

CONTACT INFORMATION

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PRINTED: 11/19/2001

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ARIZONA DEPARTMENT OF MINES AND MINERAL RESOURCES AZMILS DATA

PRIMARY NAME: LEROY MINE

ALTERNATE NAMES:

BLACK HAWK CLIMAX COMET GOLD QUEEN JACK DEMPSEY STANDARD LOST HOPE ONEIDA

COCHISE COUNTY MILS NUMBER: 83

LOCATION: TOWNSHIP 14 S RANGE 27 E SECTION 27 QUARTER SW LATITUDE: N 32DEG 11MIN 04SEC LONGITUDE: W 109DEG 33MIN 57SEC TOPO MAP NAME: DOS CABEZAS - 7.5 MIN

CURRENT STATUS: PAST PRODUCER

COMMODITY:

LEAD SULFIDE ZINC SULFIDE SILVER COPPER SULFIDE GOLD LODE

BIBLIOGRAPHY:

KEITH, S.B., 1973, AZBM BULL. 187, P. 62 ADMMR LEROY MINE FILE USAEC 172-478, P. 25 MINES HANDBOOK, 1926 AZBM BULL. 137, P. 120-121 ADDNL HOLDING IN T14S-R27E SEC. 33 & 34 USBM 1949 MINERALS YEARBOOK



LeROY MINE DOS CABEZAS DIST. COCHISE COUNTY

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Optioned by O'Keefe Dev. Company

John J. O'Keefe, Consultant Petroleum Engr. - Geol.

822 E. Compton Bldg.,

Comptón, California

& 8 others.

5-17-57

k

Copy of Mine Owners Report covering property listed with the Department of Mineral Resources has been furnished to -

Ches. E. Lees, 240 N. Cliffwood Ave., Los ngeles, Calif.

DEPARTMENT OF MINERAL RESOURCES J. S. Coupel, Firstor

LE ROY Au, Ag, Pb, Cu, Zn Cochise T 14 S, R 27 E 2 - 2

W. I. Crawford, Box 4, Patagonia

NALE, OF MINE: LE ROY -

COUNTY: BOCHISE DISTRICT: METALS: PB, ZN

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OPE BATO	R AND ADDRESS:	LIIE SI	ATUS	
DATE:		DATE:		
5/1/44	Thomas Bean, Dos Cabezas	5/1/44	Financing	
12/44	Jas. R. Cray, 1916 E. Ist St., Tucson			
1/47	V Dorsey Bros., Dos Cabezas	2/47	Shipping	
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LE ROY MINE

COCHISE COUNTY DOS CABEZAS DISTRICT T14S R27E Sec. SW14 27 NE14 33 NW14 34

AEC 172-478 p. 25 See: Eagle-Picher "C" Confidential files Campand repart ABM Bull. 187, p. 30

MILS Sheet sequence number 0040030169

MILS Cochise County Index #83

AKA: Black Hawk, Climax, Comet, Oneida, Gold Queen, Jack Dempsey, Standard, Lost Hope, War Eagle

See: Map I-1310-B P. 51; Mineral Deposit Map of the Silver City 1^o x 2^o Quad., NM & AZ

Dos Cabezas 7' Quad (included in file)

RIC RAUGE NEWS - LULLION 2/4/6

LEROY MINE

OCHISE COUNTY

MG WR 8/16/85: Visited the LeRoy mine (Cochise Co). The dump at the Climax (southern) shaft is large. The headframe and Fairbanks Morse hoist are in poor to fair condition. Although the shaft collar needs repair, the 2-compartment shaft appears to be in good condition. It is inclined about 75°. There is a small amount of mill tailings below (west) of the shaft. There are several buildings in good condition east of the shaft and a residence north of the shaft. One of the buildings contains several hundred feet of drill core. I understand that the owner, Mr. Edgar Anderson, lives with his daughter and son-in-law, Ruth & Paul Avila, Taylor Road, Willcox, Az. phone 384-2868.

Do Not Reproduce

COCHISE COUNTY DOS CABEZAS DISTRICT

The Gordon Miles Mining Company of Dos Cabezas and Beverly Hills, Calif. are in the process of reactivating the old, Hyde, Climax and Le Roy mines at Dos Cabezas. Some drilling has been done. (This is the Tom Bean holdings). GWI Quarterly Report 6-30-70

Mine Visit - Headframe down at the Leroy mine. GWI WR 12/5/70

The Gordon Miles Mining Co. has been active, staking claims etc. at Dos Cabezas. GWI Quarterly Report 19-1-70

The Gordon Miles Mining Co. at Dos Cabezas is still prospecting around the Dos Cabezas area. GWI Quarterly Report 12-31-70

Mine visit - Climax mine. Not working at present. GWI WR 2-8-71

Dos Cabezas Mts.: The Gordon Miles Mining Co. is looking around in the range. They did a little work at the LeRoy and Climax. GWI QR 4-1-71

The Gordon Miles Mining Company is still looking around in the Dos Cabezas district with headquarters for their exploration at Dos Cabezas. GWI QR 6-30-71

The Gordon Miles Mining Company at Dos Cabezas is still acquiring claims. GWI QR 9/71

The Gordon Miles mining co. at Dos Cabezas has acquired some claims near the Mascot mine, Dos Cabezas and have been reported to have been working on a deal with the Tout interests. GWI QR Oct-Dec '71

Learned in the field that Mr. Charles Lee of the Gordon Miles Mining Company of Dos Cabezas, Arizona, Beverly Hills California, had been doing a little drilling up on the Central Copper property which they have possession of at the present time. Other than that and some little assessment work in the area, very little work is being done at the present time. GWI WR 10/3/72

Le ^K	LEAD-ZINC QUESTIONNAIRE October 22 1957.
	Do you approve of the Emergency Lead-Zinc Committee's seeking relief for the lead- zinc industry and has it your authorization to speak for you?
	What Arizona Mines and Mills in the lead-zinc class do you control?
	(1) none at this time
	(2)
	Which ones are operating? (1) <u><i>Thome'</i></u> (2)
	If not operating, when shut down? (1) (2) Early Fall
	Number employed, prior to shut-down, in mine, mill or sections thereof producing lead or zinc ores? (1) 4/ (2)
	Number so employed on January 1, 1957? (1) 4 (2)
	Number so employed on October 1, 1957? (1)(2)
	Remarks No returns possible unde present
	conditions,
F	RECEIVED Jyone Mining Co.
	OCT 28 1937 DEPT. MINEBAL RESOURCES BY: Welcomed. Ferricle
	PHOENIA Signature
	incase iiii in now, teat oil, and mail to:

6.038.49

Arizona Department of Mineral Resources Mineral Building, Fairgrounds Phoenix, Arizona

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ad south

De Partment Mins el Re sources.

Dos Cabazas As-12 Aug-19 50

M: Chas. H. Dunning: In regard to your letter of July 19/50 My JE Roy Mine is being Worked by Tay/or- 3 Dorsey. as Leasee. We Will Ship so to ba Tons of use Every 40 to 60 days. Average in Lead Value Should be 25%, Also Contains zinc, Gold & Silves. This Last one we have opend up is Longe for us. Il fact wide in Some Blaces. and 3 faat of Steele Galena in Other's. The Groperry is not for- Sale, winder The ordinary run of buyers. And I would not be interested in a Loan. I don't Thinks it would help we any at present time. Condations may Change one way on The OThes any Time, Buit as long as we have Good Shipping one Available we of conse would not need any help. Now I have Just ofrained another-Property. in wood Canyon. That in my opinion Will Develop in to a good Lead Groduces And May Show wp a lot of Scheelite. Indacations are it will. There are two drawbacks one & is That a bant 1's, miles of road

would have to be consisted, And about ig miles of already Existing road would have to be repaired. This howere Cauld be done at no great Expence. The properry cauld be developed by tunnel by Driveing along Vein or mineral Faut for a distance of 1200 to 1500 fact This amount of works Should deresmin The Value of The Property. And I am Sure it will be good. The vein is big aneaugh The Average widry should be 3 to 4 fact wide Formation is Favorable for Lead and coppes-Also Tungsten. The Mine operated on Small Scale as a high Value Silves mine some 50 years 490, Not over 200' Fact of words Was done at That time and Very litrie Sence. The whole Property as it now stands Consists of one claim. More could be had by location. We are open for a clear on This Claim. are if The government Set wp on Loan's is are becomes Farmable Omay consides - a Loan. However you Know Qwas nat Interested in The Old Set wp we had. As you / dnow when O start a mine Dam reasonably Sure of Some Shipping one. Milling one Takes to long and Costs to much. Some one Elce can Take ones- when it reaches that Stage. yours Very groly V T.P. Bean Cabora Arms.

