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PRINTED: 10/18/2001

ARIZONA DEPARTMENT OF MINES AND MINERAL RESOURCES AZMILS DATA

PRIMARY NAME: JOHNNY JO

ALTERNATE NAMES:

EYE OF THE TIGER

MOHAVE COUNTY MILS NUMBER: 326A

LOCATION: TOWNSHIP 18 N RANGE 18 W SECTION 6 QUARTER SW LATITUDE: N 34DEG 58MIN 25SEC LONGITUDE: W 114DEG 14MIN 36SEC

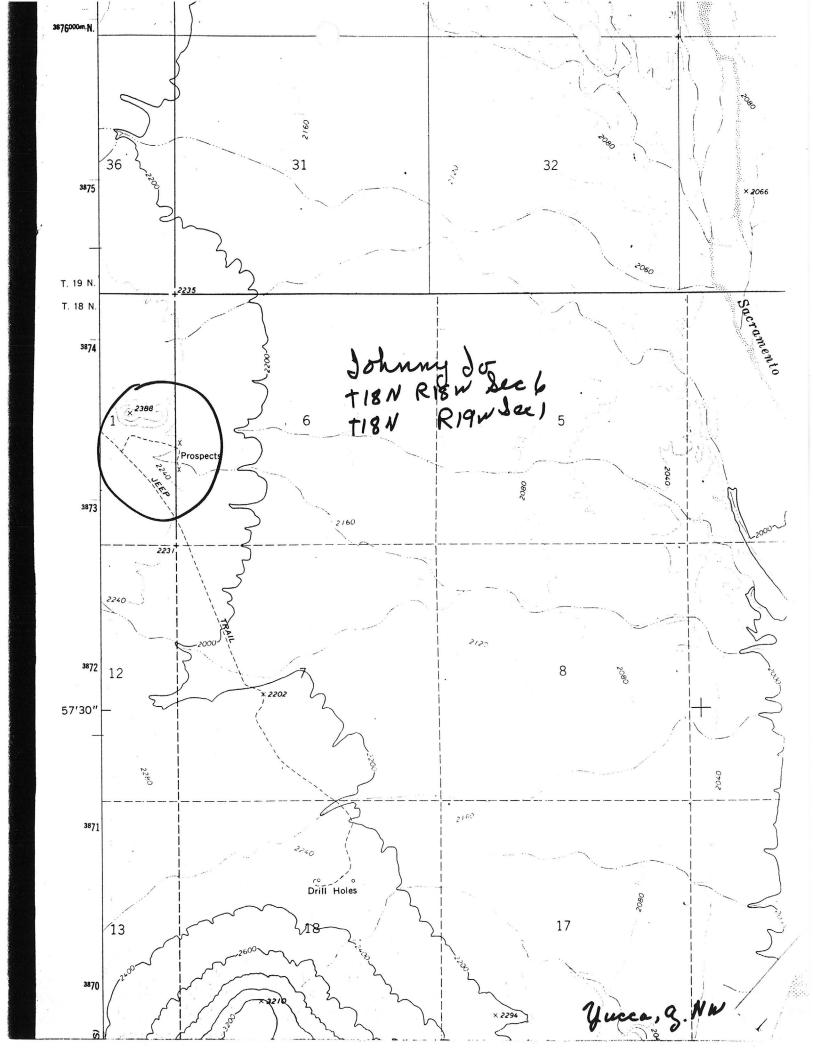
TOPO MAP NAME: YUCCA NW - 7.5 MIN

CURRENT STATUS: EXP PROSPECT

COMMODITY: GOLD

BIBLIOGRAPHY:

