelter was rebuilt during this shutdown. An expansion project to increase silicate copper leaching capacity by 40% continued at a reduced rate.

In 1976, although production schedules remained below full capacity levels, a substantial increase in copper production was realized. In addition, the expansion of capacity at the silicate copper leaching facility was completed early in the year and overall performance of the new plant exceeded design projections.

Kennecott reported that operations at Ray should continue for 70 years at current production levels. Engineering plans progressed during the year in anticipation of possible expansion of production capacity.

During 1975 and 1976, evaluation of the company's Safford deposit continued. Experiments were performed to test the applicability of a solution mining process on the deposit.

#### McAlester Fuel Company

McAlester began production of leach-copper at the Zonia mine in 1966. Oxide ore was taken from the open-pit mine and heap leached until 1973 when operations were changed and the deposit was leached in place. Slightly more than 31 million pounds of copper were produced before operations were suspended in March 1975.

#### Newmont Mining Corporation

Production during 1975 at the San Manuel division was reduced by 23% with a temporary reduction in the work force. Nevertheless, it remained the largest underground metal mining operation in the U. S. and it was the largest single producer of copper in Arizona. It produced 187,487,000 pounds of recoverable copper during the year. Production at the highgrade Magma (Superior) mine was increased 33%.

During 1975, equipment and storage facilities were installed at the San Manuel smelter to utilize oil as smelter fuel during periods of natural gas scarcity. Subsequently, as the cost of oil rose, plans were drawn to modify the installations so that coal could be used as the primary fuel.

During 1976, the San Manuel mine continued to operate at a curtailed level. At mid-year, a gradual step-up of mine development was started but later, in view of recurrent unfavorable market conditions, the development work was again temporarilyreduced. Production at the Magma mine was maintained at full capacity.

An abnormally high number of intermittent curtailments required for air pollution control at the San Manuel smelter adversely affected operations during the fourth quarter. The curtailments caused deterioration in the physical condition of the reverberatory furnaces and consequent lower efficiencies and throughput. As a result, concentrate inventories were built above normal and copper had to be purchased to meet sales obligations. During the year, however, the smelter did process old slag, enhancing substantially the total copper production.

The ammonia double alkali gas-scrubbing pilot plant at San Manuel continued operating during 1976. This plant was established by the Smelter Control Research Association, of which Newmont is a founding member.

#### Occidental Petroleum Corporation

For several years, Occidental's mineral division, Occidental Minerals Corp. (Oxymin), has drilled and delineated the Van Dyke oxide copper deposit that lies beneath much of the town of Miami, Arizona. The mineralization is 1100 to 2000 feet deep and varies from about 100 feet to 370 feet thick. In 1976, the company began preparations to test an in-situ copper solution mining process.

#### Oracle Ridge Mining Partners

The Oracle Ridge mine, formerly known as the Control mine, is in the vicinity of Marble Peak on the northeast slope of the Santa Catalina Mountains. Between 1968 and 1974, the Continental Copper Co., a subsidiary of the Continental Materials Corp., drilled and defined the ore reserves on the property, began underground development, ran metallurgical tests and initiated feasibility studies.

In 1975, the company continued underground development and engineering studies for a comprehensive operating plan. Negotiations for the acquisition of rights-of-way and tailings storage area were made during the year and discussions were held with several companies interested in becoming a partner in the mine development.

During 1976, the general mine plan was completed and a second mine adit established. The underground development work was continued and a ventilation shaft begun. In August, an announcement was made that Union Miniere, S. A., a Belgiumbased natural resources company had agreed in principle to take a 45% interest, in exchange for investing additional capital and arranging for necessary financing. Eventually, a new company, 55% owned by Continental and named the Oracle Ridge Mining Partners, was formed with Union Miniere to bring the mine into production.

#### Phelps Dodge Corporation

The new Metcalf mine and concentrator began production in January 1975. Operations during the year showed that the concentrator, designed to treat 30,000 tpd, has an actual capacity of 40,000 tpd.

Work schedules at the Metcalf, Morenci, and New Cornelia mines and concentrators were reduced on January 9, from the equivalent of a  $5\frac{1}{2}$ -day week to a 5-day week. On February 20, operations at these mines, as well as the underground mines at Bisbee, were reduced further to a four-day week. On June 13, 1975, the underground mines at Bisbee were shut down. During the week of July 13, operating schedules equivalent to a five-day week were resumed at the other properties and continued through the year.

Despite these operational curtailments and closure of the Bisbee mines, Phelps Dodge remained the leading producer of copper in Arizona. The company produced 345,688,981 pounds of recoverable copper, approximately 21% of the state's total production. Installation of facilities to control air quality at the company smelters was essentially completed in 1975. Operations were generally on a seven-day week schedule except from February 20, to mid-July and during the three-week vacation shutdown at Morenci and New Cornelia.

The second of two units designed to dispose of most of the sulfuric acid produced at the Morenci smelter was completed and put in operation in November 1975. These facilities are used in leaching concentrator tailings produced at Metcalf and Morenci.

Construction of underground and surface installations and other development work at the company's Dos Pobres deposit near Safford, Arizona, continued during 1975. The No. 1 shaft was deepened about 240 feet to a final depth of 2,150 feet and the No. 2 shaft reached a depth of 1,439 feet.

In March 1976, work schedules at Metcalf, Morenci, and New Cornelia were increased to a six-day week. This schedule continued until December when it was reduced to the equivalent of a  $5\frac{1}{2}$ -day week. Operations at the smelters were generally on a seven-day week schedule except during the normal three-week vacation shutdown at Morenci and New Cornelia.

Mine production of copper was greater than in any prior year resulting from longer work schedules and greater production from the new Metcalf mine. In 1976, Phelps Dodge produced 475,731,242 pounds of recoverable copper from its Arizona mines, about 23% of the state's total production.

Development of the Dos Pobres deposit continued at a reduced rate in 1976. Most of the work was on underground access and haulage drifts around the extremities of the orebody. Sinking of the No. 2 shaft was suspended on February 15, when a depth of 1,570 feet was reached.

#### Ranchers Exploration and Development Company

During 1975 and 1976, the Bluebird property was operated essentially at full capacity. A record production of 17,875,534 pounds of cathode copper was obtained in 1976. Four new 120-ton ore trucks were purchased during 1976 to reduce mining costs as haulage distances and lifts increase.

In-place leaching and production of copper precipitates at the Old Reliable mine were suspended in July 1975.

## TABLE I

### COPPER AND MOLYBDENUM PRODUCTION OF LARGE ARIZONA COPPER MINES

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		1975			1976	х. 
Company	Tons Copper Ore	Pounds Recoverable	Pounds Recoverable	Tons Copper Ore	Pounds Recoverable	Pounds Recoverable
Mine	Mined	Copper	Molybdenum	Mined	Copper	Molybdenum
ANAMAX:	2 200 221	18 706 804	207 228	8,851,000	177 306 000	1 227 000
Twin Buttes Cathode Cu	2,307,331	18,306,894 13,461,772	273,228		133,396,000 57,925,000	1,223,000
Total	2,307,331	31,768,666	273,228	8,851,000	191,321,000	1,223,000
ASARCO Silver Bell Precipitate Cu	2,541,900	28,037,459 8,496,533		3,076,400	35,939,534 8,627,066	
Mission San Xavier	5,089,800	53,891,133	432,304	6,407,300	70,380,563	268,679
Precipitate Cu Sacaton	1,368,600 3,606,400	19,384,305 43,835,162		1,317,400 3,781,800	22,771,705 44,042,241	
Total	12,606,700	153,644,592	432,304	14,582,900	181,761,109	268,679
CITIES SERVICE -	4					
MIAMI OPERATIONS Miami-Copper		* 5. -			•	
Cities Operations						
Copper Cities <u>l</u> / Precipitate Cu Miami	1,670,090	19,055,546 3,561,559	19,760		3,370,154	
Precipitate Cu Cathode 2/		13,075,798			6,036,812 7,472,083	1 - 1 <b>- 1</b> - 1
Pinto Valley Opns. Total	<u>3/13,895,820</u> 15,565,910	107,498,466 143,191,369	159,136 178,896	15,630,585 15,630,585	128,743,605	440,643 440,643

## COPPER AND MOLYBDENUM PRODUCTION OF LARGE ARIZONA COPPER MINES

		1975			1976	
Company Mine	Tons Copper Ore Mined	Pounds Recoverable Copper	Pounds Recoverable Molybdenum	Tons Copper Ore <u>Mined</u>	Pcunds Recoverable Copper	Pounds Recoverable Molybdenum
CYRUS MINES: Bagdad Cathode Cu	2,082,099	23,599,989 14,320,802	716,792	2,043,988	20,983,134 14,606,474	652,590
Bruce <u>4</u> / Pima Johnson <u>5</u> /	94,609 19,630,974	6,536,000 154,541,515	1,814,263	90,278 19,554,407	5,889,420 154,986,103	1,906,318
Cathode Cu Total	1,709,804 23,515,486	$\frac{6,143,024}{205,141,330}$	2,531,055	1,311,590 23,000,263	10,059,608 206,524,739	2,558,908
DUVAL:						
Esperanza Precipitate Cu	5,490,362	24,914,864 3,960,323	3,194,830	5,486,238	28,623,378 6,412,177	2,986,930
Mineral Park Precipitate Cu	5,573,875	27,472,411 6,915,242	2,781,954	4,726,075	19,498,473 6,817,415	2,645,471
Sierrita Total	<u>31,430,788</u> 42,495,025	186,727,062 249,989,902	13,286,923 19,263,707	<u>34,022,842</u> 44,235,155	202,927,887 264,279,330	17,608,678 23,241,079
HECLA MINING COMPANY: Lakeshore Mine 6/						
Sulfide Ore Oxide Ore Total				1,209,340 1,410,228 2,619,568	18,426,880 28,407,483 46,834,363	

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## COPPER AND MOLYBDENUM PRODUCTION OF LARGE ARIZONA COPPER MINES

	:	1975			1976	
Company Mine	Tons Copper Ore <u>Mined</u>	Pounds Recoverable Copper	Pounds Recoverable Molybdenum	Tons Copper Ore Mined	Pounds Recoverable Copper	Pounds Recoverable Molybdenum
INSPIRATION: Inspiration Precipitate Cu Christmas Division Ox Hide Mine Total	6,288,363 1,403,835 2,302,230 9,994,428	68,527,498 21,266,570 11,729,139 10,107,194 111,630,401		4,610,227 1,558,165 2,189,565 8,357,957	51,193,292 20,677,690 13,942,431 7,915,445 93,728,858	
<u>KENNECOTT</u> : Ray Precipitate Cu Total	6,692,267	86,516,592 24,338,397 110,854,989	330,032 330,032	10,243,750 10,243,750	136,258,061 24,374,253 160,632,314	743,037
McALESTER FUEL COMPANY: Zonia Mine <u>7</u> / Precipitate Cu Total		619,26 <u>3</u> 619,26 <u>3</u>				
MAGMA: San Manuel Reprocessed	16,778,247	187,487,000	3,182,298	15,016,263	176,115,000	2,616,237
smelter slag Superior Reprocessed	1,087,694	78,048,000		2,818,353 971,109	42,334,000 79,791,000	
smelter slag Total	17,865,941	265,535,000	3,182,298	19,588 18,825,313	138,000 298,378,000	2,616,237

## COPPER AND MOLYBDENUM PRODUCTION OF LARGE ARIZONA COPPER MINES

		1975		1976							
Company Mine	Tons Copper Ore Mined	Pounds Recoverable Copper	Pounds Recoverable Molybdenum	Tons Copper Ore Mined	Pounds Recoverable Copper	Pounds Recoverable Molybdenum					
PHELPS DODGE: Morenci Branch											
Morenci Mine Metcalf Mine <u>8/</u> Precipitate Cu	16,173,658 5,556,145	177,767,689 58,389,398 23,777,527		18,705,450 11,327,506	208,986,329 105,316,201 53,136,295						
New Cornelia Branch Copper Queen Branch Lavender Pit <u>9</u> /	7,270,059	66,045,992		9,481,855	100,399,483	*					
Precipitate Cu <u>l</u> Copper Queen Mine <u>ll</u> Total		8,376,532 <u>11,331,843</u> 345,688,981		20 57/ 977	7,892,934						
RANCHERS EXPLORATION AND DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION: Bluebird Mine		<u></u>		39,514,811	475,731,242	-					
Cathode Cu Old Reliable <u>12</u> /	4,375,485	15,121,572		3,449,771	17,875,534						
Precipitate Cu Total	4,375,485	466,506 15,588,078		3,449,771	17,875,534						
TOTAL LARGE COMPANIES <u>13</u> /	164,526,602	1,633,652,571 14/	28,312,423	<u>189,311,073</u> <u>1</u>	<u>5/ 2,082,689,14</u>	<u>3 14/ 31,091,583</u>					
Commerce						Alternative sector all starting to all the fully section of the sector o					