RESOURCES MAR 5 1946 ARIZONA Sunnyslope, Prescott, Ariz; March 4, 1946

Department of Mineral Resources, Phoenix, Ariz;

Att: George Ballam:

Dear George:-

ec. profests1

Herewith the data on the LeRoy property at Dos Cabezas which you so kindly let me have a few weeks ago. Thank you very much for it.

I was not able to get away to have a look at the mine until last week when I spent the better part of three days there. I had a nice visit with Mr.Bean who was very cooperative. He lacks definite data on the underground situation and there are no assay maps or longitudinal sections available so that it is practically impossible to get any sort of an accurate picture of what one might expect if he reopened the mine. Incidentally. Mr.Bean claims that he has the title in good shape, - broughts suit last summer and finally obtained judgement with clear title last August.

The type of ore deposition is such that a geophysical survey should give a good line on what to expect and I would not be interested until such a survey was made. I may be able to get around to having that done if I can't find something more attractive in the near future. At any rate, I am not now interested, so there is no reason why the Department should not present the data to other potential purchasers so far as I am concerned. Mr.Bean has promised a lease on the LeRoy shaft to some local people and I told him that I thought he should go thru with it if he is satisfied with the ability of the other party to do what is necessary.

Thanking you again for the dope,

Sincerely,

Fred

Fred Gibbs.

DEFARTMENT OF MINERAL RESOUR

Mine	Le Roy Mine	Date June 15, 1955.
District	Dos Cabezas Dist., Cochise County	Engineer Axel L. Johnson
Subject:	Present Status Information from	Thomas P. Bean, Owner.

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For location and other information, see report of October 13, 1954.

Present Status This mine is now closed down. Very little work was downe by the former lessee since the date of last report, and the mine is now open for leasing to an other party.

Proposed Plans The owner, Mr. Bean, is now negotiating with another company in regard to leasing of the property.

	Mineral Building, Fairgrounds Phoenix, Arizona Vig Telephone
	Information from: Charles Lee
••	Address: Dos Cabezas Stur Rte
2.	Mine: Hyde - Climax - Le Roy 3. No. of Claims - Patented 7 4. Unpatented ?
1 .	Location:
5.	Sec Tp14 S Range 27E 6. Mining District Des Cobezas
7.	Owner: Anderson & Bean estate
8.	Address:
9.	Operating Co.: Gordon Miles Mining Co
0.	Address: Dos Colezas Stor Rte. Willicox
1.	President: Miles - Kernaghan 12. Gen. Mgr.: Secur T. Gordon - Gallup.
3.	Principal Metals:14. No. Employed:
5.	Mill, Type & Capacity:
6.	Present Operations: (a) Down 🕅 (b) Assessment work 🗌 (c) Exploration 🗍 (d) Production 🗋 (e) Ratetpd.
7.	New Work Planned: Wante to auquire' adjoining properties inital
	a - 100 to 200 Hotation mill
8.	Miscl. Notes:
	Charles Lee - Consulting Geologistel Engineer at present
	time working as Project Eng.
	1. Stukradt working for Co
	Δ

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Date	8-	13	-	70
Date				

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(Signature)

ZO DEPARTMENT OF MINER R' OURCES Mineral Building, Fairgrounds Phoenix, Arizona

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1.	Information from: L. Stichradt
	Address: Das Calezas
2.	Mine: Climax (Le Roy Mines) 3. No. of Claims - Patented 7
	Unpatented
4.	Location: Dos Cabezas
5.	Sec 20-29 Tp 145 Range 27E 6. Mining District Cochise
7.	Owner: Mrx. T.P. Beyn.
8.	Address: Dos Cabezas Aris
9.	Operating Co.: Don't Know
10.	Address:
11.	President: Charles Lee, Geologist 12. Gen. Mgr.:
13.	Principal Metals: An Ob 2n Cu 14. No. Employed:
15.	Mill, Type & Capacity:
16.	Present Operations: (a) Down (b) Assessment work (c) Exploration X (d) Production (c) tpd.
17.	New Work Planned:
18.	Miscl. Notes: Repart la holes drilled up to 150'
	deep each hast summer:
(Taken from GWI Lee, Geologist. It was dewatere claim in Wood C	Quarterly Report 9/1969) - Roy Lindsey - 6-150' holes at Climax Shaft, Charlie A little exploration work by the owners was done at the Le Roy property. d and the shaft repaired. Mr. Anderson also did assessment work on his tungsten anyon.

Date: 16 - 7 - 69

(Signature)

(Field Engineer)

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DEPARTMENT OF MINERAL RESOURCES STATE OF ARIZONA FIELD ENGINEERS REPORT

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Mine LeRoy Mines - Climax Shaft Date April 8, 1965

District Dos Cabezas District, Cochise Co. Engineer Axel L. Johnson

Subject: Mine Visit. Information from Mrs. Thelma Bean and J.A. Kennedy.

References: Report of Oct. 9, 1964

Present Activity: (1) Shaft repairs, mostly on week ends. (2) Pumping water

Review of Recent Operations: Since report of Oct. 9, 1964, the shaft has been repaired down to a depth of 150 ft. below the collar, - to about 8 ft. below the 142 ft. level. The top 32 ft. is concreted as shown in the Oct. 9, 1964 report. Some concreting was done just below the 32 ft. bearing set. Below 40 ft. little timber was required since the shaft is mostly in solid rock at that depth. Sets, however, had to put in for support of the ladders and shaft runners, which were later installed down to the

142 ft. level. 2 or 3 men are working on weekends.

1 man (J. A. Kennedy) takes care of the pumps. Water is being pumped for about 3 hours every day, and this is estimated at about 2500 gal. per day.

Proposed Plans: Repairing and sampling of the 142 ft. level will be done next, before the shaft is repaired below this level.

Mine Visit - Mrs. Bean of Dos Cabezas about area activity and on her property. (shaft repairs and dewatering). Have discussed leasing with party from Phoenix.

GWI WR 6/5/65

Visited LeRoy and Climax property of Mrs. Bean at Dos Cabezas. Mrs. Bean, her sister, Mrs. Violet Beals and brother Mr. Edgar Anderson were at the property having buried Mr. J. A. Kennedy the day before.

GWI WR 2/4/66

Mine Visit to the LeRoy Mine at Dos Cabezas, according to Mrs. Bean the Joplin Industries had talked about a deal but had given up.