ADMMR JOHNNY JO FILE BLM AMC FILE 33450 ALSO IN SEC. 1, T18N-R19W



Arizona Department of Mines and Mineral Resources

INFORMATION FROM MINE CARDS IN MUSEUM

ARIZONA

MOHAVE COUNTY

OATMAN AREA

SAN FRANCISCO DIST

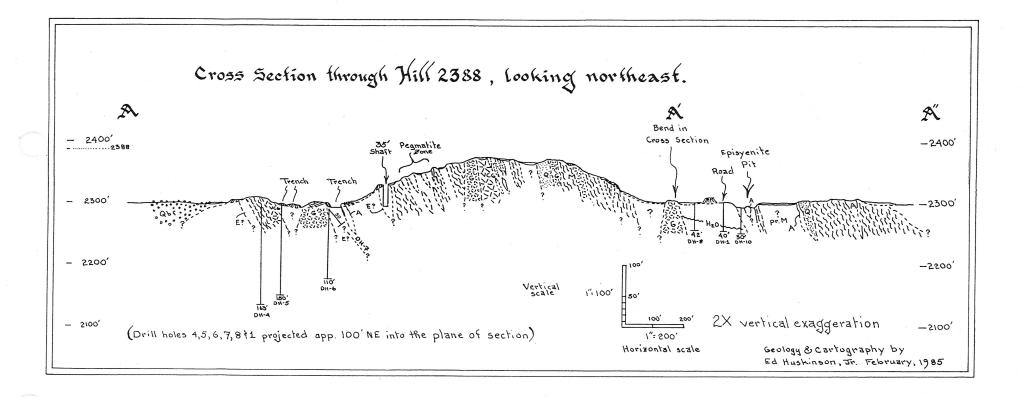
JOHNNY JO MINE

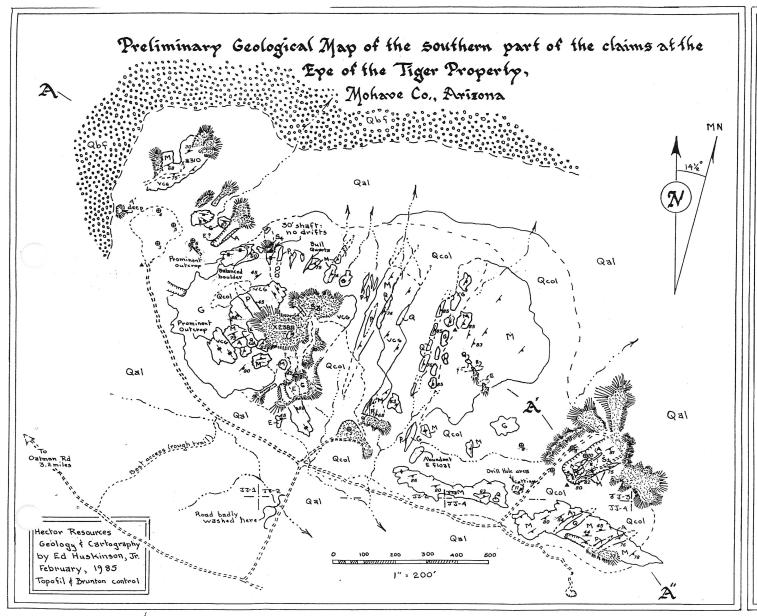
T18N R1 W sec 6

MILS #326A 1-AKA

Johnny To (800)

MM-L102 Gold Ore MM-L101 Gold Ore





Explanation — culture — Claim post, with sideline directions Access road Area covered by 'dozer rubble Station: Topofil & Brunton control Elevation: USGS 7.5 Quadrangle, Warm Springs SW, Mohave Co., Arizona Sample location Drill hole (vertical) and number Drill hole (angle hole), with bearing & angle Dump and trench at adit; underground workings dashed Prospect pit 1/or dump Drainage and direction Geology Quaternary (9-10 my or less) Boulder field: mostly basalt boulders in alluvial fanglomerate Colluvium: essentially in-place slope cover Alluvium: mixed soil, fanglomerate, etc. ~Unconformity ~~ Cretaceous (?) (poss. app. 125 my old) Episyenite (host rock for the gold) Bull quartz (late stage ... poss. Tertiary?) -Unconformity ----Precambrian (pr. Proterozoic: 700 my+) Amphibolite Pegmatite Granite: very coarse-grained Metaquartzite lens & pods Migmatite Lithologic contact, with direction and degree of dip where possible; dashed where covered or interred. Strike and dip of foliation Strike of vertical foliation Strike and dip of joint(s) or fracture set Strike of vertical joint or fracture

Prepared for Hector Resources Texas, Inc.

JOHNNY JO

MOHAVE COUNTY

JJ 6/15/83: A Mr. Matt Ryan wanted a name of a consultant to develop and implement drilling, assaying and evaluation program. Three names were provided. The name of the claims are Eye of the Tiger.

NJN WR 1/25/85: Don Lindsay (c) visited and donated 2 specimens showing native gold to the Mineral Museum. These specimens, L101 and L102 contained the native gold in hematite pseudomorphs after pyrite in K-feldspar rich aplite dike and were from the Johnny Jo in Mohave County.

NJN WR 3/15/85: Ed Huskinson (c) reported he has done reports on the Eye of the Tiger (Johnny Jo), T18N R19W Sec 1 and T18N R18W Sec 6. in Mohave County. He has provided us with copies of the reports.

K

HECTOR RESOURCES INC.

Suite 1140 - 625 Howe Street, Vancouver, B.C. V6C 2T6 Telephone: (604) 689-5588

June 3, 1985

Calles 11

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS TO THE SHAREHOLDERS

During the past year the Management of HECTOR RESOURCES INC. has initiated a corporate policy directed towards the acquisition of Gold and Silver Properties of merit located near Kingman in the State of Arizona, U.S.A. To date three (3) separate Property acquisitions have been concluded and exploration programs have been initiated on all three Properties. In addition to these new acquisitions Management intends to initiate the PHASE 1 Work Program recommended by I. BOROVIC, P.Eng., on the Company's Gold Property located near Princeton, B.C.

With the intent of generating some immediate cash flow, Management has also initiated investment in the gas/oil industry by acquiring a 10% working interest (7% net revenue interest) in an oil lease in Howard County, Texas. The Operator has recently reported that four successful wells have been drilled and Division Orders are currently being prepared which will result in the commencement of distribution of production income.

ARIZONA, U.S.A. GOLD / SILVER PROPERTIES

... AMERICAN FLAG MINE ... This Property which consists of seven unpatented lode mineral claims and another 640 acres contiguous thereto is located 15 miles southeast of Kingman, Arizona and at one time the Mine was reportedly the most productive gold/silver producer in the District. A mapping and sampling program is currently being conducted and to date has confirmed previously reported gold/silver values as follows:

Sample Description	Oz/Gold/Ton	Oz/Silver/Ton
#1046 (first level north off 6765' level shaft)	0.013	54.28
#1047 (Stope above 6630' level	0.104	78.75
#1048 (6520' level - 200' from entrance)	0.023	4.69

... EYE OF THE TIGER GOLD PROPERTY ... comprises 12 mineral claims located 25 miles southwest of Kingman, Arizona. The Property has had previous production and is considered as a potential open-pit gold mining operation. Several recent grab samples taken from existing pits by Company representatives and assayed at Chemex Labs Ltd. in Vancouver were as follows:

Sample Description	Oz/Gold/Ton	Oz/Silver/Ton
E/T #1	0.338	0.22
E/T #2	0.526	0.17
E/T #3	0.552	0.15