Source: Arizona Department of Mineral Resources

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#### COPPER AND MOLYBDENUM PRODUCTION OF LARGE ARIZONA COPPER MINES

- Copper Cities open-pit mine shutdown May 9, 1975, however, leaching operations continued through 1976. 1/
- 21 Cities Service's new solvent extraction-electrowinning plant came on stream in May, 1976.
- Pinto Valley's initial start-up was in July, 1974.
- Cyprus Bruce Copper and Zinc Company's copper production from copper-zinc ore. The Company's zinc production for 1976 amounted to 19,376,966 pounds of zinc.
- Cyprus Johnson came on-stream March 15, 1975.
- The Lakeshore mine came on-stream early in 1976.
- 5/6/7/00/9/ No production since March 1975.
- Phelps Dodge's Metcalf mine and concentrator began production in January 1975.
- The Lavender Pit and Bisbee concentrator operations were terminated December 14, 1974. However, leaching operations continued through 1976.
- This figure represents production from the dumps, the Lavender Pit and the Copper Queen mine. 10/
- 11/ Phelps Dodge's Bisbee underground mines ceased operations on June 13, 1975, thus ending approximately 100 years of production. However, leaching operations continued through 1976.
- $\frac{12}{13}$  Leaching operations at Old Reliable were suspended July, 1975.  $\frac{13}{7}$  For a comparison to all copper produced in Arizona, with a classification of source material, reported by the U.S. Bureau of Mines, see Tables IX & X. Specific comparisons may differ due to times and methods of reporting.
- 14/ Includes 142,636,824 pounds of copper produced in 1975 and 259,820,353 pounds of copper produced in 1976 from material not classified generally as cre (see detail by company in this table). A more detailed, recent, historical record of leach production only is given in Table II.
- Includes 2,837,941 tons of smelter slag reprocessed by Magma (see detail in this table). 15/

Property	1967	1968	1969	1970	1971	1972	1973	1974	1975	1976
Bagdad 2/	11,066	14,258	14,781	7,281	14,681	13,391	14,267	13,508	14,321	14,606
Bisbee 3/	4,443	7,285	7,002	7,407	8,345	10,000	8,532	6,402	8,377	7,893
Bluebird 4/	7,690	1,449	9,921	11,520	12,458	14,680	15,005	15,344	15,122	17,876
Castle Dome	2,122	2,431	1,831	934	-	-	-	-	-	-
Copper Cities	2,792	4,356	3,799	4,491	4,376	4,577	4,570	3,295	3,562	3,370
Emerald Isle	275	1,611	4,180	3,713	3,822	3,629	2,180	-	-	-
Esperanza	6,132	4,478	3,619	4,428	4,454	2,094	2,268	1,817	3,960	6,412
Inspiration	27,969	30,930	45,108	48,097	45,588	56,487	50,401	47,765	52,470	45,545
Johnson	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		6,143	10,060
Lakeshore	-	-	-	-	-		-		-	28,407
Miami	8,726	11,077		14,965	12,806	12,170	11,988	11,969	13,076	13,509
Mineral Hill	-	4,901	2,887	-	-		-	-		-
Mineral Park	7,005	7,051	6,221		7,315	8,936	6,431	6,801	6,915	6,817
Morenci	27,780	23,162	22,754	16,950	14,188	24,493	25,668	22,704	23,778	53,136
Old Reliable	-			-	-	-	5,992	2,175	467	-
Ox Hide	-	744	7,243	13,298	7,962	9,673	8,950	9,679	10,107	7,915
Peacock		-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA.
Ray <u>5</u> /	21,188	21,742	29,968	43,971	31,622	31,472	28,369	25,478	24,338	24,374
Red Hills	-	-	-	-	46	-	-	-	-	-
San Xavier	-	~	-	-	-	-	4,955	11,762	19,384	22,772

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TABLE II ARIZONA LEACH COPPER PRODUCTION 1/ (Thousand Pounds)

Property	1967	1968	1969	1970	1971	1972	1973	1974	1975	1976
Silver Bell <u>6</u> / Twin Buttes United Verde Zonia	5,017 190 3,264	4,909 - 307 3,928	5,226 - 248 3,576	5,614 - 232 4,456	6,297  165 4,769	7,897 - 140 4,778	8,092 - 214 2,991	7,860 - 44 2,717	8,497 13,462 32 619	8,627 57,925 -
TOTAL	135,659	144,619	182,120	195,067	178,894	204,417	200,873	189,320	224,630	329,244
PERCENT OF PRIMARY COPPER PRODUCED 7/	13.5	11.5	11.4	10.6	10.9	11.2	10.8	11.0	13.8	16.1

TABLE II ARIZONA LEACH COPPER PRODUCTION 1/ (Continued) (Thousand Pounds)

Source: Arizona State Dept. of Mineral Resources

Copper recovered from precipitate and/or by solvent extraction from material dump, heap, vat or in situ leached.

1/ Copper recovered from precipitate and/or by solvent expected from precipitate and/or by solvent extraction in 1971
3/ Lavender Pit and Copper Queen
4/ Precipitation replaced by solvent extraction in 1969
5/ Includes only copper contained in precipitates from definition Includes only copper contained in precipitates from dump leaching. Does not include copper produced by electrowinning.

6/ San Xavier discontinued production of Siliceous Flux and commenced production of copper precipitate as of 5/1/73。

7/ Leach copper compared to total copper produced from all primary sources as reported in "Minerals Yearbook-Area Reports: Domestic", U. S. Bureau of Mines.

NA Not Available

## TABLE III

## AVERAGE CU CONTENT OF ORE PRODUCED AT ARIZONA COPPER MINES (Percent Total Copper)

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MINE OPERATION	1966	1967	1968	1969	1970	1971	1972	1973	1974	1975	1976
ANAMAX MINING CO. Twin Buttes									an egg 1		
Sulfide	-	-	-		1.24	0.99	0.98	0.82	0.63	0.60	1.12
Oxide	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1.27	1.31
ARIZONA RANCH & METALS CC. Mineral Hill				5							
Oxide	-	-		-				-		ras ulive to control to the set of the set	
ASARCO INC.											,
Mission											
Sulfide	.90	.88	.70	.67	.67	.67	.61	.60	.61	.60	.62
Sacaton					1. • • • • • •						
Sulfide	-	· _ ·	-	-	un		-		.63	.74	:71
San Xavier											
Sulfide	-	-	68m		atas			an se an			
Oxide	-	- Cu	-bearing	Silica	Flux M	lined 19	968-72	.61	•77	1.05	1.12
Silver Bell											
Sulfide	.83	.79	.86	.70	.68	.65	.60	.64	.65	.72	.72
Oxide											
BIG HOLE MINING CO.											
United Verde						5					
Sulfide	4.9	5.2	5.4	6.4	6.3	5.2	4.9	5.1	4.8	5.7	
Oxide	-				•	-			-	2	

## AVERAGE CU CONTENT OF ORE PRODUCED AT ARIZONA COPPER MINES (Percent Total Copper)

MINE OPERATION	1966	1967	1968	1969	1970	1971	1972	1973	1974	1975	1976
CITIES SERVICE CO. Castle Dome											
Cxide						-	-	_	-	-	_
Copper Cities Sulfide Oxide				na a fiji ngilar di she ya na			(.50)			(.50)	_
Miami				nania mantana amin'ny fisiana			f Super-statements i Gryge			7	
Oxide											
Pintc Valley		and a second second second second			and the last of the second	a an		- Annotation and the second	and the second distance of the second		
Sulfide	-	-		_	-		-			(.45)	(.45)
CYPRUS MINES CORP.				and an and a state of the state	Per alla del ante ante ante ante ante a				and the second state of th	(.+))	(.42)
Bagdad Sulfide Oxide	.94	•77	.65	.66	•75	.81	•7 <b>0</b>	.70	•74	.70	.60
Bruce	Market Street Street Street Street			and a second	and and a second second	and the second					and the second se
Sulfide Johnson			2.66	3.45	3.33	3.75	3.92	3.68	3.86	3.73	3.54
Oxide 1/ Old Dick (and Corper Queen)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	•42	.42
Sulfide Pima	3.15	-	-		-	_		-	~	-	-
Sulfide	73	•58	•58	•54	•54	•54	•53	.51	.50	.48	•47

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# AVERAGE CU CONTENT OF ORE PRODUCED AT ARIZONA COPPER MINES (Percent Total Copper)

MINE OPERATION	1966	1967	1968	1969	1970	1971	1972	1973	1974	1975	1976
EL PASO NATURAL GAS CO.											
Emerald Isle		*				د					
Oxide	-								-	4m	
HECLA MINING CO.		A CONTRACTOR OF A CONTRACTOR A									a constant of the
Lakeshore											-6
Sulfide		-		antes A de la composición d		upa na faranta da la constanta da secolo de la constanta da secolo de la constanta da secolo de la constanta de la	teng Ang ang ang ang ang ang ang ang ang ang a	Allan Allan	Nan An An A	546 	.76
Oxide 1/	~	**		494 		en. E 2010 - 101 - 101 - 101 - 101				1414 1914 - 1914 - 1914 - 1914 - 1914 - 1914 - 1914 - 1914 - 1914 - 1914 - 1914 - 1914 - 1914 - 1914 - 1914 - 1914	1.03
INSPIRATION CONSOLIDATED COPPER CO.	1										
Christmas (underground)											
Sulfide	1.14	-			<b>سب</b> 1919 - 1919 - 1919 - 1919 - 1919 - 1919 - 1919 - 1919 - 1919 - 1919 - 1919 - 1919 - 1919 - 1919 - 1919 - 1919 -	nin - Alter State - St		nus A paganta an		-	
Christmas (open pit)					(-	(=	0.0	-1		-	-0
Sulfide	-	ana ilin alandara kunaktika fada		•77	.63	.65	.80	.74	•57	•57	<u>•58</u>
Inspiration Area Mines						-					
Sulfide	.47				•73	.69	.71	.67	.63	.65	.63
Oxide	• 36			and the Defension of the Defension of the			la - Sandanya adaraha Ingga		and second database spectra party	and the local sector in the sector	
Ox Hide											
Oxide 1/		-			•37	. 36	• 30			.29	.27
KENNECOTT COPPER											
Ray											
Sulfide	-				.97	.90	.89	.91	.83	.90	.86
Silicate					1.17	1.39	1.25	1.35	1.19	1.23	1.15
Oxide	1. 1. A.		and a second		an ya ya ang kata na kata ya k	and the second se			and the second second second		
	CONDAD-INC. CO. O COM			and a state of the second s	interesting and a second second second	te gen behalt heter de som en		i preton ar mantendi nin rabornaturat	and any construction of the state of the sta		

31

# AVERAGE CU CONTENT OF ORE PRODUCED AT ARIZONA COPPER MINES (Percent Total Copper)

MINE OPERATION	1966	1967	1968	1969	1970	1971	1972	1973	1974	1975	1976
MCALESTER FUEL CO.											
Zonia											
Oxide		1	.70			(.53)	(.53)			(.53)	-
NEWMONT MINING CORP.											
Magma										1	
Sulfide	4.70	4.77	4.63	na mandadada ang sang sabas ana ka	(4.4)	(4.4)	(4.5)			(4.5)	(4.5)
San Manuel											
Sulfide 2/	.77	•76	.70			(.7)	(.7)		.70	.64	(.7)
PENNZOIL CO. (Duval Corp.)											
Esperanza	50			1.0	1						
Sulfide	•59	•52	.50	. 48	.45	.40		• 34	.31	.26	.29
Oxide	Sector - Strengthedister			wayo fina terretaria data dara sebara		- Alt - Database and the second	titu di visita din situ spenere				
Mineral Park Sulfide	<b>C</b> 3	50	<b>m 3</b>	50				- 0			
Oxide	.51	•52	.51	•52	•50	.50	.41	. 38	. 36	• 30	.28
Sierrita			and a standard and a standard	na di 18ni dan kardan dan d	mall to face allot adjust - compared				e Methoda an ann an a	-	and the second se
Sulfide					20	20	20	<b>~</b> 0			
PHELPS DODGE CORP.		-	a and a second secon		.28	.27	.29	.28	.29	• 33	<u>• 35</u>
Copper Queen											
Sulfide	4.23	4.18	4.08	4.23	4.36	4.31	4.41	4.06	7 1.0	F 70	
Qxide	102)	1810	1.00	TOC	T.)0	T. JL	4.41	4.00	3.48	5.70	
Lavender	amond the base of the feature	ana tana ayan da ina dhan yana. Cana aya	in the state of the		lan Malapatén , Karapa Japan di Landrik Palamat		in any a set of the se	dia mandalik / k Mgangar Naray, anj	n Balantina dan dikatikan tahun pa	and the second	Without the states
Sulfide	.70	.76	.67	.81	•77	.68	.64	.60	.47		
Oxide			.07	:01	• / /	.00	.04	.00	.4/	-	
Metcalf	mandifictum alls singen				and the state of the			tin dan periodiki sini nga		ternigan gandine a in dan pan d	
Sulfide										01	0.0
Oxide	ana Manfili-manfananaki mar			••••		anya Anana ang ang ang ang ang ang ang ang ang		-	ana Antoine ann an Anna Anna Anna Anna Anna Anna	.84	.86
-1140			tias Nacional de la constantina de la const		****	tana Kanalari sa dinanakan kara ngina dina ngi					

32

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AVERAGE CU CONTENT OF ORE PRODUCED AT ARIZONA COPPER MINES (Percent Total Copper)

MINE OPERATION	1966	1967	1968	1969	1970	1971	1972	1973	1974	1975	1976
PHELPS DODGE CORP. (Continued)											
Morenci Sulfide	.86	.86	.84	.86	.85	.85	.83	.82	.82	•79	.80
Oxide	.00	.00	0T	.00	•0)	.0,	.0)	0C	:02		000
New Cornelia Sulfide	•74	•75	•74	•73	.68	.67	.70	.61	•57	•57	.66
RANCHERS EXPLORATION & DEVELOPMENT CORP.											
Bluebird Oxide						.46	<b>。</b> 44			.48	•58
Old Reliable Cxide STANDARD METALS CORP. Antler Sulfide	_						•74	•74	•74	•74	
	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	-
WEIGHTED AVERAGE SULFIDE GRADE 3/	.80	•75	•72	•73	•73	.64	.64	.60	•57	•56	.61
Source: Company Annual Reports, Form 10-K's, and Prospectus; "International Directory of Mining and Mineral Processing Operations", E/MJ; Az. Dept. of Mineral Resources.											

) Percentage in parenthesis is approximate; not used in calculation of weighted average. (

1/2/3/ Acid soluble copper.