GWI WR 4/8/67

Mine visit to LeRoy mine at Dos Cabezas. Mr. Anderson at property. GWI WR 11-16-68

Oliver Anderson (Brother of Mrs. Bean) unwatered the Climax shaft down to the 288' level so that the level could be sampled and evaluated. There is supposed to be 300 to 400' of drift on that level. The shaft is 420' and dips 70 degrees to the west. A California company (not identified) is reported to be paying for the dewatering and will do the sampling. GWI Quarterly Report 3/1969

DEPARTMENT OF MINERAL RESOURCES state of arizona

FIELD ENGINEERS REPORT

Mine LeRoy Mines - Climax Shaft Date Oct. 9, 1964

District Dos Cabezas District, Cochise Co. Engineer Axel L. Johnson

Subject: Mine Visit. Information from Mrs. Thelma Bean and J. A. Kennedy.

References Report of April 10, 1964

Present Activity Shaft repairs, mostly on week ends.

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Review of Recent Operations The following work has been done at the Climax shaft

(1) Concreting the top of the Climax shaft down to a depth of 32 ft. below collar.

- (2) Erecting a headframe.
- (3) Installing electric power
- (4) Repairing of old gasolene hoist.
- (5) Repairing old compressor.
- (6) Installing bucket.

Proposed Plans Since the shaft is badly caved below the 32 ft. station, the location of the bearing set, above which the concreting is finished, it is found necessary to add some more concrete shaft sets below this point. Concreting the shaft down to from 39 ft. to 40 ft. below the collar is planned, but additional concreting may be found to be necessary. Further down in the shaft, wooden sets will be used.

The shaft is reported to be 435 ft. deep, with the 1st level at 142 ft. below the collar, and the water level now at 70 ft. below the collar.

As the shaft repair work continues downward, the water will be pumped out to below the 142 ft. level elevation, and the 142 ft. level will be cleaned out, repaired and sampled.

Working on the project, mostly on week ends are 'J. A. Kennedy, 'Edgar Anderson and Oliver Anderson, the latter two being brothers of Mrs. Thelma Bean, the owner.

DEPARTMENT OF MINERAL RESOURCES STATE OF ARIZONA FIELD ENGINEERS REPORT

LeRoy Mines - Climax Shaft April 10, 1964 Mine Date

District Dos Cabezas District, Cochise Co.

Axel L. Johnson Engineer

Subject: Field Engineers Report. Information from Mrs. Thelma Bean

Report of April 11, 1963, & previous reports. References:

Present Mining Activity: None at present.

Review of Recent Operations: Concreting of the Climax shaft to a distance of 32 ft. below the collar has been completed.

A headframe has been erected.

Electric power is now being installed.

Proposed Plans: It is planned to install a mine hoist, after which shaft repairs and retimbering below the 32 ft. bearing set will be continued. Superficial inspection shows the shaft badly caved below the 32 ft. station, and the water stands at 70 ft. below the collar. It is hoped that the shaft timbers will be in better shape below the present water level.

As the shaft repair proceeds downward, the water will be pumped out, and the 1st level, 142 ft. below the collar, will be examined.

Edgar Anderson and 'Oliver Anderson, brothers of Mrs. 'Thelma Bean, will be doing the work, mostly on week ends, and this will be started in a week or two.

DEPARTMENT OF MINERAL RESOURCES STATE OF ARIZONA FIELD ENGINEERS REPORT

LeRoy Mines - Climax Shaft Mine Date

District Dos Cabezas District, Cochise Co.

April 11, 1963

Engineer Axel L. Johnson

Subject: Field Engineers Report. Information from Mrs. Thelma Bean & J.A. Kennedy.

References: Report of April 15, 1959, et al

Location: About 2 miles north of Dos Cabezas

Number of Claims: 7 patented claims. On account of overlaps, this is equivalent to about 6 patented claims.

Owner: Mrs. Thelma Bean, Box 5, Dos Cabezas, Ariz.

Principal Minerals: Lead, zinc, copper with high gold & silver values.

Present Mining Activity: Concreting the top of the Climax shaft. 2 men working part time.

- Old Mine Workings at Climax (1) Climax shaft 435 ft. deep, slightly inclined.
 - (2) 250 Ft. of drifts on the 142 ft. level.
 - (3) 750 ft. of drifts on the 288 ft. level.
 - (4) Blackhawk tunnel 400 ft. long, connecting with the Climax shaft @ 15 ft. below the collar.
 - (5) Over 500 ft. of crosscuts on the 3 levels.

Review of Present Operations: The top of the Climax shaft was caved in to a depth of about 20-25 ft. below the collar, and requires repairs before any of the lower levels of the shaft can be reached for examination or exploration.

Concreting of the shaft was started at a distance of 32 ft. below the elevation of the original shaft collar, where a bearing set was anchored in solid rock surrounding the shaft. Concreting has now proceeded upward for 25 ft. to a point 7 ft. below the collar. Mr. Kennedy, one of the workers, reported that the concrete walls were 9" thick and that the structure was inclined 4 in. per foot (about 72 degrees). Engineer was unable to get the dimensions of the shaft compartments, as they were covered up to cure the concrete, but will get this information later.

Proposed Plans: (1) To dewater, clean out & repair the shaft to the 142 ft. level. Water has been reported to stand at 70 ft. below collar - but this is not known for sure.

(2) To clean out, repair & sample the 142 ft. level.

(3) Sell or lease the property with price & terms to be arrived at later.

Extract from Arizona Lode Gold Mines and Gold Mining - Arizona Bureau of Mines, Bulletin No. 137.

The Le Roy property is $1\frac{1}{2}$ miles northeast of Dos Cabezas. Its principal claims, which were located in 1878, passed through several ownerships, and were obtained by the Le Roy Consolidated Mines Company prior to 1920. A few thousand tons of gold-silver-lead ore were produced, but no records or estimates of the amount are available. In 1925-1926, the Dorsey brothers shipped, from the Le Roy shaft, five cars of carbonate ore that contained from \$35 to \$40 worth of gold, silver, and lead per ton. In 1926-1927, the Arilead Company is reported to have shipped several cars of ore from the Climax shaft. During the following year, dump material was treated in a small mill. During 1928-1933, several cars of ore were shipped from the mine. In 1933, A. M. Bell installed a small mill on the property and produced some concentrates.

Here, granite, intruded by diabase dikes, forms rolling hills. The vein system strikes northeastward and dips about 65° BE. Its ore consists of coarse-textured gravish-white quartz with scattered pyrite, galena, sphalerite, and chalcopyrite.

Underground workings on the Le Roy claim include an inclined shaft, more than 300 feet deep, with water at 70 feet. On the 70-foot level, the vein is 3 to 4 feet wide. Developments on the Climax claim include a 300-foot inclined shaft and more than 2,000 feet of workings. The vein ranges in width from a few to 8 inches and in places separates into a stringer lode 4 or 5 feet wide. Its ore occurs in erratically distributed bunches.

Mrs. Thelma Bean, Box 5, Dos Cabezas, is owner of the LeRoy, Climax and Oneida Mines. Mrs. Bean discussed these properties with Mr. Johnson.

MEMO ALJ Weekly Report April 15, 1963

DEPARTMENT OF MINERAL RESOURCES STATE OF ARIZONA FIELD ENGINEERS REPORT

April 15, 1959 / LeRoy Mines Date Mine

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Dos Cabezas District, Cochise Co. District

Engineer Axel L. Johnson

Present Status. Information from Thos. P. Bean & Personal visit. Subject:

Report of Feb. 11, 1959 References:

Lessee: (on Mine Dump only) J. R. Schaffer, P.O. Box 775, Ajo, Ariz. (also Albuquerque) Lease was given to mill the dumps only. Lease provides for 10% straight royalty.

Principal Minerals: ' Gold

Present Activity: No work done at present. Mr. Schaffer, the lessee, is reported as making arrangements for drilling a well to provide water for the milling operations.

Ore Values: Mr. Bean estimates the ore in the dumps leased out to average about \$9.00 per ton in Gold values, about \$5.70 per ton of this being recoverable. He states that about 2/3 of the gold is free gold, and the remaining 1/3 occurs as gold tellurides.