... GOLD DUKE PROPERTY ... consists of eight contiguous unpatented mineral claims located 23 miles northwest of Kingman, Arizona. Previous production recorded during the 1930's contained ore with high silica, gold and lead values. In a Report prepared by Clive R.G. Bailey, AIPG, (American Insitute of Professional Geology) it is noted that the Property contains substantial indicated ore reserves and several samples were reported as follows:

Sa	mple Description	Oz/Gold/Ton	Oz/Silver/Ton
#1)	3.5' horz. chip (underground)	0.670	0.018
#2)	3.0' horz. chip (underground)	0.856	0.104
#3)	Grab sample (Mine Dump)	0:339	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,

Management is currently negotiating a drilling contract which will include drilling on all three (3) of the foregoing Properties, the results of which will be released to shareholders when the same are received.

ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS

CHARLES S. UNDERHILL - President

Capitalization:

Listed:

Authorized - 10,000,000 Common Shares

Vancouver Stock Exchange

Issued - 1,760,001 Common Shares

Symbol / HEC

Hector Resources Inc. of Vancouver has acquired the American Flag Mine, the Eye of the Tiger claims and the Gold Duke property near Kingman in Mohave County, Arizona, and the company reports that exploration programs have started on each of the three properties.

Gold values of up to 0.104 oz/t and silver assays of up to 78.75 oz/t have been reported on previous work on the American Flag Mine. The property includes 7 unpatented lode claims and is about 15 miles southeast of Kingman. At one time, the mine was reported to be the most productive silver-gold producer in the district. A mapping and sampling program is currently being carried out on the property and has confirmed previously reported values.

The Eye of the Tiger claims include 12 claims 25 miles southwest of Kingman. The property has previous mineral production and is considered as having potential for an open pit operation. Recent grab samples taken on the property have shown up to 0.552 ounces of gold and 0.22 ounces of silver per ton.

Underground chip samples from the Gold Duke property have shown up to 0.856 oz/t gold and 0.104 oz/t silver. The Gold Duke property is 2.3 miles northwest of Kingman and had production of silica-gold-lead ore in the 1930's. The property includes eight unpatented claims.

From: APSMOA Newsletter, Sept. 1985

PRELIMINARY GEOLOGICAL REPORT AND EVALUATION OF

THE EYE OF THE TIGER CLAIMS
MOHAVE COUNTY, ARIZONA

Prepared for Hector Resources Texas, Inc.

January, 1985

Ed Huskinson, Jr. 845 Ridgecrest Kingman, AZ 86401

Certified by D.P. TAYLOR, P.Eng.

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EYE OF THE TIGER CLAIMS Sec 1, T18N, R19W; Sec 6, T18N, R18W Mohave Co., Arizona

INTRODUCTION

LOCATION

The gold prospects encompassed by the Eye of the Tiger claim block lie approximately 20 miles southwest of Kingman, Mohave Co., Arizona. The area can be reached by traveling 2 1/2 miles south from Kingman on US Hwy. 40 to the Oatman/McConnico ("Old 66") exit, then approximately 12 miles southwest on the Oatman ("Old 66") Road to a poorly maintained gravel road which heads south along the eastern flank of the Black Range. The turnoff can be seen in the south center of Sec 15, T19N, R19W, on the Mount Nutt 7.5' USGS quadrangle. The claims lie 3 miles south of the Oatman Road, and the access road has undergone considerable degradation by the heavy monsoon season in the summer of 1984. Four wheel drive is not necessary, but a high-clearance vehicle (pickup or blazer, etc.) is needed to reach the claims.

PHYSIOGRAPHY

The area is about a mile east of the foothills of the eastern flank of the Black Mountains, a prominent north-trending range of Tertiary volcanic rocks that contains several important past and present gold producing mines (Oatman, Gold Road, Frisco, Katherine, Roadside, Producers', Portland, and others).

A few low rounded hills display little relief, with elevations less than 125', at a base elevation of 2,300'. The imposing crest-line of the Black Mountains four miles west lies at 3,750'.

CLIMATE AND VEGETATION

Lying in the Mexican highlands section of the Basin and Range physiographic province, the area is semi-arid, receiving 10 to 12 inches of rainfall a year, usually acquired during the violent summer thunderstorms occuring during the monsoon months of the mid to late summer. Temperatures exceed 105°F in the summer, and there was a light sprinkling of snow on the ground in February of 1985, when the area was mapped and sampled. Antelope Spring, some 3 1/2 miles up Antelope Canyon to the west is a small but fairly reliable source of water for local ranchers, who have erected a corral and holding pens nearby.

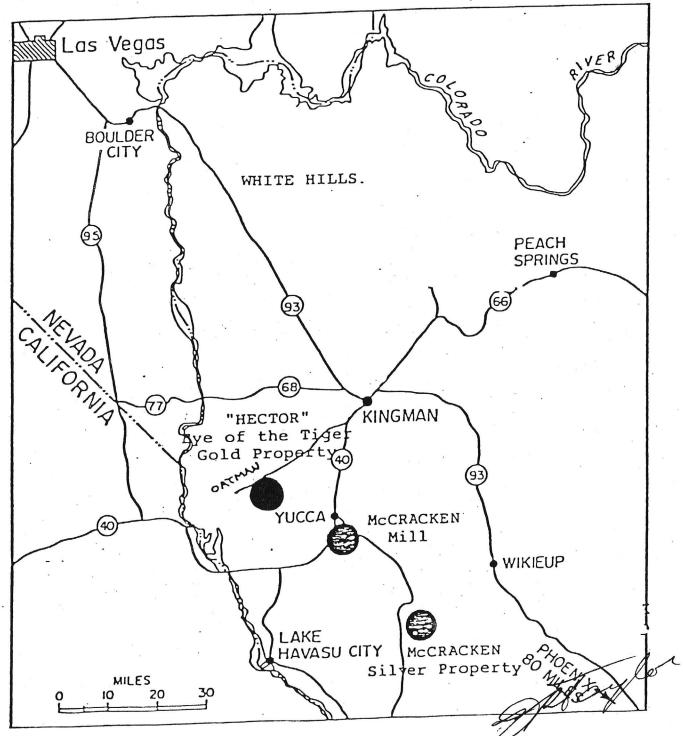
Vegetation is sparse, consisting of creosote, barrel cactus, sagebrush and other xerophytic organisms. A few palo verde and iron-wood trees grow in nearby arroyos.