Sulfide copper.

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Weighted average grade of ore milled; based generally on an assay of total copper.

MINE OPERATI	EON	1966	1967	1968	1969	1970	1971	1972	1973	1974	1975	1976
Twin Buttes	Sulfide	-	-	-		80	72	76	72	71	63	68
	Oxide	NARDA CONTRACTOR CONTRACTOR	-19							-	65	75
Mineral Hill	Oxide	-	-	Petrano titra notana notana	te di sindaka di sebatan persona	-		Alar Alar				-
Mission	Sulfide	87	88	90	91	86	88	89	88	88	88	89
Sacaton	Sulfide		-	-		-	-	-	-	78	82	82
San Xavier	Sulfide	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Oxide	-		-	1 <del>-</del> 1	-	-	-	49	63	67	77
Silver Bell	Sulfide	72	74	65	74	75	78	85	80	78	77	81
Copper Cities	Sulfide											-
Pinto Valley	Sulfide	-	-	1 <u>-</u> 1	-	-	-		-	¢		
Bagdad	Sulfide	69	80	81	76	73	77	88	82	77	81	86
Bruce	Sulfide	-	-	85	85	85	85	90	90	90	93	92
Johnson	Oxide 2/	-							-		43	91
Old Dick	Sulfide	96	-				-		-		-	· · · ·
Pima	Sulfide	89	86	85	.86	84	86	84	85	85	82	84
Emerald Isle	Oxide	-								ante ante a constant		
Lakeshore	Sulfide	-	-	-		-	-					
	Oxide 2/	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Christmas (UG)	Sulfide	-	-	-	t	-						
Christmas (OP)	Sulfide				72	75	68	76	66	70	73	. 77
Inspiration Area	Sulfide <u>3</u> /					39	47	47	45	48	46	45
gende Faunt version	Oxide											.,
Ox Hide	Oxide 2/	_	-			47	42	67			76	67
Ray	Sulfide	and the spectrum of the spectr	in and the part of the state of t		in a day direction of a sublication	87 - 68 - 6 - 10 - 10 - 10 - 10 - 10 - 10 - 10	and de la stat de la serie	an a	Nordeport de la completa de la comp	allenik Mappen ministerietieten		
n fel se	Oxide 4/		-	-								
Zonia	Oxide	Contracting and the field of the second					an a	Ţ	n-situ	Leach 1	973-75	
Magma	Sulfide	97	91	95		er en			an te fair a Caracter and a Caracter	n tin ang <sup>na</sup> til la sa rin ya na gangan na ganga	and the second strange	ana dia mpikana dia mpikana ara-
San Manuel	Sulfide 5/	92	93	93						90	87	- 3.

TABLE IV										
CONTAINED	CU	CU RECOVERIES		AT	ARIZO	ONA	COPPER	MINES	1/	
	(Percent of			Tot	cal Co	er)		entre		

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MINE OPE	RATION	1966	1967	1968	1969	1970	1971	1972	1973	1974	1975	1976
Esperanza Mineral Park	Sulfide Sulfide Oxide	80 82	81 80	81 79	78 82	83 80	87 80	- 77	87 81	89 72	90 81	91 73
Sierrita	Sulfide	-	-	-	-	84	91	84	90	89	90	88
Copper Queen	Sulfide	87	89	88	89	87	88	95	90	90	92	
Lavender	Sulfide	73	73	67	65	70	64	69	67	52	-	_
Metcalf	Sulfide	-	-		-		-	-	_	-	63	54
	Oxide		-	-	-		-	-		-		
Morenci	Sulfide	77	72	73	76	74	76	75	71	74	70	70
	Oxide										1.5	10
New Cornelia	Sulfide	88	88	88	87	87	86	84	85	85	80	80
Bluebird	Oxide			*****	and the second state of the second	4475 - 45 - 4 <sup>1</sup> - 41 - 4	45	35			36	45
Antler	Sulfide			-				-			-	

## TABLE IV (Continued) CONTAINED CU RECOVERIES AT ARIZONA COPPER MINES 1/ (Percent of Total Copper)

Source: Company Annual Reports and Form 10-K's; Az. Dept. of Mineral Resources.

1/ Recoveries are based on available reported production and average grade of material treated. A number of oxide operations are not listed because of inadequate data.

Percent recovery of acid soluble copper.

2/34/5/ Percent recovery in flotation-concentration treatment, after ore has been leached.

Silicate treatment.

Percent recovery of sulfide copper.

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## TABLE V

# STRIPPING RATIOS AT ARIZONA OPEN-PIT COPPER MINES 1/ (Waste: Ore)

MINE	1966	1967	1968	1969	1970	1971	1972	1973	1974	1975	1976
Twin Buttes Mission	- 4.9:1	- 3.1:1	- 2.7:1	20.1:1 <u>2</u> / 2.6:1	7.3:1 2.3:1	10.2:1 3.1:1	5.3:1 3.1:1	7.6:1 2.5:1	10.8:1 2.3:1	71.6:1 <u>3</u> 1.5:1	1.5:1
Sacaton San Xavier	_	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	••	6.3:1	5.9:1 5.1:1
Silverbell Copper Cities	2.5:1 1.9:1	2.4:1 1.9:1	1.9:1 1.7:1	2.2:1	2.7:1 3.1:1	2.6:1 2:1	2.5:1 1.1:1	3.5:1 1:1.3	3.4:1	2:1	1.6:1
Pinto Valley	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	143.1	1.8:1	1.7:1
Bagdad Johnson	4.1:1	3.9:1	3.7:1	4:1 -	4.1:1	4.4:1	5.2:1	5.2:1	4.5:1	1.2:1 1:1.8	9.8:1 1.5:1
Pima Christmas	1 6.1	3.6:1	51.1	4.4:1	5.5:1	4.1:1	4.9:1	1.6:1 5.8:1	. 2.8:1 5.1:1	2:1 3.4:1	2:1 3.1:1
Inspiration Area		1.3:1	1:1	1.3:1	1.5:1	1.7:1	1.8:1	1.9:1	2.2:1	3.1:1	1.9:1
Ox Hide Ray	2:1	- 1.9:1	0 2.8:1	1:11.4 2.3:1	1:4.8 2.1:1	1:391.4	1:2.3	1:35.6 2.6:1	1:3.1 3:1	1:2.6 3.5:1	1:2.6 2.6:1
Esperanza Mineral Park	2.3:1 1.7:1	1.8:1	1.4:1 1.8:1	1.7:1 1.8:1	1.5:1 1.4:1	1.4:1 1.4:1	1:1.2	1.5:1 1:1.5	1.5:1 1:1.1	1:1.4 1:1.5	1.1:1 2.1:1
Sierrita	-	-	-	70.7:1 <u>2/</u>	3.3:1	1.8:1	1.7:1	1.5:1	1.7:1	1.4:1	1.5:1
Lavender Metcalf	4.1:1	4.4:1 -	4.5:1	4:1	2.7:1	1.5:1	1:2.1	1.1:1	1:1.2	2.8:1	1.8:1

### STRIPPING RATIOS AT ARIZONA OPEN-PIT COPPER MINES 1/ (Waste:Ore)

MINE	1966	1967	1968	1969	1970	1971	1972	1973	1974	1975	1976
Morenci New Cornelia Bluebird <u>4</u> /	1.4:1	1.6:1	1.8:1 1.9:1 1:3.4	1.6:1	1.8:1 1.5:1 1:1.5	2:1	1.9:1 1.9:1 1:1.2	1.9:1	1.8:1 1.5:1 <b>1:1</b>	1.3:1 1.5:1 1.3:1	1.5:1 1.1:1 1.3:1
AVERAGE	2.3:1	2.3:1	2.2:1	2.3:1 <u>5</u> /	2.6:1	2.6:1	2.3:1	2.5:1	2.6:1	2:1 <u>6</u> /	2.7:1
~ !!!//! 7	57 7	· ·	D	i D	1.2 . 11 . 11		0	10.	7		

Source: "Minerals Yearbook-Area Reports: Domestic", U. S. Bureau of Mines; Company Annual Reports: Az. Dept. of Mineral Resources.

Leachable rock included with waste (except at solely leach operations).

Includes preproduction stripping.

12345 Stripping continued as sulfide concentrator was shut down from March, 1975, to January, 1976.

Fiscal year from Jul. 1 to June 30.

Excludes ratios at Twin Buttes and Sierrita.

6 Excludes ratio at Twin Buttes.

## TABLE VI

## ARIZONA PRODUCTION AND VALUE OF COPPER, MOLYBDENUM, GOLD, AND SILVER

## RECOVERED FROM COPPER ORE

.

1966101,558,298127,431 \$4,460,0855,595,644 \$7,235,16810,161 \$17,8121,359,481,200 \$491,724,35013.39 \$6.170\$521,231,6031967 $74,289,203$ $66,933$ \$2,342,655 $3,996,587$ \$6,193,431 $9,261$ \$15,385 $901,853,500$ \$344,742,519 $12.14$ \$8.226 $368,663,605$ 1968 $101,293,963$ $89,419$ \$3,510,600 $4,697,394$ \$10,074,000 $12,127$ \$19,207 $1,146,313,600$ \$479,697,900 $11.32$ \$41.847 $5512,489,500$ 1969 $127,848,828$ $108,718$ \$4,586,800 $5,899,843$ \$10,564,700 $12,699$ \$20,947 $1,477,520,000$ \$702,324,400 $11.56$ \$477,534 $738,422,900$ 1970 $150,240,842$ $107,292$ \$3,904,400 $7,130,261$ \$12,626,700 $1,694,294,000$ \$26,700 $11.28$ \$77,700 $$1,020,839,100$ 1971 $149,293,547$ $93,617$ \$3,820,510 $22,684$ \$9,437,749 $1,529,780,500$ \$786,812,004 $9.76$ \$1.433 $$839,942,263$	Year	Copper Ore <u>1</u> / Tons	Gold <u>2</u> / Troy Ounces Value <u>5</u> /	Silver 2/ Troy Ounces Value 6/	Molybdenum <u>3</u> / 1,000 lbs Value (in \$1,000)		pper 4/ Lbs./Ore-Ton Ave.¢/lb. 7/		Value of Copper Gold,Silver & Molybdenum	
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	1966	101,558,298		5,595,644 \$7,235,168				\$	521,231,603	
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	1967	74,289,203				901,853,500 \$ 344,742,519		\$	368,663,605	
\$4,586,800       \$10,564,700       \$20,947       \$702,324,400       47.534       \$738,422,900         1970       150,240,842       107,292       7,130,261       15,672       1,694,294,000       11.28         \$3,904,400       \$12,626,700       \$26,700       \$977,608,000       57.700       \$1,020,839,100         1971       149,293,547       93,617       6,106,204       22,684       1,529,780,500       9.76	1968	101,293,963				1,146,313,600 \$ 479,697,900		\$	512,489,500	
\$3,904,400 \$12,626,700 \$26,700 \$977,608,000 57.700 \$1,020,839,100 1971 149,293,547 93,617 6,106,204 22,684 1,529,780,500 9.76	1969	127,848,828				1,477,520,000 \$  702,324,400		<b>4</b> 9	738,422,900	101
	1970	150,240,842						\$	1,020,839,100	
	1971	149,293,547						\$	839,942,263	

## ARIZONA PRODUCTION AND VALUE CF COPPER, MOLYBDENUM, GOLD, AND SILVER

RECOVERED FROM COPPER ORE

Year	Copper Ore <u>1</u> Tons	Gold 2/ Troy Ounces Value <u>5</u> /	Silver 2/ Troy Ounces Value <u>6</u> /	Molybdenum <u>3</u> / 1,000 lbs Value (in \$1,000)		4/ 70re-Ton ¢/lb. <u>7</u> /	Value of Copper Gold, Silver & Molybdenum
1972	165,914,825	102,526 \$5,987,518	6,614,957 [\$11,143,226	27,216 \$46,791	1,695,858,000 \$ 858,392,446	10.22 50.617	\$922,314,190
1973	181,311,945	102,376 \$10,013,397	7,164,988 \$18,325,173	37,657 \$59,372	1,735,012,000 \$1,021,314,814	9.57 58.865	\$1,109,025,384
1974	178,913,296	90,206 \$14,488,424	6,308,721 \$29,701,332	28,346 \$57,067	1,609,808,000 \$1,233,901,735	9.00 76.649	\$1,335,158,491
1975	168,750,152	82,759 \$13,364,751	6,190,805 \$27,354,196	25,030 \$61,411	1,502,978,000 \$954,917,072	8.91 63.535	\$1,057,047,019
1976	194,136,559	97,961 \$12,276,473	7,308,395 \$31,816,805	31,073 \$89,148	1,912,430,000 \$1,316,210,823	9.85 68.824	\$1,449,452,101

Source . "Minerals Yearbook-Area Reports: Domestic", U. S. Bureau of Mines.

1/ Includes some copper-zinc and/or lead-zinc ore in 1972 and thereafter. 2/ Excludes gold and silver recovered from vat or heap leaching of copper ores and from copper tailings or copper cleanup in 1969 and thereafter. 3/ Molybdenum content of recovered concentrate. 4/ Excludes precipitate copper from dump and in-place leaching. 5/ At average domestic, free-market gold price in 1968 and thereafter: year 1968, \$39.26 per oz.; 1969, \$42.19; 1970, \$36.39; 1971, \$40.81; 1972, \$58.40; 1973, \$97.81; 1974, \$159.73; 1975, \$161.49; 1976, \$125.32. 6/ At E/MJ average N. Y. market price for .999 fine silver. 7/ At E/MJ average price, domestic, f.c.b. refinery.