Milling Facilities: No change from report of Feb. 11, 1959.

DEPARTMENT OF MINERAL RESOURCES STATE OF ARIZONA FIELD ENGINEERS REPORT

Le Roy Mine Mine

Feb. 11, 1959 Date

Dos Cabezas District, Cochise Co. Engineer Axel L. Johnson District

Information from Mrs. Thomas P. Bean & Personal Visit. Field Engineers Report. Subject:

About 2 miles north of Dos Cabezas. Location

6 patented claims. Number of Claims

Owner V Thomas P. Bean, Box 5, Dos Cabezas.

J. R. Schaffer, P. O. Box 775, Ajo, Ariz. (also Albuquerque) Lessee (on mine dumps only) Lease was given to mill the dumps only. Principal Minerals (Gold

A small pilot mill had been erected on No mining activity. Present Mining Activity Lessee was not there. the property, but it was not operating.

Dump reported by Mrs. Bean to average from \$5.00 to \$10.00 per ton in Gold. Ore Values Some of the Gold ore reported to be Gold tellurides.

Milling & Marketing Facilitizes Lessee has installed a small pilot mill on the property. This consists of (1) Jaw crusher, driven by a 6 cyl. enginer, (2) a home made ball mill (3) Flume with a copper plate bottom, leading from the ball mill discharge.

The mill test operations were described by Mrs. Bean to be about as follows:

- (1) Crush material to 1/4 inch in jaw crusher.

- (2) Grind ore fine in home made ball mill, which discharges on the flume.
 (3) Apply catalytic agent on the copper plates on the bottom of the flume.
 (4) Apply mercury on top of the catalytic agent on the plates at bottom of flume.

Mr. Bean reports that the dessee plans to drill a well at or near the Proposed Plans dump site to develop water for milling purposes.

Lease is said to include the Oneida dump, nearest the pilot mill, and Additional also the Le Roy dump and the Climax dump.

DEPARIMENT OF MINERAL RESOURCES STATE OF ARIZONA FIELD ENGINEERS REPORT

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Date Oct. 13, 1954 Mine Mine Le Roy Engineer Axel L. Johnson Dos Cabezas District, Cochise Co. District Information from Thomas P. Bean, Owner. Report of Mining Operations. Subject: See my report of June 9, 1954. 2 miles north of Dos Cabezas. Location 6 patented claims. Number of Claims Thomas P. Bean, Box 5, Dos Cabezas, Ariz. Owner Lessee William K. Pratt, Dos Cabezas, Ariz. and Albuquerque, N. Mex. (Leased Feb. 15) Mr. Pratt is leasing all of the Le Roy mine, including the Climax, the Oneida, and the Now working only in the Oneida Tunnel. Le Roy claims. None now. Former sublessees quit on June 14, 1954. Sub-Lessees Principal Metals and Minerals Lead, Zinc and Copper sulphides, with high Gold and Silver values, the gold and silver being contained in the lead and zinc sulphides. Number of Men Employed 3 Operator doing exploration and development work. No production. Production Rate Expect to be in production soon. See my report of June 9, 1954. Geology See my report of June 9, 1954. Ore Values Ore in Sight negligible. See my report of June 9, 1954 for Ore in Sight and Probable Probable Ore. Milling "acilities None. Mine Workings and Past History See my report of June 9, 1954.

<u>Present Operations</u> In the past 7 weeks, since operations were resumed about Aug. 26, operators have done 70 ft. of drifting along the vein, and about 30 ft. of **xtex** raising. Operators are now getting ready to stope ore.

DEPARTMENT OF MINERAL RESOURCES STATE OF ARIZONA FIELD ENGINEERS REPORT

(Oneida Tunnel Lease) Mine Mine Le Roy District Dos Cabezas District ----Cochise Co.

195R.F (July 26, Date Axel L. Johnson Engineer DEPT, MINERAL RESOURCES

PHOENIX, ARIZONA

Report of Mining Operations Subject:

For Location, Number of Claims, and Owner ----see my report of June 9, 1954. References

2412 1/2 Floral Road NW, Albuquerque, N. Mex. William K. Pratt. Lessee

The Sub-Lessees, Ivan Howe and his two partners, quit operating the mine on Sub-Lessees The reason given by Mr. Bean, the owner, is that the 3 partners had a disagree-June 14. ment amongst themselves regarding the operation of the mine. Mr. Bean reports, that, a s a consequence they closed down their operations and have given up the sub-lease. Mr. Bean reports, however, that the lessee, William K. Pratt, is going ahead with his contract, and will w either operate the mine himself or sub-lease it to some other parties. At present, however, no work is being done.

Lead, Zinc and Copper sulphides, with high Gold and Principal Minerals and metals. Silver values, the gold and silver being contained in the lead and zinc sulphides.

None at present. Number of Men Employed

Production Rate None.

For Geology, Ore Values, Ore in Sight and Probable, Milling and Marketing References Facilities, Present Mine Workings, and Past History ----see my report of June 9, 1954.

DEPAR MENT OF MINERAL RESOURCES STATE OF ARIZONA FIELD ENGINEERS REPORT

Date June 9, 1954 Mine Le Rov Mine (Oneida Tunnel Lease) Dos Cabezas District --- Cochise Co. Engineer Axel L. Johnson District Subject: Field Engineers Report ---- Personal Visit & Information from Thomas P. Bean, Owner. Secs. 20 & 29 -- T 14 S -- R 27 E. Location Go east from Willcox for 15. O miles to Dos Cabezas. Pass through Cabezas, and continue for about 1/2 mile east of town. Turn left (north), and drive 1 1/2 miles on good road to the mine. 6 patented claims in the Le Roy mine holdings. Number of Claims Thomas P. Bean, Box 5, Dos Cabezas, Ariz. Owner William K. Pratt, Dos Cabezas, Ariz. and Elbuquerque, N. Mex. (Leased Feb. 15) Lessee Mr. Pratt is leasing the whole property of 6 patented claims from Mr. Bean.

Lease calls for a 15 % royalty, with a minimum royalty of \$300 per month.

Sub-Lessees Ivan Rowe, Dos Cabezas, Ariz. and 2 partners have taken a sub-lease from Mr. Pratt of the Oneida Tunnel part of the mining property. (Sub-Leased on April 1,1954) Sub-lessees contract to pay a royalty of 25 %, with a minimum royalty of \$300 per month. The sub-lessees are now operating the property.

Principal minerals and metals. Lead, Zinc and Copper sulphides, with high Gold and silver values, the gold and silver being contained in the lead and zinc sulphides.

Number of Men Employed 3 men (the 3 sub-lessees) ---1 shift only.

Production Rate None yet. Sub-lessees are doing development work.

Geology The country rock is Granite, with diabase intrusions, and also some pegmatites. The ore vein at the Oneida tunnel strikes N & S, dips about 64 degrees to the west, and cuts across the diabase intrusion in the granite, and continues through the granite. The vein varies in width from a few inches to 2 ft., with a possible average of about 14 inches. The vein material consists of galena, sphalerite, chalcopyrite, pyrite, and quartz. Mr. Bean reports that occassionally he has found some niccolite (N1/S), and arsenopyrite(FeAsS). The vein has been cut off by a large fault. The ore on the south side of the fault has been mined out above the level of the Oneida tunnel, while the ore on the north side of the fault has not yet been touched.

Ore Values Following are the estimated ore values of the vein material, as given to me by Thomas P. Bean, The owner:- Lead ---10 %. Zinc ---6 %. Copper ---- 0.35 %. Silver ---- 8.5 oz. Gold ---- 1.5 oz. Value approx. \$70 per ton.