PURPOSE AND METHOD OF INVESTIGATION

The Eye of the Tiger claim block is being assessed for economic mineral potential by Hector Resources Texas, Inc., a Canadian mining concern based in Vancouver, B.C. This report details the results of the initial investigation, the purpose of which is to:

- Assess the potential of the area for economic mineral deposits.
 - 2) To sample the area to facilitate this assessment.

 This was accomplished by mapping the geology and previous



HECTOR RESOURCES TEXAS INC.

EYE OF THE TIGER CLAIM GROUP

MOHAVE COUNTY, ARIZONA

LOCATION MAP

workings at the southern end of the claim block (because the bulk of the previous work had been undertaken there). A series of samples were taken in the area, and the results thereof are forthcoming.

Figure 1 was constructed using Topofil hip chain and Brunton compass, with magnetic declination set at 14 1/2° west of magnetic north.

PREVIOUS WORK

Little is known about the history and previous work in the area. According to Cory Coe, Mr. Robert A. Stout of Kingman had mined and hand sorted some high grade material from the main pit southeast of hill 2388 (USGS elevation). The ore was trucked into Kingman and milled there by Mr. Don Lindsey. This high grade rock contains visible free gold in altered/weathered pyrite casts in the episyenite, and is said to run in excess of 0.30 ounces per ton.

A series of bulldozer scars and pushroads can be found on the property, even at the crest of hill 2388. A 30'-35' shaft has been sunk on a pegmatite (episyenite) outcrop on the northwest flank of this hill, and several short (less than 20') adits and trenches have been cut at various places where episyenite appears to crop out.

Mr. Stout's claims, filed in December of 1978 as the Johnny Jo claims 1 through 4 can be found at the Mohave Co. Courthouse in Book 509, pp. 499-506, and have been assigned BLM AMC numbers 33450 through 33453. The proper papers attesting to this are posted on the property. No title search as to the present status of the property has been made; the assumption is that all is in order with

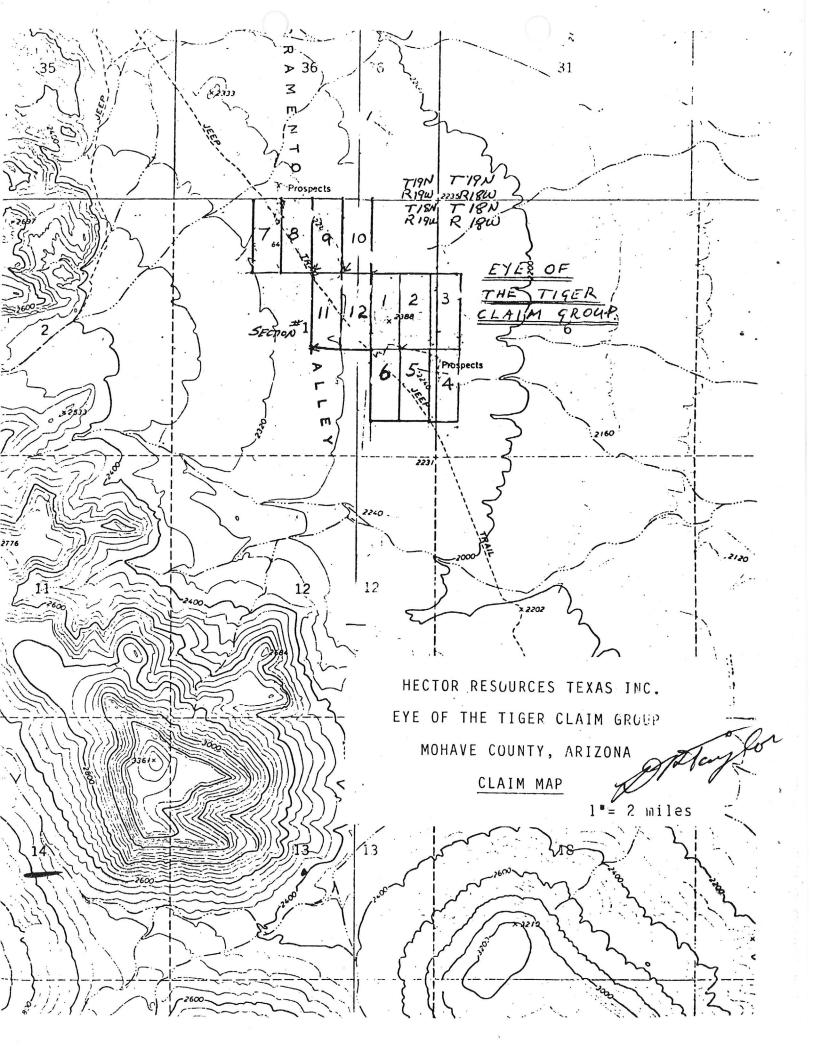
Mr. Stout's assessment and that Hector has reached an agreement with him.