TAB	LE	VII

	MINERAL PRODUCTION IN	ARIZONA 1/			
			1975	1	.976
Mineral		Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value
			(thousands	)	(thousands)
Asbestos	short tons	1,676	W	NA	W
Clays 2/	thousand short tons	129	\$483	28	\$361
Coal (bituminous)	do	6,986	W	10,420	W
	nt of ores, etc.) short tons	813,211	1,044,162	1,024,421	1,425,994
Gem stones		NA	5,000	NA	4,000
Gold (recoverable content	of ores, etc.)				
	troy cunces	85,790	13,854	102,062	12,790
Gypsum	thousand short tons	117	419	139	529
Lead (recoverable content	of cres, etc.)				- -
	short tons	420	181	338	156
Lime	thousand short tons	512	12,444	546	16,115
Mica, scrap	do	2	65	NA	W
Molvbdenum (content of co	oncentrate) thousand pounds	25,030	61,411	31,073	89,148
Natural gas	million cubic feet	208	58	262	74
Petroleum (crude) thousand	1 42-gallon barrels	635	3,332	519	2,724
Pumice	thousand short tons	856	1,294	802	1,240
Sand and gravel 3/	do	17,222	36,490	18,131	40,184
Silver (recoverable conter	nt of ores, etc.)				
MARTON (1000) CONTRACTOR	thousand troy ounces	6,286	27,783	7,615	33,126
Stone	thousand short tons	3,404	11,030	4,147	13,921

MINERAL PRODUCTION IN ARIZONA 1/

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MINERAL	PRODUCTION'	IN	ARIZONA	1/

	19	75	197	26
Mineral	Quantity	Value (thousands)	Quantity	Value (thousands)
Zinc (recoverable content of ores, etc.) short tons	8,655	\$ 6,751	9,501	\$ 7,030
Value of items that cannot be disclosed: Asbestos, Cement, Clays (ball and common), Feldspar, Flourspar, Helium (high purity), Iron ore, Mica (crude) 4/, Perlite, Pyrite, Salt, Sand and gravel (industrial), Tungsten, and values indicated by symbol W	XX			
Total 1967 constant dollars	XX XX	63,666 \$1,288,423 \$509,829	XX XX XX XX	79,229 \$1,726,621 \$620,720 p/

"The Mineral Industry of Arizona", U. S. Bureau of Mines, Jan. 1978. Source:

> W Withheld to avoid disclosing individual company confidential data; included with "Value of items that cannot ke disclosed." XX Not applicable. p/ Preliminary. NA Not available.

Production as measured by mine shipments, sales, or marketable production (including consumption by producers). 1/

234 Excludes ball clay and common clay.

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Excludes industrial sand and gravel.

Crude mica includes figures listed previously under both scrap mica and sheet mica, where applicable.

### TABLE VIII

ARIZONA MINE PRODUCTION OF COPPER, LEAD, ZINC, GOLD AND SILVER

	COPP	FR	LEAD		ZINC		
	Short Tons	Value (Thousands)	Short Tons	Value ( <u>thousands)</u>	Short Tons	Value (thousands)	
1858 - 1974 1975 1976 Total 1858 - 1976	27,585,417 813,211 1,024,421 29,423,049	\$16,306,217 1,044,162 <u>1,425,994</u> \$18,776,373	656,251 420 <u>338</u> 657,009	\$130,673 181 <u>156</u> \$131,010	1,075,450 8,655 <u>9,501</u> 1,093,606	\$271,274 6,751 <u>7,030</u> \$285,055	
	GOLD		SILVI	and the second	COPPE	BINED VALUE R, LEAD, ZINC, D AND SILVER	
	Ounces	Value (thousands)	Ounces	Value (thousands	)		
1858 - 1974 1975 1976 Total 1858-1976	14,251,601 85,790 102,062 14,439,453	13,854	+2,900,226 6,286,000 7,615,000 56,801,226	\$509,500 27,783 <u>33,126</u> \$570,409	1,092 1,479	,029,000 <u>r</u> / ,731,000 ,096,000 ,725,000	
Est. Value of other Value of Other Meta Value of Other Meta Total Est. Value of GRAND TOTAL ESTIMAT	ls & Non-Metalli ls & Non-Metalli Other Metals &	cs Produced in 1 cs Produced in 1 Non-Metallics P	1975 <u>a</u> / 1976 <u>a</u> / roduced throug	195 247 h 1976		01,565,000 0,290,000	

1858 To Present - In terms of Recoverable Metals

Source: Arizona Bureau of Geology and Mineral Technology; U. S. Geological Survey; "Minerals Yearbook-Area Reports: Domestic", U. S. Bureau of Mines

r/ Revised; a/ For Production detail see Table VII.

### TABLE IX

ARIZONA MINE PRODUCTION (RECOVERABLE) OF GOLD, SILVER, COPPER, LEAD, AND ZINC IN 1975, BY CLASS OF ORE OR OTHER SOURCE MATERIAL

			and the second	an again and an	where the statement of the same are strengthened		Statistics of the local division of the loca
Source	Nùmber of Mines <u>1</u> /	Material sold or treated (short tons)	Gold (troy ounces)	Silver (troy ounces)	Copper (Short tons)	Lead (sho <del>r</del> t tons)	Zinc (short tons)
Lode ore:							
Gold, gold-silver and silver 2/	5	340,261	2,692	62,466	225	2	(3/)
- Copper	29 1	168,655,544 94,608	82,385 374	6,155,669 35,136	748,352 3,137	223.	22 8,367
Copper-zinc Lead and lead-zinc 2/	3	3,130 168,753,282	11 82,770	7,106	751,489	188 412	267 8,655
Total $\frac{4}{}$ Other lode material:	22	100,799,102	02,110	0,197,911	1)1,10)		0,099
Gold-silver tailings Copper tailings, silver	l	65,216	320	24,286	80	-	-
cleanup and lead cleanup 2/	1	558 <u>5</u> / 85,170	8	1,191	5,568 55,848	7	-
Copper precipitates Total	<u>14</u> 15	150,944	- 328	25,477	61,496	7	
Grand Total 4/	39	169,244,487	85,790	6,285,854	813,211	420	8,655

Source: "Minerals Yearbook-Area Reports: Domestic", U. S. Bureau of Mines

Detail will not add to total because some mines produce more tham one class of material. 1/

Combined to avoid disclosing individual company confidential data.

121314151 Less than 1/2 unit.

Data may not add to total shown because of independent rounding.

Excludes newly generated tailings.

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ARIZONA MINE PRODUCTION (RECOVERABLE) OF GOLD, SILVER, COPPER, LEAD, AND ZINC IN 1976, BY CLASS OF ORE OR OTHER SOURCE MATERIAL

Source	Number of mines <u>1</u> /	Material scld or treated (short tons)	Gold (troy ounces)	Silver (troy ounces)	Copper (short tons)	Lead (short tons)	Zinc (short tons)
Lode ore: Gold, gold-silver, and silver 2/	10	993,177	3,860	289,065	25	2	-
Copper Copper-zinc Lead and lead-zinc <u>2</u> /	27 1 3	194,046,281 90,278 1,313	97,636 325 18	7,276,850 31,545 2,554	953,447 2,768 1	280 - 56	36 9,349 115
Total 3/	31	194,137,872	97,979	7,310,949	956,216	336	9,501
Other lode material: Gold-silver tailings copper tailings <u>2</u> / Copper precipitates	and 3 11	40,985 <u>4</u> / 70,117	′ 223 –	15,098 -	18,868 49,313	-	-
Total 2/	14	111,102	223	15,098	68,180	-	-
Grand Total <u>3</u> /	45	195,242,151	102,062	7,615,112	1,024,421	338	9,501

1/ Detail will not add to total because some mines produce more than one class of material.

2/ Combined to avoid disclosing individual company confidential data.
 3/ Data may not add to total shown because of independent rounding.
 4/ Excludes newly generated tailings.

Source: "Minerals Yearbook-Area Reports: Domestic", U. S. Bureau of Mines

### TABLE XI

### MAJOR DESIGNED COPPER CAPACITY IN ARIZONA 1/ (Short Tons of Recoverable Copper/Year)

OPERATOR	MINE	CAPACITY
Phelps Dodge Newmont Anamax Kennecott Pennzoil (Duval) Cyprus Cyprus Hecla Cities Service Phelps Dodge Inspiration Phelps Dodge ASARCO Newmont ASARCO Pennzoil (Duval)	Morenci San Manuel Twin Buttes Ray Sierrita Pima Bagdad Lakeshore Pinto Valley Metcalf Inspiration Area New Cornelia Mission Magma (Superior) Silver Bell Sacaton Mineral Park	150,000 140,000 126,000 95,000 90,000 80,000 75,000 65,000 62,500 60,000 55,000 55,000 45,000 45,000 45,000 25,000 21,000 20,000
Pennzoil (Duval) ASARCO Ranchers Cities Service Inspiration	Esperanza San Xavier Bluebird Miami Christmas	18,000 12,000 8,000 6,000 6,000
Cyprus Inspiration Phelps Dodge Cities Service TOTAL	Johnson Ox Hide Copper Queen/Lavender Copper Cities	5,000 5,000 4,000 1,500 1,265,000

Source: Az. Dept. of Mineral Resources file data; Company Annual Reports and Form 10-K; Professional Publications.

1/ Figures generally represent a current estimate of the <u>potential</u> productive capacity of primary recoverable copper in concentrates, precipitates, and cathodes. The estimates are based on recent production figures and on capacities of concentrator and leachplant facilities. Other factors affecting actual production include, for example, grade of ore and recovery. Some capacities have been published by the reporting company.

### TABLE XII

### MINE PRODUCTION OF RECOVERABLE COPPER IN THE UNITED STATES

## (Short Tons)

				RANK IN
STATE	1974	1975	1976	1976
Arizona	858,783	813,211	1,024,421	1
California	194	344	375	12
Colorado	3,012	3,560	2,431	10
Idaho	2,841	3,192	3,362	9
Maine	1,522	2,024	1,766	11
Michigan	67,012	73,690	43,707	6
Missouri	12,665	14,258	11,050	8
Montana	131,131	87,959	91,111	4
Nevada	84,101	81,210	58,160	5
New Mexico	196,585	146,263	172,360	3
Pennsylvania	-	-	240	13
Tennessee	6,304	10,041	11,131	7
Utah	230,593	177,155	185,458	2
Washington	-	-	14	14
Other States <u>l</u> / TOTALS	<u> </u>	459 1,413,366	1,605,586	

Source: "Minerals Yearbook-Metals, Minerals, and Fuels", U. S. Bureau of Mines.

1/ Includes: Oklahoma, Oregon and Washington in 1974; Oklahoma, Oregon, Washington, and Wisconsin 1975.

## TABLE XIII

## UNITED STATES PRODUCTION AND VALUE OF COPPER, GOLD, AND SILVER

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## RECOVERED FROM COPPER CRE

Ye	ar	Copper Ore Tons	Gold <u>1</u> / Troy Ounces Value 3/		Copper Pounds Value	Lbs.	/Ore Ton ¢/lb. 5/		Value of opper, Gold and Silver
19	66	186,966,042	547,327 \$19,156,445	13,230,411 \$17,106,921	2,499,863,100 \$904,200,483		13.37 36.170	\$	940,463,849
19	67	127,066,097	321,398 \$11,248,930	8,351,423 \$12,942,033	1,608,078,200 \$614,703,973		12.66 38.226 <u>6</u> /	\$	638,894,936
19	68	170,054,065	405,863 \$15,934,200	9,532,341 \$20,443,000	2,055,156,700 \$860,021,400		12.09 41.847 <u>7</u> /	\$	896,398,600
19	69	223,751,510	579,297 \$24,440,500	13,581,516 \$24,320,000	2,691,376,400 \$1,279,318,900		12.03 47.534	\$1	,328,079,400
19	70	257,729,000	552,140 \$21,080,600	15,728,600 \$27,852,500	3,025,021,000 \$1,745,437,000		11.74 57.700	\$1	,794,370,000
19	71	242,656,000	478,281 \$19,518,648	13,142,041 \$20,312,339	2,677,569,000 \$1,377,073,737		11.03 51.433	\$1	,416,904,724
19	72	266,831,000	484,552 \$28,297,837	14,655,772 \$24,688,381	2,922,127,000 \$1,479,180,687		10.95 50.617	\$1	,532,166,905

### UNITED STATES PRODUCTION AND VALUE OF COPPER, GOLD, AND SILVER

#### RECOVERED FROM COPPER ORE

Year	Copper Ore Tons	Gold <u>1</u> / Troy Cunces Value <u>3</u> /	Silver 1/ Troy Ounces Value 4/	Copper <u>2/</u> Pounds Value	Lbs./Ore Ton Ave. ¢/lb. 5/	Value of Copper, Gold and Silver
1973	273,025,000	479,366 \$46,886,788	<b>15,910,462</b> \$40,691,961	2,902,524,000 \$1,708,425,626	10.63 58.865	\$1,796,004,375
1974	293,443,000	410,866 \$65,626,804	14,106,821 \$66,414,631	2,852,933,000 \$2,186,744,615	9.80 76.649	\$2,318,786,050
1975	263,003,000	325,620 \$ <b>5</b> 2,584,374	12,132,645 \$53,608,335	2,483,524,000 \$1,577,906,973	9.44 63.535	\$1,684,099,682
1976	283,736,000	325,781 \$40,826,875	13,632,135 \$59,346,954	2,914,6 <b>01,000</b> \$2,005,944,992	10.27 68.824	\$2,106,118,821

Source: "Minerals Yearbook-Metals, Minerals, and Fuels", U. S. Bureau of Mines.

1/ Excludes gold and silver recovered from vat cr heap leaching of copper ores and from copper tailings or copper cleanup in 1969 and thereafter. 2/ Excludes precipitate copper from dump and in-place leaching. 3/ At average domestic free-market gold price in 1968 and thereafter (note 5/ in Table VI). 4/ At E/MJ

average N.Y. market price for .999 fine silver. 5/ At E/MJ average price, domestic, f.o.b. refinery.