Ore in Sight and Probable Ore in sight to date is negligible. Operators drifted 70 ft. to intersect the vein on the north side of the fault, and have now drifted 15 ft. on the vein. Vein is about 14 inches wide at that point, with **XXMME** a considerable amount of quartz found in the vein, as well as lead and zinc sulphides. The depth of the drift is now about 180 ft. below the sufface, and, according to Mr. Bean, this depth will increase to 400 ft. below the surface by driving the drift north along the vein. The probable amount of ore in the ore vein is, therefore, quite large, assuming that the vein continues north for some distance, and that it is mineralized continuously up to the surface. Writer recommended to the sublessees that they take a representative sample of the ore vein of the 15 ft. cut by the drift, in order to get information on the approximate value of the ore in the vein near the point where they expect to start stoping operations.

DEPARTMENT OF MINERAL RESOURCES STATE OF ARIZONA FIELD ENGINEERS REPORT Page 2.

Mine LeRoy Mine (Oneida Tunnel Lease)

Date June 9, 1954.

District Dos Cabezas District -- Cochise Co.

Engineer Axel L. Johnson

Subject: Field Engineers Report --- Personal Visit & Information from Thomas P. Bean, owner.

Milling and Marketing Facilities No milling facilities on the property. Past operators have all shipped the ore direct to the smelter.

<u>Present Mine Workings (Oneida Tunnel only)</u> The old part of the Oneida Tunnel extends for a distance of 490 ft. into the mountain, and in a northerly direction along the ore vein. The ore vein above this tunnel has been all stoped out by previous operators. At a point about 460 ft. from the entrance of the tunnel, the ore vein was found to be cut by a fault. This resulted in limiting past mining operations to the area on the south side of the fault.

The present operators started a side drift about 400ft. from the tunnel entrance and drifted in a north-easterly direction for 70 ft., at which point they picked up the ore vein on the north side of the fault. They then turned the drift to follow the ore vein and drifted for about 15 ft. along the ore vein.

Past History of LeRoy Mine Since first discovery was made about 1880 until 1914, the mine was operated by small mine operators, either owners or lessees at intermittent periods, and with varying results.

In 1914, the property was acquired by the LeRoy Consolidated Mining Co., who patented the property in 1916 ob 1917, and worked the property until 1922, with Frank Peterson as their mine manager. Between 1922 and 1942, the ZIERoy Consolidated Mining Co. had the property leased out to several lessees, and operations were conducted intermittently.

In 1942, LeRoy Consolidated Mining Co. sold the property to Thomas P. Bean, the present owner of the property. Since 1942, Mr. Bean has had the property leased out to several lessees, most of whom operated the property only for short periods. One of these lessees was Dorsey and Taylor.

On or about Feb. 15th last, Mr. Bean leased out the property, including all the 6 patented claims to William K. Pratt, on the lease terms mentioned on page of this report. On or about April 1st last, Mr. Pratt sub-leased the Oneida Tunnel part of the property to Ivan Rowe and his 2 partners, according to the terms mentioned on page 1 of this report.

Present Operations The present operators of the property, Mr. Ivan Rowe and 2 partners, started their mining operations on April 22. They have drifted for 70 ft. in a northeasterly direction off the main tunnel, and intersected the vein, after which they turned the drift and drifted for an additional 15 ft. in the ore vein.

Proposed Plans Operators plan to start a raise near the breast of the drift, and raise all the way to within 10 or 20 ft. of the surface, and then cutting a small drift out to the surface for ventilation. The raise will be sampled and then cribbed, and will be in the ore vein at an incline of about 64 degrees.

Operators will then begin stoping operations above the drift, leaving a narrow pillar of ore just above the drift, and then stoping the ore vein almost up to the surface. The stope will be kept at a width of 36 inches at all places, regardless of the width of the ore vein. The ore and the rock will be blasted separately in the stope ----first the ore and then the waste rock. Short holes of about 3 ft. will be drilled, long drilling faces being used. After operations get under way, most, if not all the waste will be used to fill up the mined portion of the stope below the working face. Estimated mining cost (overall) ----about \$20,00 per ton, not including royalties.

DEPARTMENT OF MINERAL RESOURCES STATE OF ARIZONA FIELD ENGINEERS REPORT

Mine

Le Roy

Date February 17, 1944

Engineer George A. Ballam

District

Subject:

Preliminary report

Dos Cabezas

The Le Roy group comprising & patented and one unpatented claims, is located one and one-half miles northeast of Dos Cabezas in the southwest wlope of the Dos Cabezas range, one mile east of the DosCabezas Willcox highway and about 16 miles southeast of Willcox. It is reached by a good road from the highway. It is under bond and lease to Jas. R. Cray of Tucson.

Country rock is a coarsely crystalline granite intruded by diabase dykes adjacent to and containing a coarse grayish quartz carrying pyrite, chalcopyrite, galena and sphalerite. These veins have a northeasterly strike and dip about 65° southeast. There are also some dykes striking at right angles to this series which have not been fully explored.

The property is developed by two shafts, Climar and LeRoy, some 2000 feetapart withmidway between a tunnel and winze on the Oneida claim. The LeRoy shaft, vertical, is reported by E.D. Wilson to be somewhat over 300 feet deep, with water now standing at about 50 feet. At about 70 feet, there are drifts in both directions, some 200 feet northerly and about 300 feet southerly. Several thousand tons of ore have been stoped and shipped from this level over a distance of 275 feet and almost to the surface, most of it being in the southerly drift. An examination of smelter returns representing about 1000 tons of this ore showed values of about 0.80 oz. Au, 20 ozs. Ag, 28% Pb and about 1% Cu. Zinc penalties were excessive, many shipments showing \$12 to \$15 per ton zinc and sulfur penalties. Thos, Bean, who has been associated with operation of the property for many years, and who is now living at the camp as watchman, reported that work was discontinued in the south drift when 35% zinc was encountered.

There are additional levels at 140 and 190 feet with 75 and 125 feet of drifting on either side of the shaft. Some ore was stoped on both levels but high zinc was again encountered, increasing with depth, with corresponding decrease in gold-lead values. The vein has widened to about four feet on the lower levels from 18 inches and up on the 70-foot level. Timber seems to be in fair shape. Ground is reported to stand well.

The Climax shaft, 2000 feet to the southwest, is sunk on an incline to a reported depth of over 300 feet. Water stands at about 70 feet. There are over 2000 feet of workings on three levels. The ore here is more erratically distributed in bunches in stringer lodes four to five feet wide, and such returns as were available indicated gold-lead values characteristic of a higher horizon, with low zinc.

The Oneida tunnel, stopes and winze appear to be badly caved. Bean reported gold as high as 16 ozs. associated with steel galena, which caused the early operators to sink a winze about 100 feet where values went out. In all openings it appears that gold is directly associated with lead and yields to zinc at about 100 feet with copper coming in, indicative of

LE ROY page 2

leaching and secondary enrichment.

There is considerable equipment, and several buildings on the property, most of which is in good condition, a watchman having lived constantly at the camp. Ample water is available for all purposes as planned. For milling, if such were indicated, it is probable that water could be developed as has been done on the Dives and Mascot, neighboring properties. Mexican labor is available in Dos Cabezas. I spoke to two miners who are anxious for this property to get started, and Bean reports that more are available.

George a Dallam

DEPARTMENT OF MINERAL RESOURCES

REPORT TO OPA ON ACTIVE MINING PROJECT

Data 1-1-16- 2	4	F	iling Information
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Mine Location	h - lad		
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PRESENT OPERATIONS: (check X	L)		
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Experimental (sampling)	; Owner's occasional t	rip;	
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	ARIZONA DE	PARTMENT OF MIN	ERAL RESOURCES
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MEMORANDUM

Le Roy Group Dos Cabezas dist.