The area has been drilled fairly recently; the drill holes remain open and cuttings are still mounded up around them. The ten (10) holes found (there are probably more) are all in the vicinity of mapped episyenites or pegmatites, and appear to have been chosen (for the most part) for sound, geologic reasons. It would save many manhours of work if the information obtained from this drilling program could be examined. Table I presents the data available from the previous drilling.

TABLE I

DRILL HOLE DATA

<u>Dri</u>	ll Hole	Depth	Angle	Comments
	1.	45 '	V	6" Hole, H_2O at 41', drilled with DHH.
·.	2.	?	V	3" casing - plugged (cemented?) at 3' deep; no cuttings, probably NXWL diamond drill hole.
	3.	170'	V	6" DHH hole, cuttings mostly grey gneiss.
	4.	163'	v	6" DHH hole, cuttings mostly grey gneiss.
	5.	150'	V	6" DHH hole, 50% grey gneiss, 50% biotite schist.
	6.	110'	V	Cuttings very fine probably NXWL diamond drill hole.
	7.	?	50°	Bearing: S50°E (130°) NXWL diamond drill hole plugged off at 10' deep; very fine cuttings.



8.		42'	V		H2O at 32', abundant cuttings of grey gneiss.
9.		10'	V	*	Probably 6" DHH hole: plugged off at 10".
10.	*	35.'	v		6" DHH hole, H ₂ O at 30', in center of main pit.
11.		?	?		Drill pad and pile of grey granite cuttings, hole collar not located.

(V=vertical hole; DHH-down hole hammer)

GEOLOGY

GENERAL SETTING

The low hills hosting the auriferous rocks are inliers of Precambrian gneiss, migmatite, amphibolite and metaquartzite, probably proterozoic in age. Locally, pods of pegmatitic granite crop out which are probably penecontemporaneous. The migmatites host small, apparently intrusive pod-shaped bodies of gold-bearing medium to coarse-grained porphyritic (in places) leucosyenite or episyenite (Blacet, 1982, p. 201). The hills are mantled with colluvial debris and are surrounded by Quarternary alluvium and fanglomerate. Because the Black Mountains are capped by Quarternary amygdaloidal basalts, the alluvial fanglomerate contains large (to lm) boulders of this material, and the resultant boulder fields are difficult to negotiate and build roads through.

MIGMATITE

This name, which means <u>mixed rock</u> is used to denote gneissic rocks which appear to have developed by mixing of sedimentary and igneous material by a special kind of differential melting of

very deeply buried sediments. A magmatic-anatectic fluid is generated by the deep burial, and the contiguous sediments are stewed in the liquid, which reacts with them and metasomatically transforms them into migmatic gneiss. Each sedimentary unit reacts differently, and the resultant mixture of interlayed (and often tightly folded) rocks varies in composition from pegmatite to gneiss to amphibolite to metaquartzite to biotite schist. Because of this intimate layering/mixing, migmatites usually display an easily discerned foliation direction and dip; in this case, the migmatite strikes about north 60° east, and dips to the southeast at 60° to 85°. In the Eye of the Tiger area, only the metaquartzite, amphibolite and pegmatite components were mapped separately, everything else was labelled migmatite.

EPISYENITE

Initially, the old timers found gold associated with unevenly distributed grains and crystals of pyrite (FeS₂) which is now oxidized to limonite (FE₂O₃·nH₂O) and specular hematite (Fe₂O₃). These early prospectors must have been attracted to the site by the color anomalies generated by the iron-stain resulting from the oxidation of the pyrite. The pyrite is contained solely within a light orange to pink rock consisting almost entirely of orthoclase (K AlSi₃O₈). This rock, termed episyenite, is fine-to coarse-grained, locally quartz-poor, has an apparent igneous rock fabric, contains well-developed potassium feldsoar megacrysts, and displays relatively sharp contact relations with the enclosing rocks. The episyenites appear to be younger (late Cretaceous or

early Tertiary?) than the host migmatites, and apparently were formed by significant removal of silica, iron and calcium, accompanied by potassium metasomatism. Late stage fluids associated with the episyenitization deposited the gold, which is intimately associated with orange and reddish-brown fluffy limonite and limonite casts after pyrite. Specular hematite and sparse carbonate also appear to be associated with the mineralizing event, as is epidote emplacement and/or alteration. The epidote/amphibolite/metaquartzite/episyenite relationship has yet to be resolved in the field.

Episyenites are poorly understood because they have not been well studied. The rare earth element (REE) episyenites in northern Colorado near Powderhorn have been documented by Olson at the USGS, and Blacet (1982) wrote about the episyenite pipes of the Gold Basin District east of White Hills, here in Mohave County.

They might not have been studied, but they <u>have</u> been mined for their gold content. Sharon Steel's Bimetal Mine just south of Kingman is said to have yielded 38,000 tons of ore grading from 0.1 to 0.2 OT (ounces per ton), which would yield 5,700 ounces (@ \$300.00/oz. = \$1,700,000.00) of gold, developed by bulk tonnage open pit methods.

The episyenite at Desert Ranch, about 4 miles south of Kingman, runs 0.329 OT (Chemex assay #11009, November 26th, 1984). Production figures and ore body estimates are unavailable.