6/ Based on first 8 months of 1967. 7/ Based on last 9 months of 1968.

## TABLE XIV

## UNITED STATES PRODUCTION AND CONSUMPTION OF COPPER

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## (Short Tons)

		PRODUCTION		CONSUMPTION	Total Production As % of
Year	Mine 1/	Secondary 2/	Total	Total 3/	Consumption
1950	909,343	260,704	1,170,047	1,424,434	82.2
1951	928,330	186,462	1,114,792	1,416,865	78.7
1952	925,359	173,904	1,099,263	1,479,732	74.3
1953	926,448	242,855	1,169,303	1,494,215	78.3
1954	835,472	212,241	1,047,713	1,254,729	83.5
1955	998,570	246,928	1,245,498	1,502,004	82.9
1956	1,104,156	273,060	1,377,216	1,521,389	90.5
1957	1,086,141	248,015	1,334,156	1,347,815	99.0
1958	979,329	255,121	1,234,450	1,250,677	98.7
1959	824,846	261,588	1,086,434	1,463,031	74.3
1960	1,080,169	300,259	1,380,428	1,349,896	102.3
1961	1,165,155	290,805	1,455,960	1,462,830	99.5
1962	1,228,421	301,374	1,529,795	1,599,676	95.6
1963	1,213,166	314,643	1,527,809	1,744,273	87.6
1964	1,246,780	366,197	1,612,977	1,825,281	88.4

## UNITED STATES PRODUCTION AND CONSUMPTION OF COPPER

### (Short Tons)

		PRODUCTION			CONSUMPTION	Total Production As % of
Year	Mine 1/	Secondary 2/	Total	1	Total 3/	Consumption
1965 1966 1967 1968 1969	1,351,734 1,429,152 954,064 1,204,621 1,544,579	462,811 509,084 423,054 433,041 514,593	1,814,545 1,938,236 1,377,118 1,637,662 2,059,172	ž	2,004,623 2,359,954 1,935,592 1,880,300 2,142,218	90.5 82.1 71.1 87.1 96.1
1970 1971 1972 1973 1974	1,719,657 1,522,183 1,664,840 1,717,940 1,597,002	521,137 429,095 447,409 484,623 513,308	2,240,794 1,951,278 2,112,249 2,202,563 2,110,310		2,043,303 2,019,507 2,238,867 2,437,048 2,194,168	109.7 96.6 94.3 90.3 96.2
1975 1976	1,413,366 1,605,586	355,512 390,729	1,768,878 1,996,315		1,534,508 1,991,885	115.3 100.2

Source: "Minerals Yearbook-Metals, Minerals, and Fuels", U. S. Bureau of Mines.

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1/ Recoverable copper.
2/ Copper recovered as unalloyed copper only.
3/ Refined copper in cathodes, wire bars, etc.; reported by consumers.

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## TABLE XV

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## IMPORTS OF PRIMARY COPPER INTO THE UNITED STATES BY COUNTRY OF ORIGIN

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Source of Import		<u>(</u>	Copper Content	(Short tons	5)
	1972	1973	1974	1975	1976
Ore, Concentrate, Matte:					
Australia Botswana Canada Chile Honduras Mexico Nicaragua Papua New Guinea Peru Philippines Poland Rhodesia South Africa, Republic of United Kingdom	2,091 12,118 71 8 95 9,486 30,122 - - 761 261	1,531 11,583 1,654 1,113 200 8,697 19,042 - - - 23 238	2,379 625 20,062 7 4,595 2,069 2,771 7,284 14,244 - 1,754 166 89	2,134 5,489 39,033 37 2,094 2,461 410 - 6,077 12,601 117 - 3,153 1 364	465 14,224 47,289 - - 4 533 1,949 4,323 15,047 - 1,025 3,949 - 162
Other Countries Total Ore, etc.	55,013	44,081	56,045	73,971	88,970

### IMPORTS OF PRIMARY COPPER INTO THE UNITED STATES BY COUNTRY OF ORIGIN

Scurce of Import	Copper Content (Short tons)					
	1972	1973	1974	1975	1976	
Blister Copper: Canada Chile Kenya Mexico Peru South Africa, Republic of South West Africa Yugoslavia Zambia Other Countries Total Blister	5,871 33,208 1,804 9,544 81,559 23,053 - 2,205 - 188 157,432	1,181 29,617 8,799 86,896 26,279 937 	3 65,093 3,081 7,644 94,686 37,211 - - - 112 207,830	4 26,283 8,822 30,951 2,470 20,414 - - 7 88,951	158 30,817 3,144 6,726 2,521 1,108 10 44,484	
Refined, Cathodes and Shape					,	
Australia Belgium-Luxemburg Brazil Canada Chile France Germany, West Italy Japan	388 370 124,983 26,598 8 1 1,125	498 9,982 130,553 27,492 805 8,627 -	83 8,024 118,429 66,549 664 7,177 73,055	1,273 7,405 70,747 28,626 - - 8,259	1,329 3,664 94,025 69,873 - 3,307	

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Source of Import		Co	opper Content	(Short tons)	
and the state of t	1972	1973	1974	1975	1976
Refined, Cathodes and Shapes:(Co	ont'd)	2,132	873	912	424
Mexico	7,620		3,253	-	
Netherlands	-	2,110		242	_
Norway	208	306	294	6,864	20 07/1
Peru	2,204	4,384	6,913	0,004	29,034
Poland	-	689	2,192	-	-
South Africa, Republic of	556	81	110	-	992
Tanzania	-	901	-	-	-
U.S.S.R.	-	-	1,102	-	-
United Kingdom	3,938	7,726	6,643	771	3,316
Yugoslavia	24,379	716	14,844	21,494	44,984
Zaire	-	-	-	-	2,582
Zambia	-	5,455	2,825		127,162
Other Countries	1	476	539	212	832
Total Refined	192,379	202,955	313,569	146,805	381,524
					-
Total: Primary Copper Imports	404,824	401,140	577,444	309,727	514,978
Total: Primary Copper Imports Less Primary Copper Exports	208,924	220,266			129,463
(ore, conct., matte					
blister & refined)					
Net Primary Imports	195,900	180,874	435,770	r/ 127,449	385,515
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## IMPORTS OF PRIMARY COPPER INTO THE UNITED STATES BY COUNTRY OF ORIGIN

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Source: "Minerals Yearbook-Metals, Minerals, and Fuels", U. S. Bureau of Mines r/ Revised

### TABLE XVI

		In short tons	
	1974	1975	1976
Mine Production Arizona United States World	\$58,783 1,597,002 8,047,959 <u>r</u> /	813,211 1,413,366 7,671,661	1,024,421 1,605,586 8,212,779
Primary Refined Stocks at U.S. Refineries a/ Beginning of Year End of Year	37,000 101,000	101,000 207,000	207,000 190,000
Primary Refined Prod. of U.S. Refineries From Domestic Ores From Foreign Ores, Matte, etc. <u>a</u> / Total	1,420,905 233,753 1,654,658	1,286,189 157,189 1,443,378	1,422,723 116,585 1,539,308
Secondary Copper Produced from Scrap Recovered as Unalloyed Copper Recovered in Alloys <u>b</u> / Total Secondary Copper	513,308 831,012 1,344,320	355,512 616,453 971,965	390,729 754,545 1,145,274
Imports: Copper In Ores, Concentrates, Matte Copper in Blister Refined Copper <u>a</u> / Total Imports	56,045 207,830 <u>313,569</u> 577,444	73,971 88,951 146,805 309,727	88,970 44,484 <u>381,524</u> 514,978

SALIENT COPPER STATISTICS

### TABLE XVI

### SALIENT COPPER STATISTICS (Continued)

	1974	In short tons 1975	1976
Exports: Copper in Ores, Concs., Matte, Blister Refined Copper a/ Total Exports	15,148 <u>r/</u> 126,526 141,674 <u>r</u> /	9,852 172,426 182,278	17,576 111,887 129,463
EXCESS OF IMPORTS OVER EXPORTS	<u>435,770</u> r/	127,449	385,515
Consumption: Apparent, New Refined (Primary) Actual, Total Refined	1,778,000 2,194,168	1,312,000 1,534,508	1,823,000 1,991,885
U.S. MINE PRODUCTION VS. U. S. CONSUMPTION Production as a Percent of Apparent Consumption	89.8	107.7	88.1
Average Price of Copper c/	76.65¢	-63.54¢	68.82¢

Source: "Minerals Yearbook-Metals, Minerals, and Fuels", U. S. Bureau of Mines

r/ Revised

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a/ May include some from scrap.
 b/ Includes copper in chemicals: 1974-2,649; 1975-2,480; 1976-4,007
 c/ At E/MJ average price, domestic, f.o.b. refinery.

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### TABLE XVII

### MINE PRODUCTION OF COPPER IN ARIZONA, THE UNITED STATES, AND THE WORLD WITH DOMESTIC PRICE OF COPPER

## 1874 - 1976

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		ARIZONA		UNITED STATES			WORLD
Period	Short Tons	% of U. S. Prod.	% of World Prod.	Short Tons	% of World Prod.	Price ¢ Per Pound.a/	Short Tons
1874 1911	1,758,000	22.0	9.3	7,989,735 <u>b</u> /	49.1	14.40 <u>c</u> /	16,260,000
1912	182,519	29.2	16.2	624,547	55.5	16.341	1,125,656
1913	203,962	33.0	18.6	617,755	56.2	15.269	1,099,366
1914 <u>1</u> /	196,509	34.2	19.0	574,216	55.5	13.602	1,034,487
1915 <u>1</u> /	229,986	30.9	19.6	744,036	63.4	17.275	1,173,150
1916 <u>1</u> /	360,917	36.0	23.2	1,002,938	64.6	27.202	1,553,498
1917 <u>1</u> /	356,083	37.6	22.2	947,717	59.1	27.180	1,602,914
1918 <u>1</u> /	382,428	40.0	24.2	955,011	60.5	24.628	1,579,246
1919	269,050	44.4	24.6	606,167	55.3	18.691	1,095,697
1920	279,128	45.6	26.4	612,275	58.0	17.456	1,056,014
1921 <u>2</u> /	92,517	39.7	15.1	233,095	38.0	12.502	613,987
1922	200,022	41.5	21.4	482,292	48.2	13.382	935,374
1923	309,464	41.9	22.8	738,870	54.5	14.421	1,355,327
1924	338,876	42.2	23.0	803,083	54.5	13.024	1,472,712
1925	356,678	42.5	22.6	839,059	53.2	14.042	1,576,998

		ARIZONA		U	NITED STA	WORLD	
Period	Short Tons	% of U.S. Prod.	% of World Prod.	Short Tons	% of World Prod.	Price ¢ Per Pound a/	Short Tons
1926	361,648	41.9	22.7	862,638	54.0	13.795	1,596,147
1927	341,095	41.3	20.5	824,980	49.5	12.920	1,666,694
1928	366,138	40.5	19.2	904,898	47.5	14.570	1,903,672
1929	415,314	41.6	19.3	997,555	46.4	18.107	2,150,587
1930 <u>3</u> /	288,095	40.9	16.2	705,074	39.7	12.982	1,775,805
1931 <u>3/</u>	200,672	37.9	13.0	528,875	34.2	8.116	1,545,425
1932 <u>3</u> /	91,246	38.3	8.0	238,111	20.9	5.555	1,138,676
1933 <u>3</u> /	57,021	29.9	4.9	190,643	16.4	7.025	1,159,000
1934 <u>3</u> /	89,041	37.5	6.3	237,401	16.8	8.428	1,415,353
1935 <u>3</u> /	1 <u>3</u> 9,015	36.0	8.4	386,491	23.5	8.649	1,647,939
1936 <u>3/</u>	211,275	34.4	11.1	614,516	32.4	9.474	1,899,263
1937	288,475	34.3	11.2	841,998	32.8	13.167	2,567,916
1938 <u>4/</u>	210,797	37.8	9.3	557,763	24.5	10.000	2,274,145
1939 <u>5/</u>	262,117	36.0	10.6	728,320	29.4	10.965	2,481,277
1940 <u>5</u> /	281,169	32.0	10.5	878,086	32.7	11.296	2,688,510
1941 <u>5/</u> 1942 <u>5/</u> 1943 <u>5/</u> 1944 <u>5/</u> 1945	326,317 393,387 403,181 358,303 287,203	34.1 36.4 37.0 36.8 37.2	11.2 12.9 13.2 12.5 12.0	958,149 1,080,061 1,090,818 972,549 772,894	33.0 35.5 35.6 33.9 32.2	11.797 11.775 11.775 11.775 11.775 11.775	2,903,458 3,039,041 3,064,394 2,866,000 2,400,000