To: Director, Dept. Mineral Resources From: George A. Ballam

J. M. Cray of Tucson has a bond and lease on the Le Roy group and is planning on making application for a preliminary development loan. I was somewhat familiar with the property and he asked me to go to it with him to aid him in filing application for loan.

It would seem that the Le Roy shaft is the logical place to commence operations. The shaft is in better shape, workings are newer with better ground, and there is a fairly good block of zinc ore which has not been worked. This is one of those things which looks too good to have been overlooked, and one might ask why. I believe the reason is obvious when the available smelter returns - representing a couple of thousand tons- have been examined. It is only during the present emergency that this zinc situation has been partially relieved so that zinc becomes an asset rather that the liability indicated in attached mopies of returns (end of Lindsley report). I am also enclosing a partial list of other shipments which is quite representative, and includes , ore shipped from the Le Roy.

Operators in the past have always exploited the high gold values which have invariably been associated with galena or cerumsite in the upper levels, and with the incidence of zinc these values dropped and work soon ceased.

This ore - sulfides - is amenable to differential treatment, but the unfavorable position of zinc in the past has operated against so handling it as long as shipping ore was available. Cray proposes for the present to ship either by truck or rail to Shattuck-Denn which has reported favorably on mill samples.

There is a good-sized dump containing at least 2000 tons of milling ore as the attached assay sheet indicates. This was a grab sample but I believe it is representative of the type of ore former operators were obliged to reject on account of excessive penalties. It appears that 15% to 18% zinc was about their cut-off point.

Bean will manage the property. He is a good miner and thoroughly familiar with all the workings. He says he can get a full crew together any time he gets the word to go.

In my opinion a preliminary loan of \$4000 to \$4500 is warranted to unwater the LeRoy, to repair the shaft, to clean out drifts, and to extend either or both of the lower drifts 100 feet or so to the south to make available the known block of zinc ore south of the shaft.

Am antaching maps and report in the event Cray does not have them with his application.

Henry a Dallam

May 27, 1943

Mr. Thomas P. Bean Box 5 Dos Cabezas, Arizona

Dear Mr. Bean:

I was very/glad to get your letter and to know that you have a lease on the old Le Roy Mine.

It is possible to get a loan on such a property. I um sending you the RFC Revised Mine Loan Circular and also a mimeographed copy of the form on which a loan application has to be made. This will show you the information necessar; to furnish. If you are then ready to apply for a loan, you should write to William 5. Gohring, RFC Mine Loan Division, 325 Heard Building, Phoenix, Arizona for three co iss of the application form of which you fill in two and mail them to Phoenix and retain the other one for your files.

For rehabilitating a shaft and opening a mine for sampling and examination there is a limit of \$5000 for such a loan. In order to get the loan you must submit authentic records, if possible, showing just what ore will be encountered if and when the mine is unwatered. In order to get a loan you must sell the project to the RFC just exactly the same as though you were trying to sell it to a hard-headed mining business man. By that I mean you must supply factual data showing that the mine warrants unwatering.

If you do this, I doubt very much if you will have any difficulty in getting a loan. It usually takes from two to three weeks to get a loan through. Apart from gathering and preparing the information necessary, there should be no expense.

I am also enclosing a copy of the form for filing your intention to hold mining claims together with a copy of the Act aut.orizing this.

With best wishes and kindest regards, I am

Very truly yours,

J. S. Coupal, Director

JSC:kk Enclosures

Mr. J. S. Coupal dir cros-Ders, Mineral Resources DS aberas this May-25/43 Shoenix this DEPT. MINERAL RESOURCES RECEVED MAY 27 1943 PHOENIA, Dem- Mr- Coupal ... AFILONA I can ofrain a Lease on The Old LE Roy Mine here at Dos Cabazas. This mine as you know was a high grade Shipper, in Lead. Zinc. Silver Gold and Some Coppes; The Shaft I would operate is 335 feet Deep. And Full of Water. And Jam Some The whole Thing would need re Timbering what I would like to know Could I Oftain a Loan, on a conduction of This 14 ind, As you know an under-grownd Examination and Sampling is out of The question. As it will involve a considerable Respence. I would Alos like to know of a loan Cauld be offrained. How long it would Take to get it, And at what Expence to me. Thrue Always Mined gold Hull have never been interested in other-Metals. To a degs-ee involvency any personal Expenditure, And Ohave not Changed. Swould like to help out in our present Shortnee if a way could Jans Very 7-014 be Found. Phos. P. Bonny Box-5: 1005. Carman thing Box-5:

Department of Min -al Resources +13 Home Builders Building Phoenix

os abogas Ang May-25-143

Dear-Sirs;-I would like to have copy The Approved Bill, Jogather with The Forms required in filoing Notices of Intention to hold Mining Claims. I would Like Aneaugh Forms to cover Two groups of g claims each, and one group of 4 - Eleins, For Three diffrent runers.

yours Very Joury Tom. P. Bean 130x-5 Dos Cabazas Hiz,

DEPT. MINERAL	STOURDES
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MAY 27	1943
PHOENIX,	ARIZONA
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DEPARTMENT OF MINERAL RESOURCES STATE OF ARIZONA OWNERS MINE REPORT

Date June 5, 1939.

Location 18 miles east from Willcox

District Dos Cabezas, Cochise Co.

Le Rov

Former name None

Owner W. I. Crawford

Operator Same

President

Mine

Mine Supt.

Principal Metals Gold, Silver, Lead, Copper (Zinc)

Production Rate 30 tons high grade ore per mo. Power: Amt. & Type (Compressor C P 310 cu ft (Hoist 40 hp F-M. Operations: Present Idle

Address Dos Cabezas, Arizona.

Address

Gen. Mgr.

Mill Supt.

Men Employed

Mill: Type & Cap.

Operations Planned Dependant on financing.

Number Claims, Title, etc. 10 claims , 7 patented 3 unpatented lode claims.

Description: Topog. & Geog.

. & Geog. On relatively level ground, two miles from old town of Dos Cabezas.

Mine Workings: Amt. & Condition Development work totals about 3500 feet. Main workings two shafts located about 2000 feet apart, one 435 feet deep the other 265. Both shafts have drifts and stopes. Geology & Mineralization

Fissure vein in granite. Width of milling grade ore 1' to 5', Width of Shipping grade ore 0.5' to 3'. Strike of vein NE, dip of vein 55 deg. NW. Ore is oxidized to 75 ft, sulphide ores below. Zinc is monor in oxidized zone. Increases in sulphide zone.

Ore: Positive & Probable, Ore Dumps. Tailings 2500 T. No.

Shipping returns show Ore shows in third level of both walks shafts. 1.0 oz gold, 10 to 40 oz silver, 10% to 60% lead, 1% Copper. S

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Mine, Mill Equipment & Flow Sheet Mine equipment includes blacksmith shop with drill sharpener.

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under de transferation

From Willcox to Dos Cabezas 16 mi. Dos Cabezas to mine Road good. Road Conditions, Route Can drive practically any place on property. 2 mi.

Water stands about 65 ft below surface in both shafts. Both shafts make Water Supply about 10,000 gallons per day (combined output).

Property has been worked intermittenly for past forty years. In 1920 Brief History was equipped and worked full force.

A. L. Flagg, Box 2345, Phoenix has made report which can be Special Problems, Reports Filed attached to this report.

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Remarks

If property for sale: Price, terms and address to negotiate. Property is for sale at \$30,000 on term payments, \$200 per month for first three months and \$500 per month thereafter. Will negotiate on other terms, lease, lease and bond, or working arrangement.

> W. I. Crawford,

Use additional sheets if necessary.

REPORT ON THE LE ROY CONSOLIDATED MINES, DOS CABEZAS, ARIZONA.

> Dos Cabezas, Arizona 15 August, 1921.