At McConnico, the deposit adjacent to Desert Ranch, the NICOR MINERAL VENTURES group has a quartz-flooded episyenite ore

body with a strike length of 500 feet, explored by a 270' decline "... that was still in ore at the bottom.". The host rock there is 2 feet thick, but thickens locally to 10 ft. or more. If an average thickness of 3 ft. can be maintained, then the McConnico deposit could contain 34,000 tons averaging 0.20 OT, or 6,750 ounces of gold worth \$2,000,000.00 at \$300.00 gold.

At the Holy Moses mine, a 180' shaft has been sunk on an episyenite vein less than 4" wide!! There has been no drifting or stoping along this vein (not surprisingly).

We see then, that the potential to develope small mines in episyenites has been realized in the past. At the Eye of the Tiger, there are four, and possibly five separate episyenite bodies, all of which have been tested by digging trenches, driving adits, sinking a short shaft, dozing around, and even by drilling. Unfortunately, these operations are more of a hindrance than anything else, as they obscure the geology considerably.

RECOMMENDATIONS

To properly assess the potential here, the following program(s) should be initiated.

PROGRAM A

1.) A strenuous effort must be made to obtain the data generated from the previous drilling program.

Ideally, somone associated with that program should tour the ground with a Hector representative to point out drill hole locations, the reasoning behind

the emplacement of those holes, and the results obtained from drilling them.

- 2.) All ancillary data (maps, reports, etc.) dealing with the property should be obtained for careful inspection.
- 3.) If this property has been turned back by a company whose exploration program was intelligently conceived, methodically executed and adequately financed, then the Hector group should walk away too.

Possible Total Costs, Program A: (Assess data: 3 days @ \$200.00/day = \$600.00).

4.) If the first two steps cannot be accomplished, or if Hector's precursors were inconsistent or unprofessional in their approach, then Hector should commence with Program B, outlined below:

PROGRAM B

- 1.) Map the specific areas of interest at 1"=100' to delineate the best places for shallow exploration drill holes. (4 days @ \$200.00/day=\$800.00).
- 2.) Systematically sample the episyenite bodies to determine
 - A.) Which carry gold and in what quantities, and
 - B.) Where the gold is carried (pyritic

margins?; near metaquartzite units?; in deep-seated "keels" associated with specularite?; etc.)

(2 days @ \$200.00/day - \$ 400.00

15 samples @ \$10.00/sample = 150.00 \$ 550.00

3.) Assess the data and decide whether further examination of the property is warranted.

l day @ \$200.00/day = \$200.00

4.) If the data indicate further exploration to be warranted, cross-sections must be drawn up; drill holes must be plotted, surveyed and staked out; bids let for the drilling; access cleared and BLM permission solicited; etc.

10 days @ \$200.00/day = \$ 2,000.00 Total: Program B = 3,550.00

PROGRAM C

Drill the largest and/or highest anomalies.

Recommend track-mounted down-hole hammer rig (Rough Country Drilling, Riverton, Wyoming, (307) 856-9544:

Rex Rogers, President), 30 holes, 100' maximum:

Drilling: 3,000 ft @ \$7.00/ft. - \$ 21,000.00

Supervision: 14 days @ \$200.00/

day = 2,800.00

Assays: 120 @ \$10.00 each - 1,200.00

The programs outlined above combine flexibility with common sense, leave room for change and improvement, and are economical.

I can make myself available to participate at any stage of the operation, and look forward to doing so.

Respectfully sabmitted,

Ed Huskinson, Jr.

REFERENCES

- Blacet, P.M., 1968, Gold Basin-Lost Basin District, Arizona, in Geological Survey research 1968, Chapter A [abs.]: U.S. Geological Survey Professional Paper 600-A, p.A4.
- Boyle, R.W., 1979, The geochemistry of gold and its deposits: Geological Survey of Canada Bulletin 280, 584 p.
- Theodore, T.G., Blair, W.N., and Nash, T.J., 1982, Preliminary report on the geology and gold mineralization of the Gold Basin-Lost Basin Mining districts, Mohave County, Arizona; U.S. Geological Survey Open-File Report 82-1052, 322 p.

Certificate and Qualification
of
PRELIMINARY GEOLOGICAL REPORT
and EVALUATION of
THE EYE OF THE TIGER CLAIMS
MOHAVE COUNTY, ARIZONA, U.S.A.
By
ED HUSKINSON, JR., JANUARY 1985

I, DAVID P. TAYLOR, maintaining offices at Suite 580 - 625 Howe Street, Vancouver, British Columbia, do hereby certify that:

- 1. I am a Consulting Geologist conducting business from the above address.
- 2. I have practised as an Exploration Geologist for the last sixteen years.
- 3. I am a graduate (M.Sc.) of the Royal School of Mines, University of London, England, 1971.
- 4. I am a member, in good standing, of the Association of Professional Engineers of the Province of British Columbia.
- 5. I have no interest, direct or indirect, nor do I expect to receive any interest in the property subject of this report or in the securities of Hector Resources Texas, Inc.
- 6. I visited the property subject of this report in the company of Mr. Ed Huskinson, Jr. on February 5, 1985 and append the assay results from sampling I conducted at that time.
- 7. I concur with the observations, conclusions and recommendations of Mr. Huskinson with the proviso that it must be realized, from my own sampling, that gold mineralization on the Eye of the Tiger claims is associated solely with the secondary iron mineralization after pyrite in the rocks on the property. Unless a significant quantity of relict pyrite boxworks can be located, it is doubtful the property will be of economic interest. The limited exploration programme recommended by Mr. Huskinson should indicate the advisability of continuing to work on or abandoning the property.
- 8. I personally conducted a title search on the property in the Mohave County Court House at Kingman on Thursday, February 7, 1985 and found the properties to be in good standing by way of assessment filings. The appropriate filings have also been made with the BLM.
- 9. I consent to the use of my qualification of this report in any Statement of Material Facts by Hector Resources Texas, Inc.

