

CONTACT INFORMATION

Mining Records Curator Arizona Geological Survey 1520 West Adams St. Phoenix, AZ 85007 602-771-1601 http://www.azgs.az.gov inquiries@azgs.az.gov

The following file is part of the

Arizona Department of Mines and Mineral Resources Mining Collection

ACCESS STATEMENT

These digitized collections are accessible for purposes of education and research. We have indicated what we know about copyright and rights of privacy, publicity, or trademark. Due to the nature of archival collections, we are not always able to identify this information. We are eager to hear from any rights owners, so that we may obtain accurate information. Upon request, we will remove material from public view while we address a rights issue.

CONSTRAINTS STATEMENT

The Arizona Geological Survey does not claim to control all rights for all materials in its collection. These rights include, but are not limited to: copyright, privacy rights, and cultural protection rights. The User hereby assumes all responsibility for obtaining any rights to use the material in excess of "fair use."

The Survey makes no intellectual property claims to the products created by individual authors in the manuscript collections, except when the author deeded those rights to the Survey or when those authors were employed by the State of Arizona and created intellectual products as a function of their official duties. The Survey does maintain property rights to the physical and digital representations of the works.

QUALITY STATEMENT

The Arizona Geological Survey is not responsible for the accuracy of the records, information, or opinions that may be contained in the files. The Survey collects, catalogs, and archives data on mineral properties regardless of its views of the veracity or accuracy of those data.

ARIZONA DEPARTMENT OF MINES AND MINERAL RESOURCES FILE DATA

PRIMARY NAME: RAINBOW CLAIMS

ALTERNATE NAMES:

CLARK CLAIMS CLARK PROSPECT RAINBOW GROUP

PINAL COUNTY MILS NUMBER: 120

LOCATION: TOWNSHIP 1 S RANGE 13 E SECTION 12 QUARTER SE LATITUDE: N 33DEG 21MIN 24SEC LONGITUDE: W 110DEG 59MIN 22SEC

TOPO MAP NAME: PINAL RANCH - 7.5 MIN

CURRENT STATUS: PAST PRODUCER

COMMODITY:

TUNGSTEN

COPPER SULFIDE

MOLYBDENUM

FLUORINE FLUORSPAR

COPPER LEAD SILVER GOLD

BIBLIOGRAPHY:

DALE, V.D., USBM RI 5516, 1959, P. 45-47, 68

ADMMR RAINBOW CLAIMS FILE ADMMR U FILE PINAL W-6 ADMMR FALCON MINES FILE

HICKS, CLIFFORD J., MO OCCURENCES IN AZ, 1979

P. 22

PETERSON, N.P., GEOLOGY OF THE PINAL RANCH QUAD, USGS BULL. 1141-H, 1963, P. H-16

ADMMR RALPH HOLTON ESTATE FILE

ADMMR MAPS-ADOT HIGHWAY MAP-PINAL CO. 1949

USBM RI 5516, p. 45-47, 68

USBM "U" File

Mo occurrences in Arizona, 1979, p. 22

USGS Bul. 1141-H, p. H-16

MILS Sheet sequence number 0040210999

Falcon Mine file

Scealso, Sam Thorp Mining Group

DEPARTMENT OF MINERAL RESOURCES

STATE OF ARIZONA
FIELD ENGINEERS REPORT

Mine RAINBOW CLAIMS (Clark Claims)

Date 6/16/65

District Pinal Ranch Area Pinal Co.

Engineer Lewis A. Smith

Subject: Interview with E. O. Ryden, Rt. 1, Box 532, Miami (at Superior 6/16/65)

LOCATION: S12, T1S, R13E (100 yards N of Clark Ranch House).

PROPERTY: 12 unpatented claims.

OWNER: Yulee S. Clark

MINERALS: 'Molybdenite, Chalcopyrite, Wolframite, Scheelite.

DESCRIPTION: U. S. Bur. Mines, RI 5516, (1959 pp46-47). also eg 45, 68

Superior Meeting; E. O. Ryden stated that the Forest Service had contested some of the claims because they did not have commercial ore on them. He said that big companies had many claims in the area, part of which were covered by dacite flows, generally post-mineral, therefore, until drilled could not have discovery, whereas Clark did have discovery even though not now commercial. According to RI 5516, three samples were taken that showed 0.06 to 0.25 percent WO3 and 0.08 to 0.16 percent copper, 2 of which were from the mine dumps and represented about 110 tons of "ore" and the other being from 3-4 tons of "ore" reputedly from the south drift on the 100 ft level. This would not now constitute ore. A small production (float) was made in World War I by Faulkner and Messer and this was shipped. No recorded production has since been made, even during the tungsten program. Ryden had conferred with Lois Pare and her advice to him adequately covered the situation, so I could make no further comments other than to have a consultant, sample the ore in place and submit a report on his findings as to any potential (the Bureau had already sampled the ore piles and dumps). Since the quartz veins only range from a few inches to 2 feet wide at the surface, they would have to show much better assay results than the Bureau samples 12864 and 12866 seem to indicate. quartz monzonite also carries ore minerals. Wolframite and scheelite are present in about a 1:1 ratio. Chalcopyrite, bornite and molybdenite are minor according to the Bureau. In 1958 the 100 foot shaft held 25 to 35 feet of water that would submerge the 100-foot level drift. Clark reported that the "ore" zone on the 100-foot level is 6 feet wide and 3-4 tons of "ore" reputedly from this zone assayed 0.25 percent WO3 and 0.08 percent copper (U.S. Bur Mines Sample No. 12865). The shaft lies close to the intersection of two quartz filled fissures that strike N 45 degrees E and N 70 degrees E, respectively, and dip steeply NW.