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		ARIZONA			UNITED STAT	TES	WORLD
Period	Short Tons	% of U. S. Prod.	% of World Prod.	Short Tons	% of World Prod.	Price ¢ Per Pound a/	Short Tons
1946 1947 1948 <u>6/</u> 1949 <u>6/</u> 1950 <u>7</u> /	289,223 366,218 375,121 359,010 403,301	47.5 43.2 44.9 47.7 44.4	14.1 14.6 14.4 14.4 14.4 14.4	608,737 847,563 834,813 752,750 909,343	29.6 33.9 32.1 30.1 32.5	13.820 20.958 22.038 19.202 21.235	2,056,000 2,500,000 2,600,000 2,500,000 2,760,000
1951 <u>7/</u>	415,870	44.8	14.3	928,330	32.0	24.200	2,900,000
1952 <u>7/</u>	395,719	42.8	13.1	925,359	30.6	24.200	3,020,000
1953 <u>7/</u>	393,525	42.5	12.9	926,448	30.4	28.798	3,050,000
1954 <u>8/</u>	377,927	45.2	12.2	835,472	27.0	29.694	3,100,000
1955	454,105	45.5	13.3	998,570	29.2	37.491	3,420,000
1956	505,908	45.7	13.4	1,104,156	29.1	41.818	3,790,000
1957 <u>9/</u>	515,854	47.5	13.3	1,086,859	27.9	29.576	3,890,000
1958 <u>9</u> /	485,839	49.6	12.9	979,329	25.9	25.764	3,780,000
1959 <u>10</u> /	430,297	52.2	10.7	824,846	20.4	31.182	4,040,000
1960	538,605	49.9	11.6	1,080,169	23.2	32.053	4,650,000
1961	587,053	50.4	12.1	1,165,155	24.0	29.921	4,850,000
1962	644,242	52.4	12.7	1,228,421	24.2	30.600	5,085,000
1963	660,977	54.5	13.0	1,213,166	23.8	30.600	5,088,000
1964	690,988	55.4	13.0	1,246,780	23.5	31.960	5,297,000
1965	703,377	52.0	12.7	1,351,734	24.4	35.017	5,549,000

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		ARIZONA	March and Association and an	UI	VITED STATE	S	WORLD
Period	Short Tons	% of U.S. Prod.	% of World Prod.	Short Tons	% of World Prod.	Price - ¢ Per Pound a/	Short Tons
1966 1967 <u>11</u> / 1968 <u>11</u> / 1969 <u>12/</u> 1970 <u>13</u> /	739,569 501,741 627,961 801,363 917,918	51.7 52.6 52.1 51.9 53.4	12.8 9.0 10.4 12.9 13.8	1,429,152 954,064 1,204,621 1,544,579 1,719,657	24.6 17.2 20.0 24.8 25.9	36.170 28.226* 41.847** 47.534 57.700	5,800,000 5,552,000 6,012,000 6,225,000 6,638,042
1971 <u>14/</u> 1972 1973 1974 <u>15/</u> 1975 <u>15</u> /	820,171 908,612 927,271 858,783 813,211	53.9 55.2 54.0 53.8 57.5	12.3 12.4 11.8 10.7 <u>r</u> / 10.6	1,522,183 1,644,840 1,717,940 1,597,002 1,413,366	22.9 22.5 21.9 19.8 <u>r</u> / 18.4	51.433 50.617 58.865 76.649 63.535	6,688,634 7,321,950 <u>r/</u> 7,844,901 <u>r/</u> 8,063,457 <u>r/</u> 7,678,948
1976	1,024,421	63.8	12.5	1,605,586	19.5	68.824	8,212,779
Tctal 187 <sup>1</sup> 1976	+ - 29,421,469	43.0	13.0	68,343,917	30.3		225,740,245

Source: Mineral Resources of the U. S., U. S. Geological Survey (Years 1882-1923) U. S. Bur. Mines (Years 1923-1931); Minerals Yearbooks and other reports. U. S. Bur. Mines (Years 1932-1976); Ariz. Bur. Mines Bull. 140 (1936).

At E/MJ average price, domestic, f.o.b. refinery.

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b/ Smelter production from domestic ores prior to and including 1911. c/ Average price for Arizona copper only prior to and including 1911; calculated from total of values reported or estimated by sources, amounting to \$506,283,000.

- Revised. <u>r/</u>
  - Based on first 8 months of 1967. \*\*Based on the last 9 months of 1968.
- World War I 1914-1918.
- 123456 Post World War I Recession (1921). Lasted about one year.
- Depression began in 1930; was at its worst in 1933; gradually improved to 1937.
- Recession in 1938. Recovery in 1939 caused by War demand.
- World War II began in 1939; highest copper consumption in 1944.
- In 1948 and early 1949, copper was being produced in the J. S. at the rate of 68,000 short tons per month. imports ran 40,000 tons per month of blister and refined copper, exports ran 12,000 tons per month and the price of copper averaged 22.5 cents.

In March, 1949, Congress suspended the copper import tax, and in the ensuing months domestic demand fell drastically while imports continued at practically the same rate. The price dropped to 16 ½ cents. Many mines were forced to close. Production dropped to 56,000 tons per month from a high of 78,000.

- Korean War 1950-53.
- 8/ Curtailment early in the year (1954), and a series of strikes in August and September caused a loss in production of over 100,000 tons. Consumption in the U.S. was reduced but the reduction was offset by an appreciable rise in consumption in other countries, chiefly in Europe. Result: a short supply of copper at the end of the year.
- Recession 1957-58. Import tax restored 7/1/58 after 7-year suspension. 9/

10/ First U. S. troops killed in Vietnam in mid-1959. Record copper production rate first half of 1959 but 75% of U. S. output halted in August by strikes which lasted into 1960.

- A major Copper Strike started in the U. S. on July 16, 1967, and ended in March, 1968. A loss of 855,000 11/ tons of copper production is estimated as a result of the strike.
- 1969, Highest annual production in U. S. history.
- 12/ 1970, Highest annual production in U. S. history and supply catches up with demand.
- A copper strike started in the U.S. on July 1, 1971, and ended in August, 1971. A loss of 250,000 tons of copper production is estimated as a result of the strike.
- Copper strikes lasting maximum of 42 days in 1974; strong inflation coupled with worldwide business 15/ recession gave copper industry its worst period since the 1930's.

## TABLE XVIII

WORLD MINE PRODUCTION OF COPPER BY COUNTRY 1/

(Shor	t Tons)		
Country	1974	1975	1976 p/
North and Central America:	1		
Canada 2/	r/905,417	808,094	823,570
Cuba e	r/3,200	r/3,300	3,300
Dominican Republic	e/500	-	_
Guatemala	1,994	2,822	3,185
Mexico	91,128	86,196	98,073
Nicaragua <u>3</u> /	1,957	711	696
United States 2/	1,597,002	1,413,366	1,605,586
South America:			
Argentina	347	202	e/220
Bolivia 4/	r/8,962	7,045	5,277
Brazil	3,390	2,119	e/2,200
Chile	994,394	913,043	1,108,042
Colombia e/	80	80	80
Ecuador	197	263	e/300
Peru	233,241	2/197,340	2/221;331
Europe:		_	
Albania $e/5/$	8,540	8,540	8,800
Austria	2,962	2,186	1,254
Bulgaria	55,160	60,583	59,525
Czechoslovakia e/	r/5,200	r/5,500	. 5,500
Finland	39,850	42,770	42,118
France	432	551	e/550
Germany, East	-	<u>e</u> /1,700	e/1,700
Germany, West 2/6/	1,911	2,162	1,778
Greece	883	1,533	1,080
Hungary e/	1,300	1,300	1,300
Ireland 3/	<u>r/13,942</u>	10,803	4,519
Italy 6/	915	1,011	1,07.0
Norway 6/	26,587	30,991	34,728
Poland e/	218,300	r/260,000	300,000
Portugal 6/	6,226	5,577	4,955
Romania 57	<u>e/r/</u> 37,500	<u>e/r/41,000</u>	44,644
Spain <u>6/7</u> /	37,807	43,344	e/44,000
Sweden	44,795	44,791	51,987
U.S.S.R/ e/2/5/	816,000	843,000	880,000
United Kingdom	478	504	e/550
Yugoslavia	123,587	126,649	132,409
Africa:			
Algeria <u>e</u> /	410	440	440
Botswana	2,623	7,154	13,759
Congo (Brazzaville) <u>3</u> /	1,025	1,010	450

## TABLE XVIII (Continued) WORLD MINE PRODUCTION OF COPPER BY COUNTRY 1/ (Short Tons)

Country	1974	1975	<u>1976 p/</u>
Africa (Continued):	1.1.0	1.1.0	1.1.0
Ethiopia e/	440	440 80	440
Kenya e/	80		80
Mauritania	22,133	17,861	10,396
Morocco 3/	5,952	5,291	<u>e/4,400</u>
Mozambique 3/	689	755	e/770
Rhodesia, Southern 8/	43,315	43,531	34,969
South Africa, Republic of	197,436	197,233	217,023
South-West Africa,	75 901	117 000	/1.0 500
Territory of <u>3/9/</u>	35,801	e/43,000	<u>e</u> /48,500
Uganda Zaire	13,496	9,370	9,921
	550,524	547,111	490,098
Zambia	769,364	746,177	781,391
Asia: Burma 10/	00	94	101
China, People's Republic of e/	77 110,000	110,000	110,000
Cyprus 6/	12,346	10,913	•
India	30,953	42,990	11,023 54,895
Indonesia	71,210	69,997	75,398
Iran 11/	1,980	1,980	1,631
Israel	12,100	8,270	
Japan <u>3/12/</u>	90,538	93,674	89,618
Korea, North e/	14,000	14,000	14,000
Korea, Republic of	3,080	2,944	2,486
Malaysia	e/55	4,189	20,062
Philippines	r/249,077	249,366	255,185
Taiwan e/	2,760	2,100	2,200
Turkey	42,765	40,319	e/35,800
Oceania:	121105	,))	2, 99,000
Australia	277,055	241,363	239,683
Papua New Guinea 3/	r/202,491	190,123	193,793
Total	r/8,047,959	7,671,661	8,212,779
			-11117
			1 K (

Lourse: "Minerals Yearbook-Metals, Minerals, and Fuels", U. S. Bureau of Mines.

## WORLD MINE PRODUCTION OF COPPER BY COUNTRY 1/ (Short Tons)

e/ Estimate

p/ Preliminary

r/ Revised

- 1/ Data presented represents copper content (recoverable where indicated) of ore mined wherever possible. If such data was not available, the nonduplicative total copper content of ores, concentrates, matte, metal and/or other copper-bearing products measured at the least stage of processing for which data was available has been used.
- 2/ Recoverable.
- 3/ Copper content of concentrate produced.
- 4/ Corporation Minera de Bolivia (COMIBOL) production plus exports by medium and small mines.
- 5/ Smelter production. 6/ Includes copper con
- 6/ Includes copper content of cupriferous pyrites.
- <u>7</u>/ Excludes an unreported quantity of copper in iron pyrites which may or may not be recovered.
- 8/ Year ending September 30 of that stated.
- Data was compiled from operating company reports of Tsumeb Corp. Ltd., General Mining and Finance Corp. Ltd. for Klein Aub Koper Maatshappy Ltd.'s mine near Rehoboth, and Falconbridge Nickel Mines Ltd. for Oamites Mining Company (Pty.) Ltd., Oamites mines. Data for General Mining and Finance Corp. Ltd. are for fiscal years ending June 30 of that stated, while data from other countries are for calendar years.
- 10/ Copper content of matte produced.
- 11/ Year beginning March 21 of that stated.
- 12/ Copper content of run-of-mine production is as follows in short tons: 1974--90,985; 1975--93,952; 1976--90,181.

## TABLE XIX

## "COVERED EMPLOYMENT" AND WAGES IN ARIZONA COPPER MINING AND SMELTING

Year	Average No. Covered Employees <u>1</u> /	Total Wages	Average Annual Wage	A <b>ver</b> age Weekly Wage	Tons Copper Ore <u>2</u> /
1947	11,340	\$ 36,365,277	\$ 3,207	\$ 61.67	37,810,448
1948	11,493	41,318,524	3,595	69.13	39,072,204
1949	11,001	40,612,224	3,692	71.00	37,365,611
1950	10,181	41,994,321	4,125	79.33	41,757,273
1951	10,754	47,825,698	4,447	85.52	42,784,388
1952	11,365	54,950,235	4,835	93.14	44,472,522
1953	12,068	62,742,982	5,199	99.98	45,187,838
1954	12,502	65,518,853	5,241	100.79	43,072,894
1955	12,399	71,293,263	5,750	110.58	52,189,728
1956	14,008	83,568,996	5,966	114.73	60,468,580
1957	14,652	85,125,320	5,809	111.71	59,571,834
1958	14,100	74,726,972	5,300	101.93	56,255,809
1959	11,568	72,095,130	6,232	119.85	53,121,545
1960	13,764	90,312,848	6,562	126.19	66,032,439
1961	14,275	97,271,286	6,814	131.04	71,918,991
1962	14,408	101,920,108	7,074	136.04	78,868,147
1963	14,303	104,291,588	7,292	140.23	80,615,132
1964	14,720	113,792,031	7,730	148.65	86,132,039

Year	Average No. Covered Employees <u>l</u> /	Total Wages	Average Annual Wage	Average Weekly Wage	Tons Copper Ore <u>2</u> /
1965	15,239	<pre>\$ 122,163,124 137,187,611 108,427,206 136,089,579 173,183,018</pre>	\$ 8,016	\$154.16	92,859,535
1966 <u>1</u> /	17,018		8,061	155.02	101,558,298
1967	13,426		8,076	155.31	74,289,203
1968	15,734		8,649	166.33	101,293,963
1969	19,459		8,900	171.15	127,848,828
1970	21,479	201,665,064	9,389	180.56	150,241,000
1971	21,231	211,978,597	9,984	192.00	149,294,000
1972	23,233	254,717,341	10,964	210.85	165,914,825 <u>2</u> /
1973	25,494	291,294,328	11,426	218.89	181,311,945
1974	27,894	340,832,096	12,219	234.98	178,913,296
1975	25,950	363,349,178	14,002	269.27	168,750,152
1976	25,631	405,289,034	15,812	304.08	194,136,559

#### "COVERED EMPLOYMENT" AND WAGES IN ARIZONA COPPER MINING AND SMELTING

Source: This report, Table XX; "Minerals Yearbook-Area Reports: Domestic", U. S. Bureau of Mines.