DATED at Vancouver, British Columbia this 26th day of February, 1985.

DAVID P. TAYLOR, P.Eng.

EYE OF THE TIGER

ASSAYS FROM ROCKS TESTED BY

DAVID P. TAYLOR, P.ENG.

ACME ANALYTICAL FILE #85-0177

EOT - 1 Grab sample from dump of shaft on southeast side of the main outcrop area.

Ag 0.01 oz/ton Au 0.001 oz/ton

EOT - 2 Medium Pink Episyenite with minor pyrite boxworks on one face from west side of hill 2388.

Ag 0.01 oz/ton Au 0.001 oz/ton

EOT - 3 Light pink syenite with minor specular hematite from west end pit.

Ag 0.02 oz/ton Au 0.001 oz/ton

EOT - 4 Quartz monzonite country rock from west end pit.

Ag 0.01 oz/ton Au 0.001 oz/ton

In the knowledge that pyrite euhedra do carry gold values the above sampling demonstrates them to be the sole carriers of precious metal values on this property.

The second page of assays proves the point that gold values exist on the property. The samples were collected by Mr. C. Coe, an employee of the company, from selected material containing relict pyrite euhedra.



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212 Brooksbank Ave.

Telex: 043-52597

Analytical Chemists .

Geochemists . Registered Assayers

CERTIFICATE UF ASSAY

HECTOR RESOURCES TEXAS, INC.

(EYE of the TIGER)

#16 10693-135 A ST.

SURREY. B.C.

V3T 4E3

CERT. # : A8417884-001-A

INVUICE # : 18417884

DATE : 26-NOV-84

P.O. #

CC: ED HUSKINS	ON	845 Ridge	crest.	Kingman.	A2,864	Ю 1	
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11005	207		1	1			
11006	207		J.	J			
11007	207	<0.01	¥/	V			
11008	207			1			
11009 Desert Runch.	207		0.28	0.329			
11010	207	<0.01					
11011	207						

-15-

Registered Assayer. Province of British Columbia



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VANCCUVER, B.C.

V6C 2T6

(Eye of the Tiger)

CERT. #

: A841873C-CO

INVOICE # DATE .

: I8418730

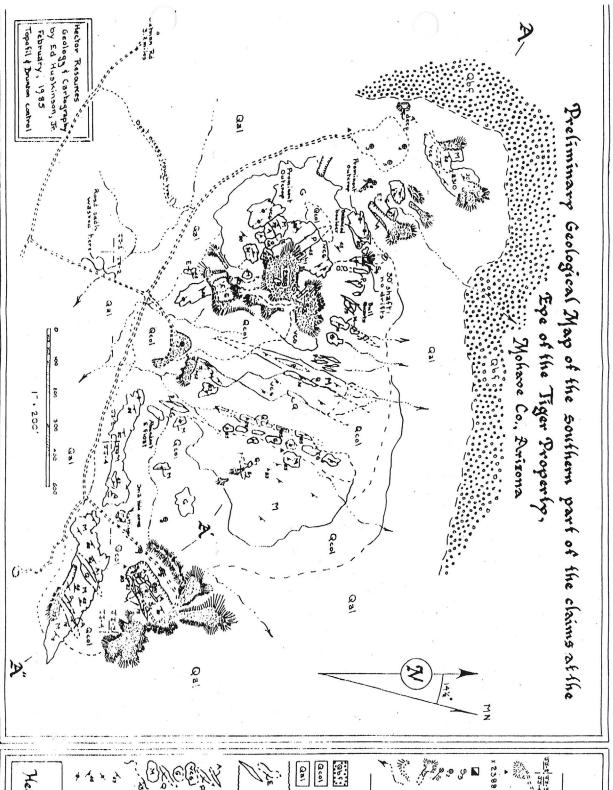
7-JAN-85

P-C- #

= NGNE

ATTN: YR. CDE

Sample description	Prep code	Ag FA oz/T	AU FA			•
.11	207	0.22	0.338			
.T2	207	0.17	C.526		 	
:.T3	207	0.15	C-552		 :	



Explanation Cathara

Claim post, with sideline directions Area covered by idozer rubble

Station: Toposil & Brunton control

Warm Springs SW, Mohave Co, Arizona SHAST

Sample location

Drill hole (angle hole), with bearing i angle Drill hole (vertical) and number

Dump and trench at adit; underground workings dashed Prospect pit for dump

Drainage and direction

Geology

Boulder field: mostly basalt boulders in alluvial fanglomerate Quaternary (9-10 my or less)

Colluvium: essentially in-place slope cover

Alluvium: mixed soil, fanglomerate, etc. -Unconformity

Episyenite (host rock for the gold) Bull quartz (late stage ... poss. Tertiary?) Cretaceous (?) (poss. app. 125 my old) -Unconformity -

Precambrian (pr. Proterozoic: 700 my+)

Amphibolite

Granite: very coarse-grained Pegmatite

Granite

Metaquartzite lens & pods

Migmarite irnologic contact, with direction and degree if dip where possible; casned where covered or inferred.

Strike and dip of foliation

Strike of vertical joint or fracture Strike and dip of joint(s) or fracture set Strike of vertical foliation

Hector Resources Frepared for Texas, Inc.



MEMORANDUM

July 24, 1986

TO: DIRECTORS, HECTOR RESOURCES TEXAS, INC.

FROM: ED HUSKINSON, JR.