Mr. Frank Peterson, President, Le Roy Consolidated Mines Co.,

Dear Sir:

In accordance with your instructions, I have, while acting as superintendent of the Le Roy Mines, examined the same, and herewith submit report.

GENERAL SUMMARY.

The factors contributing to successful mining operations are present; i.e., ore of good value and quantity, that is amenable to metallurgical treatment; accessability; ample transportation facilities; adequate water supply; an abundance of labor, and a climate that permits continuous operations.

GENERAL CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS.

Excellent exposures of ore have been made, considering the relatively small proportion of the vein that has been prospected.

We may expect to encounter the ore in shoots of mixed sulphides, which will decrease in lead and gold values, and increase in copper and zinc values, as greater depth is reached.

The complex nature of the one demands separation of the zinc prior to shipment to a smelter. The zinc is then removed as a source of penalty, and is added as a source of revenue.

I would recommend testing the ore for treatment process, with the idea of later execting a fifty ton mill.

Development work should be pushed well ahead of shipping or milling needs, both to insure a steady supply of ore, and to permit of uniformity of mine output.

In my opinion, which is based on knowledge gained by a close study of conditions during the five month period in which I was employed as superintendent, I consider the property very valuable, and believe that further exploration will result in the development of a profitable mine.

NEAR BY PROPERTIES.

W Within the district are three other properties that have undertaken development work on a considerable scale.

The first of these, in magitude of operation, being, the Central Copper Company, which company, with subsidiaries, has expended over \$5,000,000 in development of low grade copper deposits, which occur in the recent lavas to the northward of the gold-silver-lead-zinc belt.

In a still different geological horizon, also to the northward of the Le Roy Group, the Gold Prince and Dives companies have developed on different portions of a large fissure vein in limes and shales.

At the Dives mine, a ten stamp mill amalgamates the gold, which is mostly free, while the presence of considerable amounts of sulfide caused the erection of a concentrating mill, by the Gold Prince Company.

FACILITIES:

(A) TRANSPORTATION:

The Mascot and Western Railroad, a subsidiary of the Central Copper Company, connects the town of Dos Cabezas with the Southern Pacific at Wilcox, sixteen miles distant.

'rhe Le Roy Consolidated Mines Company owns its own private right-ofway, with loading yard, at a spur of the Mascot and Western. (since discontinued). Transportation to and from the mine is by truck, slightly over 16 miles, on good roads to the railroad at Wilcox.

(B) POWER:

There is no power distribution system in the locality, and each mine must supply its own unit. The Le Roy equipment includes fuel oil engines.

(C) WATER:

Good water for domestic purposes is obtained by pumping from shallow

wells.

For future metallurgical uses, the normal flow of mine water, supplemented by pumping from shallow wells, will suffice.

CLIMATE:

The climate is such that work can be carried on without interruption throughout the year. The winters are open and mild, while the altitude alleviates the extreme heat of summer.

TOPOGRAPHY:

The topographyof the Le Roy group is that of Fiedmont hills, rising from the desert, and flanked by the higher peaks of the Dos Cabezas range, the main peaks of which rise to an altitude of over 8,000 feet above sea level.

CHOLOGY:

The country rock of the gold-silver-lead-zinc area is a coarsely crystalline granite. In the granite mass are intrusions of diabase, for the most part being in narrow dikes trending north-easterly and south-westerly. Other dikes of diabase trend approximately at right angles to the named series.

Fissures within the diabase, or roughly paralell, are filled with quartz, and form the ore-bodies.

It is altogether probable that the vein fissures were formed by the shrinkage due to the cooling of the diabase dikes.

The fact that the quartz veins cut the diabase upon entering or leaving the granite, establishes the fact that the quartz is more recent than the diabase.

The ore deposit is characteristic of those formed at intermediate depth by ascending thermal waters, and in genetic connection with intrusive rocks. (See Lindgren, "Mineral Deposits", page 513.)

"This class yields a large proportion of the gold production of the world, as well as much of its silver, copper and zinc". (see Lindgren, "Mineral Deposits", page 515.)

Within the fissure, we find three different classes of vein stuff.

First, we have on the surface, or very close thereto, the oxidized zone, which is characterized by very high gold values with small amounts of lead carbonates. The zinc and copper, being more readily soluble, have been leached out and redeposited at greater depth, along with most of the lead.

These oxidized pockets represent the "stubs" of old one shoots, and are not found continuously along the outcrop, but intermittently.

Second, both on the surface, and at depth, we find areas that are barren. or commercially so.

Third, are the ore shoots, consisting of irregular shaped "bonanzas" of mixed sulphides of lead, zinc, iron and copper, and containing gold and silver values.

These shoots may be only a few feet across, or may have a breadth and depth of over a hundred feet, as in the case of the main ore shoot in the Climas shaft.

Usually there is a fairly sharp line of demarcation between ore and waste.

Comparing this deposit to others of similar type, we may expect a gradual decrease of gold and lead values with greater depth, and a corresponding increase in copper and zinc.

EQUI IMENT :

Attached is a list of such machinery and equipment as are now on the property.

DEVELOPMENT:

In the Climax mine, about 1400 feet of development work has been done, partly by former owners, but for the most part by the present company.

Former development was directed wholly within the oxidized zone. The old workings have since caved, and are now inaccessible.

The exploration and discovery of the sulfide zone is due to the efforts of the present management.

On the first level, driven to explore beneath the old workings, and directly beneath the old stopes, ore of good value was uncovered. The tenor is about as follow:

Gold, .75 oz., silver, 3.7 oz., lead, 12.5%, zinc, 6.0%. The width of the vein at this place varies from eight to eighteen inches; the breadth is about thrity five feet, with the face of the drift still in ore. In sinking the shaft, at a depth of about sixty-six feet below the first level, another ore shoot was encountered. This are shoot persisted for a depth of one hundred and thirty feet further, or to a point three hundred and thirty eight feet below the collar of the shaft.

A station was cut for a second level, at two hundred and thirtyoight feet below the collar of the shaft.

Fifty feet below the second level, a third level was started. On this level, a total of seven hundred and two feet of drifting was done, exposing the large ore shoot found in the shaft, laterally, for a distance of over one hundred feet, the greater portion of the shoot being to the northward of the shaft.

Several smaller shoots were exposed in drifting to the southward of the shaft. One of these has a breadth of about thirty feet, and is almost directly underneath the shoot uncovered on the first level, indicating possibility of continuity of the ore between levels. The face of the south drift shows about two feet of ore, worth approximately fifty dollars per ton.

On the Oneida vein (which is the extention of the Climas vein) former owners drifted three hundred and sevety feet, but very evidently followed a small stringer part of the way, rather than the main vein.

At a point one hundred and fifty feet from the adit, the present management found the wein in the floor of the drift, and sank a winze to a depth of one hundred feet. For some distance from the beginning, very good one was encountered. At a depth of thirty seven feet, a drift was started, and one was uncovered for a distance of about eighty feet along this drift. The south face is still in one, which shows higher gold values than average.

A cross-cut drift on this same level, to the eastward, intercepted another lode, which appears on the surface. At the point of interception, no values are in evidence. By continuance of this cross-cut, two other lodes will be intercepted within a short distance.

At the Le Roy mine, the shaft has reached a depth of three hundred and twenty eight feet.

The very slight development on the two lower levels sufficed to developmentship of ore from each level.

The lower levels show good gold values, and we would recommend further lateral and vertical development from this shaft.

A shipment was also made from the first level, from the small stope adjacent to the shaft. The south drift shows good values for a distance of about one hundred and twenty feet from the shaft.

In the north drift, two veins, more or less parallel, finally join shortly before reaching the present face.

Two excellent ore shoots were found recently in this drift, one being in the present face.