- 1/ "Covered Employment" by law includes all employees of employers of three or more persons. Since the "Average No. of Covered Employees" in this table generally includes practically all workers in copper mining and processing (see Table XX), the number of employees is greater than that number tabulated under "All Employees" in Table XXI. Prior to 1966 only a portion of the workers in smelting, refining, and rod fabrication were included in this table; the rest of the endprocessing workers were separated and classified under "Manufacturing" in Table XX.
- 2/ Mine production in short tons from "Lode ore: Copper" reported by the U. S. Bureau of Mines. In 1972 and thereafter the tonnage may include copper-zinc and lead-zinc ore combined to avoid disclosing individual company confidential data.

### TABLE XX

### ARIZONA INDUSTRIES COVERED BY SOCIAL SECURITY

## AVERAGE NUMBER OF COVERED EMPLOYEES, TOTAL WAGES, AVERAGE ANNUAL WAGE

### AND AVERAGE WEEKLY WAGE

Industry	Average No. of Employees 1/	Total Wages	Average <b>Annúal</b> Wage	Average Weekly Wage
		YEAR 197	4	
Copper Mining 2/ Copper Smelting, Refining	25,022	\$ 304,910,987	\$12,186	\$234.34
& Rod Fabrication <u>3</u> / Total Copper Mng. & Processing Other Mng., Quarry'g & Processin All Mng., Quarry'g & Processin Mfg., Ex. Copper Processing Construction Transp., Utilities, etc. <u>4</u> / Wholesale-Retail Trade Services, Finance and Misc. Agriculture & Related Services State & Local Government	2,872 27,894 ng 2,186 ng 30,080 109,376 57,242 35,843 175,192 168,053 3,528 41,932	35,921,109 \$ 340,832,096 28,417,674 \$ 369,249,770 1,140,261,044 731,039,190 407,689,297 1,198,454,445 1,289,728,390 25,546,524 342,323,902	12,507 \$12,219 13,000 \$12,276 10,425 12,771 11,374 6,841 7,675 7,241 8,164	240.53 \$234.98 250.00 \$236.07 200.48 245.60 218.74 131.55 147.59 139.25 157.00
TOTALS AND AVERAGES	621,246	\$5,504,292,562	\$ 8,860	\$170.39

## TABLE XX

## ARIZONA INDUSTRIES COVERED BY SOCIAL SECURITY (Continued)

Industry	Average No. of Employees <u>1</u> /	Total Wages	Average Annual Wage	Average Weekly Wage
		YEAR 1	975	
Copper Mining Copper Smelting, Refining & Rod Fab. Total Copper Mng. & Processing Other Mng., Quarry'g & Processing All Mng., Quarry'g & Processing Mfg., Ex. Copper Processing Construction Transp., Utilities, etc. <u>4</u> / Wholesale - Retail Trade Services, Finance and Misc. Agriculture & Related Services State and Local Government	22,884 <u>3,066</u> 25,950 <u>2,161</u> 28,111 95,995 43,792 35,040 174,177 170,270 3,553 42,903	<pre>\$ 322,316,026 <u>41,033,152</u> \$ 363,349,178 <u>30,756,582</u> \$ 394,105,760 1,108,798,254 585,315,551 437,807,314 1,251,845,153 1,401,445,541 26,631,463 364,876,641</pre>	\$14,085 13,383 \$14,002 14,233 \$14,020 11,551 13,366 12,495 7,187 8,231 7,495 8,505	270.87 257.37 269.27 273.71 269.62 222.13 257.04 240.29 138.21 158.29 144.13 163.56
TOTALS AND AVERAGES	593,841	\$5,570,825,677	\$9,381	\$180.40

Industry	Average No. of Employees 1/	Total Wages	Average Annual Wage	Average Weekly Wage
		YEAR :	.976	
Copper Mining	22,381	\$ 352,299,6	\$4 \$15,741	\$302.71
Copper Smelting, Refining and Rod Fabrication Total Copper Mng. & Processing	3,250 25,631	52,989,40 \$ 405,289,0	\$4 \$15,812	<u>313.54</u> \$304.08
Other Mng., Quarry'g & Processing All Mng., Quarry's & Processing	2,291 27,922 100,860	37,537,90 442,827,00 1,226,228,00	1 \$15,859	315.10 \$304.98 233.81
Mfg., Ex. Copper Processing Construction	41,744	562,180,98	3 13,467	258.98 266.37
Transp. Utilities, etc <u>4</u> / Wholesale - Retail Trade	36,035 184,014	499,131,90 1,409,551,30	7,660	147.31
Services, Finance and Misc. Agriculture & Related Services	180,814 3,715	1,555,911,62 29,616,4	6 7,972	165.48 153.31
State & Local Government TOTALS AND AVERAGES	46,362 621,466	409,075,80 \$6,134,523,1		<u>169.69</u> \$ <b>189.</b> 83

Source: Research & Statistics Unit, Unemployment Insurance Bureau, Arizona Dept. of Economic Security.

- 1/ Includes all covered employees. Figures relating to copper mining and smelting, and manufacturing, are adjusted as described in the following footnotes.
- 2/ In 1974, the employee figure includes all covered workers in copper mining and milling and probably those in one smelter. In 1975 and thereafter, this figure excludes copper smelting & refining and copper rod fabrication.
- 3/ In 1974, the employee figure includes all covered workers in smelting (and other end processing) except probably one smelter (see note 2/).

4/ Transportation exclusive of railroads.

## TABLE XXI

## EMPLOYMENT, EARNINGS AND HOURS IN COPPER MINING

## IN THE UNITED STATES AND ARIZONA 1/

All employees

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## Production Workers

	Ave. No. (Thousands) <u>2/ 3</u> /	Ave. No. Ave. Weekly (Thousands) Earnings 4/ 3/ 5/	Ave. Weekly Ave. Hourly Hours Earnings 6/	Ave. Earnings per Man per Year <u>7</u> /	Aggregate Man-hours (Thousands) <u>8</u> /
Period 1966	<u>Ariz.</u> U. S. 15.2 31.9	$\frac{Ariz}{12.4}, \frac{U.S}{26.2}, \frac{Ariz}{\$150.06}, \frac{U.S}{\$140.07}$		\$ 7,803 \$7,284 7,354 7,284	<u>Ariz.</u> <u>U. S.</u> 29,145 59,264 19,937 42,708
1967 7 Mos.	12.2 25.4 15.7 33.2	9.0 19.1 141.43 140.18 12.4 27.3 149.41 142.76	42.6 43.0 3.32 3.26 44.6 43.5 3.35 3.28 39.9 40.4 3.27 3.16	(1))+ (120+	19,997 72,700
5 Mos. 1968 3 Mos.	7.3 14.4 13.8 28.1 7.5 14.9	3.8 7.5 130.05 127.95 11.1 21.3 149.21 161.68 4.3 8.3 118.17 129.06	43.0 47.0 3.47 3.44 36.7 40.2 3.22 3.21	7,759 8,407	24,820 52,057
9 Mes. 1969	15.8 32.5 17.0 33.7	13.0 25.6 160.11 165.28 13.9 26.9 166.50 169.00	45.1 47.8 3.55 3.46 44.4 46.3 3.75 3.65	8,658 8,788	32,092 64,764
1970 1971 1972 1973 1974 1975 1976	18.8       37.0         18.9       34.7         20.5       38.9         21.5       42.3         24.0       42.8         22.5       37.1         21.7       35.5	14.929.5173.01175.6714.926.8178.50178.4616.130.7194.69192.1917.633.7206.75206.4219.133.8222.16226.4617.928.4247.43247.1417.227.0286.31280.70	43.844.73.953.9342.442.94.214.1641.641.64.684.6241.642.34.974.8839.641.15.615.5138.639.26.416.3340.140.17.147.00	8,997 9,135 9,282 9,280 10,124 9,994 10,751 10,734 11,552 11,776 12,866 12,903 14,888 14,596	33,93668,57032,85259,78534,82766,41038,07274,12739,33172,23735,92957,89135,86556,300

## EMPLOYMENT, EARNINGS AND HOURS IN COPPER MINING

## IN THE UNITED STATES AND ARIZONA 1/

					and a state of the	Worker P	roductivity	
		Ore or Treated <u>1 Short Tons</u> ) <u>9</u> /	(Recover	in Copper Ore rable Content) sand Pounds 10/	per M	Ore Mined Man-hour Cons)	Mined p	able Copper per Man-hour Counds)
Period	Ariz.	<u>U. S</u> .	Ariz.	<u>U.S</u> .	Ariz.	<u>U. S</u> .	Ariz.	<u>U. S</u> .
1966 1967 1968 1969 1970 1971 1972 1973 1974 1975 1976	101,558 74,289 101,294 127,849 150,241 149,294 165,815 173,605 178,821 168,656 194,046	186,966 127,066 170,054 223,752 257,729 242,656 266,831 289,998 293,443 263,003 283,736	1,474,447 1,000,572 1,252,919 1,593,544 1,826,734 1,633,568 1,816,618 1,847,635 1,710,744 1,619,535 2,043,168	2,805,136 1,866,087 2,349,046 3,021,590 3,368,957 2,986,599 3,264,113 3,386,357 3,145,148 2,772,111 3,166,889	3.485 3.726 4.081 3.984 4.427 4.544 4.761 4.872 4.547 4.694 5.410	3.155 2.975 3.267 3.455 3.759 4.059 4.059 4.017 3.912 4.062 4.062 4.543 5.040	50.590 50.187 50.480 59.656 53.829 49.725 52.161 48.530 43.496 45.076 56.968	47,333 43.694 45.124 46.655 49.132 49.936 49.151 45.683 43.539 47.885 56.250

Source: Research & Analysis Section, Labor Market Information Group, Bureau of Employment and Training, Arizona Dept. of Economic Security; "Employment and Earnings", U. S. Dept. of Labor; "Minerals Yéarbook - Metals, Minerals, and Fuels", U. S. Bureau of Mines.

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## EMPLOYMENT, EARNINGS AND HOURS IN COPPER MINING

### IN THE UNITED STATES AND ARIZONA 1/

- Statistics do not reflect workers in copper smelting, refining and rod fabrication (see Table XX for 1/ comparison).
- These figures are estimates made by the Az. Dept. of Economic Security, in cooperation with the U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, and they include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were 2/ employed in copper mining in any part of the pay periods which included the 12th of each month of the year. Estimates made by the U.S. Bur. of Labor Statistics, in cooperation with the 50 states, and based upon
- monthly samplings similar to those in 2/ above, adjusted periodically to census benchmarks. 31
- Estimates of production (non-supervisory) workers based upon samplings as in 2/ above. Since 1975 figures have been calculated by the Az. Dept. of Mineral Resources dividing the annual number of "All Employees-Arizona" by a factor of 1.26. This factor was derived by comparing the annual number of "All Employees-Arizona" with "Production Workers-Arizona" from 1970 to 1974.
- Earnings figure for a particular year is the product of "Ave. Hourly Earnings" and "Av. Weekly Hours" for
- Gross payroll aggregates, exclusive of irregular bonuses and other pay not earned in a sample pay period, are divided by gross man-hour aggregates of production and related workers for the period in order to 6/ determine average hourly earnings.
- "Ave. Weekly Earnings" times 52 weeks.
- Number of production workers times "Ave. Weekly Hours" times 52 weeks. 8/
- Copper ore mined and shipped or treated by concentration, smelting or leaching. 9/
- Recoverable copper from copper ore (see 9/) and from copper precipitates produced from dump and in-place 10/ leaching. Prior to 1968 copper from precipitates was not included in this table or similar Dept.
- tables. The recoverable-copper figure did, however, include an equivalent copper value of byproduct gold and silver; since 1968 no copper equivalents of any metal have been included.

	MILLIONS	AVERAGE	DEMADEC
	Construction in the second		REMARKS
Sulfide	329	0.67	With 0.03% Mo;
п	300	0.80	cutoff @ 0.2% Cu Pub. 1973;"outside
			current mine plans"; cutoff @ 0.4% Cu
Oxide	57		Cutoff @ 0.6 Cu
11	28	0.49	Pub. 1973; cutoff @ 0.4% Cu
Sulfide	320	0.64	Pub. 1973; cutoff @ 0.3% Cu
Oxide	20	0.55	Pub. 1973; acid soluble Cu; cutoff
			@ 0.3% acid soluble Gu
Mixed	23	0.75	Pub. 1973; cutoff @ 0.4% Cu
Sulfide	104.455	0.73	Excludes contributicn of 31.5M tons to Eisenhower Mining Co.
17	21 140	0.70	
(IIG) "			
Ovide			
	20:000	0000	
	2	1.00	Unpublished est.
the second se	Land State of State o		
Mixed	350	1.00	
	Oxide " Sulfide Oxide Mixed Sulfide (UG) " " Oxide Sulfide Oxide Oxide Oxide Mixed	MINERAL TYPE         OF TONS           Sulfide         329           "         300           Oxide         57           "         28           Sulfide         320           Oxide         320           Oxide         320           Oxide         320           Oxide         320           Oxide         20           Mixed         23           Sulfide         104.455           (UG)         "         14.898           "         166.902           Oxide         1.050           Sulfide         26.059           Oxide         2           Mixed         2	MINERAL TYPE         OF TONS         & CONTENT (%)           Sulfide         329         0.67           "         300         0.80           Oxide         57         1.10           "         28         0.49           Sulfide         320         0.64           Oxide         20         0.55           Mixed         23         0.75           Sulfide         104.455         0.73           (UG)         "         21.140         0.70           "         14.898         1.25           Oxide         1.050         1.48           Sulfide         26.059         0.66           Oxide         2         1.00

## TABLE XXII PROVEN COPPER RESERVES IN ARIZONA 1/

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	TABLE	XXII	(Cont	tinu	(bau	
PROVEN	COPPER	RESE	ERVES	IN	ARIZONA	1/

· .		MAJOR	MILLIONS	AVERAGE	
COMPANY	DEPOSIT	MINERAL TYPE	OF TONS	CU CONTENT (%)	REMARKS
CITIES SERVICE CO.	Cactus	Oxide	20	0.70	Unpublished est.
	Copper Cities	44		0.50	Pub. 1976
	Miami	11			
	Miami East	Mixed (?)	55	1.95	Pub. 1973
	Old Dominion	Sulfide			
	Pinto Valley	11	350	0.44	Pub. 1972 "recoverable
				,	Cu''
	Red Hill	Mixed			
CRANE CO.	Dragoon	Mixed			
CONTINENTAL OIL CO.	Poston Butte	Mixed	500	0.50	Pub. 1972
CYPRUS MINES CORP.	Bagdad	Sulfide	290	0.49	
	11	Oxide	21	0.35	Acid soluble Cu
	**	Ħ	95	0.22	Stockpile; acid sclubles
					Cu after prior leaching
	Bruce	Sulfide	0.1276	3.73	Pub.1976; with 12.8%
	I-10	Mixed	100	0.52	Unpublished est.; with
				<u>a</u>	0.02% Mo
	Johnson	Oxide	9.9	0.50	Acid soluble Cu
	Johnson	Mixed	10	0.60	Pub. 1974
CYPRUS PIMA MINING CO.	Pima	Sulfide	146	0.48	
EL PASO CO.	Emerald Isle	Oxide	1.5	0.40	Pub. 1977; 3Mt @0.1%
					Cu
EISENHOWER MINING CO.	Palo Verde				
	(Anamax)	Sulfide	125	0.61	
	Palc Verde				
	(ASARCO)	Sulfide	31.5	0.70	
	ten kyliteren kan de kan de kan de stere en de stere en de kan de sen de sen de sen de kan de sen de sen de se				
FREEPORT MINERALS CO.	Santa Cruz	Sulfide			
			1		

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## TABLE XXII (Continued) PROVEN COPPER RESERVES IN ARIZONA 1/

é.