RE: PRELIMINARY GEOLOGICAL REPORT AND EVALUATION OF THE

EYE OF THE TIGER CLAIMS, MOHAVE CO., AZ. DATED KINGMAN ARIZONA, JANUARY, 1985

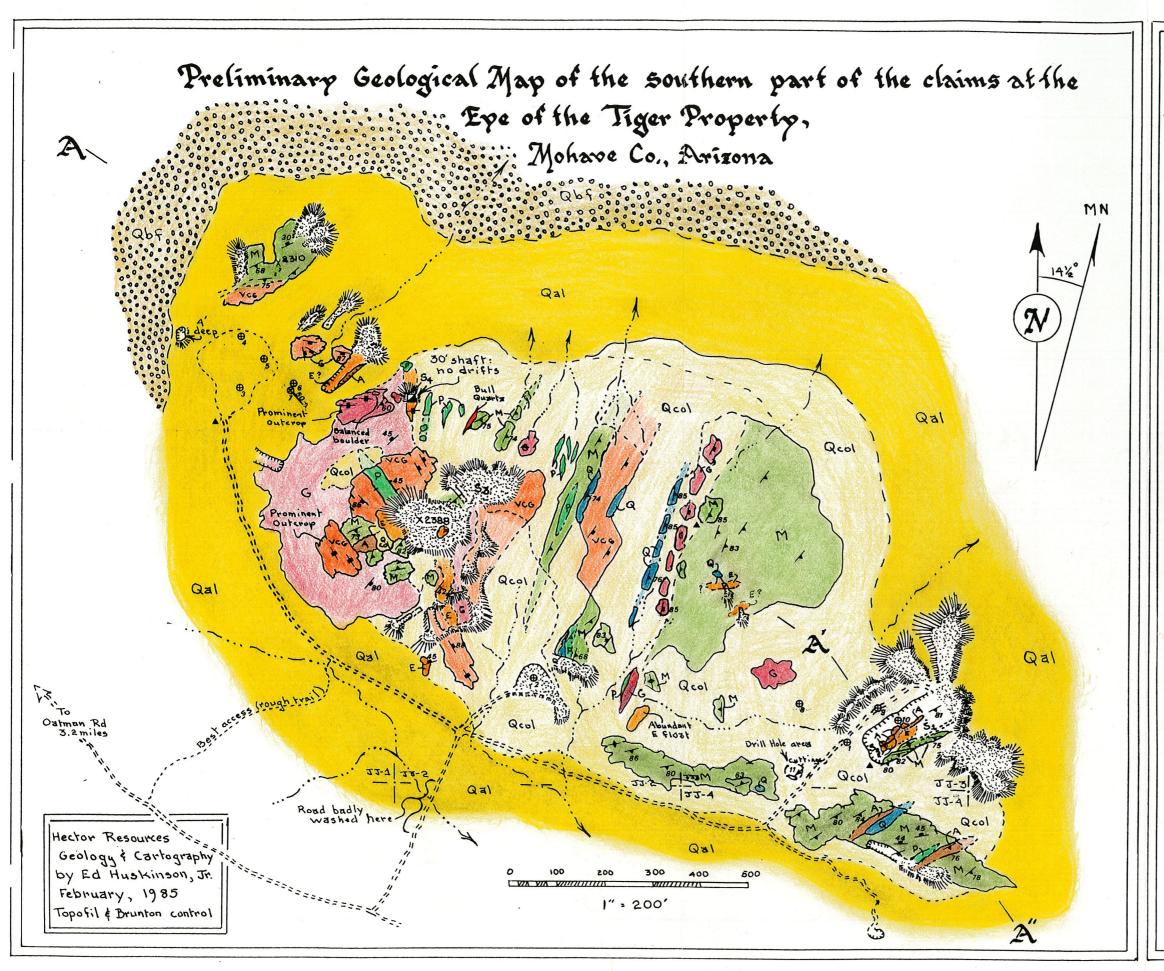
At your request I have reviewed my January, 1985 report and supporting data.

Through personal communication with officers of the company I have found that no further exploration work has been carried out at the EYE OF THE TIGER claims since my report was submitted in January of 1985 and that the property was kept in good standing.

Since neither development costs nor gold economics have changed significantly since January of 1985, the conclusions, recommendations and exploration cost estimates as detailed in my January, 1985 report remain valid today.

ED HUSKINSON, JR.

EJH/ah



Explanation

Claim post, with sideline directions

Access road

Area covered by 'dozer rubble

Station: Topofil & Brunton control

Elevation: USGS 7.5' Quadrangle, Warm Springs SW, Mohave Co., Arizona

Qcol

Sample location

Drill hole (vertical) and number

Drill hole (angle hole), with bearing & angle

Dump and trench at adit; underground workings dashed

Prospect pit for dump

Drainage and direction

Geology

Quaternary (9-10 my or less)

Boulder field: mostly basalt boulders in alluvial fanglomerate

Colluvium: essentially in-place slope cover

Alluvium: mixed soil, fanglomerate, etc.

-Unconformity ----Cretaceous (?) (poss. app. 125 my old)

Episyenite (host rock for the gold)

Bull quartz (late stage ... poss. Tertiary?)

Precambrian (pr. Proterozoic: 700 my+)

Amphibolite

Pegmatite

Granite: very coarse-grained

Granite

Metaquartzite lens & pods

Migmatite

Lithologic contact, with direction and degree of dip where possible; dashed where covered on inferred.

Strike and dip of foliation Strike of vertical foliation

Strike and dip of joint(s) or fracture set

Strike of vertical joint on fracture

Prepared for Hector Resources Texas, Inc.