DEPARTMENT OF MINERAL RESOURCES

STATE OF ARIZONA
FIELD ENGINEERS REPORT

Mine RAINBOW CLAIMS (Clark Claims)

Date 6/16/65

District Pinal Ranch Area Pinal Co.

Engineer Lewis A. Smith

Subject: Interview with E. O. Ryden, Rt. 1, Box 532, Miami (at Superior 6/16/65)

LOCATION: S12. TIS, RIBE (100 yards N of Clark Ranch House).

PROPERTY: 12 unpatented claims.

OWNER:

Yulee S. Clark

MINERALS: Molybdenite, Chalcopyrite, Wolframite, Scheelite.

DESCRIPTION: U. S. Bur. Mines, RI 5516, (1959 pp46-47). also p.p. 45,68

Superior Meeting: E. O. Ryden stated that the Ferest Service had contested some of the claims because they did not have commercial ore on them. He said that big companies had many claims in the area, part of which were covered by dacite flows, generally post-mineral, therefore, until drilled could not have discovery, whereas Clark did have discovery even though not now commercial. According to RI 5516, three samples were taken that showed 0.06 to 0.25 percent WO3 and 0.08 to 0.16 percent copper, 2 of which were from the mine dumps and represented about 110 tons of "ore" and the other being from 3-4 tons of "ore" reputedly from the south drift on the 100 ft level. This would not now constitute ore. A small production (float) was made in World War I by Faulkner and Messer and this was shipped. No recorded production has since been made, even during the tungsten program. Ryden had conferred with Lois Pare and her advice to him adequately covered the situation, so I could make no further comments other than to have a consultent, sample the ore in place and submit a report on his findings as to any ptential (the Bureau had already sampled the ore piles and dumps). Since the quartz veins only range from a few inches to 2 feet wide at the surface, they would have to show much better assay results than the Bureau samples 12864 and 12866 seem to indicate. The quartz monzonite also carries ore minerals. Wolframite and scheelite are present in about a 1:1 ratio. Chalcopyrite, bornite and molybdenite are minor according to the Bureau. In 1958 the 100 foot shaft held 25 to 35 feet of water that would submerge the 100-foot level drift. Clark reported that the "ore" zone on the 100-foot level is 6 feet wide and 3-4 tons of "ore" reputedly from this zone assayed 0.25 percent WO3 and 0.08 percent copper (U. S. Bur Mines Sample No. 12865). The shaft lies close to the intersection of two quartz filled fissures that strike N 45 degrees E and N 70 degrees E. respectively, and dip steeply NW.

DEPARTMENT OF MINERAL RESOURCES

STATE OF ARIZONA
FIELD ENGINEERS REPORT

Mine RAINBOW CLAIMS (Clark Claims)

Date 6/16/65

District Pinal Ranch Area Pinal Co.

Engineer Lewis A. Smith

Subject: Interview with E. O. Ryden, Rt. 1, Box 532, Mismi (at Superior 6/16/65)

LOCATION: S12, T1S, R13E (100 yards N of Clark Ranch House).

PROPERTY: 12 unpatented claims.

OWNER: Yulee S. Clark

MINERALS: Molybdenite, Chalcopyrite, Wolframite, Scheelite.

DESCRIPTION: U.S. Bur. Mines, RI 5516, (1959 pp46-47). also p.p. 215, 68

Superior Meeting: B. O. Ryden stated that the Forest Service had contested some of the claims because they did not have commercial ore on them. He said that big companies had many claims in the area, part of which were covered by dacite flows, generally post-mineral, therefore, until drilled could not have discovery, whereas Clark did have discovery even though not now commercial. According to RI 5516, three samples were taken that showed 0.06 to 0.25 percent WO3 and 0.08 to 0.16 percent copper, 2 of which were from the mine dumps and represented about 110 tons of "ore" and the other being from 3-4 tons of "ore" reputedly from the south drift on the 100 ft level. This would not now constitute ore. A small production (float) was made in World War I by Faulkner and Messer and this was shipped. No recorded production has since been made, even during the tungeten program. Ryden had conferred with Lois Pare and her advice to him adequately covered the situation, so I could make no further comments other than to have a consultant, sample the ore in place and submit a report on his findings as to any ptential (the Bureau had already sampled the ore piles and dumps). Since the quarts veins only range from a few inches to 2 feet wide at the surface, they would have to show much better assay results than the Bureau samples 12864 and 12866 seem to indicate. The quertz monzonite also carries ore minerals. Wolframite and scheelite are present in about a 1:1 ratio. Chalcopyrite, bornite and molybdenite are minor according to the Bureau. In 1958 the 100 foot shaft held 25 to 35 feet of water that would submerge the 100-foot level drift. Clark reported that the "ore" some on the 100-foot level is 6 feet wide and 3-4 tons of "ore" reputedly from this zone assayed 0.25 percent WO3 and 0.03 percent copper (U. S. Bur Mines Sample No. 12865). The shaft lies close to the intersection of two quarts filled fissures that strike N 45 degrees E and N 70 degrees E, respectively, and dip steeply NV.