Summarizing the development work, we maysay that very satisfactory showings of ore have been made, considering the comparatively small amount of work that has been done. None of the veins have been adequately explored, and some very promising surface showings have not been explored at all.

By further development, both in depth and laterally, we may expect to discover other ore bodies, with a reasonable degree of surety.

Development should be kept well ahead of the needs of a mill, or of a shipping potput.

SAMPLING:

In as much as no ore is "blocked out" or Spositive", in the parlance of engineering, ie.e., exposed on four sides, any attempt at exact and systematic estimation of quantities, and of tenor, would at this stage be unjustifiable.

The sampling was done conservatively, and is intended merely to indicate the values we may expect to find when the ore is finally blocked out, and sampled according to accepted rules.

The best obtainable sample is that of an unsorted shipment to a smelter. No such shipment has been made from this property, but the shipment from the Climax, under date of March, 1921, very nearly approximates the conditions of the ore in place, being ten per cent higher in value.

At the time the writer sampled the mines, the second and third levels of the Le Roy mine were under water.

However, reliable data, gathered by a mining engineer of known repute and integrity, were available, and used as correct assumption in arriving at conclusions.

METHODS AND COSTS:

(A) MINING

The mining of the ore presents no serious problem. One of several standard overhand stoping methods could be used to advantage in the wider portions of the vein, while narrow seams could be recovered by "resuing", or separately breaking ore and waste.

Under the conditions of production, the mining of ore should not cost to exceed eight dollars per ton, and in all probability, the cost would be much less.

(B) REDUCTION:

In the past, the mine has been considered only in the light of a shipper of high grade smelting ore.

There are many vital objections to such a plan.

In the ore deposits, and on the dumps, are considerable quantities of ore which are twoo low grade to ship directly at a profit. In addition to this, the zinc content should be segregated, thereby eliminating it as a source of penalty, and adding it as a source of profit.

Zinc concentrates bring at the refineries, in normal times, about thirty to thirty-five dollars per ton. From this price, must be deducted about six dollars per ton for freight to Oklahoma or Kansas refineries.

Therefore, it would seem that seperation, if brought about at a reasonable cost, is highly desirable.

Recent metallurgical improvements have resulted in greatly increased efficiency in the separation of lead and zinc. Advances have been chiefly along the line of differential flotation.

The estimated cost of a fifty ton mill is thrity thousand dollars. The cost of operation should not exceed one dollar perton. In fact, at most plants, the cost ranges between fifty and sevety-five cents per ton.

The zinc penalty would be eliminated, the insoluble penalty reduced. Between \$4.00 and \$5.00 would be realized from each ton of ore for its zinc content, while the lead-copper-gold-sitter concentrates would be enriched in proportion to the ration of concentration, thereby effecting great saving in freight and treatment charges. A partial list of smelter returns is appended.

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Respectfully submitted,

Norman D. Lindsley, Mining Engineer.

SMELTER RETURNS

All shipments made to the Consolidated Kansas City Smelting and Refining Company, at its El Paso works.

First shipment: 12	2,158 pounds	x		
Date Asse	ays	Value	Shipped by	
6 Feb. 1916 Gold Silver Lead Iron	1.76 oz. 22.8 " 28.5% 13.8%	\$35.20 12.48 23.23 .69	Norton-Morgan Commercial Co., Wilcox, Arizona.	
		₩7<•₩0		
Penalties, Insoluble 36% Sulphur 1.59	%	3.75		
Net value		\$68.35 Per to	n	
Second shipment:	21,192 pounds			
ll Nov. 1916 Gold Silver 3 Lead 3 Copper Iron	1.80 oz 1.7 oz 3.4% .34% 1.50%	\$36.00 19.79 28.98 1.46 <u>.77</u> \$86.99	Demarest & Morga	an •
Penalties, Insol. 25.0% Sulphur 1.7%		2.71		1. Charles
Net Value		\$84.28 Per to	a	1.
Third shipment: 92	2,392 pounds		- ^ * .	
3 Feb. 1917 Gold Silver 24 Lead 28 Copper 1 Iron 10	1.02 oz 4.0 oz 8.9% 1.3% 0.0%	\$20.40 16.98 28.45 1.36 .50 \$67.69), , ,
Penalties, Insol. 22 Sulphur 1	2.0% 3.0%	5.20		
Net Value		\$62.49		

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The following shipments were all made by the Le Roy Consolidated Mines Company.

	Date, January, 1918.	Weight,	82,902 pounds		
	Assay Gold .93 oz. Silver 20.2 oz. Lead 29.6% Copper 1.96% Iron 10.5%		Value \$18.60 19.09 27.32 3.84 <u>.57</u> \$69.42	- - -	
	Penalties, Insol 13.9% Zinc 18.8% Sulphur 18.8% Net Value		<u>7.63</u> \$61.79 Per To	'n	
	Date, July 29, 1918.	Weight,	66,706 pounds		
20 2	Assay Gold .74 oz Silver 22.1 oz Lead 33.0% Copper 1.78% Iron 10.0%		Value \$14.80 20.92 33.15 3.51 <u>1.25</u> \$75.63		
	Penalties, Insol 11.9% Zinc 19.2% Sulphur 19.2% Net Value		<u>8.50</u> \$67.13 Per To	n	ton to get the state of the state
n informa	Zinc 19.2% Sulphur 19.2% Net Value	20t1	8.50 \$67.13 Per To	90 75/ pour	

"Second Class" shipped August 29th, 1918 Weight, 89,754 pounds.

	Assay		Value
Gold	.78 0	DZ	\$15.60
Silver	7.9 0	DZ	7.48
Lead	11.0%		10.21
Iron	10.2%		1.36
			\$34.65
Penalties			
Insol.	34.4%		
Zinc.	18.5%		
Sulphur	12.4%		\$12.34
	Net Valu	ue	\$22.31

Note: This class of ore would make an excellent mill-feed. Much of the same grade remains on the dump.

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COPIES	OF PARTIAL	ORE	SHIPMENTS	FROM	LE	ROY	GROUP,	DOS	CABEZAS,	ARIZONA
	ORE			ASS	SAYS					POUNDS
	Gold			:	1.76	oz				12,158
	Silver			2	2.8	11				
	Lead			2	8.5%	,				
	Iron			1	3.8%	5				
				Are officially show that		11-1-2-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-				
			9		1 00					21 102
	Gold				1.80) oz				~1 g 1 7 K
	Silver			ر	T.1	, "				
	Lead			3	3.47	o Inf				
	Copper				• 34 • EC	+70				
	Iron				T•2	570				
			*	e-up-th-doub			endersterer .			
										00.000
	Gold				1.02	2 oz				92,392
	Silver			2	4.8	n				
	Lead			2	28.99	6				
	Copper				1.3%	6				
	Iron			1	.0.09	Ъ				
				-		et un ante and				
					. 0	3 07		•		82,908
	GULA			2	0.0	"		÷		.,
	DITAGL		a		20.60	The state				
	Leau	2		~	1.9	6%				
	Copper				0.5	al a				
	11.011			-	,	/•				
										11 506
	Gold				•7	4 02	2.			66,706
	Silver			2	22.1					
	Lead				33.0	96				
	Copper			-	1.7	8%				<i>x</i>
	Iron			_	10.0	%				
				No.						
	Gold				•7	'9 o:	Ζ.			89,754
	Silver				7.9					
	Lead			-	11.0	1%				
	Iron				10.2	%				
				ere Planate						
	Gold		Ĕ		.8	6 o	Z			92,634
	Silver				8.3	3 "				
	Lead			3	12.9	1%	s 9			
	Copper		4	*	1.1	.9%				
			<i>.</i>							
	Gold				.8	34 o	z.			101,418
	Silver				10.2	2 "				9400 (A)
	Lead				20.2	2%				
	Copper				.(01%				