		MAJOR	MILLIONS	AVERAGE	2714214
COMPANY	DEPOSIT	MINERAL TYPE	OF TONS	CU CONTENT (%)	REMARKS
HECLA MINING CO.	Lakeshore	Sulfide (diss		0.70	Pub. 1969
	11	" (tactite		1.69	
	. II	Oxide	207	0.71	11
INSPIRATION CONSOLIDATED					a standar a se
COPPER CO.	Christmas	Sulfide	33.413	0.905	Pub. 1977; "recover-
					able Cu"
	н,	Oxide			
	Inspiration				
	Area Mines	Mixed	180.136	0.481	11 II
	Ox Hide	Oxide	31.328	0.147	n n
	Sanchez	**	79.362	0.180	11 II
KENNECOTT COPPER CORP.	Chilito	Sulfide			
	Ray	Mixed	650	0.80	Reported 1977
	Safford	11	2,000	0.41	11
	Safford Ext.	11		***	
KERR-MCGEE CORP.	Red Mountain	Sulfide		0.71	Pub. 1970; 100Mt.possible
KEYSTONE MINERALS INC.	Korn Kob	Oxide	8	0.50	Pub. 1973
MCALESTER FUEL CO.	Zonia	Oxide	1	0.53	Unpublished est.
MULTIPLE OWNERS	Bisbee-North	Mixed (?)	20	0.80	11
NEWMONT MINING CORP.	Copper Creek	Sulfide			
	Kalamazoo	11			
	Magma	e e	9:8	4.80	Reported 1978
	San Manuel	11	474		nopor tod a, , to
	11	Mixed	130	0.67	Pub. 1969
	Vekol Hills	Sulfide	105	0.56	Pub. 1978; minable by
					open pit; with 0.014%
					Mo; 15Ht oxide Cu

# TABLE XXII (Continued) PROVEN COPPER RESERVES IN ARIZONA 1/

		MAJOR	MILLIONS	AVERAGE	
COMPANY	DEPOSIT	MINERAL TYPE	nen singledette versen den under Mangeleichen gestellen den die beziehen wie werden auf der Aussiehen einer die	CU CONTENT (%)	REMARKS
NAVAHO TRIBE (?)	White Mesa	Oxide	2	0.75	Pub. 1955
OCCIDENTAL PETROLEUM CO.	Van Dyke	Oxide	100	0.50	Pub. 1977
ORACLE RIDGE MINING	Oracle Ridge	Mixed (?)	11	2.25	Reported 1977; with
PARTNERS					0.5oz Ag/ton(pub.1975)
PENNZOIL CO.	Egystyrn of palars you are not to be the state of the sta				
(Duval Corp.)	Esperanza	Sulfide	21.850	0.42	With 8.022% Mo
(Duran corper		Oxide			
×	Mineral Park	Sulfide	49.541	0.30	With 0.036% Mo
	11	Oxide			
	Sierrita	Sulfide	459.842	0.32	With 0.033% Mo
PHELPS DODGE CORF.	Copper Basin	Sulfide	175	0.55	Pub. 1973: minable by
FREEFS DODGE COM .	copper bacan				open pit; with 0.02% Mo
	Copper Queen	Mixed			
	Dos Pobres	Sulfide	400	0.72	Pub. 1977
	Lavender	11			
	Metcalf	11	415.970	0.77	Pub. 1975
	Morenci	11	662.462	0.80	п
	New Cornelia	11	126.623	0.63	11
	United Verde	11			
	United verde	Oxide			
PRODUCERS MINERALS CORP.	San Juan	Oxide	20	0.50	Unpublished est.
	San Suan	ONICC		Stranger and a stranger and an and a stranger at a	1
RANCHERS EXPLORATION &	Bluebird	Oxide	75	0.52	Pub. 1971
DEVELOPMENT CO.	Old Reliable	II	4	0.74	11
	UIU REITADIE	a da na alian aka mata ka afing sama ana 'daga sa ting ka gangan alian ing sa di sa di sa di sa di sa			

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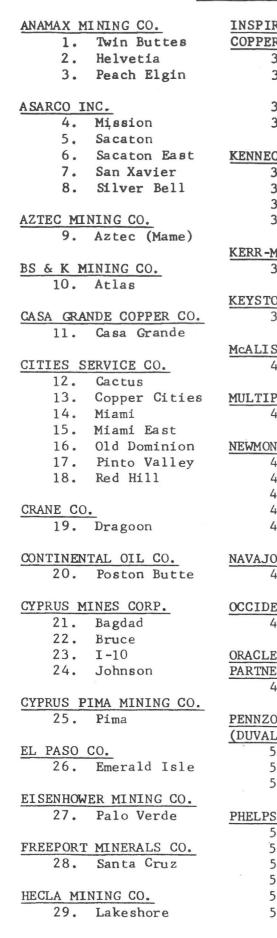
## TABLE XXII (Continued) PROVEN COPPER RESERVES IN ARIZONA 1/

COMPANY	DEPOSIT	MAJOR MINERAL TYPE	MILLIONS OF TONS	AVERAGE CU CONTENT (%)	REMARKS
V. B. SMITH ESTATE	Dynamite	Sulfide		an a	
STANDARD METALS CORP.	Antler	Sulfide	5.1	an die Angelender oppender spang die Anders per nach maar wat wederste angeweise sa	With Zn values
STRONG & HARRIS	Strong & Harris	Mixed	60	0.60	Unpublished est.; with 0.70% Zn
SUPERIOR OIL	Pine Flats	Sulfide	12	0.50	Unpublished est.
UNDETERMINED	Mineral Hill	Mixed		n a Mart y Marine y ang sa kanang kang sang sang bahaganan, a ang sang sang bahagana kang sa	
UNION OIL	Turquoise	Oxide	10	0.50	Pub. 1970
UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT	Park Hill	Mixed (?)	30	0.45	Unpublished est.
UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT AND U.S. METALS CORP.	Apex	Mixed (?)			

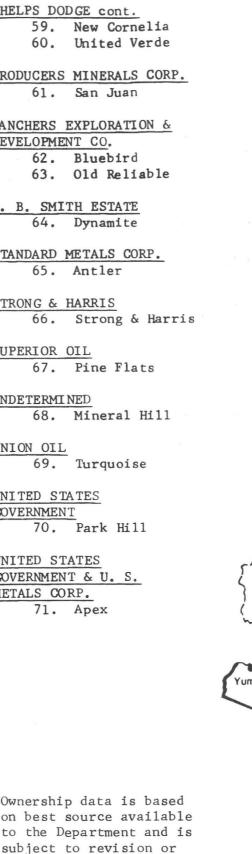
Source: Company Annual Reports, Form 10-K's, and Prospectus; Professional Publications.

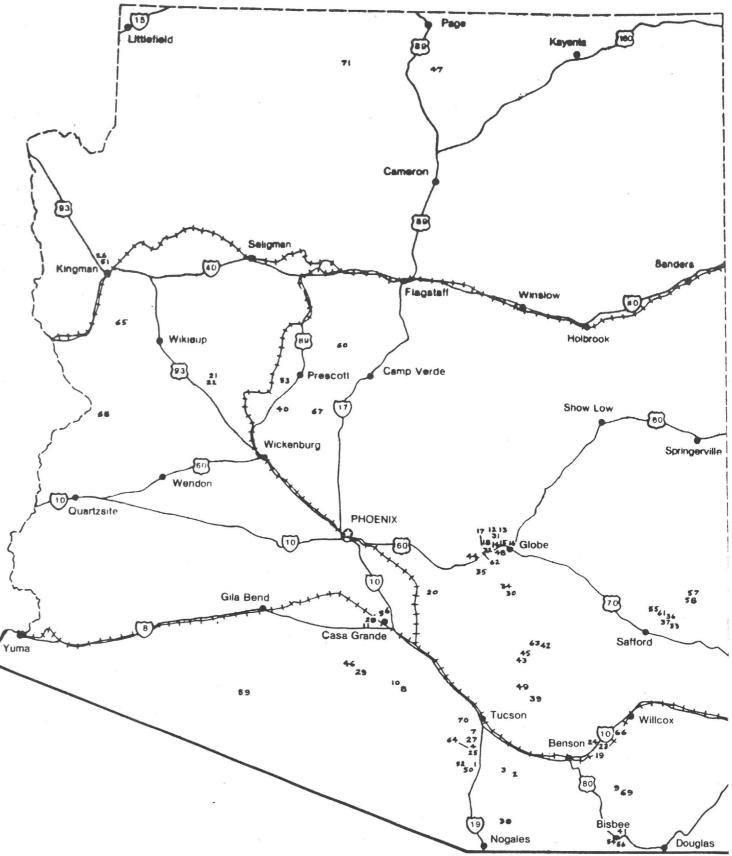
1/ Reserves are given with a grade of average total copper content as of December 31, 1977, unless stated otherwise under "Remarks". As used in this table, reserves generally mean these estimated quantities of ore which under presently and reasonably foreseen technical and economic conditions may be profitably mined and sold or processed for the extraction of their constituent values.

#### \* COPPER RESERVES OF ARIZONA



IRATI	ON CONSOLIDATED	PHELPS DO
ER CO		59.
	Christmas	60.
	Inspiration Area	
	Mines	PRODUCERS
32.	Ox Hide	61.
33.	Sanchez	
		RANCHERS
ECOTI	COPPER CORP.	DEVELOPME
34.	Chilito	62.
35.	Ray	63.
36.	Safford	
37.	Safford Extension	V. B. SMI
		64.
-MCGE	CORP.	
38.	Red Mountain	STANDARD
		65.
TONE	MINERALS INC.	
39.	Korn Kob	STRONG & 66.
		66.
ISTER	FUEL CO.	CUIDEDT OD
40.	Zonia	SUPERIOR
		67.
	OWNERS	INDETEDNO
41.	Bisbee North	UNDETERMI 68.
		00.
UNT M	INING CORP.	UNION OII
42.	Copper Creek Kalamazoo	69.
43.	Kalamazoo	07.
44.	Magma (Superior) San Manuel	UNITED ST
45.	Vekol Hills	GOVERNMEN
40.	Vekol Hills	70.
<b>TO T</b> D	IBE (?)	,
<u>/</u> /7	White Mesa	UNITED ST
4/.	white Mesa	GOVERNMEN
DENTA	I DETROIEIM CO	METALS CO
48	L PETROLEUM CO. Van Dyke	71.
40.	Vall Dyke	
LE RT	DGE MINING	
NERS		
49.	Oracle Ridge	
ZOIL	CO.	
AL CO		
50.	Esperanza	
51.	Mineral Park	
52.	Sierrita	
	DGE CORP.	*Ownershi
53.	Copper Basin	on best
54.	Copper Queen	to the D
55.	Dos Pobres	subject
56.	Lavender	change.
57.	Metcalf	
58.	Morenci	





### ARIZONA DEPARTMENT OF MINERAL RESOURCES

The Department was created to aid in the promotion, development, and conservation of the mineral resources of the State. Particular emphasis is placed on providing prospectors and small miners with semi-technical assistance and economic information.

The general goal of the Department is developed by working with the following objectives:

- Provide technical assistance to prospectors and operators of small mines.
- Disseminate comprehensive mining and mineral information to the citizens and government officials of Arizona counties.
- Study conditions regarding small mine activity and seek solutions to problems.
- Serve as the State's public bureau of mining and mineral information.
- Maintain and expand the Department's mine file library.
- Provide educational services in the field of mineral resources and mining.
- Analyse proposed Federal and State administrative actions.
- Develop interagency cooperation between the Department and other local State and Federal offices.
- Gather all information available on mineral occurrences, prospects, partially developed properties and known mines in the State in order to promote further exploration.
- Provide publications in the form of mineral reports, annual directories, technical reports, annual mineral industry surveys, information circulars, and media articles.